"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy today and tomorrow; moderate southeast and south winds.
For full weather report see Page 18.

VOL. LXIV...NO. 21,045. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1915.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

WILL EXPEL DUMBA, VIEW AT CAPITAL

His Own Admission of Strike Plot Believed to Leave President No Alternative.

ONLY ONE CHANCE FOR HIM

Government May Condone Offense to Avoid Increasing Friction with Teutonic Powers.

FINAL ACTION IN ABEYANCE

Will Give Ambassador a Chance to Explain to Lansing Today—Von Papen May Go, Too.

Dumba Has Nothing to Say; On Way to Washington

Ambassador Dumba said last night, when he arrived at the Grand Central Station from Lenox, Mass., on his way to Washington, that he had an appointment for an interview with Secretary of State Lansing tomorrow afternoon.

"In the meantime," he said, "I have nothing more to say. I put everything that I want to say into the statement that I made yesterday. It is a waste of time to look for further statements from me."

He went to the St. Regis Hotel, where it was said a letter of importance awaited him.

Efforts to reach Ambassador Bernstorff and members of his staff yesterday were unavailing.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—No action will be taken by this Government in the case of Dr. Constantin T. Dumba, the Ambassador of Austria-Hungary, until after Dr. Dumba's interview with Secretary of State Lansing in Washington tomorrow, for which an appointment was made today. He will have an opportunity to explain the meaning of his proposal to Count Burian, the Austro-Hungarian Minister for Foreign Affairs, to "disorganize and tie up for months, if not entirely prevent, the manufacture of munitions in Bethlehem and the Middle West." But, as the matter is viewed in quarters here qualified to pass judgment, there appears to be no course open to the United States other than to hand Dr. Dumba his passports or ask his Government to recall him.

Dr. Dumba's own admissions with respect to the letter containing the proposal are regarded as clearing the situation. He had undertaken to send a secret communication to his Government through James F. J. Archibald, an American writer, in whose effects the Dumba letter to Count Burian was found when Archibald was detained by the British authorities on his arrival at Falmouth, England. That in itself may not be considered by the United States as an abuse of its hospitality and confidence, but the letter proposed a scheme intended to disorganize an American industry that, according to the recent response of Secretary Lansing to Austria-Hungary's representations on the subject of munitions exports from this country, was perfectly legitimate. This proposal was not only an interference with a matter of domestic concern to the nation to which Dr. Dumba was accredited, but it is suggested in some quarters that it may constitute a direct violation of the Federal anti-trust law in that the Dumba scheme called for a restraint of trade and commerce.

Believe Dumba Must Go.

Opinion is even stronger here today than it was yesterday that Dr. Dumba's usefulness "near the Government of the United States," as the diplomatic phrase is, has come to an end. The strengthening of opinion was due to the fact that persons acquainted with international practice had the opportunity of reading Dr. Dumba's own explanation in the morning newspapers. In their view the Government has only one course to pursue, and that is to send Dr. Dumba out of the country or to ask Vienna to withdraw him. The prevalent belief here is that the only thing that may save Dr. Dumba is the desire of this Government to avoid taking any action that would increase the friction between the United States and the Germanic allies. President Wilson and Secretary Lansing, however, are credited with keeping their minds open until Dr. Dumba has had a chance to furnish the explanation which he is to give to Mr. Lansing tomorrow on his arrival in Washington from Lenox, Mass., where the Embassy of Austria-Hungary had been established for the Summer.

If the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador goes, Captain Franz von Papen of the German Army, the Military Attaché of the German Embassy in Washington, may go also. Captain von Papen was quoted by Dr. Dumba in the captured letter as expressing the opinion that the Dumba plan to tie up munitions plants in this country "is of great importance and amply outweighs the expenditure of money involved." Furthermore, Captain von Papen is represented as saying in a newspaper interview that he talked with Dr. Dumba about obtaining money from Vienna for the support of Austrian and Hungarian subjects who might refuse to work in the factories that were making munitions for "our enemies." Whether or not their concoction of the scheme to disorganize an American industry constituted a conspiracy in restraint of trade within the meaning of the domestic laws is not regarded as of as much consequence as the fact that seems to stand out that diplomatic representatives of foreign na-

Continued on Page 3.

CALL RUMANIANS HOME TO JOIN WAR FORCES

Those Living in Switzerland Have Received Instructions, According to Berlin.

BERLIN, Sept. 6, (by Wireless to London.)—This official statement was issued today:

"We learn from Geneva that Rumanians residing in Switzerland have received instructions to report at their regimental divisions."

Among the 205 cabin passengers who arrived yesterday on the Rochambeau from Bordeaux was Colonel Andre Miclescu of the Rumanian Army, who said that 500,000 troops had been concentrated ready for emergency, and the people expected that the country would enter the war on the side of the Allies. He said his mission in America was to buy shoes for the army and have them shipped to Bucharest.

Frank A. Couché of New York, who has been attached to the United States Legation at Bucharest five years, said that Rumania would certainly enter the war soon, having absolutely stopped German supplies going into Turkey. He did not believe Bulgaria would take the side of Turkey against Russia.

JOFFRE PAYS VISIT TO ITALIAN FRONT

Rome Hints of Concerted Military Action—King Decorates Frenchman.

ROME, Sept. 6, (via Paris).—A semi-official note announces that General Joffre, the French Commander in Chief, has paid a visit to Italy to be presented to King Victor Emmanuel and make the acquaintance of Lieut. Gen. Cadorna, Chief of Staff of the Italian Army. The King greatly appreciated General Joffre's visit, and conferred upon him the Grand Cross of the Military Order of Savoy.

General Joffre spent two days at general headquarters and inspected some of the more important points along the frontier. He arrived at Turin on Friday and was met at the station by General Porro, Assistant Chief of the General Staff, who accompanied him to Milan. The two Generals then proceeded to general headquarters.

Public opinion is highly gratified at General Joffre's visit. The newspapers remark that the French Government thus returns General Porro's visit to France, but add that the high position held by General Joffre makes the visit more than a mere act of courtesy.

The Giornale d'Italia says that General Joffre desires not only to affirm his belief in the Latin brotherhood in arms, but in all probability to arrange with the Italian Commander in Chief plans for concerted military action.

POPE WILL ACT ALONE IN FUTURE PEACE MOVE

Said Not to Favor America as Mediator Because of Our Snarl With Germany.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 7.—A dispatch to The Daily Telegraph from Rome says concerning the visit of Cardinal Gibbons to the White House:

"The Pope is a stranger to any initiative that Cardinal Gibbons may have taken. The Pope is awaiting an opportunity to take fresh steps when the moment shall arrive. At present any démarche would be premature.

"I have learned that the Pope judges that mediation by the United States would be less suitable at the present moment, because relations between that country and Germany are not of the best, and because the whole policy of the United States appears to tend towards the Entente.

"According to the Pope's belief, mediation could only be offered by Governments which were in no way committed toward belligerents, such as Switzerland, Spain, or perhaps the Scandinavian countries. But when the time arrives the Pope will not seek for an alliance with civil States."

The correspondent goes on to comment that the Pope as the head of the Roman Catholic Church "will continue to raise his voice in favor of peace, and it will be so much the better if some civil States desire to range themselves by his side."

ROME, Sept. 6.—Although today was the anniversary of the coronation of Pope Benedict XV. there were no signs of festivity in the Vatican, the Pontiff not wishing to make the occasion one of rejoicing.

The high mass of thanksgiving in the Sistine Chapel was postponed to Dec. 22.

The Giornale d'Italia says: "Having obtained authoritative information, we are able to state that the Pope sent to President Wilson no autograph letter, no message concerning peace, and not even the original copy of the Pontifical letter to the heads of the belligerent peoples."

This newspaper bases further doubt on the fact that the Osservatore Romano, the organ of the Vatican, suppressed those parts of the Washington dispatches which related to the message Cardinal Gibbons was said to have presented to the President.

THUGS ROB MRS. ARMOUR OF JEWELS AND CASH

Climb Porch of Michigan Avenue House and Threaten Packer's Widow With Death.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 6.—Two burglars invaded the city home of J. Ogden Armour at 3724 Michigan Avenue tonight, held up Mrs. Armour at the point of revolvers and escaped with jewelry valued at $350 and $105 in currency.

Mrs. Armour was in the house with three maids. The burglars entered by climbing a porte cochere and cutting through a screen door. They surprised Mrs. Armour in a sleeping room on the second floor. One of the thugs held a revolver at her head while the other seized the jewelry and the money, which was in a purse on a dressing table. Threatening her with death if she made an outcry, they fled.

The police at once were notified, and in half an hour a score of detectives were on the scene looking for clues. They found nothing by which they could trace the robbers.

Before going to the Panama Exposition be sure and buy an Accident Policy in The Travelers Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn.—Advt.

SAY CARRANZISTAS AIDED TEXAS RAID

Army Officers Report That Six Soldiers Took Part in Saturday's Fighting.

"FIRST CHIEF" DENIES IT

Wires Washington That He Ordered His Commander at Matamoros to Avoid Trouble.

DETAILS OF THE ATTACKS

United States Aeroplane Fired on Three Times—Mauser Shots Evidence Against Carranzistas.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—The Mexican border raids aasumed a more serious aspect today, when Major General Frederick Funston, in a series of reports to the War Department, dealing with the crisis in the Brownsville district, indicated that some of the participants in the raids were Carranza soldiers. One of the reports forwarded by General Funston asserted that Carranzista forces and United States Army soldiers were on Sunday facing each other across the border and were in danger of conflict. Another report was that shots fired at American Army aeroplanes flying along the American side of the border had come from Carranzista outposts. Capt. Frank R. McCoy, in a report transmitted to Secretary Garrison by General Funston, giving details of Saturday's border battle, said he had been informed that the raiding band was composed of smugglers and horse thieves with about six Carranza soldiers, that "volleys" were fired from Mauser carbines at American troops, and that, from the fact that Mausers and Winchesters were used, he surmised that Carranzista soldiers were engaged.

It is asserted that last week's attacks upon Americans resulted from the bitter feeling engendered by the circulation in Northeastern Mexico of picture postcards representing Texas Rangers on horseback with ropes about the bodies of Mexicans killed recently at Norias. The Rangers, it is said, did not drag the bodies, but posed for the pictures at the request of a photographer.

Carranzistas Deny Complicity.

From Carranzista sources today came denials that Carranzista soldiers had been engaged in or assisting the raiders. General Nafarrete, who commands the Carranzista forces in the Matamoros district, when informed of the attack on the American aeroplanes, asserted that he could not believe the shots were fired by his soldiers. General Funston's reports also show that General Nafarrete on Saturday offered to station more Carranzista troops in the Matamoros district to co-operate from the Mexican side in stopping raids into Texas territory. Yesterday the Carranza Consul at Brownsville told Colonel Bullard that he had informed the Carranzista district commander of the fact that "American and Carranzista troops are this morning (Sunday) facing each other across the river near Mission and are in danger of conflict," and that General Nafarrete, who the day before had offered to send more troops to the river boundary, had on Sunday replied that he would order his troops to move back from the river.

Eliseo Arredondo, the Carranza confidential agent here, tonight again denied that Carranzistas were participants in the border troubles. To support his denial he gave out this telegram from General Carranza:

I have taken note of your message of yesterday on press reports in regard to the disturbances along the border. I have issued instructions to General Nafarrete to avoid energetically any act that may cause international complications on the border. Deny emphatically that our troops have either taken part in the disturbances of Texas, or that they allow the organization of such bands of disturbers.

Señor Arredondo asserted that "if the American Government makes a careful investigation it will become convinced that such bands who are making trouble on the border have other origin, and are directed by people who have no connection whatever with the Constitutionalist Government, and who reside under the jurisdiction of the authorities of this country."

According to Señor Arredondo, the activities of the border bandits are directed by persons in the United States and not from the Mexican side.

Nafarrete's Conciliatory Message.

A message under last night's date from General Funston reported that he had directed Colonel Bullard to urge Nafarrete to move his command back from the river. It follows:

From Fort Sam Houston, Sept. 5, 1915.

Following received from Colonel Bullard:

Carranza Consul states to me that he has today in person informed Carranzista district commander at Matamoros of facts that American and Carranzista troops are this morning facing each other across the river near Mission, and in danger of conflict; that Nafarrete replied that he would order his troops to move back from the banks of river, and that any shooting from Mexican side would be by men other than his; that yesterday one Carranza officer was killed and one civilian wounded, in fight across river at Cavazos, already reported by Captain McCoy. Same Consul suggested conference of military authorities at bridge to try to avoid difficulties. I replied that I would inform department commander.

The report from General Funston on

Continued on Page 4.

Six Killed On Freighter Sunk by a Submarine

LONDON, Sept. 6.—German submarines today sank two British steamers. Six members of the crew of the Cymbeline were killed and six others injured. Thirty-one others, it was announced, were landed safely.

The steamer Mimosa from New York for Belfast was also sunk, but all of the crew were saved.

The Cymbeline was a tank steamer of 4,505 tons, 370 feet long, and was owned by the Bear Creek Oil and Shipping Company of Liverpool. She was last reported as having sailed from Port Arthur, Texas, Aug. 13, and Norfolk, Va., Aug. 21, for Dartmouth, England.

The Mimosa, a 3,486-ton vessel, left New York on Aug. 21. She was built in 1905, was 352 feet long, 65 feet beam and 17 depth. She was owned by the Mimosa Steam Shipping Company, Ltd., of London, and was a freight-carrying steamer.

SHOOT JUSTICE DEAD NEAR HIS OWN DOOR

From Ambush Slayer Fires at Rhode Island Jurist on Way to Court.

REVENGE MAY BE MOTIVE

Murdered Man's Forebodings Come True—Had Feared Attack and Seldom Traveled Alone.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 6.—Justice Willis S. Knowles of the Eighth District Court was shot to death this morning within a few hundred feet of his Summer home in North Scituate. His slayer fired from the protection of some bushes. Three bullets struck the Justice. Two penetrated the chest, while the third passed through a finger of the right hand as the Justice raised it to ward off danger.

Justice Knowles had just left his bungalow to attend court in this city when the attack was made. Apparently the Justice had no warning. The shots followed in rapid succession. After having been wounded once, the Justice turned back, and had nearly regained his own gate when he fell dead.

Mrs. Cora Wardell, the Justice's housekeeper, heard the sounds of the shots and hurried out. The Justice was dead when she reached his side. Mrs. Wardell said that it was just about 8 o'clock when Justice Knowles left the bungalow to take the trolley car. He had about a quarter of a mile to walk, and had been gone but a minute when she heard a man's voice calling: "Now I've got you, Judge." Three shots followed. Running out on the lawn, Mrs. Wardell saw the Justice's head above a hedge that shuts off the lawn from the highway. He was dead when she reached him.

Had Feared for His Life.

The police inquiry quickly developed that the Justice had for some time feared for his life. While not reporting the matter to the police, he had confided to intimates that he had enemies who had written him threatening letters. Recently to avoid the walk between the bungalow and the car line he had ridden in a carriage with his brother, Horace Knowles, a real estate broker of New York. The latter returned home last Thursday and since then the Justice had had companions on his walk until this morning. On Saturday night he drove home from Providence in a taxicab.

In conversation with a friend a few days ago Justice Knowles said in reference to his apprehensions: "I am a little disturbed about the actions of some who believe that I am at the bottom of the crusade here against illegal liquor selling and the maintenance of nuisances along the country roads. I have offered relief to residents, both permanent and Summer colonists, who have complained against these conditions, and from gossip I have heard I am led to believe that precaution is necessary on my part."

A month ago Justice Knowles said that he narrowly escaped being shot when approaching the bungalow. Publicly, he said that he thought that the shots were fired by a careless hunter, but he admitted to his friends a fear that the incident had a more serious significance.

Two Suspects Released.

Two Italians found in the neighborhood of the murder were detained but later were exonerated of any connection with the crime. The police then turned their attention to recent activities of the Justice which might have directed enmity toward him. They learned that he was furthering the organizing of a society that planned a systematic campaign against violators of the fish and game laws. He also had taken part in a movement designed to bring about a closer police supervision of drinking places that had become objectionable to Summer residents in his judicial district. It was recalled that some time ago the Justice instigated the detention of a man who, he alleged, had threatened his life. This man formerly had been committed to an insane asylum by the Justice, upon whom he sought revenge, it was alleged, following his release.

Justice Knowles was born at Hockingport, Ohio, in 1868, and was admitted to the Rhode Island bar in 1898. He was unmarried. He had an office in this city and a home in Cranston. He was very fond of outdoor life and was a keen hunter.

Horace G. Knowles, brother of Justice Knowles, is the Vice President of the Port Washington Estates. He lives at 23 Park Avenue. Mr. Knowles started for Providence as soon as he received a telephone call announcing that his brother had been slain.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER. 50c. the case of six glass stoppered bottles.—Advt.

25 STILL MISSING FROM HESPERIAN; LINER SINKS ON WAY TO QUEENSTOWN; SURVIVORS SURE SHE WAS TORPEDOED

AMERICANS TELL OF DISASTER

U. S. Consul Takes Affidavits of Survivors of the Hesperian.

CAPTAIN VISITS ADMIRALTY

Steamer's Commander Quoted as Saying That He Got No Warning of Attack.

MAY HAVE SEEN SUBMARINE

Passenger Alleged to Have Heard the Lookout Shout Report to the Officers.

QUEENSTOWN, Sept. 6.—Six second-cabin passengers, six third cabin passengers and thirteen of the crew of the Hesperian, which was torpedoed 150 miles off Queenstown on Saturday evening, were unaccounted for tonight, according to the revised official figures issued by the Allan Line. This brings the probable death list, including Miss Carbonnery of St. John's, N. F., whose body is here, up to twenty-six.

The missing second cabin passengers are Miss Bannister, Mrs. Fisher, Joseph Fowler, Mrs. Hannah Fowler, Maria Jenkins, and Miss Murray.

The vessel sank at 6:45 o'clock this morning, having remained afloat thirty-four hours after being hit. The Captain remained by his ship until she went down.

Captain Main declined to comment on the disaster on his arrival here, hence the official statement as to whether he believed his ship was a victim of a torpedo or a mine must come from the Admiralty. However, the Captain is quoted as having told an Allan Line official today that the Hesperian was torpedoed.

Mrs. Chantham of Montreal, one of the survivors, says she saw a torpedo coming as she leaned over the ship's side.

Most of the survivors, passengers and crew, will leave Queenstown tomorrow by special tram and boat for Liverpool.

Captain Main and the officers who remained aboard the steamer while efforts were being made to tow her to port were able to save some of their effects before the ship plunged to the bottom, seventy-eight miles southeast of Fastnet. There were 3,545 bags of mail aboard the liner, most of it originating in neutral countries.

The flooding of the forward compartments, which caused the Hesperian to sink so much by the head as to throw the propellers out of the water, made the task of towing her impossible in the rough sea.

Captain Reports to Admiralty.

The Captain and crew were taken off by rescue boats and brought to Queenstown by the steamer Empress. As soon as Captain Main landed he proceeded to the Admiralty Office to make his report. He had with him thirteen officers and twenty-five men.

The sinking of the Hesperian probably will prevent an investigation to determine whether the disaster resulted from a torpedo or a mine. Most of the passengers say there is no doubt the attack was made by a German submarine, and some of them say they heard the lookout shout: "Submarine on starboard quarter." Thus far no statement has been made by any survivor who saw a submarine or a torpedo.

All agree the Hesperian was struck on the staboard side, between the foremast and the bridge. Lifeboats were launched in the darkness, but without panic. The fourth and fifth boats were lowered unevenly and overturned, the occupants being thrown into the water. Some of them were injured.

Three Sisters of Mercy were among the last persons to leave the Hesperian.

Page Starts Inquiry.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—The American Embassy is receiving reports from Wesley Frost, Consul at Queenstown, on the question of whether the Allan liner Hesperian was sunk without warning. All those so far questioned by Mr. Frost say that no warning was given. The Consul probably will get a statement from the Captain.

Mr. Frost reported that he had taken the depositions of the two American stewards who were on the Hesperian, Barney MacMillan of Grand Rapids, Mich., and a man named Dallas of Buffalo.

Lieutenant Lewis B. McBride, Naval Attaché of the American Embassy, was on his way to Queenstown to collect evidence before he was aware that the vessel had sunk. Ambassador Page had instructed Lieutenant McBride to inspect the hull. On learning that the vessel had gone down the Ambassador decided not to recall the Lieutenant, believing that he might still be able to gather useful evidence.

HAD NO GUN, SAYS ALLAN.

Insists the Hesperian Could Not Have Mounted a 4.7 Rifle.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Sept. 6.—"I am practically certain there was no gun mounted on the Hesperian," said Andrew H. Al-

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Berlin Doubts That It Was a Submarine; U-Boats in Hesperian Track Sent Out Recently

By a Staff Correspondent.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Sept. 6.—The afternoon papers print brief dispatches about the sinking of the Hesperian, but refrain from all comment except this inspired sentence circulated by the Wolff Agency:

"It will be well to await fuller reports to see whether the Hesperian was torpedoed at all, and, if so, under what circumstances."

By The Associated Press.

BERLIN, Sept. 6.—The news that the Allan Line steamer Hesperian had been destroyed by an explosion was published only this afternoon. Definite statements that no lives had been lost and that the steamer had floated until this morning caused the German people to take the situation calmly, and there are no indications of apprehension over any possible effect the incident may have on German-American relations.

The newspapers abstain from comment, but in the headlines they indicate strong doubt as to the accuracy of the press accounts of the circumstances, particularly as to whether the steamer was torpedoed as described in the dispatches, "torpedoed" being printed with a question mark, and one or two papers using in their headlines "German Torpedo or British Mine?"

No report on the Hesperian from German official sources need be expected for at least a week, as the submarines operating in the waters off that particular part of the British coast belong to a detachment recently sent out.

The Admiralty had nothing to say today when asked whether any report had been received on the Arabic or whether the missing submarine had returned or was considered lost.

GERMAN AIRCRAFT IN GULF OF RIGA

Their Activity Believed to Presage Another Naval Attack.

RUSSIANS QUIT DAGO ISLE

Petrograd Reports Drives of the Austro-German Armies Checked All Along Line.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 7.—The menace to Riga, Russia's important seaport in the Baltic, is becoming more serious. The Germans still hold the bridgehead at Friedrichstadt, the occupation of which effectively cuts off Riga's railway communication to the south, while German aircraft are active in the gulf, perhaps presaging another naval clash as part of a concerted German move from land and sea to complete the isolation of the city and force its abandonment by the Russians.

According to an unofficial Berlin dispatch, received by way of Copenhagen, the Germans claim possession of the gulf, the Russians having abandoned Dago, the northernmost of the three islands just outside the gulf.

The latest Berlin official communication lays no claim to substantial progress by Field Marshal von Hindenburg from the Baltic to Grodno, but thence southward the armies of Prince Leopold and Field Marshal von Mackensen are said to be moving forward, while the Austrian official statement covering the battle line further south and east records nothing but Teutonic gains. Petrograd, however reports that the attacks in this region have been futile, and it would appear that the Russian lines are holding firmly everywhere.

Telegraphing from Petrograd, the correspondent of The Times says it is expected that the Germans will find difficulty in making effective use of the crossings they have secured over the Dvina River, owing to the enormous danger and difficulty of bridging the river in the face of its swift current and the Russian artillery fire. Hence, he says, the Germans are likely to support their manoeuvre by simultaneous operations on the Gulf of Riga.

The correspondent quotes the representative of the Novoe Vremia at the front as connecting the movement against Riga with the need by the Germans of a naval base so as to increase the number of their operating lines in view of what he terms the growing difficulty of transporting munitions and heavy artillery over land.

The last attempt of the Germans to enter the Gulf of Riga was made between Aug. 14 and 21, when, it was said, they lost eleven ships, mostly small cruisers and destroyers, with the exception of the battle cruiser Moltke. They also lost 7,000 troops, who had attempted to effect a landing on the eastern side of the gulf at Permigel, about thirty-five miles northeast of the mouth of the Dvina, on whose banks, five miles up, is the German objective, the town of Riga, second only to Petrograd for commercial importance in Baltic waters.

There are two entrances to the Gulf of Riga from the Baltic—the northern, which threads its way among several small islands, with the towns of Hapsal and Werder on the east, and the southern, between Osel Island and the western mainland. This passage is twenty-five miles wide, and has been used by the Germans in their attempts to force an entrance.

The principal islands between the northern and southern channels are Dago, 510 square miles, with a population of 14,000 Swedes and a few Russians, and Osel, 1,010 square miles, with a population of 42,000, and the town of Arensburg. The principal occupation of both populations is fishing. It is stated that since Aug. 21 Dago has been evacuated. Smaller islands at the entrance are Mohn and Worms.

The Gulf of Riga, 100 miles long by 90 wide, has in the past been the scene of several seafights, particularly at the mouth of the Dvina, which is frozen over one-third of the year. Here Gustavus Adolphus defeated the Russian fleet and captured Riga in 1621, while thirty-five years later Czar Alexis Mik-

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ANGER IN BERLIN OVER PLEDGE TO US

Vossische Zeitung Says Bernstorff's Letter Must Not Be Taken as Admission of Guilt.

OTHER COMMENT HOSTILE

Taegliche Rundschau Thinks Curb on Submarines Would Be a Serious Blow to Germany.

BERLIN, Sept. 6, (via London.)—The Vossische Zeitung devotes three columns to discussion of the situation as regards Germany and the United States under the heading "The Agreement with America." After impliedly expressing dissatisfaction at the message conveyed by Ambassador von Bernstorff to the Washington authorities, it says:

"Complete unanimity reigns in Germany in the wish to maintain unaltered peace between Berlin and Washington. Ambassador von Bernstorff's explanation must not be taken either as an admission of any guilt in past procedures or as an indication of fear or weakness. It must be reiterated that the torpedoing of the Lusitania, no matter how lamentable from a humanitarian standpoint, left no stain upon Germany's honor. The same holds true for the Arabic. If it ever becomes possible to clear up this case through unobjectionable evidence it will be shown that the Captain of the Arabic himself was guilty of his fate and that of his passengers.

"It must also be specifically pointed out that submarine warfare against merchant vessels will now, as formerly—and, it is to be hoped, with unremitting vigor—be carried on. There can be no talk of any 'result' for Great Britain. British merchant marine losses will not be lessened in the future. Great Britain must not permit herself to hope she may succeed in the future through sordid manipulations in making use of German good nature.

"Our admissions to America have restrictions. Our agreement counts only in case British passenger steamers do not try to harm our submarines. If Great Britain in the future believes it will be possible to deal lightly with the lives of American citizens, she will have to bear the consequences as before. Through our step we have proved to Americans—if it were necessary—in the most loyal way how highly we value the relations existing between them and us. It is surely known in leading circles in the United States that even a declaration of war by America against Germany could no longer do real harm to the German cause.

"The British press is attempting to alter the case to make it appear that Germany's move was made with an intention to win the American President as a peace agent. We do not know whether President Wilson has this thought. Likewise we cannot prevent the Pope, through Cardinal Gibbons, from expressing his peace desires to the President. We highly respect the humanitarian basis of this, but we would not like to leave any uncertainty concerning the fact that Germany does not even consider concluding peace through any agent whatever. He who wants peace with us may come to us himself. Peace may be discussed, according to the present outlook, only in direct negotiations."

The Vossische Zeitung discusses the peace rumors at length and declares that Great Britain sees its salvation in such a move because "its action in the Dardanelles has broken down, the day of reckoning in Egypt is drawing appreciably nearer, universal conscription has fallen by the wayside, the labor problem is becoming critical, and conditions in Ireland defy description."

The editorial concludes with the declaration that peace is possible with every opponent of Germany except Great Britain, which "forced on us the difficult task of conducting a world war. We, however, wish first

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TRAGEDY PUZZLES CAPITAL

Washington Unable to Solve Sinking of Steamship.

TO ASK PAGE FOR A REPORT

Gerard, at Berlin, Also Likely to Inquire of Germany if the Vessel Was Attacked.

PRESIDENT AWAITS FACTS

Probably Will Pursue the Same Course He Did in the Arabic Disaster.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—President Wilson and Secretary Lansing so far have received no official news regarding the sinking of the Allan liner Hesperian except the first report sent by Consul Frost at Queenstown, but it is understood that they have decided to follow in this instance the course they took in the case of the White Star liner Arabic. In the Arabic case the embassy in London and the Consul at Queenstown were instructed to obtain affidavits from Americans who were on board the vessel, and to get such other evidence as was available concerning the circumstances of the disaster. The Ambassador in Berlin was instructed to ask the German Government if it had received any report in regard to the sinking of the Arabic.

The shock which came to Washington in the news that another passenger steamer had been torpedoed a few days after the German Ambassador had given formal assurances that Germany had abandoned the practice of attacking "liners" without warning, cannot be said to have been lessened today. President Wilson and Secretary Lansing remained silent on the affair, however, awaiting full details of the disaster. The President put aside cares of State tonight and went to a theatre. As he was leaving a crowd gathered about him in the lobby and applauded.

There is a disposition in some quarters to believe that if it is shown that the Hesperian was attacked by a German submarine, the German Government will disavow the act promptly. This opinion is based on the assurances conveyed to the State Department by the German Ambassador last week. It is inconceivable to some officials that Germany should announce publicly that she had instructed a submarine commanders that they must not attack liners without warning, and must make provision for the safety of the noncombatants aboard liners that submarines decided to sink, and within a few days thereafter permit a wanton attack on a passenger vessel obviously bound from and not for an enemy port. No nation, it is contended, would be willing to show such an utter disregard for good faith and national honor. For that reason there is a belief among certain persons here that the German Government will disavow the act of the submarine commander.

Clouds Whole Situation.

The attack on the Hesperian is regarded as peculiarly unfortunate. There was promise of a satisfactory conclusion of the grave issues involved in the cases of the Lusitania and the Arabic, and this Government was awaiting only a report from the German Government to dispose of the Arabic incident. No doubt remained in the minds of most officials that Germany was about to disavow the sinking of that vessel and to offer reparation and perhaps assurances United States that the commander of the submarine would be punished for disobedience of orders. Count von Bernstorff's statement of last week indicated that the instruction to submarine commanders not to torpedo "liners" without warning, had been issued prior to the attack on the Arabic and the statement issued in Berlin by Herr von Bethmann-Hollweg, the Imperial Chancellor, promised "complete satisfaction" to the United States. It was pointed out here in an authoritative way that "complete satisfaction" meant more than a mere disavowal, and this was taken to mean that Germany was willing and ready to go to the extreme of applying disciplinary measures in the case of the officer in charge of the submarine that sank the Arabic, provided it was shown with reasonable certainty that the White Star steamship met her fate through the act of a German war vessel.

Germany had asked this Government to withhold action in the Arabic case until she had made an investigation. The United States had assented to the request. While this status prevailed the Hesperian was attacked, and officials found themselves at a loss what to think. It is now eighteen days since the Arabic was sunk and the German Government has not made its promised report. This delay is accounted for, in the opinion of some well-informed officials, by the truth of statements that the submarine which sent the Arabic to the bottom was herself sunk within a day or two thereafter. Positive information has come to Washington from the most reliable source that the submarine met her fate at the hands of the British. It is believed, however, that the German Government will not wait any longer in

the hope of hearing from the missing submarine, but will proceed to make a statement to the United States, the satisfactory character of which has been indicated by advance assurances.

Reports Are Meagre.

Some dissatisfaction is apparent in Washington over the meagreness of the official reports concerning the attack on the Hesperian. In view of later information the cable message sent to the State Department yesterday by Wesley Frost, the American Consul at Queenstown, caused confusion. Consul Frost said that about eight lives were lost and that the Hesperian carried a 4.7-gun mounted and visible on the stern. It was announced in London last night that the Hesperian carried no gun. While Consul Frost stated that the Hesperian was torpedoed by a German submarine, he failed to say anything about a warning.

The points about which there is confusion may become the most important in the determination of responsibility for the loss of the Hesperian. It is conceivable that a German submarine Commander might set up the defense that the vessel was armed, and it is suggested here that should it be shown that the Hesperian carried a gun mounted aft for defensive purposes only, which this Government holds is within the rights of any passenger vessel, the German Government might contend that the rule of the United States permitting arms to be carried by merchant vessels for defense applied only in the case of a merchant vessel bound from an American port, and not to an enemy merchant vessel bound from an enemy port to an enemy port.

There was a similar meagreness of official information concerning the sinking of the Arabic, but at that time Consul Frost was temporarily not in charge of the American Consulate at Queenstown. His place was filled then by Lewis C. Thompson, the Vice and Deputy Consul. The State Department is looking to the American Embassy in London for a complete account of the Hesperian affair, and it is expected that when the department opens for business tomorrow much of the information desired will have come from Ambassador Page.

ATTACK ASTONISHES BERLIN.

Public Unable to Understand the Destruction of the Hesperian.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROTTERDAM, Sept. 6, (Dispatch to The London Daily Telegraph.)—Even in Berlin the attack on the liner Hesperian has caused astonishment among the public. During the last few days the newspapers have been giving prominence to the alleged concessions to President Wilson, and have adopted a new tone, suggesting the importance of retaining the friendship of America. In a large measure the people, therefore, were already agreed to give assent to a new policy.

GERMAN PROMISE BROKEN.

Rome Newspaper Says Berlin Does Not Mean to Keep Pledges.

ROME, Sept. 6, (via Paris.)—The Messaggero, commenting on the sinking of the Hesperian, says:

"It is obvious that Germany does not mean to keep her promises. Her submarines will continue to sink merchant ships without warning. This constitutes not only a new offense against the laws of humanity, but against the dignity and prestige of the American Government, which sees contradicted by reality the solemn official assurance given by the representative of Germany to Washington."

"TOLD YOU SO," CRIES PARIS.

Newspapers Argue This Attack Shows Value of Germany's Word.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 6.—A general chorus of "We told you so" arises in the French press, commenting on the Hesperian incident. Nowhere is surprise expressed, but everywhere the thought is expressed that "now the Americans will realize the value of Germany's word." The Temps says:

"Except for the results, the crime exactly parallels the attacks on the Lusitania and the Arabic. If Americans were tempted by love of peace to entertain any illusions about the value of the concessions offered by Count von Bernstorff the Hesperian incident must recall them harshly to the reality."

The Journal des Debats says:

"Before the ink is dry on Germany's promise it is violated. Surely this will convince even America."

The Liberté comments:

"The German promises were intended to influence Wilson to obtain a Pax-Germanica. When the attempt was shown to be fruitless, German behavior resumes the usual course."

The Lanterne says:

"Treaties, conventions, and contracts are for the nation of kultur merely boob traps, but will the Americans always be boobs?"

PARIS, Sept. 6.—The Paris press gives great prominence to the torpedoing of the Hesperian, but the newspapers are unable to account for such an act six days after Ambassador von Bernstorff's solemn assurances to the United States that liners would not be torpedoed.

"It remains to be seen," says the Petit Parisien, "how American opinion will take the event. In all likelihood the torpedoing of the Hesperian will bring back the state of tension which Ambassador von Bernstorff flattered himself had been dispelled, for Americans will realize that illusory promises of the Imperial Ambassador furnish not the slightest additional guarantee to those of them who are called upon to cross the Atlantic."

MISS CARBONNERY WEALTHY.

Hesperian Victim Was a St. John's Business Woman.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Sept. 6.—Miss Ellen Carbonnery, who was a victim of the Hesperian torpedoing, was the owner of a store for women here and was wealthy. She was returning from her semi-annual trip to London, with Fall fashions. Miss Carbonnery was 70 years old. She had a local reputation as a writer and poet.

The body will be sent here for burial.

NEW HESPERIAN EXCUSE.

Herman Ridder Argues That She Was a Troop Transport.

Herman Ridder, commenting in this morning's Staats-Zeitung on the sinking of the Hesperian, says:

"The liners running between Canada and Great Britain have been used repeatedly to transport Canadian troops to the front, and while doing so have been under charter by the British authorities. When they return to Canada they are not under charter, because they have nothing combatant to carry. Are we, then, permitted to say that there is no military end to be accomplished by the destruction of a British troop transport on holiday, which returns tomorrow to its assigned duties? We should be simple, indeed, and Germany would be simpler still, to accept any such interpretation of the British theory."

DISCOUNTS HESPERIAN CASE.

New Yorker Herold Thinks the Press Is Too Quick with a Verdict.

Under the caption, "Ready Quickly with the Verdict of Damnation," the New Yorker Herold said yesterday regarding the attack on the Hesperian:

"If it should turn out in fact that there was a torpedoing, that would prove that the German submarine warfare was by no means so completely dropped as some persons sought to make themselves and others believe. On the other hand, one may be certain that the German Government is endeavoring to keep the operations within the bounds which it itself drew in its declaration at Washington. It is therefore to be surmised that there were good reasons for the torpedoing if there was one and not merely an explosion due to collision with a mine.

"However the case may be, the jingo campaign of the war-drivers has received new nourishment. The dark powers that stand behind the Navy League and other organizations, and the newspapers that are making sentiment for England will again take pains to stir up public opinion. The incident of the Hesperian is therefore a warning to combat ceaselessly with great vigor this jingo campaign so injurious to our country, which eggs on to hostilities. The Congress of the Friends of Peace is holding sessions at the right time in Chicago."

BERNSTORFF THANKS C' EWS.

Acknowledges Congratulations of the Peace League's President.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 6.—Henry Clews, President of the American Peace and Arbitration League, has received the following telegram from Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador:

Henry Clews, Esq., President of the American Peace and Arbitration League:

I beg to thank you sincerely for your telegram and for the kind expression of appreciation o. service in bringing about the gratifying adjustment of the controversy between the United States and Germany J. H. VON BERNSTORFF.

NEAR DEATH ON THE ARABIC.

L'febelt Alone Saved William Adams, Who Could Not Swim.

Three survivors of the White Star lier Arabic, William Adams of London, Charles Pringle, and J. de Lorimier of Montreal, arrived in New York yesterday from Bordeaux on board the French liner Rochambeau. Mr. Adams said that Mr. de Lorimier and he were the last passengers to leave the steamer as she was sinking. They got into a lifeboat on the port side amidships, he said, with several of the crew, and as the Arabic heeled over her upper rail caught the side of the boat and threw them all into the water.

"We had our lifebelts on," he continued, "and had no difficulty in keeping afloat for an hour and a half. We were picked up by a tug. I could not swim, but managed to get away from the suction caused by the Arabic as she went down. There is no danger of drowning if one puts on the lifebelt properly and jumps off the ship before the grows under. From my own experience it is far better than waiting on deck and trying to get into the lifeboats, which are frequently smashed against the side."

Towing the W. T. Lewis Into Port.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—The British bark William T. Lewis, reported to have been torpedoed by a German submarine and sunk, and to have been waterlogged and abandoned, is being towed into port. Although flying the British flag, the bark is owned by a San Francisco company.

H. W. NEVINSON WOUNDED.

Well-Known Correspondent Slightly Hurt at the Dardanelles.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 7.—The Daily News says that H. W. Nevinson, the well-known war correspondent, who is at the Dardanelles, has been slightly wounded in the head by shrapnel while at the front in the Chocolate Hill trenches.

ANGER IN BERLIN OVER PLEDGE TO US

Continued from Page 1.

a decision, and then a peace which shall accord with this decision."

The Taegliche Rundschau says:

"In opposition to the brilliant results of our arms and our surely victorious position stands the depressing fact that in this week we have restricted our most promising weapon against the British, the submarine, by adhering to the wishes of the American Executive, President Wilson. In Great Britain and in America our compliance is accepted with satisfaction and has lowered the price of grain. American papers also declare that Great Britain now can hold out for another year of war, which is comprehensible when one considers that 504 ships with a tonnage of more than one million were destroyed by submarines.

"As it is actually impossible, as President Wilson admitted in his note of last May, for a submarine to search a merchant or passenger vessel at sea and verify its papers, the German concessions denote a comprehensive restriction of submarine warfare, determined upon by the war leaders for political reasons."

Hamburg Press Stirred Up.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 7.—The London Times says this morning: "After the news had been broken by messages from England the German newspapers were permitted on Friday to publish semi-officially the communication made last week by the German Embassy to the United States Government. According to the German text the new instructions apply to 'passenger steamers.'

"The Cologne Gazette at once protested against the suggestion that Germany had been influenced by 'mysterious losses of German submarines.' Otherwise there was little comment in Friday's papers, but, as might have been expected, Hamburg is furious. The Hamburger Nachrichten publishes a brief and acid note. The Hamburger Fremdenblatt clamors for fresh proof of American neutrality, and adds: 'Wilson will now have to declare himself. We offer before all the world proof that we are not the war-mad ones who know no other pleasure than to offend all the world. The President therefore must now speak out and give proof of where he stands. The whole world, to which perhaps his character and his behavior have been obscure, will get to know him now. He will have to show whether he is serious about the freedom of the seas and whether he is as emphatically neutral toward England as toward us.'"

25 STILL MISSING FROM THE HESPERIAN

Continued from Page 1.

lan, of the Allan line today. "We have no guns mounted on any of our ships, unless they have been taken over by the Government for use as transports. Then they can arm them as they like, for they are then classed as auxiliary warships. But our passenger liners are not armed in any way.

"When the Hesperian sailed from Montreal she certainly carried no gun. She was in port in England for a week and we have no information whatever that during that time, anything was done to her in the way of putting on a gun. A 4.7 is a pretty big gun—it was with guns of this calibre that the naval brigade did such fine work when going to the relief of Ladysmith—and in order to mount one of them on a liner, the whole of the inside of the ship would have to be braced up. I don't think it possible that a gun could have been put on the Hesperian and I feel certain the contradiction sent from London is correct.

"This is the first boat the Allan line has lost. It is not difficult for a submarine to get a boat like that. Apparently the submarine was waiting for her. The Hesperian would be going at sixteen knots, if at full speed, and therefore whether she had a gun or not, the question of responsibility is not altered. It is evident, from the information that has come to hand, that she was not warned in any way. The Hesperian was purely a passenger boat, all her freight consisting of packages. If she had been going home from this side, probably her No. 3 hold would have been full of wheat and that would have helped to save the bulkheads, but we feared from the start that the bulkheads would not hold out with No. 1 and No. 2 holds full of water. Apparently they gave way under the strain and the ship foundered. We had information last night that the destroyers could not tow her. The hawsers were breaking every time, and then later we heard that tugs were going to her assistance and would be up with her last night. They apparently were alongside and took off the captain and his men."

SAW BRITISH ARMADA STEAM OUT TO SEA

Departure on Mysterious Errand an Inspiring Spectacle, Correspondent Visiting Fleet Says.

OVER 20 DREADNOUGHTS

Vast Squadron Protected from U-Boats by Alert Destroyers—Scars of Past Battles.

LONDON, Sept. 5, (Delayed in transmission.)—On his visit to the British battle fleet last week the present correspondent, after boarding all of the more important ships, witnessed a magnificent spectacle—the whole force putting to sea.

Officers on Vice Admiral Sir David Beatty's flagship, the Lion, which has received the roughest handling in battle of any major British ship now afloat, told of the difficulty they had to persuade the young commander to descend at the opening of the action from the bridge, where he had an unhampered vision, to the armored protection of the conning tower. They told of the success of destroyers in foiling all efforts of submarines to reach the crippled Lion as she was being towed home at five knots an hour after sinking the German cruiser Blücher.

The places in which the Lion was hit in the North Sea battle were not discernible in some instances, owing to reconstruction of the sections where the shells burst. In other cases the location was evident, patches having been placed over the injured plates. A very small percentage of the German shells hit at the 18,000-yard range of the early stage of the battle, officers say, but the screams of passing salvos and the crack of their own guns caused an inconceivable tumult to sound in the ears of those stationed on the bridge.

The Tiger, sister battle cruiser of the Lion, had fewer scars to show as a result of the North Sea battle.

On the Queen Elizabeth the only signs of her experiences at the Dardanelles which were visible were a section of new planks on deck, where a shell penetrated, and a dent from a glancing shot on one of her 15-inch guns.

The Inflexible, the flagship of the Falkland Islands battle, suffered less injury there than at the Dardanelles, where she was struck by mines and was under heavy fire from shore. A piece of the mine is kept in the wardroom as a souvenir; indeed, all the ships which have been in action have fragments of German shells set in mountings as mementos. Officers referred to the manner in which the necessity had been foreseen in British naval preparations for taking care of damage from battle, thus insuring prompt repairs when any ship returned injured in action.

"But we had few repairs to make, and our energy and resources were given to the rapid construction of new fighting units, which continues to increase our preponderance over the German fleet," one officer remarked.

The correspondent heard repeated and sympathetic references to the sacrifices and hardships of the army during the grilling year of war, while the battleships marked time in their long wait.

"If battle comes for us it will not last long," an officer said. "Every day's waiting only sharpens our eagerness."

The only color visible in that vast assembly of fighting ships, stretching into the misty horizon or standing out against the green background of the harbor, was in the blue uniforms of the crews and an occasional signal flag fluttering from a halyard.

While on board the flagship Rear Admiral Sir John Jellicoe a message was brought to the Commander in Chief, who called a secretary and spoke briefly to him. Word was passed around that the whole fleet had been ordered to weigh anchor and proceed to sea. Guests, on board a destroyer at the mouth of the harbor, watched that unprecedented procession of naval power make its exit, led by graceful light cruisers and flotillas of destroyers.

"But are not German submarines waiting outside?" was asked.

"No doubt two or three are always there," an officer replied, "but the destroyers know how to keep them off."

Cutting through choppy waves and leaving foaming wakes, the destroyers—attendant satellites of the great fighting ships—ran in and out at their superior speed, as busy as bees. The destroyers were always on the move, flotilla blinking its signals to flotilla. It seemed that if a line had been drawn between the stern and bow of any two battleships it would measure exactly the same distance as between any other two, so steadily were the intervals kept. The crews were out, and the sight added impressiveness to the fleet's gray armored might. There was the first dreadnought, and others of all classes since that evolution of naval warfare, up to the latest type, the Queen Elizabeth.

The head of the column was lost in the mist of approaching nightfall and black clouds from the funnels. Eight—sixteen—twenty dreadnoughts were counted as they went past with clockwork regularity, and out of other smoke clouds in the harbor more dreadnoughts were coming before the King Edward VII. and other pre-dreadnought classes had their turn.

The commander of the destroyer which the correspondent was aboard looked at his watch and said it was time to go, as he must take his appointed place in the fleet. At thirty knots an hour he cut across the bow of a battleship, taking his guests to the landing place. As the destroyer rounded the headland the correspondent had a last glimpse of that seemingly endless column of ships, still not free from the harbor, on its way on an unknown errand in the North Sea. Its numbers and gun power were suggestive of an Armageddon which overwhelmed the imagination, should it ever engage the German fleet.

BUILD BIG BIPLANE ON RUSSIAN MODEL

Germans Have Created New Monster Flyer on Lines of Captured Aircraft.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 7.—A Copenhagen despatch to the Daily Mail says:

"In East Prussia last year the Germans captured a big new flying machine with which Russian airmen were making a reconnaissance. The machine was taken to Gotha, where German constructors began building new aeroplanes on the Russian model.

"The first one of this type of giant flying machine was finished and stationed at Friedrichshafen and it has been sent to Hamburg.

"The new machines are reported to be revolutionizing the technique of flying machines. They are double planed with 138 foot wings and have three motors, each of 100 horsepower, and three propellers. They can carry enough petrol for an eight hours' trip, and are fitted with a wireless installation and searchlights. They are armed with five machine guns and carry 120 bombs of 22 pounds each and a crew of eight. The machines are capable of reaching London in two and a half hours.

"My informant says that they are more rapid and safer than airships and may displace the Zeppelins, which have proved failures for military purposes."

The Russian machine referred to probably is the aeroplane designed by a young engineer, I. I. Sikorsky. In this type of aeroplane, called "omnibus," as many as sixteen persons have been carried. There are several cabins extending over a length of 28 feet.

GERMAN AIRCRAFT IN GULF OF RIGA

Continued from Page 1.

hallovitch turned the tables, but without recapturing the town, which was only restored to Russia by the peace of Nystad Riga. The French invested the mouth of the Dvina in 1812, and the English blockaded it during the Crimean war in 1854.

Russians Back on Lower Niemen.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 6.—The War Office today made public the following official communication:

On the front from Riga to Dvinsk there is no essential change. Between the Sventa and the Vilya Rivers and between the Vilya and the Niemen conditions are unchanged.

In the Middle Niemen region, near the villages of Meretch and Peski, the Germans in the course of the night of the 4th and on the following day attempted to develop their offensive. The fighting here continues.

On the Niemen toward the south as far as the Pripet River our armies occupy their former positions. The enemy has made very strong attempts at an offensive since the morning of the 5th in the region of Wolkowysk, along the railway from Sedletz to Hasselda, in the region of Khomsk and along the railway leading to Pinsk, in the Drogotchine region. All these attempts have been stopped by our troops.

On the remainder of this front only rearguard engagements are reported.

South of Polessie the enemy continues to concentrate his main efforts on the roads from the region of Lutsk toward Dubno and Rovno, where the general situation remains unchanged. During our local attack near the village of Vorsine, we took as prisoners, eight officers and 300 men.

On the Bereth, attempts to assume the offensive, sometmes by us and sometimes by the enemy, have been reported. The enemy's attempts had no appreciable results. In this region we captured four machine guns and 400 soldiers.

OFFICIAL WAR REPORTS.

Hindenburg's Right Wing Nearing the Niemen River.

BERLIN, Sept. 6, (by Wireless to Tuckerton, N. J.)—Few changes in the situation on the Russian front are reported in today's bulletin of the German Army Headquarters, which reads:

From the Baltic to the eastward of Grodno the situation is unchanged. Field Marshal von Hindenburg's right wing is nearing the Niemen River.

The armies of Prince Leopold of Bavaria, fighting with the enemy's rear guards, are advancing across the Ros, south of Wolkowysk, and have passed the swamp defiles near Smolaniza, northeast of Pruzana.

The armies of Field Marshal von Mackensen are advancing.

Austrians Cross Marshes.

VIENNA, Sept. 6, (via London.)—The Austrian official communication dealing with the situation in southwest Russia and Galicia and on the Austro-Italian front as made public today says:

On the Bessarabian frontier and east of the mouth of the Sereth River yesterday the Russians repeated their severe counterattacks which were everywhere repulsed with heavy losses to the enemy.

On the Sereth front and on our line east of Brody and west of Dubno the intensity of the conflict has somewhat slackened when compared with the heavy fighting of the last few days.

In the district of Tarnopol we captured a village which the Russians had fortified.

Our troops, advancing east of Lutsk (Russia) under most difficult conditions, have crossed the marshy and inundated low-lying district of Putylowska, north of Olyka.

On the upper Jasiolka River the Austro-Hungarian forces have ejected the enemy from his last fortification. Further south our troops at several points have gained a footing on the northern bank of the river.

POLISH OFFICER'S ESCAPE.

Reaches New York After Being War Prisoner of Germans.

Andrei Malkowski and his wife, Polish refugees, arrived yesterday on the French liner Rochambeau on their way to Chicago, where they have relatives who have been in this country for some years. Mr. Malkowski said he was a teacher in Russian Poland and had a commission as Lieutenant in the army reserve. When the war started his platoon went with the First Army Corps of the Russian Army to the Carpathians, and the sufferings of the men in the Winter campaign were frightful.

After passing through three battles with slight wounds, he was taken sick crossing the mountains in the deep snow last February and was sent to the hospital at Limanowa, where he was laid up for nearly three months. During that time the German troops captured the city, and he was confined to the hospital as a prisoner of war. After he had regained his health, Mr. Malkowski said that some French friends obtained his release by bribing German officials to send him to Switzerland with the prisoners to be exchanged, and he reached Paris, where he was joined by his wife.

CHARGE MISUSE OF RED CROSS.

Austrians Say Russians Fly Hospital Flag on Fortified Monastery.

BERLIN, Sept. 6, (by Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—The official statement issued at Vienna on Sept. 5, as received here, contains the following:

A Red Cross flag has been flown over the monastery at Lukzanow, which is in the midst of the Russian front. Since it is improbable that the Russians would establish a hospital in the midst of their fighting line, and since the Austrians made it absolutely certain that the monastery had been strongly fortified, it is to be expected that the Russians will soon make a report about their own misuse of international conventions, stating that the Red Cross flag was fired upon.

The version of the Austrian official statement of yesterday which was received by way of London did not contain the foregoing passage. Apparently it was eliminated by the British censor.

$500 REWARD

is deposited with the Police Department, Boston, Mass., for information resulting in the arrest of

GEORGE SANFORD INMAN

defaulting cashier of the United Fruit Company in Boston, on whose account the National Surety Company paid a large sum under its bond.

Address: Police Department, Boston, Mass.

OR

National Surety Company

Secret Service Department

115 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY

MILITARISM MUST GO, SAYS LABOR LEADER

War a Death Struggle Between Systems, Declares J. A. Seddon at English Congress.

BRISTOL, England, Sept. 6.—The forty-seventh annual Trades Union Congress, which will, it is expected, be one of the most important gatherings in the history of British labor, held its first session here today.

In his opening address James Andrew Seddon, the Chairman of the congress, discussed the problems of the day, giving chief place to those arising from the war. Such complex questions as conscription, the exploitation of food products, the regulation of labor under war conditions, and female labor would, he declared, test the nation to its foundation, and they demanded immediate and unambiguous answers.

Mr. Seddon urged the congress to prepare for the time when there would be a resumption of "worldwide oneness" in the contest between capital and labor.

"I feel confident," he added, "that I carry the great bulk of this congress with me when I say we offer our sorely stricken Belgian comrades our wholehearted sympathy and, if assurance be needed, our determination that their once fair land shall be restored to the people of Belgium before we agree to lay down the sword."

Mr. Seddon spoke of the war from the standpoint of the English workingman.

"It is a death struggle between systems that cannot coexist if freedom is to be anything more than a name," he said. "Prussian militarism, with all its attested cruelty, and any form of it here at home must be destroyed. Our share in the struggle will be equivalent to defeat unless we make the object of this war the overthrow of aggressive militarism."

Mr. Seddon asserted that the only way to minimize the danger from woman's labor was to insist upon equal pay for equal work.

MAY LOSE CITIZENSHIP.

Status of Baltimoreans Fighting in Europe Is in Doubt.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 6.—A question of law may arise if the young Baltimoreans now fighting in Europe, John Poe, John Sydney Howell, Alexander Godby, and Martin D. Monaghan, attempt to return to their native land. It is held by the Department of Labor that by taking up arms they have expatriated themselves. This was the finding in the case of Frank Caswell of Harrison, Me., a trooper of the Canadian contingent, who attempted to come home, but was held up by the authorities on the ground that he had ceased to be a citizen of the United States.

Local officials declare that a different light may be thrown on the subject when it becomes known under just what conditions these young Baltimoreans enlisted. If they swore allegiance to the flag under which they aspired to fight they of course ceased to be citizens of the United States; but there appears to be doubt as to just what the foreign powers exact of their recruits.

Report German Loan Well Taken.

BERLIN, Sept. 6, (by Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—Subscriptions to the new German war loan continue to come in rapidly, in large amounts. Six corporations have subscribed to a total of $12,250,000.

TURKS CAPTURE CREW OF BRITISH SUBMARINE

Three Officers and 25 Men Saved; Turkish Destroyer Torpedoed by British.

BERLIN, Sept. 6, (by Wireless to Tuckerton, N. J.)—Three officers and twenty-five men of the crew were captured by the Turks when a submarine of the Entente Allies was shelled and sunk by a Turkish coastguard ship as reported yesterday, according to the Overseas News Agency, which quotes a report from Constantinople headquarters to this effect.

"Enemy torpedo boats," the quoted official report adds, "attempted to approach, but were forced to retire by fire from our batteries."

"The German Crown Prince," says the same agency, "sent a message congratulating Enver Pasha, the Turkish War Minister, on the recent splendid victory of the Turks at Anafarta in the Dardanelles. The War Minister replied, thanking the Crown Prince, and expressing the hope that the Turks soon would be able to throw the British and French into the sea."

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 6, (via London).—The following statement was issued today by the Turkish War Office on operations in the Dardanelles:

In the Anafarta sector our reconnoitering detachments made some successful night attacks, capturing considerable booty.

At Ari Burnu artillery fire and bomb-throwing continues.

At Sedd-el-Bahr enemy artillery fired intermittently without success on the Alroui Tepe front.

ATHENS, Sept. 6, (via Paris.)—The Turkish torpedo boat destroyer Yar Hissar has been sunk in the Sea of Marmora by an allied submarine.

The torpedo boat destroyer Yar Hissar was built in 1907. She was 184 feet long and displaced 284 tons. The vessel had a speed of 28 knots.

SKIRMISHING IN CAUCASUS.

Turks Bombard Russian Positions in Vain, Petrograd Reports.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 6.—The following official communication concerning the operation in the Caucasus was made public today:

On Saturday in the coast region there was cannonading.

In the direction of Olti and near Tewa the Turks opened a futile fire against our positions. Near the villages of Alhiz and Khouliga there were skirmishes between Russian and enemy patrols.

In the Van region our scouts made a successful reconnoitring expedition.

On the remainder of the front the situation is unchanged.

GERMANS CAN'T TALK SHOP.

Government Forbids Giving Trade Information to Foreigners.

BERLIN, Sept. 6, (via London.)—Official warning has been issued to the people of Germany not to answer questions about the status of German industries which may be asked by foreigners until the War Minister has passed upon the propriety of the inquiries.

Heads of all industrial establishments are urged to exercise care even with foreigners resident in Germany, in the interests of the Fatherland.

All the genuine quality of higher-priced Turkish cigarettes is put into

Lord Salisbury

100% Pure Turkish Cigarettes

HOW?

1. By the far-reaching efficiency of the greatest cigarette manufacturing organization in the world.
2. By the accumulated knowledge and experience acquired in the production of billions of cigarettes.
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"Strength, Organization, Service" is the title of an interesting illustrated booklet which will be mailed on request. It contains information valuable to anyone who has any banking or fiduciary business to transact.

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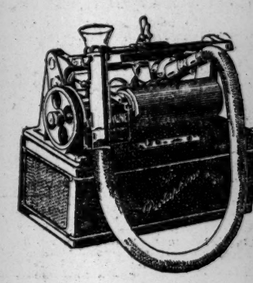

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There are no foolish geegaws or gimcracks, no so-called "talking point" attachments on the Dictaphone, which could only complicate and interfere with its perfect operation and lessen its efficiency.

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THE DICTAPHONE

REGISTERED

(This advertisement was dictated to the Dictaphone)

YOU—junior American Citizens, with a vote to be responsible for maybe a dozen years from now—

And growing into it so fast that it takes four new measurements every year to keep up with you:

One thing about clothes from Best's, they will make you look the part—an American Citizen—a *New York* American Citizen.

Boys' Norfolk Suits, in sizes 7 to 17 years - - from **8.75** upward
(Many with an extra pair of Knickerbockers.)
Boys' Reefers, sizes 2 to 10 years from **7.50** upward

"You never pay more at Best's"

Fifth Avenue, West Side, Corner of 35th Street

No weight and no wait! Ready today, Young's "Airweight" Soft Hats, the coolest, lightest headgear for early Fall. Not as heavy as your straw hat and a good deal dressier for present wear.

In all shapes and newest colors—$3 and $4.

Young's Hats

NONE BETTER MADE

The New York Times leads all New York newspapers, morning and afternoon, every month in the year, in total volume of advertising, Help and Situation Wanted advertisements alone excepted.

C F Mueller Co., Macaroni, Jersey City
160x160 feet; 4 stories, with
flat slab ceiling construction
F. P. Sheldon & Son, Architects

"Turner for Concrete"

These owners decided on reinforced concrete and Turner after a careful investigation of work done.

The contract was awarded to us on a lump-sum basis—without competition.

TURNER
Construction Co

NEW FRENCH CONSUL HERE.

G. Guevraud Will Relieve d'Anglade, Who Is on Sick Leave.

Among the passengers arriving on the Rochambeau yesterday was G. Guevraud, who left Paris at a few hours' notice, on receipt of instructions from Foreign Minister Delcassé to act as Consul General in New York in the absence of B. d'Anglade, who has broken down under the strain of the extra work created by the war. Consul d'Anglade has been ordered to take a six months' rest.

Mr. Guevraud, who speaks English fairly well, said that he had been Consul at Jerusalem, Jericho, and Damascus, and also in England.

Colonel J. de Pulligny of the Engineers Corps of the French Army said he had come over to act as director of the Engineers' Commission sent over by his Government, and would attend the conference shortly to be held in San Francisco. He left his corps at Lunéville three weeks ago, and said the troops were in the best of health and confident that their cause would be victorious in the end. They were resting before again resuming the offensive against the enemy, he said.

MAKES AVIATION RECORD.

German Machine Carries Four Passengers Up 10,500 Feet.

BERLIN, Sept. 6, (by Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—At the aviation grounds at Rotthausen, Rhenish Prussia, an aeroplane of the Condor type ascended 3,200 meters, carrying four passengers. The Overseas News Agency says that this excels by 150 meters the previous world's record.

The record flight with four passengers was made by Garaix in France in 1914. It was 10,000 feet. The new German record exceeds this by 500 feet in round numbers.

FRENCH AIR FLEET IN REPRISAL RAID

Forty Aeroplanes Bombard Saarbrucken to Avenge German Assault on Luneville.

GERMANS KILLED CIVILIANS

Other Air Attacks Made by Both Sides—Artillery Duels Persist Along Whole Front.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—French guns are still intensely active along the whole western front and at the same time fresh air raids are being made by the aviation corps of Joffre's army, mostly on the eastern border.

Forty French aeroplanes today attacked Saarbrucken, a town in Rhenish Prussia, which has been the object of previous assaults from the air. Considerable results were attained, according to the War Office bulletin, which expressly states that this raid was in reprisal for a German bombardment last Wednesday of Lunéville, "an open town," wherein the victims were "too numerous" and mostly women and children.

Dienze in Lorraine and Morhange, also have been visited, the barracks in both places having been the targets of French bombs.

German aviators have also been busy. Several dropped bombs on St. Dié.

The French War Office bulletin tonight tells this story of the aerial raids:

On Sept. 1, as we announced on that day in the communication of 11 o'clock in the evening, four German aeroplanes came to bombard Lunéville, an open town where there is absolutely no military installation to destroy. Our enemies brought refinement to the point where they clearly aimed at the populous sections, and selected for the execution of their operations the day and the hour of the market. As a consequence the victims, unfortunately, were too numerous, and were for the most part women and children.

As a measure of reprisal forty of our aeroplanes this morning bombarded the station, works, and military establishments of Saarbrucken. The aviators noted that the results attained were considerable.

A German aeroplane has been obliged to land at Calais. The aviators were taken prisoners.

Enemy aeroplanes have dropped bombs on St. Dié without causing either loss of life or damage.

The morning bulletin recorded the bombardment of Dienze and Morhange barracks, while the German headquarters communication stated that "an enemy biplane was shot down on the road from Menin to Ypres."

Of the general operations the French bulletin says tonight:

Artillery actions continue along the whole front.

In the sector to the north of Arras our batteries have inflicted heavy damage on the German trenches.

In the region of Roye, in Champagne, on the Perthes-Beausejour front, in the forest of Apremont and to the north of Cirey the artillery duel has been particularly spirited.

In the Vosges at Schratzmannele and at Hartmans-Wellerkopf a combat by means of big bombs has been carried on.

The afternoon bulletin reads:

Last night witnessed a violent artillery bombardment in which batteries of all calibres, both French and German, took part, to the north and to the south of Arras, Roclincourt, and Bretencourt.

There was also fairly spirited cannonading in the Champagne district, in the vicinity of Auberive.

In the Argonne there was fighting with mines at Courtes Chaussées.

The German headquarters communication says:

No important events have occurred in the western theatre of war.

Can Export Bottled Champagne.

PARIS, Sept. 6.—The Ministry of France has excepted bottled champagne from the decree prohibiting the export of French wines. German champagne properties in France will not be allowed to share in the export privilege. Their stocks have been sequestered.

ITALIANS WIN GROUND IN MOUNTAIN FIGHTS

Report Local Successes in Trentino and on the Eastern Frontier.

ROME, Sept. 6, (via Paris.)—The following official communication was issued from General Headquarters today:

Frequent and spirited reconnoissances have resulted in encounters with enemy detachments which were obliged to yield and retire. Similar actions, but of greater importance, occurred Sept. 4 in the Adige Valley near Marco [south of Rovereto] and in the San Pellegrino Valley, along the Avisio, at a place west of Costabella, where we destroyed some intrenchments of the enemy.

In the Piezzo (Flitsch) basin our troops attacked and put to flight enemy detachments in ambush on the slope of Monte Robon, and, penetrating their refuge, captured arms and munitions.

In the Koritnica Valley (Upper Isonzo) one of our detachments drove the enemy from a wood where he had been embarrassing our lines by his fire, and later occupied the wood.

Enemy aeroplanes have been attempting numerous sudden raids on our territory, but everywhere they have been obliged to retire rapidly.

VIENNA, Sept. 6, (via London.)—The following report on operations in the Italian theatre of war was issued today:

While yesterday along the front in the coastal district and in Carinthia the Italians generally remained inactive, they have developed, after a long interval, artillery activity in the district of Kreuzberg ridge, southeast of Innichen, and attempted to approach our position at several points, but no infantry engagement has yet occurred.

DENIALS IN GERMANIA CLUB.

Ex-Secretary's Charge of Anti-American Feeling Resented.

Discussing the resignation of George W. Beckel as Secretary of the Germania Club of Brooklyn, the members denied yesterday that there was any anti-American feeling in the club. The reason given by Mr. Beckel for his resignation was that he could not put up with the extreme anti-American spirit of certain members. At a meeting of the club, on Aug. 22, some of the members, he said, bitterly attacked President Wilson, charging him with being pro-Allies in his sympathies.

"There is nothing in all that," said Adolf Muller, the President of the club. "I think Mr. Beckel might well refrain from announcing the discovery of sentiments which do not exist."

TRAIN BOUND HERE BRINGS $45,000,000

Third Great Shipment from London Includes $20,000,000 in Gold

BY CRUISER TO HALIFAX

Transferred to Heavily Guarded Express Cars and Then Hurried on by Rail.

BANGOR, Me., Sept. 6.—A third large shipment of gold and securities from London is now on the way from Halifax to New York. The shipment, it is said, includes $20,000,000 in gold and $25,000,000 in securities. It reached Halifax this morning on the British cruiser Argyle after a voyage of about four and a half days.

Soon after the Argyle was tied up to her pier the gold and securities were transferred under a heavy guard to seven steel express cars which had been waiting for the purpose for several days.

The train left for New York early this afternoon. It is expected to arrive on American soil at midnight, when it crosses the St. Croix River at Vanceboro. If the schedule of previous treasure trains is maintained it should pass through this city between 3 and 4 o'clock tomorrow morning and reach New York tomorrow afternoon. There the gold and securities will be deposited in the Sub-Treasury to the credit of J. P. Morgan & Co., the fiscal agents in this country for Great Britain.

In order to safeguard the treasure the express company which is handling the shipment placed on board the train nearly twoscore of picked men heavily armed. As a further precaution a pilot train was sent ahead to test the roadbed.

The Anglo-French mission sent to America to consider the exchange problem did not arrive on the Argyle. It is now thought that the Commissioners will reach New York on one of the liners due there soon. The commission consists of four British members, headed by Baron Reading, the Lord Chief Justice, and two French representatives.

While information regarding the ship on which they sailed and the date and the port of their arrival has been withheld by rigid censorship it was reported that they would cross the Atlantic in a warship which carried gold. It was learned from an authoritative source tonight, however, that they were not on the Argyle.

WANTS TIME TO PAY US.

London Journal Warns Against Short-Dated Credits.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 7.—The Morning Post in a financial article today treating on the exchange problem, expresses the belief that even when the war comes to an end the purchases of raw material and machinery from the United States by all the belligerent countries will continue on a very large scale, and that therefore the influences operating upon international exchange must on the whole be adverse to Europe.

Under these circumstances, the article says, whatever credits are arranged should not be too short dated. The newspaper says it hopes the Treasury will bear this point in mind.

NO SIGNS OF WAR IN ETERNAL CITY

Italians Resent Austrian Denials of Victories Won by Their Soldiers.

Special Correspondence of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Aug. 21.—The question which comes even to the most wideawake observer strolling through the Eternal City in these days is, "Is Italy really at war?" And, indeed, from all outward indications it seems impossible. Even that unconcealable and sad one of women in mourning is not observable here. The deaths having been comparatively few, and being scattered throughout the country, no one town yet shows the effect. Business goes on as usual; there is little unemployment; the cafés are full of a good-natured, light-hearted population, and there are no demonstrations of any kind, either of joy or grief.

Of course, the war is the chief topic of conversation, but as the authorities promptly arrest any one who spreads "false" news, that is, pessimistic rumors, the conversations all fall on the courage and splendor of the army and acts of individual courage. To encourage this confidence in the people letters from the soldiers appear every day in the press, probably censored, as none appears which does not laud the army, the country, and the royal house.

The "inaccuracies," to call them by no harder names, of the Austrian official bulletins and the statements of the Austro-German press are perhaps one of the greatest elements in keeping up the morale of the troops and people. It is intensely galling to them after a hard won victory to read in the Teutonic papers that the Italians have been driven back and that they have to be made drunk before being induced to move at all. The Italians, like all young nations, are somewhat thin-skinned, (as shown by their attitude during the Libyan war when they saw themselves unjustly defamed,) and they resent bitterly derogatory assertions which an older nation might treat with contempt. The Italians are one of the most sober races in the world, although they drink wine every day and consider that water was only created to wash with; yet at the extreme front no wine is given out at all.

The Italian and Austrian official bulletins contradict each other with such regularity that for those at a distance it must be difficult to arrive at the truth. Several friendly foreign papers have announced Italian victories which have not taken place. For instance, the taking of Gorizia has been announced at least half a dozen times by an American paper with a large circulation in Europe. But the Italian press itself acknowledges that Gorizia is practically impregnable, and that if Italy takes the fortress at all it will be after months of hard fighting or by starving it out. All this, however, does not alter the fact that after two montrs of war Italy has not yet suffered a defeat; that what she takes she keeps, and that she takes what another country might find it impossible to do.

Italy is short of wool, a fact which creates a serious situation for the army, which even in these last days is fighting in the midst of snow, rain, and fog, cold to the bone and requiring heavy woolen covering. Thousands of hands, ready and eager to work for the defenders of their country, are idled because the raw materials are not forthcoming. It is hinted that wool, especially knitting wool, is being withheld for higher prices by speculators, but this is hardly likely, for the Government would not hesitate a minute to requisition all the wool in the country if necessary for the good of the country.

NATION MAY HONOR DAY FOR LAFAYETTE

Fund Bearing His Name to Act on the Suggestion of Mrs. William Astor Chanler.

HAS AIDED FRENCH SOLDIERS

50,000 Comfort Kits Sent, and Gifts Include 10,000 Pairs Arctic Shoes and 5,000 Ponchos.

The Lafayette Fund, which has sent comfort kits to thousands of soldiers in the French trenches, held its annual meeting yesterday afternoon at the Hotel Vanderbilt and at the same time celebrated the 158th anniversary of the birth of Lafayette, for whom the fund was named. An effort is to be made to have this anniversary observed by the nation in honor of the service Lafayette and, through him, France rendered this country when it was struggling for freedom. Mrs. William Astor Chanler made this suggestion and said:

"We observe the day commemorative of our independence, Columbus Day, Washington and Lincoln's birthdays. Is not equally appropriate that we should commemorate the anniversary of the birth of one of the best friends America ever had, of Lafayette, who gave his sword and his fortune that we might be free, who was the inspired medium through which his country was brought to our aid?"

Mrs. Archer M. Huntington presided at the meeting, and some of the members of the Executive Committee present were Mrs. John Jay Chapman, Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt, Miss Janet Scudder, Mrs. Lee Thomas, Mrs. W. Orme Wilson, Mrs. Henry Rogers Winthrop, Mrs. Robert L. Bacon, Philip W. Livermore, W. Forbes Morgan, Francis Roche, Moncure Robinson, William Beverley Rogers, and Charles D. Wetmore.

It was decided unanimously that there should be a nation-wide observance of Lafayette Day each year, and branches of the fund in other cities will be asked to co-operate to this end.

A review of the fund's work showed that since last December approximately 50,000 comfort kits had been sent to soldiers in France. Personal contributions included two field ambulances, hundreds of cases of knitted goods, 5,000 rubber ponchos, and 10,000 pairs of arctic shoes. According to information received from M. Lecour-Gayet, representative in France of the fund, all its shipments were received and distributed with the exception of a small number of kits destroyed by fire on the French liner La Touraine.

The relief work of the Children of 1915, an auxiliary organization of the Lafayette Fund, which sends gifts to needy French children, will be enlarged, and its activities will include destitute children at home. The Children of 1915 adopted as their motto Colonel Roosevelt's recent words, "Never be neutral between right and wrong."

The members of the Lafayette Fund pledged themselves to greater work for the French people as long as they are in need of assistance. The fund, besides sending comfort kits, will do other relief work, not only among the soldiers but among the women and children of France.

The fund accepted the resignation of Miss Emily E. Sloane as Secretary and voted her thanks for untiring and efficient work. Francis Roche was selected in her place.

Miss Dolly Insco Whitehead, a member of the Lafayette Fund Committee at Washington, D. C., was a guest at the meeting. She placed on the monument to Lafayette in Union Square a floral emblem in the tri-color of France provided by the Lafayette Fund.

France Sends Gold to Havana.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Sept. 6.—The steamship Navarre, arriving tomorrow from France, brings $20,000,000 in French gold for Havana banks.

15

Directors' Examining Committee

TO safeguard Trust Company depositors, the State law lays down this requirement:

Twice a year the Directors must appoint a committee of three Directors to make a special examination and report.

Our Directors' committee employs certified public accountants to examine all books and contents of each vault. The examination lasts about fifteen days. An affidavit report is prepared on blanks provided by the State. It must be submitted to the Board of Directors at their next meeting. This report is then forwarded to the State Banking Department at Albany.

The Columbia Trust Company requires that different members of its Board shall serve on the examining committee at different times. This keeps all members of its Board in active touch with the Company's business.

IN FINANCIAL DISTRICT 60 Broadway
IN HARLEM 125th St. & Lenox Ave.
COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY
IN SHOPPING CENTRE 5th Ave. & 34th St.
IN THE BRONX 148th St. & Third Ave.

HURT BY PARCEL POST SHELL

British Officers Wounded by an "Unexploded" German Projectile.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—Major General Sir Desmond O'Callaghan, former President of the Ordnance Committee and Ordnance Board, and Captain E. C. Baker were injured this evening when a German shell which had failed to explode when fired from a German gun went off at the headquarters of the parcel post in London. The shell was in one of several packages which had been sent to London from one of the battlefronts, and the officers were examining the contents of the package when the explosion occurred.

General O'Callaghan had two fingers blown off by the explosion, and Captain Baker was wounded in both arms. Major General O'Callaghan was retired from active service in the Royal Artillery in 1904.

WILL EXPEL DUMBA, VIEW AT CAPITAL

Continued from Page 1.

tions arranged a program of interfering with a matter of domestic concern, and thereby, apparently, violated the hospitality extended to them by this Government.

Official Sources Reticent.

It should be understood that no authoritative statement on the Dumba and von Papen cases has been given here. Officially the White House and the State Department are silent. Marked reticence has been shown by the higher officers of the Government, among whom the disposition is shown to avoid any comment that could be construed as in any way reflecting on the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador or the Military Attaché of the German Embassy. No developments may be expected until after the interview tomorrow between Secretary Lansing and Dr. Dumba, and the chances are that if the President and the Secretary of State decide to take action they will not disclose its character until they have communicated with Vienna, unless the explanation offered by the Ambassador should be accepted as satisfactory.

The German Government issued notice some time ago that German subjects working in plants producing munitions of war for Germany's enmies would be guilty of treason. It is expected here that Dr. Dumba will tell the Secretary of State that he had no other purpose in mind than to prevent subjects of Austria and Hungary from making themselves liable for prosecution for treasonable practices. One opinion here is that, even granting that the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador had the right to take measures to warn his fellow-subjects not to work in American munitions factories and to provide for their support while they were unemployed, this does not explain away the proposal of Dr. Dumba to his Government "to disorganize and tie up for months, if not entirely prevent, the manufacture of munitions in Bethlehem and the Middle West." What Dr. Dumba appeared to propose was not merely that Austrian and Hungarian subjects should be offered inducements not to work in munitions factories, but that the effort should be made to disorganize an American industry that the United States Government had pronounced legitimate.

LENOX, Mass., Sept. 6.—Dr. Constantin Theodor Dumba, Ambassador from Austria-Hungary, left the Summer embassy here for Washington late today. It was understood that he would meet Secretary of State Lansing tomorrow afternoon.

SEE NO HOPE FOR DUMBA.

Von Papen, Too, Ought to Go, London Daily News Believes.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 7.—Discussing the predicament of Dr. Dumba, the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador to the United States, as a result of his plotting to cripple the manufacture in America of munitions for the Allies, The Daily News this morning says editorially:

"If Dumba proves to have actually claimed in writing that he can disorganize and hold up for months the output of the Bethlehem and other works, it is difficult to see how either he or the German Military Attaché, whose authority he claims in support of his statements, can remain longer on American soil. There can be by this time few officials of either embassy who have not been convicted on documentary evidence of a flagrant conspiracy against the social stability of the country to which they are accredited."

The Chronicle, in an editorial, says:

"The Americans are a long-suffering people, but their patience appears to have been exhausted by the latest revelation as to the nature of the Austro-German machinations in the United States. Dumba stands convicted on his own admission of having fomented labor troubles in American munition factories.

"The disclosure has produced an explosion of righteous anger in the American press and their demands that the Ambassador shall be handed his passports are nothing less than would seem to meet the equities of the case. For a much less flagrant offense, in fact for a trivial error in judgment, a British Ambassador was recalled from Washington twenty-six years ago. Dumba cannot in decency remain.

"The New York World has shed a flood of light on the unscrupulous methods, the prodigal expenditure, and the wide ramifications of the pro-German campaign in America. Never has the shelter of a neutral country been so abused by the agents, official and unofficial, of a belligerent State.

"Superadded to all this was the sinking of American ships and the torpedoing of the Lusitania and the Arabic, with a wanton sacrifice of lives of American passengers. The American press was almost jubilant last week in the belief that the President had succeeded in stopping the murderous methods of the German submarines. That pleasant illusion has been broken by the crime against the Hesperian. The United States Government can draw up a very black indictment on its own account against the brutal empires. Its forbearance up to the present has been perfectly marvelous."

Editorially, The Daily Graphic says:

"Dumba, of course, knows perfectly well that as Ambassador he has no right whatever to try to foment either political or industrial trouble in the country to which he is accredited. Like other Teutons, he acts upon the theory that anything is justifiable which assists Teutonism."

PRESS OF NEW YORK ON DUMBA'S OFFENSE

Has Outstayed His Usefulness, Papers Say—Some Would Give Him His Passports.

Following is the comment of the press of New York City on Dr. Dumba's attempt to cripple American munitions plants:

Passports the Proper Answer.

From The World.

When the United States Government refused to prohibit the manufacture of arms, Dr. Dumba undertook to do it himself. That was his answer to the American note. An industrial conspiracy against the peace and welfare of the United States was to be set into operation to overrule and nullify the deliberate official action of the American Government. Dr. Dumba proposed to exercise sovereign powers on American soil and use those powers in defiance of the authority, the neutrality and the interest of the United States Government.

Passports are the proper answer to Dr. Dumba's note to the Austro-Hungarian Minister of Foreign Affairs. This anti-American propaganda conducted on American soil by agents of foreign Governments has gone far enough. To give him his passports will be formal notice to Berlin and Vienna that this propaganda must cease. To permit Dr. Dumba to remain here is to condone all the offenses against the American people and the American Government that this propaganda has instigated.

A Disquieting Possibility.

From The Sun.

Apart from the propriety of Ambassador Dumba's proposed campaign to withdraw his fellow countrymen from American factories having contracts to supply munitions of war to the enemies of Austria, his plan suggests a question of immediate importance to Americans. Were the United States to engage in war, would it be possible for its enemy, or Powers in sympathy with that enemy, to demoralize even temporarily the industrial plants on which we should depend for ammunition by inducing workingmen to quit their benches? Or could a system of sabotage, directed by aliens, be established under which imperfect and undependable products might be served to our fighting forces?

The possibility of such attacks from behind is not to be treated in panic fear or with frivolous contempt. It deserves serious investigation.

Give Him His Passports.

From The Tribune.

In dealing with Mr. Dumba, it is not necessary to hold that he intended to foment crime inside the munitions factories. Whether he did or did not, he exceeded his privileges as a diplomat by attempting to interfere with the domestic concerns of the nation to which he is accredited.

Mr. Dumba has confessed his purpose to disorganize an American industry, to use money out of the Austro-Hungarian Treasury to make trouble for American manufacturers—possibly to induce ignorant aliens to commit acts of lawlessness and violence. He has abused his status here and has forfeited its privileges. He can no longer be regarded as the friendly representative of a friendly government. Give him his passports and let him go!

Austria Has Gone Too Far.

From The Press.

The cheerful assumption is indulged by Ambassador Dumba that in his capacity as Envoy of Austria-Hungary in this country he is a sort of little father to all people, natives of that monarchy, who may be resident in the United States.

In any case, it hardly need be urged that even a foreign government which did not concede the right of its citizens to transfer their allegiance to the United States would be expected to set up an extra-territorial government of its own here to manage them and to embroil this country in internal troubles, through its pretended authority over them, while itself being at peace with this nation.

Prepare the Passports.

From The Evening World.

Despite Count von Bernstorff's disclaimer, addressed to Secretary Lansing, deprecating "inspired and romantic tales about unrest among workmen," who can think that the German Ambassador was ignorant of a plot in which the German Military Attaché was also a prime mover? It becomes plain that neither a von Bernstorff nor a Dumba can understand this country sufficiently to respect it. In the case of the Austrian Ambassador, the evidence is now conclusive. For this nation there can be but one course open. We can treat with no foreign power through a representative who takes advantage of his position to conspire against us. The present Ambassador of Austria can no longer properly serve his Government at Washington. Vienna should be so advised and the necessary passports prepared.

Must Offer Something Better.

From The Evening Sun.

We do not know who helped Ambassador Dumba to "compound" the explanations which he offered to the newspapers yesterday. Speaking of the dastardly scheme to produce strikes in American mills and factories for the furtherance of Austro-German interests, he pretended that it was merely a plan to call out Austrian subjects working in these plants.

The bland unconsciousness with which this masterly Teuton stretches the strong arm of his Government out over the United States and threatens our citizens and future citizens with the terrors of Austrian criminal law in requital of peaceful and orderly acts done here is sufficiently startling. But in the light of the Ambassador's confidential report to his chief, Foreign Minister Burian, in Vienna, it seems to be very far from representing the lengths to which he was prepared to go to make secret internal war upon the United States.

Really Herr von Dumba's explanations hardly explain his plans or his expenditures. It is to be hoped that he will have something better to offer Mr. Lansing.

Dumba Must Clear Up Doubt.

From The Evening Post.

While Dr. Dumba qualifies his plan as "a very open and direct method," its openness seems to have waited on the British search of his confidential agent's papers, and doubts are cast on its propriety by even the slight details he has given. The sensitive state of our diplomatic relations with Germany and Austria-Hungary makes it imperative that Ambassador Dumba do his share toward clearing up the matter at once. He has done well to request an immediate audience with Secretary Lansing. If the inquiries that come from the publication of hints as to the contents of the Archibald papers should convict any official agencies of the fomenting of strikes or other labor troubles, or the instigation of outrages against property, our faith in the representative of Austria would be so irretrievably damaged that he would be useless in this country, while new complications would be added to the difficult adjustment of the issue of the submarine war with Germany.

Dumba's Power Gone.

From The Evening Mail.

It is true that the Ambassador of a foreign power set out to organize the nationals of that power to interfere seriously with the domestic affairs of this nation. He hoped to work serious damage to the production of many of our great industrial plants and to array a great body of workingmen against American manufacturers' interests and to serve the interests of a foreign power.

But whatever power Dr. Dumba had is gone. If he remains he is less dangerous to our interests than an abler and more astute man might be.

Overstayed His Usefulness.

From The Evening Telegram.

Dr. Dumba, the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador, has overstayed his usefulness as a diplomatic representative of his country in the United States. His immediate recall by Vienna would be an act of wisdom. If he is not recalled without delay he could best serve his sovereign by retiring voluntarily.

The temper of Americans has been tried beyond the breaking point. For a representative of a foreign nation to enter into schemes to "disorganize" great American industries is a "deliberately unfriendly" act, not only toward the Government but toward each individual citizen of the United States.

Has Worn Out His Welcome.

From The Brooklyn Eagle.

Dr. Dumba has gone or is going to Washington in the capacity of conspirator-in-chief. According to his own story, according to the case he has completely established against himself, he has sought to cripple certain of the perfectly legitimate industries of this country. Fair means having failed, foul means have been resorted to. Where now there is peace, he would stir up strife. He has no alternative but to try to defend the indefensible, because he has been caught red-handed. It should not be long before he is overtaken by the fate of the guilty. He has worn out his welcome.

MUNITIONS "PLOT" WAS PUT ON STAGE

Author of Play and Dumba Memorandum Probably the Same Newspaper Man.

Hungarian newspaper men in this city said yesterday that the plan outlined in the memorandum found among the papers seized from J. F. J. Archibald by the British authorities at Falmouth, describing in detail how Hungarian workmen could be used to check the manufacture of arms at the Bethlehem Steel Works and other munitions plants, was not worth serious consideration, in spite of the fact that it was recommended by Ambassador Dumba of Austria and indorsed by Captain von Papen, Military Attaché of the German Embassy.

The report from London regarding the memorandum said it was drawn up by an editor of this city. As a matter of fact, the memorandum was nothing more than another version of a theatrical performance which has been played in this city to Hungarian audiences. The drama and the memorandum were written by one and the same man, according to a strong intimation.

The fact that the dramatization of the idea came before the effort to give it a practical turn was explained by the fact that the originator of the scheme was a playwright first and a politician second.

At the Irving Place Theatre on May 1 was produced a play by William Warm, a Hungarian. The title translated into English meant "Blood is Thicker Than Water." It was a protest against the manufacture of munitions here for the Allies, and the scenes were laid in a munitions plant where German and Hungarian workmen were employed. There were stormy passages in which the ethics of making shells for the Allies were discussed by Hungarian workmen with their bosses. There was a general strike and the plant was crippled. No dynamiting or bloodshed took place in the play, but, when the victory of Austria-Hungary and Germany was celebrated in the final act great credit was given to the striking workmen for that result.

Warm was until two weeks ago managing editor of the Szabadsag, a Hungarian daily of Cleveland. Two weeks ago he came to this city, nominally to act as a correspondent of the Szabadsag. He could not be located last night.

Mr. Warm has no following among influential Hungarians in this city. He came to this country as a political exile about eight years ago.

G. D. Berko, owner and editor of The Hungarian Daily, printed at 178 Second Avenue, said yesterday that the scheme had not been worked out by any New York managing editor, as had been asserted. He added that the author, who was in this city, was so well known as an inventor of fantastic plots for the stage that he could scarcely believe that Ambassador Dumba had taken the memorandum seriously.

CLYSMIC THE KING OF TABLE WATERS

Smoky Fireplaces Made to Draw

Also expert services on general chimney work, heating and ventilating.
No payment accepted unless successful.
FREDERIC H. WHITLEY Engineer and Contractor 217 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

LASTING SATISFACTION

POSLAM SOAP comes through the daily use, for Toilet and Bath, of this Superior soap, which combines so many qualities of goodness and purity.
At All Druggists. 25 cents and 15 cents.

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.
Contains no harmful or deleterious substance.

In the Non-refillable bottle

Sanderson's
MOUNTAIN DEW
SCOTCH
"The Spirit of the Mountains"

SCHINASI BROS.

PLAIN OR CORK TIP
10 FOR 15¢
NATURAL CIGARETTES
Extra fine

Have Led all Others in Popularity, Sales and Quality for the Past Twenty Years.

THEY GIVE REAL VALUE!

No Coupons—no Prizes—no Premiums.
Nothing to Tempt, Force, Wheedle, Lure or Decoy you into smoking them.
(There never has been.)

Quality!—And Quality Plus!

Perfect in Manufacture and Unequalled in Taste.
The Flavor of Their Pure Imported Turkish Tobaccos Gives

REAL SATISFACTION!

"Everybody Enjoys Them!" (So will you!)

DE PINNA

FIFTH AVENUE
AT THIRTY-SIXTH ST.
NEW YORK

(Open All Day Saturday)

The Young Man's Wardrobe

De Pinna is a specialist.

The strength of this whole organization is devoted to young men—and to boys who soon will be young men.

The suits, topcoats, hats, haberdashery and shoes turned out by this house are filled with the spirit of fashionable young manhood.

There is no reminiscence of older men's models.

Personal observation of the styles obtaining in the leading university and school towns of England and America—where conservative good taste is the guide—furnishes the De Pinna ideals for young men and boys.

The usage of exclusive country clubs is depended upon as the correct guide-post to sport and outing clothes.

Thorough De Pinna tailoring is responsible for the acceptable carrying out of these ideals.

Clothes for College Men

For those who are entering their last years in college, as well as those just beginning a preparatory or college course.

Young men's suits of imported materials, fabrics selected for their appropriateness, cut on English young men's lines, tailored in the same fashion as De Pinna custom made suits.

Sizes, 33 to 40.

Prices, $22 to $45.

Norfolk Suits for College and Prep School

Closely following the English lines, with no attempt at "innovations"—preserving the true character of the Norfolk suit.

Of homespuns, tweeds and the heather mixtures best adapted to these suits.

Prices, $20 up.

First-Long-Trouser Suits for Boys

Suits which accomplish a diplomatic mission in a most acceptable and graceful way.

In the plain-colored materials demanded in this type of suit—cut and tailored appropriately.

Specially selected, serviceable woolens; $18 to $30.

College Mackinaws

Mackinaws of particularly good, smart, serviceable materials—waterproof and windproof—specially priced at $9.

Mackinaw caps to match, $2.

School Sweaters, Raincoats, Haberdashery, Hats and Shoes

Everything a young man or boy going away to school requires to complete his outfit.

Each item carefully selected for its purpose.

A complete haberdashery store maintained exclusively for young men—and the well-known "Anniped" shoes.

DE PINNA
Exclusive Outfitters
for Young People
Fifth Ave. at Thirty-Sixth St.

'FRIENDS OF PEACE' TO ENTER POLITICS

Resolve to Fight Every Politician 'Secretly Serving Manufacturers of Arms and Armament.'

BRYAN THE CHIEF SPEAKER

Defends President as Seeking Peace —Other Speakers Denounce Him —No Call for Arms Embargo.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 6.—President Wilson's neutrality was called "hypocrisy," the "jingo press" was attacked, and Theodore Roosevelt and Samuel Gompers were bitterly denounced today at meetings of the Friends of Peace at Medinah Temple.

William Jennings Bryan declared it was advisable to wait until after the war to settle disputes between the United States and belligerent nations and asserted it was the duty of American citizens to keep out of the war zone. He denounced the propaganda of preparedness, which, he said, was being fostered by metropolitan newspapers, and asserted that a more unfortunate time could not be selected for such a thing. For President Wilson's efforts to maintain peace he had nothing but praise.

Delegates were not permitted to discuss the resolutions, which had been carefully prepared, and they were adopted over the protests of many. In these the Friends of Peace pledge themselves to eliminate from public life every politician and false teacher playing on the prejudices of the unthinking while secretly serving the manufacturers of arms and armament.

To eliminate these so-called undesirables the National Convention—there were about 300 visiting delegates—authorized the officers, who were made permanent, to organize the society in every Congressional district, each district being allowed one delegate to the National Council. Headquarters will be in New York, with a Western branch in Chicago. States are asked to report progress in thirty days. This permanent organization will seek the "freedom of the seas" and the manufacture of munitions only for national defense. The officers will notify the Administration and members of Congress of the action of the convention and of future intentions.

No Demand for an Embargo.

Although speaker after speaker declared against the shipment of war munitions from America to European belligerents and criticised the attitude of the Administration toward the matter, the resolutions contained no declaration in favor of an embargo.

Mr. Bryan was the principal speaker. He told his audience of about 2,000 persons that there was so little that was objectionable in the declaration of principles of the Friends of Peace that he was glad to be a part of the program.

"But we must not forget the limitations of those who occupy official positions, and we must not be too hasty to criticise," Mr. Bryan said. "They may be misunderstood. I have been. I think the President has not been given full credit always for the efforts he has made and is making to preserve peace. When I resigned from the Cabinet I was prompt to prevent a misunderstanding. I said the President and I were both equally desirous of having peace and differed only in method.

"I am anxious above all other things to keep this nation out of the war. I have been speaking for a month in the upper Mississippi Valley, and if I am any judge the sentiment is strongly against participation in the war. You can't make the people prepare for war until you can convince them this country is about to be invaded. A majority of the people are trying to obey the President's request to be neutral. That is necessary, for a great deal depends on the attitude of this nation when the time comes to pick a mediator."

Mr. Bryan referred to the effect of the war upon neutral nations and said:

"International law seems to have been written for nations at war. It is well to understand that our rights have been violated by both sides. While both sides have injured us, neither has intended to. Our injury has only been incidental to the injury they have inflicted on one another. It's like a man trying to shoot another on a crowded street; innocent bystanders get hurt.

"If we have to fight, let us fight with one country alone. It will be between the two of us. If we go into this war, we will have to consult other nations. We can't quit when we want to. They will have their say. God forbid that we ever join in the quarrels and ambitions of Europe.

"When I was in the Cabinet I was accused of being pro-British, because I had a son-in-law in the British army. I wanted to reply to that man by saying that I know a man high in Germany who had a cousin on the throne of Great Britain and a cousin on the throne in Russia, and that relationship does not always control."

Attacks on Administration.

Vigorous assailants of the Administration's policy were Patrick H. O'Donnell of Chicago and ex-Congressman Henry Vollmer of Iowa. Secretary of State Lansing was the object of Mr. O'Donnell's attack rather than any other figure of the national Administration. Mr. Vollmer attacked belligerent-minded Americans and lukewarm neutrality, in which there was a rebuke for President Wilson.

"This crowd proves that the selfish interests and the whole snarling pack of hysterical war shouters and gory-eyed jingos," he said, "are not able to bully and intimidate American safe-and-sane citizenship, which sees its duty plainly in the present crisis and is determined to defend that duty, though Death, the Devil, and Theodore Roosevelt stand grinning at the door."

Congressman Stephen G. Porter of Pittsburgh, author of a resolution before Congress establishing an embargo on arms and munitions, also spoke, arguing that an embargo on any commodity may be legally established under the international code.

Samuel Gompers should resign as President of the American Federation of Labor, according to Jeremiah A. O'Leary, head of the American Truth Society. He accused the labor leader of sending out "a libel on the good faith of the men who struggled to make this convention a success."

The best applause-gathering incident of the convention took place at the afternoon session when Jeremiah A. O'Leary of New York, one of the speakers, called the Rev. G. C. Berkemeir, a German-American delegate, and the Rev. J. H. S. Somerville, an Anglo-American delegate, to the speakers' stand and requested them to clasp hands as a visible refutation of charges that the convention was a pro-German gathering. Mr. Berkemeir, a Lutheran minister, clasped Mr. Somerville, an Episcopalian rector, in his arms and kissed him on both cheeks, while the audience burst into frantic applause.

Mr. Bryan spoke again at a mass meeting in the evening. Other speakers were Patrick O'Donnell of Chicago and Jeremiah O'Leary of New York. The Rev. Washington Gladden of Columbus did not arrive.

Mr. O'Leary denounced the Administration for not placing an embargo on exportations of war munitions to Europe. Referring to Secretary Lansing's note to Austria-Hungary replying negatively to that country's protest against the shipments of munitions, Mr. O'Leary said:

"It is not necessary for Austria-Hungary to reply to that note. The American people should reply to it, and in a way that would show the Secretary his mistaken position."

NO PEACE MOVE BY KAISER.

Semi-Official Denial That He Seeks American Mediation.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 7.—A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Amsterdam says:

"A semi-official Berlin dispatch received here describes as an invention reports in the foreign press that Germany, at Emperor William's request, is seeking American mediation for peace."

JEWS DISTRUST GERMANY.

British Hebrew Organ Derides Alleged Peace Proposals.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 7.—The Jewish Chronicle, referring to alleged German peace proposals, says:

"We wonder whether it is really believed that the Jews of the United States or elsewhere could be deceived by such a transparent move, and whether any of our brethren anywhere are such downright simpletons as to act the part of Germany's instruments and help the Germans to an opportune peace in return for a vague promise which they have neither the power nor the means to carry out.

"We should like to know since when this people, the patentees of anti-Semitism and its arch fomenters in Russia, have been bitten with such a passion for Jewish freedom that they must needs head a pro-Jewish campaign or perish."

ITALIAN RESERVISTS SAIL.

Leaving America at the Rate of 3,000 to 5,000 a Week.

Italian reservists are arriving in New York from all parts of the United States and sailing to Italy to join the army at the rate of 3,000 to 5,000 a week. A body of 250 arrived yesterday at the Grand Central Station carrying flags, carboard valises, and bundles tied in brilliantly colored handkerchiefs. They marched through the streets to the Italian Home at South and Broad Streets. As they passed through the quarter on the east side where their countrymen congregate they were received with cheers and much music, and a number of men joined the procession.

The reservists will go to South Brooklyn this morning to embark on the Fabre Line steamer Sant' Anna, which sails at 3 o'clock for Naples with 1,600 reservists in her steerage. Another 800 will leave on the Italian liner Ancona tomorrow, and about 1,000 more on the Italian liner America, on Saturday.

The 250 Italian reservists were refused permission by the police of Springfield, Mass., to march through the streets to the Union Station on account of the quarrelsome disposition of some of the men who had drawn their knives in disputes with citizens. Paola Topazna was arrested for having a loaded revolver in his possession. Before they reached Springfield some of the reservists attacked Robert B. Haywood, the station agent of Brookfield, and his assistant, Alfred Dufault, because a big Italian flag was pulled from the special car in which they were traveling.

KRUPP STEEL RUSTPROOF.

New Process Is Also Said to Protect It Even Against Nitric Acid.

BERLIN, Sept. 6, (by Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—"In closing a series of articles on Germany seen through Austrian eyes the Austrian poet, Rudolf Hans Bartsch, gives a vivid description of the Krupp plant at Essen," says the Overseas News Agency, "in which the interesting fact is disclosed that the firm has developed a process for making steel absolutely immune against rust and even against the action of nitric acid."

TAFT DENOUNCES OUR FILIPINO POLICY

And Includes in His Criticism the President's Course in Mexico.

CALLS JONES BILL A MENACE

Says Its Passage Would Complete the Deterioration of Philippines Begun by Harrison.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 6.—Denunciation of the administration of the Philippines by Governor General Harrison was voiced today by William H. Taft in an address before the Commonwealth Club of California, and was coupled with severe criticism of President Wilson's Mexican policy.

Mr. Taft said that Governor Harrison, whom he designated "a Tammany Congressman of long standing," knew nothing about the Philippines, their people, or their problem, and that his first act in office was to place himself under the virtual control of Manuelo Quezon, a Delegate to Congress from the islands and "a Filipino politician of not the highest standing in the Philippines."

The wholesale removal of important, able, and experienced American officials of the Government to make room for Filipino office-holders was decided upon by Governor Harrison, said Mr. Taft, after he had taken counsel with Quezon and Osmena, the Speaker of the National Assembly.

"The effect on the whole service," continued Mr. Taft, "was so distressing that Mr. Harrison felt obliged to announce that he was not going to be as radical as reported."

The passage of the Jones bill, whose chief purpose, Mr. Taft said, was to make a declaration that the United States intended to give up the islands to the Filipinos when a stable Government was established, would make the work of deterioration complete.

"What is the use of fooling the Filipinos by such a declaration?" he asked. "I am in favor of turning the islands over to their people when they are reasonably fitted for self-government, but this will not be for two generations, until the youth of the islands are educated in English and until the present pernicious lack of self-restraint and sacrifice of public weal to political pelf and preferment are cured by a longer training in partial self-government."

Immediate developments in the Mexican situation claimed Mr. Taft's attention for a moment.

Our policy of so-called but misnamed watchful waiting, has dragged on greatly to the detriment of all concerned," he said. "Now the anarchy for which we are in part responsible has developed raids into the United States and the killing of our own people with impunity, which would have been unwise lifting of the embargo against the importation of arms into Mexico furnished our assailants.

"I only refer to our Mexican policy by way of illustration in warning you that the policy now being pursued in the Philippines, of which we hear little in the noise and excitement of the European war, is in the end likely to return to plague us and command our attention as much as Mexican affairs are thrusting themselves upon us now."

SAY CARRANZISTAS AIDED TEXAS RAID

Continued from Page 1.

the firing on the United States Army aeroplanes was made public as follows:

From Fort Sam Houston, Sept. 4, 1915.

The following radiograms, dated Sept. 4, from Colonel Bullard at Brownsville, have been received:

Constitutionalist Consul this morning visited me and stated that while American aeroplane was in flight here his Vice Consul heard shots from Mexican side of the river, apparently directed at aeroplane; that he went at once and reported this to the Constitutionalist General, Nafarrete, commanding the Matamoros district; that Nafarrete said he could not believe the shots were fired by his soldiers, as he at that very hour had them all assembled for a review in Matamoros town; that Nafarrete made offer or suggestion that more Constitutionalist troops be ordered to the Matamoros district for the purpose of cooperating from the Mexican side in stopping disorders along the river against the American side; that Nafarrete represented the Constitutionalist authority in Matamoros district as very anxious to do this.

Consul added for himself his belief that recent firing from the Mexican side of the river has been by men whom unsettled conditions in Mexico for some years have turned from honest men into outlaws; that he will be wired and by letter at once report, explaining conditions to Carranza and to the Constitutionalist representative at Washington. Consul emphasized repeatedly Nafarrete's suggestion of ordering more Constitutionalist troops to Matamoros district for the purpose of co-operation with American authorities to stop passage of river by bandits. I answered the Consul I could only report his visits and statements to you.

General Funston also sent to Secretary Garrison this message:

From Fort Sam Houston, Sept. 5, 1915.

Following report from San Bendito:

Party of bandits, number unknown, two and one-half miles south of San Benito this morning. Detachment of infantry and posse of citizens now starting from San Benito. Detachment of cavalry ordered to northwest of point where bandits were seen along the river for co-operation with reinforcements from San Benito.

Details of Saturday's Fighting.

General Funston also forwarded a report from Captain McCoy regarding the fight he reported on Saturday as follows:

Early this [Saturday] morning the Sheriff, Rangers and other civilian officials (at Mission, Texas,) were fired on and engaged in a brisk fight with about fifty Mexicans at Cavazos Crossing, several miles southwest of the Mission pumping plant. About the same time a rancher, Frank Drew, reported that he and his cowboy, riding the fence in his pasture, about three miles down the river, had been fired upon by a band from across the river. I at once sent a detachment to Drew's ranch and took the remaining command, Captain Welt's troop, and my own, approaching the Cavazos Crossing from another direction, and while under such cover that I could not see the river myself, I was fired on by lively volleys from the Mexican side, which, fortunately, passed overhead. I returned the fire and drove the band away, although sniping has since kept up. Salvin, Troop G, Third Cavalry, wounded in hip, not serious; one horse Troop H wounded. Officers and men fought finely.

As yet I have been unable to find out bandit casualties; probably slight, as both banks of the river covered with heavy brush and high grass, although the Sheriff thinks he accounted for seven. Troopers report having seen five or six down yesterday morning. Pursuing detachment drove this band in hole in past across the river at this same place, it having raided a smal Mexican village on this side the night before, stealing money, merchandise and horses.

Mexican shopkeepers inform me that the band was made up of well-known smugglers and horse thieves with about six Carranza soldiers. From the volleys fired today and the Mauser carbines used, as well as Winchesters, I would surmise that Carranzista soldiers were engaged. A detachment of Carranzistas has been stationed at Anzalduas, a small village on the railroad in sight of Cavazos.

Another message from General Funston said that Captain McCoy reported to him from Mission as follows:

Mr. Drew and one man from Drew ranch, near Meridio, were fired on about 8 A. M. by Mexicans from south side of river. About the same time Texas Rangers at Cavazos Crossing were fired on by about forty soldiers on the Mexican side. Practically the entire command from Mission is now in the vicinity where the firing was done.

Three Attacks on U. S. Aeroplane.

In another message to the War Department, made public today, General Funston said:

From Fort Sam Houston, Sept. 4, 1915.

Following just received from Colonel Bullard, Brownsville:

Aeroplane now in air in vicinity of Brownsville has been fired on three separate times. Some one hundred shots were in all counted. It has been over United States territory all the time. Our outpost at International Bridge and the one at Brownsville pumping plant located the firing as coming from big bend in the river just west of Brownsville, probably Mexican outpost, as the firing on aeroplane reported Sept. 1 was from same locality. The troops occupying the south bank of the river are Carranzistas. At same time that firing on aeroplane was going on our outpost at Brownsville pumping plant was fired on. The fire was returned. No casualties on our side.

COMPLAINS OF TEXAS RANGERS

Gen. Nafarrete Says Their Acts Embitter Border Mexicans.

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, Sept. 6.—General E. P. Nafarrete, commander of the Carranza forces along this section of the border, in a statement issued tonight said that if he had to deal only with the American military authorities the Carranza and United States troops would work in harmony, but that if the Texas Rangers continued to work along the river front they would be causing trouble all the time.

General Nafarrete is awaiting a reply to his request that General Carranza send him more troops to aid in preserving neutrality along the border as he has been commanded to do by the First Chief. He says he wants to cooperate with the American commanders to prevent further trouble.

Asked why he believed Rangers might cause trouble, General Nafarrete said he was disquieted by their presence because they were not careful enough to distinguish at whom they were shooting. He added:

"Unless the American troops do effective work on the other side of the river we cannot accomplish anything here because of the effect that unhappy incidents on the Texas side have on the sentiments of our people."

"I will not speak of any special case because so many women have told our officials and stories of the way in which they have been treated on the Texas side. Nearly every day Mexican families cross to this side with their belongings. They are not political refugees. Some of them are American-born or naturalized, and they have come because they say they have been roughly treated by the Rangers, so that their husbands have been killed."

CARRANZA GENERAL DEGRADED

Brincas Under Arrest for Negotiating Fraudulent Currency.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 6.—General Carlos Brincas, stationed at Puebla, has been degraded from the Constitutionalist Army by the orders of General Pablo Gonzales on account of his complicity in negotiating fraudulent paper currency to the amount of 146,000 pesos. The Carranza authorities express their determination to elliminate the unworthy elements in the Constitutionalist Army. Brincas is now under arrest.

GERMAN SNEERS AT RED CROSS

Dr. Heller Urges Mexicans to Refuse Americans' Paltry Doles.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 6.—Charles J. O'Connor, special American Red Cross agent, declined to make any comment on the statements of Dr. Krum Heller, a German, who in an address to Mexican workingmen said that the American institution was doing very little practical relief work. Dr. Heller also told his hearers that Mexicans' dignity should forbid them to accept doles from Americans, when in the United States the hotels posted notices that Mexicans were not admitted.

Mr. O'Connor said that in a few days he would issue a report of the work of the American Red Cross in this city.

AMERICAN REFUGEES IN PERIL.

Attacks on Mexican Passenger Trains Reported by Consuls.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—Americans seeking to escape from various parts of Mexico have been placed in danger by attacks on passenger trains by bandits and guerillas, according to messages which reached the State Department today.

Consul Garrett, at Nuevo Laredo, reported the blowing up of a passenger train thirty-six miles north of Monterey, by Villista soldiers. Seven American refugees were aboard the train, but none was injured. Consul Canada, at Vera Cruz, reported that a passenger train on the Mexican Railway had been derailed near Cordoba, between Vera Cruz and Mexico City, but details were lacking as to whether any Americans were injured.

Special Agent Silliman reported from Vera Cruz on authority of Carranza's Superintendent of Railways, that two carloads of provisions for the American colony had reached Mexico City.

The State Department received confirmation of the Carranzista claims of victory at Saltillo and Paredon.

Fresh, Ripe Tomatoes! Cooked the same day they are picked—in kitchens that are famed for cleanliness and care. That explains the delicate flavor of

HEINZ Tomato Ketchup

Free from Benzoate of Soda

Beginning Today, Regular business hours will be resumed, 8:30 A. M. to 6 P. M.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 AND 568 Fifth Avenue, 46TH AND 47TH STS.

announce

Displays of Importations
Just Received—
From the leading couturiers of Paris

Gowns Wraps Coats
Suits Blouses

Millinery and Furs

PREDICTS LONG WAR, FIFTEEN YEARS, MAYBE

View of a St. Louis Doctor Back From the Front—$130,000 British Laundry.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 6.—Dr. Ralph L Thompson of the faculty of St. Louis University who returned Sunday from France, where he served in a British hospital, predicted today that the war would last from five to fifteen years.

Dr. Thompson said the deadlock in the western theatre seemed unbreakable and that the permanent nature of the British hospitals and of other British preparation testified to their belief that the struggle will be long.

The British have just finished building a $130,000 steam laundry back of the battle line, he said.

FREDEDICK T. DAVISON BACK

Banker's Son Drove American Ambulance in Paris Two Months.

Frederick T. Davison, son of Henry P. Davison, a partner in the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., returned yesterday on the French liner Rochambeau after spending two months in France driving an ambulance for the American Ambulance Corps. He was met at the pier by his father on his yacht Shipaki, and went to the Summer home of the family at Glen Cove, L. I.

When asked about his experiences, young Mr. Davison said that he had tried hard but had been unable to get near the fighting lines in France. He drove in and around Paris. He spoke of the good work performed by the American Ambulance Corps, which was now crippled for want of funds. Mr. Davison added that many Yale men who had gone to Paris to drive ambulances were coming back to college, and other Americans would be wanted to take their places.

GERMANS WON'T SELL DYES.

Government Using Raw Materials for Ammunition, Says Dr. Dreyfus.

Dr. William Dreyfus, director of the chemical department of the West Disinfecting Company, who arrived yesterday from Switzerland on the French liner Rochambeau, said that the Germans would not sell their dyes to the Swiss manufacturers because the Government was using the raw materials for making ammunition. Another reason for refusing to sell the dyes to the Swiss, he said, was because there was danger that they might be sent on to England. Occasionally the Germans allowed a small quantity of dyes to be shipped to Switzerland for home use.

Switzerland, said Dr. Dreyfus, sold large quantities of chocolate to Germany until the Allies complained, and then the trade was stopped.

Dr. Dreyfus went on to say that Switzerland had plenty of foodstuffs, but lacked raw materials such as cotton, wool, metals, &c. All the people were now eating rye bread owing to the scarcity of wheat.

WAR CONTRACTOR PUNISHED.

Austrian Shoemaker Sentenced to Fifteen Years for Fraud.

VIENNA, Sept. 7, (via London.)—A military court has sentenced to fifteen years' hard labor a shoe dealer, Adolf Neuron, who delivered to one regiment shoes which had already been rejected elsewhere as unfit for military requirements.

3 KILLED, MANY HURT BY HOLIDAY AUTOS

James Petri, Newspaper Editor of East Rutherford, N. J., Among the Victims.

BOY'S BICYCLE RIDE FATAL

Lad Run Down by Car of J. C. Anderson of Hotel Vanderbilt —East Side Fatality.

The holiday yesterday brought out automobiles in large numbers, and by night three deaths and a great many other casualties from automobile accidents had been reported to the police.

The Dead.

BOZINSKY, MICHAEL, 30 years old, of 337 Third Street.

MULDOON, THOMAS, 9, son of Police Sergeant Anthony Muldoon of the Vernon Avenue Precinct, Brooklyn.

PETRI, JAMES, 58, editor and proprietor of The East Rutherford (N. J.) Enterprise.

The Injured.

BOERUM, Miss ANNA, 18 years old, of Trinity Avenue, Aqueduct, L. I.; cut by glass.

DEISS, Policeman A., of 1,050 Flatbush Avenue, detached to the Parkville Station in Flatbush; broken collarbone and injuries to the spine; Kings County Hospital.

JOKES, ERNEST, 13, of 15 Sandview Place, Fort Richmond, S. I.; internal injuries; Smith Infirmary.

JONES, Mrs. HARRY, of Newton, N. J.; severely bruised and cut.

McGRIEN, MICHAEL, 37, washer in garage at Twenty-third Street and Eleventh Avenue; burns and cuts; Bellevue Hospital.

ROONEY, Mrs. IDA, 65, of Centreville Avenue, Aqueduct, L. I.; cut by glass.

Newspaper Editor Killed.

Mr. Petri, who had been the proprietor of the East Rutherford weekly newspaper for more than twenty years, was killed at 8:30 o'clock in the morning by a machine owned and driven by Louis Pounds, 21 years old, of 311 Twelfth Avenue, Paterson. According to Mr. Pounds, Mr. Petri had been standing in Paterson Avenue, near Herrick Street, in East Rutherford, and started to cross the street without looking to see if any automobiles were approaching. Mr. Pounds had several relatives in his car, and was on his way to New York. The injured man died in the Passaic General Hospital.

Mr. Pounds, who is the son of Reginald Pounds of Paterson, was arrested on a charge of manslaughter and waived examination. He was taken to Hackensack, where County Judge William Suffert fixed his bail at $5,000. Thomas McCann, former Speaker of the Assembly, appeared as the young man's lawyer. Mr. Petri had long been active in politics in lower Bergen County, and had been an ardent supporter of Theodore Roosevelt and the Progressive Party. He is survived by a widow and four children.

Muldoon, the son of the Police Sergeant, died five minutes after he had been knocked off his bicycle in a collision with an automobile at Hillsdale and Villard Avenues, Hollis, Long Island, in the afternoon. The automobile was owned and driven by John C. Anderson, a civil engineer with offices at 24 Broad Street, Manhattan, who lives at the Vanderbilt Hotel. He was arrested on a homicide charge and taken to the Jamaica Police Station, but was released by Coroner Carl Voegel of Queens County.

The accident happened near the home of the boy's parents in Hollis Avenue. The youth was accompanied by his elder brother, Anthony Muldoon, Jr., 12 years old, who was on another bicycle, and a playmate, John Fitzgerald of 3 Villard Avenue, on another wheel. In single file the boys were riding along Hillsdale Avenue when the Anderson car approached from the rear. Jerome Bower, also of the Vanderbilt Hotel, a friend of Mr. Anderson, was in the car with him. Muldoon looked over his shoulder when he heard the automobile horn, lost his balance, and zigzagged in front of the machine, according to Mr. Anderson.

The mudguard struck the bicycle and the boy was thrown to the concrete sidewalk, where his skull was fractured. He was dead when an ambulance arrived from Jamaica Hospital. His father was on duty at the time and did not hear of the accident until his son had been dead for several hours.

Fatality in Third Street.

Bozinsky, the Austrian, was killed at Third Street and Avenue B by an automobile driven by Isidore Cohen, 26 years old, of 89 Berry Street, Brooklyn. For a long time the police were unable to identify the man's body. Cohen was held in $1,000 bail by Coroner Riordan to await the verdict of a Coroner's Jury and the bond was furnished by his father.

Jokes was riding on the handle bars of a bicycle with another youth in the seat when, at a corner of the Old Stone Road in Richmond, they ran into an automobile owned and driven by Joseph Spencer of 464 Morningstar Road. Jokes was caught between the bicycle and automobile.

Mrs. Ida Rooney and Miss Boerum were cut by a broken windshield when their machine, driven by Charles J. Rooney, Mrs. Rooney's husband, collided with a motor car owned and driven by Richard J. Welch of 39 Queen Street, Long Island City, on the Merrick Road near Twin Ponds, Rosedale. The Rooney car was sent careening against a third car owned by Peter Cleary of 922 St. Mark's Avenue, Brooklyn, and driven by Joseph H. Harvey of 1,873 Madison Street, Brooklyn, but was the only one of the three that was materially damaged.

Policeman Deiss was mounting his bicycle at Ocean Parkway and Avenue J, Flatbush, in the afternoon when he was knocked down by a motor cycle ridden by Albert Beckert of 482 Tompkins Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. Jones was with her husband in an automobile when another machine collided with theirs on the Susquehanna Railroad culvert at Lafayette, N. J. She was the only person hurt, and the other car drove on without the occupants stopping to ascertain what damage had been done.

Michael McGrien was about to pour two gallons of gasoline into the tank of a car owned by A. Heirdaman of 122 St. Mark's Place, Brooklyn, when the oil caught fire. The automobile was not damaged, but McGrien was burned seriously.

Peter Berlorio, 22 years old, of 357 Fourth Street, Hoboken, suffered afractured skull when his motor cycle crashed into a Hudson River trolley on Anderson Avenue, the Palisades, in the afternoon. Two companions were fined $10 each for speeding on their motor cycles, and he was taken to the North Hudson Hospital.

Six Hurt in Collision.

Six persons were injured slightly in a collision between two automobiles at Second Avenue and Fourth Street in the afternoon, but none of the occupants made a complaint, and the two chauffeurs, Benjamin Shaffer of 70 Cannon Street and Nathan Telzer of 349 East Third Street, were dismissed in Essex Market Court by Magistrate Krotel.

Isaac Homan, 27 years old, a clerk living at 1,729 Webster Avenue, the Bronx, was found lying in the road at Bronxdale and Wallace Avenues, the Bronx, at night, an hour after he had been thrown from a bicycle to which a motor wheel was attached. He was removed to Fordham Hospital suffering from a fractured skull. The police thought his wheel struck a rock and threw him to the pavement.

KILLED IN AUTO RACE.

O. G. Bixlol Drove His Car Into a Fence at Juarez Track.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Tex., Sept. 6.—Driving faster than a mile a minute, O. C. Bixlol, piloting a Mercer racing car around the Juarez Jockey Club track, was killed this afternoon in the twenty-five-mile Labor Day auto race. The driver had just finished the fifteenth lap of the race when his car skidded into a fence, turned over three times, and crushed him under it. He was taken to the American side in a big car, but died before a hospital was reached. His mechanician, Will Kendall, was thrown clear of the car, but is suffering from a fractured skull. A National car won the race.

The Mercer car was known as the hoodoo car, having turned over in California and seriously injured its driver. The car was smashed to pieces by today's accident, and will not be permitted to be rebuilt.

Car Fender Saves Children.

Three-year-old Beatrice Straus of 848 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn, had a narrow escape from death under the wheels of a Gates Avenue car last evening. She stepped directly in front of the car. Adolph Hellman, who lives in the same house, saw her plight. He ran into the street and caught her up in his arms. As he did so the fender of the car struck him, and with the child he fell uninjured into the net. They were carried half a block before the car was stopped.

THOROUGHNESS

Thoroughness is the keynote of Thompson-Starrett workmanship, not merely the thoroughness of our forces on the site, but the thoroughness of our organization out of sight—the work of a hundred units whose foresight and imagination enable our field forces to carry their labors to successful completion, with the least expenditure of the Owner's money, whether that expenditure be expressed in dollars or time.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

AVIATOR SPERRY FALLS INTO BAY

Yachtsmen See Plunge of Hydroaeroplane in Which He Escapes Unhurt.

PROPELLER BREAKS IN AIR

He Was Testing New Gyroscope 200 Feet Up When Mishap Occurred.

AMITYVILLE, L. I., Sept. 6.—Lawrence B. Sperry in his hydroaeroplane dropped about 200 feet into Great South Bay this morning a few minutes after 10 o'clock. His big machine, in which he had done much sailing, was wrecked, but Mr. Sperry escaped without a scratch. For a minute the several hundred horrified persons who saw him fall thought he was pinned under the machine, but before any one could reach the wreck, which landed in about eight feet of water, he struck out over the surface. Sperry was seen to climb up on the frame, and then, reaching a place where he could get a foothold, he raised his hands above his head and went through a brief pantomime to show that his arms and legs were unhurt.

Sperry was not flying high and was making short circles and was busy never getting more than 300 or 400 feet above the water. He was testing out a new gyroscope of the kind invented by his father, Elmer A. Sperry. He dipped and circled, putting his machine to the hardest kind of a turn.

He had flown perhaps ten miles in short circles on the last flight when the propeller broke loose and smashed against the wings. One of them was smashed and collapsed. The machine began to drop straight down, but the gyroscope held it level until it was perhaps forty feet from the surface, and then Sperry manipulated the machine so that it pointed slightly forward. He sought to have the machine hit the surface and float, but the motor wheel was too great, and the machine went to pieces when it hit the water.

The machine landed off the Corinthian Yacht Club house, where most of the members had gathered. There were many boats out on the bay, and the machine in its fall nearly hit a boat occupied by a man named Hubbell. There were thirty or forty boats within a quarter of a mile of the machine when it fell, and those with power raced to the spot. Sperry, after examining the wreck, was taken off and landed at the hangar. The work of salvaging the machine began within an hour.

It is thought that during a two-hour test of the engine which preceded the first flight this morning the propeller was damaged and weakened so that it broke when flying.

AEROPLANE INJURES TWENTY

Three Fatally Hurt When the Aviator Lands in a Crowd.

WASHINGTON, Ind., Sept. 6.—Twenty persons were injured—three fatal—when an aeroplane dashed into a crowd of people at a Labor Day celebration here late today. Oscar Cook, a Chicago aviator, lost control of his machine when he landed after a short flight. He was not hurt.

Joseph Singleton, 11; Mrs. Vincent Jones, 55, and Miss Mabel Taylor, 17, suffered fractured skulls, and physicians say there is no hope for their recovery. The Singleton boy and Miss Taylor were scalped. Mrs. A. J. Hart, 30; George Bachelor, 17; Mrs. Joseph Yeager, 50, and Miss Hazel Ballard, 19, were seriously hurt, and the extent of their injuries has not been determined.

When the machine touched the ground it swerved and knocked down a refreshment stand, and then plowed through the crowd. Many children were trampled in the panic that followed.

Whether You Spend *$1* or *$1000* in Silverware

GORHAM'S

is the place to spend it

ONE dollar is a small amount of money, but it is proportionately as significant in purpose as a thousand.

IT is not the object of this advertisement, however, to discuss prices, except in a broad way, to tell you that whatever amount you plan to spend for silverware, Gorham's is the most economical place to spend it.

THE diversity of Gorham selections is tremendous, affording a latitude of choice in all kinds of silverware, and at all prices, which cannot be matched nor even approached, in this country or abroad.

AND the genius and all-pervasive spirit of Gorham art, *here* embellishing some costly dinner service, *there* imparting a creative touch to so small a thing as a pepper pot, is the one thing in this world which makes silverware worth while, irrespective of what you pay for it.

THE GORHAM CO.

Silversmiths and Goldsmiths

FIFTH AVENUE & 36th STREET
17-19 MAIDEN LANE

PERFECT LABOR DAY; PARADE NOT MISSED

Skies and Weather Combined to Draw Thousands to Outdoor Gatherings.

DANCES FOR THE CHILDREN

Central Federated Union Had Day and Night Celebration in Manhattan Casino.

Labor celebrated its day yesterday without a parade in Manhattan. Instead the workers and their families attended picnics. While the Central Federated Union members were enjoying themselves at Manhattan Casino, 155th Street and Eighth Avenue, several of the local unions were having celebrations elsewhere. Thousands of children were participating in playlets, festivals, frolics, and tableaux in twenty playgrounds from the Battery to the Bronx.

Bright skies and warm weather drew thousands of people to baseball, tennis, racing, yachting, and golf, to the beaches and to the country. All day long the railroad terminals and steamship piers were scenes of activity, which is expected to increase today, when the rush of city folk returning from Summer holidays begins.

The children's festivals were held in the parks and neighborhood playgrounds, and it is estimated that 50,000 children took part in the day's frolics. In several of the amusement centres there were plays and tableaux, and in two of them, Hamilton Fish Park and Clark Park Playground on Washington Heights, the Baroness von Rottenthal danced for the children. Park Commissioner Cabot Ward, William J. Lee, Supervisor of Recreation, and Miss Mary R. McKenna, his assistant, made a tour of the playgrounds and were received with cheers by the children.

At Battery Park an open-air playlet, "The House Beautiful," was given by children. The Greenwich Village children had a frolic in Hudson Park Playground. Series of tableaux and dances were given at West Fiftieth Street Recreation Pier, in Central Park, in East 136th Street, in Mount Morris Park, at West 129th Street Recreation Pier, in Carmansville Park, Colonial Park, East 112th Street Recreation Pier, Riverside Park, St. Gabriel's Park, John Jay Park, Yorkville Park, Seward Park, Tompkins Square Park, and Five Points Park.

Between 5,000 and 6,000 persons attended the Central Federated Union's celebration at Manhattan Casino. The children went at 2 o'clock and played games. The evening crowd was mostly grown-ups, who joined in contests and dancing and watched vaudeville entertainments.

Secretary Ernest Bohm said that the Central Federated Union in calling off its parade was protesting against a spirit of militarism.

Last night at 8 o'clock there was a concert on the Mall in Central Park by the Frank Kaltenborn Orchestra. The concert was made possible through the generosity of Elkan Naumburg.

Seventy-five hoboes, who style their organization the Pilgrims of the Road, had a Labor Day celebration in the abandoned Casino at Fort George yesterday afternoon and, after eating a "mulligan" stew, saw a baseball game between two teams of their own members and then discussed social and economic problems. Their President, J. Eads How, was warmly applauded when he announced that a certain railroad, whose name he did not mention, will not permit its employes to throw hoboes off its trains if they possess membership cards of the International Welfare Association.

Local 788 of the International Longshoremen's Union celebrated Labor Day by presenting an automobile to the International President, Thomas V. O'Connor of Buffalo, who was a guest at their annual outing at Whitestone, L. I. The gift was in recognition of Mr. O'Connor's work in obtaining recognition of the union and a wage increase which went into effect on Sept. 1. About 1,000 members of the union attended the outing.

MAYOR RAYMOND DISAPPOINTS.

Absent When Newark Paraders Call with a Souvenir.

Leaders of organized labor in Newark expressed keen disappointment yesterday because Mayor Raymond failed to appear at the City Hall and review the Labor Day parade. There were more than 8,000 men in line and a small number of women. The women carried suffrage banners and wore sashes of green, white and violet. It was estimated that 25,000 persons watched the procession, which moved from Lincoln Park to Valisburg Park.

When the parade reached the City Hall the labor leaders discovered that Mayor Raymond was not present and no one in the municipal building knew where he was. No other member of the mayor's official family was designated to take his place. When a committee went into the building to present a polished model horseshoe with "Good Luck" and the name of a union on it, Policeman Louis Dauber, detailed at the mayor's office, received the token.

Mrs. Agnes M. Jenks, President of the Equal Suffrage Association of Rhode Island, was carrying suffrage paraphernalia for women paraders when she was struck in the eye with a stick of a flag. At the time, several enthusiastic labor men were trying to get possession of the flag for the honor of carrying it in the parade. Mrs. Jenks was led away by Miss Alyse Gregory, one of the State campaigners. After the wound was treated it was said she would not lose the sight of the eye and would resume campaigning.

TIE UP ALBANY TROLLEYS.

800 Men Go on Strike—Early Settlement Expected.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 6.—More than 800 employes of the trolley lines of the United Traction Company went on strike at 5 o'clock this morning because the company would not grant the right of appeal to suspended employes. Traffic at once ceased, and when the holiday crowds began to gather, a few hours later, they were forced to utilize vehicles of every description which were hurriedly pressed into service.

A conference between a committee of the local union and officers of the traction company was held this evening. After three hours' deliberation a recess was taken. All the points at issue had been settled except one. The men insisted that the company should allow a member of the Amalgamated Association to accompany an employe when he appeared to answer charges. An early settlement of differences was expected.

The employes of the Albany lines expected support from employes of the company in other cities and were disappointed when they learned that in general affiliated unions did not favor the strike.

The car men in Troy, Cohoes, and Watervliet kept at work today. They called meetings for late tonight when formal votes were to be taken on the question of sympathy strikes. Trolley employes in Schenectady also called a meeting to consider the question of striking.

General Manager Hewitt of the traction company tonight said that he was confident that cars would be running again tomorrow.

Joseph A. Droogan, President of the local trolley union, asserted today that Charles A. Coons, General Superintendent of the city lines, had been discharging and suspending men unjustly and often times without hearings. He said that on one occasion a conductor was suspended because he carried only seven passengers between here and Rensselaer. Mr. Droogan said that this conductor was "frowned upon" as a poor salesman. General Manager Hewitt denied all of the allegations and further said that he will support Mr. Coons to the end.

Patrick J. Downey, a member of the State Board of Mediation and Arbitration, visited both the company and strikers' headquarters this morning and offered his services in bringing about a settlement.

Only mild and scattered applause greeted the 500 strikers who marched in the Labor Day parade. They still wore their uniforms and in their caps were cards bearing the words, "We walk." Most of the men carried American flags.

The United States mail, which usually is carried between here and Watervliet by trolley cars, was moved today in an automobile provided by the traction company. Strikers said they would make no resistance if a special mail car were run

FEARS MILITARISM WOLF.

"Is Concealed Behind Preparedness," Labor Leader Asserts.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Sept. 6.—Secretary Frank Morrison of the American Federation of Labor, in a Labor Day speech here today indorsed the so-called staff report of the Industrial Relations Commission with its findings on industrial and social conditions.

"That report," said he, "states that a condition exists in this country, which must in your opinion, appear as a menace to our country."

Plunging into a discussion of preparedness Mr. Morrison said:

"While militarism and preparedness are as opposite as the poles, let it be understood that labor is alert to the kind of preparedness the Steel Trust, the coal barons, the railroad combines and the allied interests favor. Labor sees the wolf of militarism concealed behind the Little-Red-Riding-Hood pretense of those men responsible for Ludlow, who favor Cossacks in the various States and who have blackened the history of Illinois. The preparedness that these men demand is no different than a militarism so objectionable its champions are forced to rechristen it.

"We demand that the annual killing of 30,000 industrial workers cease, and we further demand that the three-quarters of a million wage-earners annually injured receive that protection their usefulness to society warrants. And we further demand that the million and one-half of children under 14 years of age be removed from the mills and mines and placed in schools where they may be prepared to assume the burdens democracy places on each individual."

10,000 WORKERS IN LINE.

Connecticut Workers Flock to 8-Hour Day Demonstration.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 6.—Organized labor in Connecticut observed Labor Day more generally than ever before. There was a great parade in this city, in which unions from every part of the State participated.

According to labor leaders there were 10,000 men in line. There were forty bands and scores of floats and decorated automobiles.

Bridgeport, which has been the scene of many strikes, sent several thousand union members, including hundreds of women employes in the corset industry who have won labor and wage concessions.

The feature of the parade was the figure "8" worn as a badge, or as the centrepiece on floral and trade floats to illustrate the objective of unionism at this time—the eight-hour day. The parade was reviewed at City Hall by municipal officers and leaders of labor bodies.

Admiral a Labor Day Orator.

Special to The New York Times.

GREAT NECK, L. I., Sept. 6.—Rear Admiral Aaron Ward, U. S. N., retired, delivered the address today at the Labor Day celebration here. He urged a larger army and navy and ridiculed the doctrine of peace at any price. The celebration began at 5:20 o'clock this morning with flag-raising ceremonies, and lasted until late tonight. In the morning there was a parade of volunteer firemen. Mrs. William R. Grace, widow of ex-Mayor Grace, won a prize for the best decorated automobile. Henry F. Guggenheim got the second prize.

WATTERSON WARNS WILSON ON SHIP BILL

That Measure, if He Revives It, Will Defeat His Re-election, Kentucky Editor Declares.

CALLS IT WALL ST. SCHEME

Distrusts McAdoo, Who May Be Best of Sons-in-Law, but Is Still in Abeyance.

Special to The New York Times.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 6.—Under the caption, "Breakers Ahead, Mr. President," The Courier-Journal tomorrow morning will print an editorial by Henry Watterson warning Mr. Wilson that a revival of the ship Purchase bill at the next session of Congress will mean his defeat for re-election. The editorial follows:

"It is generally believed by intelligent Democrats that Mr. Bryan's ill-judged advocacy of Government-owned railways defeated his election to the Presidency in 1908. Be this as it may, the declaration proved a serious setback. It disclosed the visionary character of his mind and diverted the popular confidence and favor which were beginning to incline his way.

"The Courier-Journal has said that no one can beat Woodrow Wilson in 1916 except Woodrow Wilson himself. His renomination is assured. The Democratic Party cannot get away from it. Talk to any other effect is either idle or inimical.

"It is observed, chiefly in Republican quarters, where the wish would naturally be father to the thought, that 'the Administration is preparing to revive the Shipping bill defeated by the last Congress.' Not failing to note the activities of the Treasury Department in this direction, The Courier-Journal will have to receive more reliable and definite information as to the President's intentions before it believes anything of the sort. Such a measure put forward by the Administration would be a serious mistake. It would split the Democratic Party wide open and go far to make the re-election even of Woodrow Wilson problematical.

Menace of a Scandal.

"Nay, more than this and worse than this, it would inevitably breed scandal, dragged first through the corridors of the Treasury Department until finally it might reach to the very door of the White House, more or less to compromise the President and his family.

"The single claim of the Ship Purchase bill when it was brought forward lay in the plea of emergency. It was a doubtful claim—hardly more than a pretext. Yet it drew upon the Secretary of the Treasury the accusation of some and the suspicion of many. Its defeat was a godsend to the Democratic Party. It rescued the President himself from the menace of an ugly and dangerous predicament. It is a far cry back to Credit Mobilier and Pacific Mail. But the country has not forgotten them. If the President forgets them he will live to regret it.

"All honor to the seven Democrats of the Senate who by their opposition saved the day and it may be the public honor. If need be, they will be recruited and reinforced in the coming Congress by a body of men fresh from the people and unyielding in the conviction that even Ship Subsidy, odious as it is, were preferable far to Government ownership, whilst that portion of the Democratic press which has any belief, or volition of its own, will make the welkin ring with disapproval. Never will the people of this country sanction a scheme so sinster—so ominous and so undemocratic—so wholly at war with the principles in which Jefferson and all succeeding fathers of Democracy laid the party and have maintained it—at once and in short, so redolent of Federalism and corruption.

"A Hare-Brained Project."

"The agitation is not only a menace to Democracy, but a check to commercial enterprise and national prosperity. It is the threatened competition of the Government that discourages the private investment of capital in shipping. The sooner the President allays this apprehension by the announcement that there is no purpose at Washington to embark upon such a hare-brained project the sooner will legitimate shipping interests begin to hearten and organize for themselves.

"Taking counsel of Mr. Bryan's misadventure with the Government ownership of railways, Mr. Wilson ought to beware of entertaining the idea of the Government ownership of ships.

"Between Mexico and the European war the President will have his hands full the coming session of Congress. Happily in the last session the Administration attained its proposals to a degree which gave it popularity, prestige and acclaim. It achieved measures long and largely but ineffectually sought and deeply imbedded in the public requirement. It should stand pat on these. With a national election directly ahead it will break new and controversial ground to its disadvantage, if not to disaster outright.

"Nobody, let us repeat, can defeat the re-election of Woodrow Wilson except Woodrow Wilson. The Republicans, as matters stand, cannot come within a million of votes of it. They are all at sea. They may not be as widely divided as they were in 1912. But they have neither an issue nor a leader to reunite and rally them. They must either nominate a half-breed Progressive, like Borah, or an old, iron-clad standpatter, like Penrose. Nobody can set them on their pegs, can blow the breath of life into their lungs, except Woodrow Wilson, and he only by some unconsidered act or untoward accident. If he be a wise man, he will steer his bark in the middle of the stream, doing his best with the foreign problems as they arise, and, as to the home problems, leaving well enough alone.

McAdoo Merely in Abeyance.

"Assuredly he should not allow his clear judgment to be obscured by his relations to the Secretary of the Treasury. Mr. McAdoo may be the ablest of Secretaries and the best of sons-in-law. But he is yet an experiment. He came to the Treasury from a demurrable if not a questionable quarter. His New York antecedents were scarcely of a kind to establish him in public confidence. Popular opinion is not unfriendly, but it holds him in abeyance. The ill-starred shipping scheme seems to be his bantling. The President should lay it gently in its little trundle bed and wheel it out of sight. As an Administration measure it will surely encounter defeat, and perhaps humiliation. As a party measure it will prove Pandora's box.

"Drop it, Mr. President, drop it! It will be ten thousand pities to mingle your great exploits with a slippery, sordid money job like this. The Treasury is already hard up. Millions must go out presently for the increased army and navy. Surely you cannot wish a Wall Street syndicate to get the chance to rob an empty till and still further to tax a patriotic people, who have to keep skin and bone together and look besides after the nation's defense and welfare?"

MILITIAMEN OVERAWE POLICE OF LIMA, OHIO

Execute Orders to Stop a Boxing Bout by Threats to Shoot Officers.

LIMA, Ohio, Sept. 6.—Company G of the Ohio National Guard was called out here today by Sheriff Eley of Allen County to prevent promoters from staging a boxing show in which Jack Dillon of Indianapolis and "Yankee" Gilbert of New York were to appear in the principal bout. Soon after the militiamen, under command of Colonel A. E. Gale of the Second Infantry, had driven the spectators, promoters, boxers and trainers from a baseball park where the bouts were to be held, a squad of twenty policemen, led by Chief of Police Beall and Safety Director Goodyear, appeared at the park and ordered the militiamen to leave it. Colonel Gale refused, ordered his men to load their rifles, and assigned a private to escort the police officers from the field.

Accompanied by the private the policemen left the park. No shots were fired by either side. The police officers said they had intended to allow the promoters to proceed with the bouts. A squad of militiamen was stationed at the park tonight and another squad was held at the Court House to prevent any attempt to hold the fights in a downtown hall.

Hear of an Anti-Cropsey Plan.

Brooklyn politicians were discussing with interest last night a report that "certain financiers and other men of influence" who have been prosecuted by District Attorney James C. Cropsey were planning to make an organized attempt to Defeat him at the polls in November. Mr. Cropsey has been designated for a re-nomination by the Republicans. A Republican district leader spread the report, but he said Mr. Cropsey was not worried.

ELDERLY MAN WEDS GIRL HE ONCE JILTED

Alexander P. Paul, Long Branch Official, Takes Miss Sarah Hoffman as Bride.

WEDDING WAS CALLED OFF

Couple Reconciled After Her Suit Against Him for $5,000 Was Compromised.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Sept. 6.—Alexander Patterson Paul, an elderly business man of this place, and Miss Sarah Hoffman, 24 years old, were married here today by the Rev. Dr. John G. Lovell, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church. The marriage license, which they procured Friday from the City Clerk, was the second that had been issued to them within a year. But between the issuing of the first and second licenses there were several occurrences which, the friends of the bridal pair say, demonstrate the truth of the adage about the rocky route traversed by true romance.

The engagement of Mr. Paul and Miss Hoffman, when announced last Autumn, was a topic of considerable interest in Long Branch. Mr Paul erected a cottage at Morris and Second Avenues after the engagement was made known for occupancy after the ceremony, and the day set for the wedding approached. The ceremony was to have been held shortly after the first of the year. Miss Hoffman was employed as a cashier in the clothing store of W. H. Wooley & Co. at 181 Broadway. She resigned her place, helped select furniture for the new home, and had her trousseau completed, and arrangements were made for the Rev. Dr. Lovell to perform the ceremony.

On the day before the date set for the ceremony the prospective bridegroom said he had changed his mind. No reason for the sudden breaking of the engagement was given except that one of his relatives objected on account of the difference in ages, and the affair became a topic of general gossip. Mr. Paul is a member of William Curr & Co., a firm which does a large plumbing business and has offices at 100 South Broadway, and he is a member of the local Health Department and Master of the Abacus Lodge of the Masonic Order.

Miss Hoffman brought suit against him for $5,000. Her lawyer, Daniel Applegate, of Red Bank, and Mr. Paul's lawyer, W. Asher Stevens, City Solicitor of Long Branch, reached an agreement out of court, and the suit was dropped after the report had been circulated that Mr. Paul had agreed to a compromise whereby he was to pay the complainant $2,500. It was understood that the love affair was ended, and this conviction was strengthened when he rented the new house he had built to the general manager of the Consolidated Gas Company of New Jersey.

It was rumored last July that the couple were again on friendly terms, but this report was not circulated widely, and many of their friends did not even know that a reconciliation had been effected when it was made known today that they had been married and had slipped away on a honeymoon tour through Canada. Miss Hoffman returned to work with the Wooley company after the compromise of her suit, and she resigned a second time to marry Mr. Paul on Saturday last.

Just where the couple will make their home on their return to Long Branch is still a matter of conjecture, as the lease of the present tenant of the house that was built for them has several months to run.

HAITIAN REBEL WON OVER.

Zamor Going to Cape Haitien to Appeal to the "Cacos."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—Rear Admiral Caperton today reported to the Navy Department that General Charles Zamor, one of the revolutionary leaders in Haiti, had agreed to go to Cape Haitien at once in an effort to persuade the "cacos," or semi-outlaws, to open the food supply to that place.

The gunboat Marietta has gone to Jérémie with the Sixth Company of Marines. The Custom House has been taken over, and Paymaster Philbrick has been placed in charge of the collection of customs revenue.

Practically all the Haitian custom houses are now under the control of the American naval forces.

W. & J. SLOANE

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NEW PIANOS & PLAYER-PIANOS

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	Formerly	Now.
OPERA. Mahogany. Good bargain	$250	$ 80
SCHAAF. Rosewood. Perfect condition	250	120
KORGER. Large size	275	140
SCHUMANN. Mahogany. Excellent	300	150
LOCKHART. Mahogany. Plain case	275	160
HENSCHEL. Mahogany. Good appearance	275	165
BREWSTER. Mahogany. Colonial case	300	175
DRAPER BROS. Mahogany; a gem	275	185
MARSHALL & WENDELL. Mahogany. Perfect.	250	220
FOSTER. Mahogany. Fine tone	325	235
HAINES BROS. Mahogany; latest design	375	275
HARDMAN. Mahogany. Like new	375	285
CHICKERING. Mahogany. Fine	550	375
STEINWAY. Rose. Empire case	550	380
KNABE. Late model. Artist used	550	395

GRANDS

	Formerly	Now.
HAINES BROS. Mahogany. Demonstration used.	$800	$495
HAINES BROS. Mahogany Baby Grand	650	520
STEINWAY. Baby. Perfect condition	900	545
CHICKERING. Mahogany Infant Grand	675	580
KNABE Mignonette. Latest model	700	590
KNABE MIGNON. Rosewood; like new	750	610
KNABE MIGNON. Rosewood	750	665
KNABE Mignonette. Mahogany Louis XV	850	715
KNABE. Circassian walnut sample case	800	720
KNABE. Parlor. Demonstration used	850	740
KNABE Mignonette. White Mahogany	950	775
KNABE CONC'T G'D. Artist used only	1,500	800
KNABE Mignonette. Perfect. Sheraton design	950	840

PLAYER-PIANOS

	Formerly	Now.
2-85 NOTE PLAYERS. Fine condition; mahogany.	$500	$175
STUYVESANT. Pianola. Mahogany; 65-note	600	275
PRIMATONE. 88-note. Mahogany. Perfect	450	345
FOSTER. Mahogany. Every contrivance	550	390
MARSHALL & WENDELL. Discontinued style.	550	395
FOSTER. Mahogany. Sample case	600	430
HAINES BROS. Mahogany. Almost new	625	540
HAINES BROS. Latest type. Demonstration used	750	590
KNABE. De Luxe mahogany. Latest type; like new.	950	780
KNABE. De Luxe Flexotone. Concert used	950	810
KNABE. De Luxe. Mission case	1,050	840
KNABE Stoddard Ampico. "The Perfect Player."	1,200	975
KNABE Angelus Gr'd. Mahogany	1,650	1125
KNABE Angelus Gr'd. Circassian walnut	1,750	1350

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TERMS AS LOW AS $5 MONTHLY ON SOME OF THE ABOVE INSTRUMENTS

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LATEST FUR NEWS

Prepare for the Early Frost That Has Been Predicted.

NATURAL Cross Fox, Silver, Blue and Black are supremely in favor—at fashion's high tide.

Also the various colored Foxes in the newest shades: Tan, Blue, Battle-Ship Gray. Black and Pointed.

These may be selected for special orders. The one-skin Scarf and small barrel Muff are noteworthy.

Scarfs are in great variety in color and style of wearing.

The exceptional European conditions have released the very finest quality Fox Skins of the entire world for sole consumption in the American market, and we have been very fortunate in securing a remarkable selection for immediate sale.

This Fox exhibit is well worth while inspecting, if you are at all interested in Winter Furs.

1916 models in COATS, EVENING WRAPS and FURS FOR MOTORING shown also.

Our Gown Department, under the direction of "Bob" of Paris, also ready with Fall and Winter Creations.

A. Jaeckel & Co
Furriers
384 Fifth Avenue,

Telephone, Greeley—2044. Bet. 35th and 36th Sts.

Chauffeur's Outfits Special

AT

$43.50

Overcoat, Suit and Cap to Match

Smart, neat, perfect fitting, and durable; the best value in Motor Clothes for Chauffeurs that can be bought. A Double-breasted Overcoat. A Smart Norfolk Jacket, with Trousers or Breeches. A Cap of Regulation Chauffeur's Style.

Made of fine quality worsted whipcord in two shades of gray and in tan—the outfit complete $43.50, or, as follows:

Overcoat . $25.00
Suit . . $16.50
Cap . . . $ 2.00

Suit with two pairs of Trousers or Breeches or one pair of each—$23.50

Other Outfits of Better Grade at $57.50, $75.00 and $125.00

Dusters That Beat Anything in America at $5.00
Made of splendid GRAY MOHAIR

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The Greatest Sporting Goods Store in the World

The Sportsman's Sister

Not only up on the game, but up on the correct clothes for the game.

On the links, in the saddle, at the traps or in the big woods, recognizing in A. & F. apparel the sturdy habiliments of the sportswoman.

Whether she is the strong, active, ambitious school girl given to basket ball and field hockey, or the lithe, independent, seasoned sportswoman riding to hounds, this store is prepared to outfit her completely for the great Autumn campaign.

The New Fabric—
"Thorntweed"
TRADE MARK

An exclusive A. & F. specialty, trade marked by this house—possessing the smartness and softness of hand-woven homespuns, combined with a sturdiness hitherto unknown.

In five shades of brown and green heather mixtures—ready-to-wear in Autumn sporting suits for both men and women.

The best fabric ever manufactured for the purpose.

Unobtainable in any other establishment.

Autumn Outing Suits of Striped "Innsbrook"

Another exclusive A. & F. production for sportswomen and school girls—illustrated in cut at top of column.

Specially woven "Innsbrook" knitcloth — different from any heretofore offered—in contrasting heather stripes.

Ten color combinations, from old rose and green to two-tone oxfords.

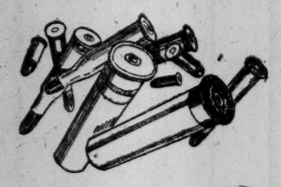
Suits, $29.50, $34.50 and $39.50.

Topcoats, $35; hats of same material, $6 and $10; scarfs, $5.

Complete new Autumn assortments of women's and misses' suits of tweeds, homespuns, corduroys and Scotch mixtures.

Hats and shoes for every costume.

Ammunition



The most sought for thing in the world—and the most difficult to secure.

As the shooting season opens—already in full swing for shore birds—a matter of great moment to sportsmen.

This is the only house that has anticipated present conditions, collecting full and complete supplies.

Shotgun shells and rifle cartridges of every approved kind, and all you need.

Guns, decoys, English cartridge bags, game bags, gun cases; and information by experts regarding the season's game.

Men's Sporting Apparel

A department surpassing anything previously undertaken by the Abercrombie & Fitch Company, which means the most complete in the world.

English homespuns, Thorntweeds, Covey cloth, corduroys, Harris tweeds and new Scotch mixtures, in ready-to-wear or made-to-measure suits.

Clothes for golf, hunting, motoring, riding, exploring and aviation.

The most complete line of sportsmen's shoes and boots in the world.

Sweaters, hats, caps, hosiery, shirts, gloves and sporting cravats.

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.

Ezra H. Fitch, President,

53-57 West 36th St., New York

WOULD REORGANIZE BOARD OF ELECTIONS

Wallstein Says Administration Is "Bi-Organization," Not in Public Interest.

WANTS TWO COMMISSIONERS

Mayor Should Appoint, He Says—All Election Officers Should Be Under Civil Service.

Commissioner of Accounts Leonard Wallstein has sent a report to Mayor Mitchel, in which he says that the Board of Elections is subservient to the two dominant political parties in the appointment and supervision of 16,000 local election officers and in the selection of 2,000 polling places, and that there is imperative need for improvement in the qualifications of election officers.

The Commissioner made an investigation at the request of the Honest Ballot Association and the Citizens' Union. All four members of the Board of Elections testified.

The report tells that the present statute provides for appointment of the four Commissioners by the Board of Aldermen on recommendation of the Democratic and the Republican organizations of New York and Kings Counties and it says:

"Such a system encourages the appointment of individuals who are devoted to the interests of their organizations rather than to the public interest. It has permitted the repeated appointment of one individual of proved unfitness (Commissioner Kane) and of another (Commissioner Livingston), who utterly fails to realize that his official position renders improper partisan activity which violates the spirit of the election law, the administration of which in this city is in part intrusted to him.

A "Bi-Organization" Board.

"The system, moreover, has resulted more in 'bi-organization' administration of the election law than in an impartial administration in the public interest. The practice has been to give as much patronage and advantage as possible to the two dominant organizations, at the same time making sure that the Republican Commissioners gave their organizations no more than the Democratic Commissioners were able to give theirs, and vice versa.

"The statutory provisions which govern the board's performance of its duties are likewise in many instances designed more for the benefit of the two dominant organizations than in the public interest."

In its criticism of the methods of selecting election officers, the report says:

"The board has accepted the viewpoint of the political organizations, which usually regard local election boards as berths for party henchmen, to be distributed among the organization faithful rather than necessarily among the most qualified in the party. Commissioner Kane contended that this was legitimate patronage necessary to the existence of the organizations, since no party can live without patronage.'

"The board has accepted from the organizations the recommendation of but one person for each position to be filled, and has permitted them to confine recommendations so far as they could to individuals who live in the election districts in which they wish to serve, the latter contrary to the clear intent of the law. This solitary candidate, if not exempted from examination, the board often finds acceptable even in the face of proved unfitness, rather than to test him for qualification or to subject him to competition with other available candidates for the purpose of finding and selecting the best qualified. Commissioner Kane was ignorant of the fact that any examinations were given.

Examinations Are Farcical.

"The few candidates who are examined are asked a large proportion of foolish questions and leading questions, and often are passed by false ratings—that is, they are accepted though the examiner's marks on their papers (which marks he sometimes tries to erase) show clearly that the candidate had answered wrongly 40 to 70 per cent. of the questions asked, the regulations permitting only 33 1-3 per cent. of wrong answers."

The report says that without the slightest justification either in the language or intent of the statute, the board has in the main abdicated in favor of the two dominant political organizations its function of designating polling places. Through this arrangement "the faithful" in each organization get additional patronage at the normal rate of $50 per polling place, or more than $125,000 a year. The board, it says, has not endeavored to designate the most suitable places in the various election districts, with the result that storekeepers are "held up" in order to have their places designated, "a form of honest graft," the report says, "beyond the reach of the penal law."

Commissioner Wallstein found that the board had done much good work, and that its staff was very efficient.

The report makes these recommendations:

"An amendment to the statute should vest the power of appointing the Commissioners of Elections in the Mayor, who had that power prior to 1911, when it was transferred to the Board of Aldermen to insure the reappointment of Commissioner Kane, whom Mayor Gaynor had refused to reappoint. A further statutory amendment should provide that incumbent Commissioners may not hold over after the expiration of their terms. This would prevent a person unacceptable to the Mayor from remaining in office while his organization refused to recommend another and continued in deadlock with the Mayor. Such amendments, also, would restore a needed check upon organization dominance of the Board of Elections.

Would Have Only Two Members.

"The number of Commissioners should be reduced from four to two, of opposite political faith. Appointment should be made from a list of candidates recommended by the two leading party organizations in each of the counties within the city. This would eliminate salary waste, promote efficiency, remove undue preference for New York and Kings Counties, and give the Mayor a larger field from which to select the best men.

"As to local election officers, the two organizations should not, as now, in effect appoint them. The organization should be permitted merely to vouch for the party membership and loyalty of certain individuals."

In order to obtain the maximum of improvement in the qualifications of local election officers, the report recommends that all examinations of candidates for appointment to such positions be conducted by the Municipal Civil Service Commission "in such way as will not violate any of the accepted practices or principles of the merit system or any of the essentials of bi-partisan conduct of elections."

It is recommended that emergency appointments at the polls should be made only from reserve eligible lists of qualified candidates, and the restriction of appointment to persons residing in the election district should be removed.

Chairman Tanner Sitting Up.

The Post-Graduate Hospital reported last night that Frederick C. Tanner, Republican State Chairman, who was operated on several days ago for appendicitis, is in no danger and his early recovery is assured. He sat up in a chair yesterday for the first time since his operation.

Steamship Dwinsk Safe.

Max Straus, passenger agent of the Russian-American Line, said yesterday there was no need for alarm over the non-arrival of the steamship Dwinsk, which was supposed to have sailed from Archangel on Aug. 20 with passengers and freight for New York. She had been delayed in starting, he said, and a wireless message from the commander last night stated all was well on board. The Dwinsk will arrive late tomorrow or early Thursday morning.

PERMANENT RULE IN CHINA.

Presidency to be Hereditary Under New Form of Government.

PEKING, Sept. 6.—To obviate the necessity of again obtaining the recognition of foreign nations the Government has decided tentatively to maintain the form of a republic instead of restoring a monarchy, but to make the Presidency permanent and hereditary, according to information obtained today in high official quarters.

General Li Yuan-heng, who was reported to have resigned the Vice Presidency on Sept. 2, presided today at a session of the Advisory Council, and the newspapers have been authorized to announce a reconciliation of his views with those of President Yuan Shai-kai.

In a message sent to the Council today President Yuan Shai-kai said:

"It is my constant duty to protect my country and my people, and my special duty to maintain the republic. Recently many citizens from the provinces have petitioned the acting Parliament to change the form of government, a proposition which is incompatible with my position as President; but, as the Presidency is conferred by the people, it should depend on the will of the people."

The Advisory Council, acting as a Parliament under a recent Presidential order, is virtually a nominated body of sixty men, to whom the so-called Peace Society has presented a petition, circulated by that society, calling for the re-establishment of a monarchy.

LORD DECIES PROMOTED.

Now Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General of British Army.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 6.—The London Gazette announces that Lord Decies has been appointed Assistant Adjutant and Quartermaster General of the British Army.

Lord Decies married Miss Vivian Gould, daughter of George J. Gould. He has long served in the army, and participated in the Matabele and Boer wars. He has been a Lieutenant Colonel in command of the South Irish Horse since 1912.

Newark Moose Fail to Nominate.

The Progressives of Newark have not entered any candidates for the primaries. Friday midnight was the last hour at which designations could be made. None was filed, so if the party is to run candidates for Assembly and county offices it must nominate by petition. Having cast more than 5 per cent. of the vote last Fall, the Progressives might have had a set of boxes at the primaries had they seen fit to file nominations. Howard S. Dodd, Chairman of the Committee on Nominations, refuses to say why none was made.

Yamada Wins Close Billiard Game.

Koji Yamada, the Japanese billiard player, last night began a series of practice matches at Maurice Daly's Billiard Academy, Forty-ninth Street and Broadway, in preparation for his championship match with Willie Hoppe, which is scheduled to be decided in three weeks. Yamada is going to play Hoppe for the 14.1 balk line title, and in his practice matches the young Japanese will play this style of billiards, while his opponents play 14.2 balk line. Julius Klinger, the Austrian amateur champion, was Yamada's first opponent, and he made the Oriental player extend himself to win. The final score was 250 to 237, and the contest required twenty-one innings. Klinger made the highest run of the game, when he piled up a string of 86 points. He also had a high run of 40, with an average of 11 6-21. Yamada's highest run was 68 and he averaged 11 10-21. This evening George Spear, the local amateur player, will oppose Yamada.

Amateur Boxing at Crescent A. C.

Amateur boxing, which was a big attraction at the Crescent Athletic Club last season, will be resumed on Sept. 28 and 30, when the first tournament of the season will be held.

The weights of the different classes are 108, 115, 125, 135, and 158 pounds, with an extra pound allowed to each competitor when weighing in. The prizes will be a solid gold watch and fob to the winner of the tourney, a gold filled watch and fob to the second, and a silver fob medal to the losers in the semi-final bouts of each class.

Entry blanks can be had at the clubhouse, Pierrepont and Clinton Streets, Brooklyn, N. Y., or from B. Levine, 21 Warren Street, New York City.

Boxing Bouts at Ebbets Field.

Al McCoy of Brooklyn and Young Ahearn will furnish the main bout at the boxing show to be staged at Ebbets Field Thursday night. The McCoy-Ahearn go is scheduled for ten rounds. Buck Crouse of Pittsburgh and Johnny Howard of Bayonne will box in the semi-final, and the opening ten-round bout will bring Warren Cusack of South Brooklyn and Dutch Brandt of Brooklyn together.

Boston K. of C.'s Take Game.

The Knights of Columbus baseball team from Boston made up for lost time yesterday afternoon and defeated the New York K. of C.s by a score of 13 to 7. The men from the Hub lost the first two games, and they came close to losing the one of yesterday at the Catholic Protectory grounds. At the end of eight innings the score was 7 to 2 in favor of the New Yorkers. Then came a deluge of runs for the Bostonians. Eleven men hurried across the plate, and the official scorers almost lost track of the proceedings.

Detroit Buys Pitcher Lawdermilk.

DETROIT, Sept. 6.—The Detroit Baseball Club today purchased Pitcher Grover Lawdermilk from the St. Louis Americans. The amount paid was not announced. No other player figured in the deal.

TELLS OF A DEAL IN PERKINS'S BEHALF

Tammany Leader Says if Defeated at Polls Whitman Will Appoint Him Judge.

TO HAVE SWANN'S PLACE

Somebody's Imagination Is Working Overtime, the District Attorney Says.

Should Charles A. Perkins, the Republican candidate for District Attorney, be defeated this Fall by Judge Edward Swann, the Democratic candidate, he will probably be appointed Judge of the Court of General Sessions to succeed Judge Swann. Then, in 1916, Tammany may indorse Mr. Perkins for the full term of Judge of General Sessions, which is fourteen years, with a salary of $17,500 a year.

According to a Tammany leader, this arrangement is part of the general plan agreed upon by Republicans and Democrats for fusion on the judiciary slate. In furtherance of this plan, Judge Swann if elected District Attorney will not resign from his present office until Jan. 1. In October he will not be on the bench. Judge Rosalsky has agreed to take over his calendar for that month to give him an opportunity to conduct his campaign.

The arrangement of which plan here is outlined is said to be a part had to do with the indorsement by the Republicans of four Democratic candidates for the Supreme Court, Justices Greenbaum, Shearn, and Delehanty, and Municipal Court Justice Tierney of the Bronx, and the indorsement of another Democrat, Lorens Zaller, for Judge of City Court. In return, the Republicans obtained the Tammany indorsement for two of their Supreme Court candidates, Justices John Proctor Clarke and Edward R. Finch.

When he was told by a TIMES reporter of the reported arrangement last night, District Attorney Perkins said:

"There is no political deal connected with me that I have ever heard of. I have not seen Governor Whitman for some time. Some one's imagination is working overtime."

Under an original fusion scheme it is said that Tammany agreed to indorse Mr. Perkins for District Attorney in return for which the Republicans were to stand for the Tammany candidate for Sheriff. This plan fell through, however, owing to the opposition of Tammany district leaders, and only the Judiciary fusion was effected. In compensation to Governor Whitman for failure to indorse Mr. Perkins, Tammany now has agreed, according to the story, to nominate Mr. Perkins next year for Judge of General Sessions.

When several Republican leaders were asked about the alleged Swann-Perkins arrangement, they said it had been reported that Governor Whitman had agreed upon two other arrangements. One was to the effect that the Governor would appoint Assistant District Attorney Isidor Wasservogel to General Sessions to succeed Judge Swann, in the event of his election, and the other was that the Governor had agreed to appoint Warren W. Foster, a Democrat, to the place in the event of Tammany victory.

Midnight tonight is the last hour for candidates to file petitions with the Board of Elections for entry into the primaries on Sept. 28. Although there are between 600 and 700 petitions to be filed, not many more than 100 have been sent in. The grand rush will come a few hours before midnight.

Up to last night "Big Bill" Edwards had not filed his petition as a candidate for Sheriff in the Democratic primaries.

At Republican and Tammany headquarters the law committees of the two parties were on hand all yesterday ready to give advice. District headquarters all over the city were also open. Candidates have until Sept. 18 to decline designations.

MOSS FEELS CONFIDENT.

Says He'll Beat Perkins, 3 to 1, in Republican Primaries.

Frank Moss, who will make a fight in the Republican primaries for the nomination for District Attorney against Mr. Perkins, said yesterday his petition would be ready for filing today. Enough signatures to qualify him as a candidate had been obtained, he said. Mr. Moss will speak at the headquarters of the Republican Club in the First Assembly District tonight. W. G. Rose, the Republican leader, is there. Speeches at other Republican headquarters will follow.

A statement given out at the Moss headquarters said:

"Mr. Moss will win the Republican primaries by at least 3 to 1 against Perkins, and he will be the candidate at the general election of both the Republican and Progressive Parties in New York County. Not a voter in either Republican or Progressive Party declined to sign a Moss petition."

WIFE TRAPS HER HUSBAND.

Mrs. Ida Thomas Has Him and Her Alleged Rival Arrested.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 6.—Mrs. Ida Thomas today caused the arrest on the Boardwalk here of her husband, George Thomas, of Woodcliff, N. J. At the same time Mrs. Abbie Hawkins, also of Woodcliff, was arrested.

According to Mrs. Thomas, she and her husband had several differences over Mrs. Hawkins. When her husband left Woodcliff a few days ago, Mrs. Thomas said, she soon ascertained that Mrs. Hawkins also was away from the borough. Acting as her own detective, she found her husband here and also found Mrs. Hawkins. She did not make her presence known, but engaged a detective agency to obtain her further evidence.

Aided by the detectives' statements, Mrs. Thomas obtained the warrants. Both prisoners have been remanded for investigation. Mr. Thomas is 52 years old and his wife is 50, and Mrs. Hawkins is 40.

Fisherman Drowned in Surf.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTAUK, L. I., Sept. 6.—Morris Comgerty, of whom nothing is known except that he lived somewhere in Connecticut, was drowned last evening when a power fishing boat capsized in the surf off the breakwater here. Three companions escaped by swimming ashore. The fishermen were out with Captain Joseph Clarke, and they ran into a school of fish, which they followed too near shore. Comgerty sank immediately and was not seen again. It is thought he struck his head.

WE PROTEST TO PANAMA.

Want to Know Why Slayers of Americans Were Not Arrested.

PANAMA, Sept. 6.—The United States Government through William J. Price, the American Minister to Panama, today filed a protest with the Secretary of Foreign Relations relative to the alleged miscarriage of justice in the cases of Corporal Langdon of the United States Coast Artillery, who was killed by a Colon police Lieutenant last April, and of another soldier who was shot subsequently in a fight in the restricted district of Panama. The assailant of neither of the Americans was ever arrested.

A conference was held last Saturday by the Foreign Secretary and the Minister of Justice with the purpose of finding out who was to blame for the fact that arrests were not made. The conference, it is said, developed that politics had operated to defeat justice in the case of Langdon's assailant. The Chief Justice and Attorney General, it is stated, have promised to obtain immediate legal action against the offenders, providing backing is given them.

Corporal Langdon was shot and killed and three other American soldiers were injured in a riot in Colon on April 2, while the Americans were on patrol duty in the restricted district.

The shooting, which resulted in a general fight, grew out of an argument between a soldier, who was said to have been drinking, and a Panama policeman. Many shots were fired by the Panama police.

Gored to Death by a Bull.

PRESQUE ISLE, Me., Sept. 6.—Everett Tarbell, a farmer, was gored to death by a Jersey bull today while on his way to the Northern Maine Fair to exhibit his herd of cattle.

Don't overlook the Equitable

If it is of no consequence where your business be located, and immaterial to your interests whether you transact your affairs in the limelight of a famous Broadway address or in the obscurity of a side street, then we will not urge the Equitable Building upon you, but—

We are frank to confess that we know of very few businesses which can afford to overlook or under-estimate the business-getting advantages of a building of such potential character as the Equitable—*can yours?*

Equitable Building Corporation

120 Broadway

Resinol Soap

clears bad complexions

If you want a clear, fresh, glowing complexion, use Resinol Soap at least once a day. Work a warm, creamy lather of it well into the pores, then rinse the face with plenty of cold water.

It does not take many days of such regular care with Resinol Soap to show an improvement, because the Resinol medication *soothes* and *refreshes* the skin, while the pure soap, free of alkali, is *cleansing* it.

When the skin is in a very neglected condition, with pimples, blackheads, redness or roughness, spread on just a little Resinol Ointment for ten or fifteen minutes before using Resinol Soap.

Resinol Soap is not artificially colored, is rich brown being entirely due to the Resinol medication it contains. Twenty-five cents at all druggists and dealers in toilet goods. For a trial size cake, write to Dept. 4-P, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

INSTRUCTION.

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Catalogs of all boarding schools in the United States. There are no fees or charges of any kind. Information given free. Please state kind of school wanted. For reliable advice on school matters, write, phone or call.

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Bureau Maintained by the Schools to Help You.
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Garden City

Healthfully located in beautiful Garden City, Long Island, 18 miles from New York. Fireproof buildings completely equipped. Gymnasium, swimming pool, 80 acres of fine athletic fields. Both class and individual instruction given. Prepares for any college or scientific school. Competent master at the head of each department.

A Lower School for Younger Boys

Fall Term Begins Sept. 16th.
Buildings Now Open.
Catalogue on Request.
WALTER R. MARSH, Headmaster,
Box 17, Garden City, L. I.

ST. ANN'S ACADEMY FOR BOYS.

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A NEW TYPE of DAY SCHOOL

Boys may stay at school until 6 P. M. Study period is provided to do the home lessons.

A BOARDING SCHOOL

A Real Home School.
High School—Grammar—Primary.
Low Rates, Gymnasium. Catalogue T.

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Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Secretarial, Typewriting, Spanish, Civil Service & Stenotype Departments.
Day and Evening Sessions.
Call or write for Catalogue
123d St. & Lenox Ave.

Chappaqua Mountain Institute,

Valhalla, Westchester County, N. Y.

A home school for GIRLS, in the real country, under care of Friends. Boys admitted under 12 years (separate dept.). Home mother for young children. 54th year. 25 miles from N. Y. 70 acres; 900 ft. elevation. Primary, Preparatory, and Finishing Courses. Music, Art, Domestic Science, Manual Training, and Commercial Dept. Gymnasium. Regents' Standards. Rates $300 to $475. N. Y. Office, 20 Vesey St., Room 610. Tel. Cort. 6886.

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305 Washington St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Day and Evening Sessions. (15th Year.) Three year and Post Graduate courses. Parallel courses and same faculty for day and evening sessions. Students may alternate. Begins Sept. 27. Catalogue on Request.

The Chelsea School For Men and Boys

213 West 23d Street
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23rd St. Y.M.C.A.

Courses Commercial Stenographic Regents & College Preparatory High School & Grammar School
Sixty Evening Courses. Also Send for Catalog

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BOYS FROM 6 TO 20. ALL DEPARTMENTS
150 Graduates Have Entered College.
No home study for boys under fifteen.
Outing Classes and Games, including Saturdays. Telephone 4339 Schuyler.

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FAMOUS BOTANISTS MEET IN BRONX PARK

Begin a Week's Celebration of Twentieth Anniversary of New York Gardens.

COME FROM MANY STATES

Papers Include History of Institution by Dr. Britton—Floral Exhibits Inspected.

A week's celebration of the twentieth anniversary of the founding of the New York Botanical Garden began yesterday morning at 9 o'clock at the Museum Building in Bronx Park. Delegates from all over the country attended.

After registering in the library of the Museum the delegates viewed the Mary E. Eaton collection of paintings and the Charles Finney Cox collection of Darwiniana. They also inspected the publications of the Bottanical Garden, after which luncheon was served.

Dr. W. Gilman Thompson, President of the Botanical Garden, delivered an address of welcome. He was followed by Thomas W. Whittle, who extended a welcome from the Park Department, and Henry H. Rusby, Chairman of the Scientific Directors, greeted the delegates as fellow-scientists.

Dr. N. L. Britton, Director in Chief of the Garden since 1896, made the final address, in which he spoke on the "History of the New York Botanical Garden." Starting with the old Torrey Botanical Garden in 1888, he told of the inception of the present magnificent park, and traced its growth in the last twenty years.

Founding of the Garden.

"An act to provide for the establishment of such a garden, drawn by Judge Charles P. Daly and Judge Addison Brown, was introduced in the Legislature on March 6, 1891, and became a law by the approval of Governor Hill on April 28, 1891," he said. "This act established a corporation with the name 'The New York Botanical Garden' for the purpose of maintaining a botanical garden and museum and arboretum therein for the collection and culture of plants, flowers, &c. There were forty-nine incorporators, among whom were Seth Low, Charles A. Dana, Hugh J. Grant, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Morris K. Jesup, J. Pierpont Morgan, Andrew Carnegie, D. O. Mills, William C. Schermerhorn, William G. Choate, Jesse Seligman, Samuel Sloan, Robert Maclay, Charles F. Cox and Percy R. Pyne.

"This act of incorporation authorized the Commissioners of Public Parks to set apart 250 acres of Branx Park after a fund of not less than $250,000 should be obtained by the incorporators by subscription."

The required sum was obtained from twenty-two contributors, Mr. Britton said. Among the donations were gifts of $25,000 each by Columbia College, the late J. Pierpont Morgan, Andrew Carnegie, Cornelius Vanderbilt, John D. Rockefeller, D. O. Mills, and Judge Addison Brown.

The full amount was obtained by June 18, 1895, and on the last day of that month the Park Commissioners approved the present site in Bronx Park. Mr. Britton traced the steps of development until the present, mentioning the various expeditions sent out by the Garden, including those financed by Cornelius Vanderbilt in 1898, which explored the little-known regions of Porto Rico.

The delegates loudly applauded Mr. Britton's address, and as many of them said that they would like to have copies it was decided that it be printed and presented to them before the end of the week.

New Addition Inspected.

After the reading of the address they inspected the Pinetum, Flower Gardens, Conservatory Range 1, and the greater part of the 140 acres recently added to the Botanical Gardens by the City of New York. At about 5 o'clock they all visited the Zoological Park, and at 7 dinner was served in the Rocking Stone Restaurant.

Eighteen papers will be read today and luncheon will be served in the Museum at 1:30. Among the papers to be read are "A Botanical Trip to North Wales in June," by Arthur H. Graves; "Triassic Plants from Sonora, Mexico," by Edwin W. Humphreys, and "The Present Status of the Problem of the Effect of Radium Rays on Plant Life," by C. Stuart Gager. These addresses will be followed by an excursion to the Herbaceous Garden Valley, the Deciduous Woodlands and Hemlock Forest, the Fruticetum, and the west border of the park.

Salt Water Day on Staten Island will be observed tomorrow. This will include a visit by motor boats to the sand dunes and salt marshes on Crooke's Point, under the guidance of Arthur Hollick. There also will be a luncheon served at Sauer's Restaurant, on the shores of the Great Kills.

Thursday will be given up to the reading of papers, with tea at the Mansion, and an inspection of the nurseries, the Propagating Houses where there is an exhibit of South American cacti collected by J. N. Rose with the aid of the Darius Ogden Mills Fund, and Conservatory Range 2. The day will end with a smoker at the Columbia University Faculty Club.

A visit to the pine barrens of New Jersey under the guidance of the Field Committee of the Torrey Botanical Club, will take place on Friday, and the week ends with a visit to the Brooklyn Botanic Garden, where the delegates will be the guests of the Brooklyn Garden. In the afternoon a visit will be made to the cedar swamp and salt marshes near Merrick, L. I.

More Than 100 Delegates.

More than one hundred delegates registered yesterday, and it was expected that more would arrive today. Among those who attended were: Dr. J. A. Samuels of Washington, D. C.; Dr. L. H. Harvey of Kalamazoo, Mich.; Samuel Alexander of Detroit, Mich.; Professor Mel T. Cook of Rutgers College, Alfred H. W. Povah of the University of Michigan, Oakes Ames, the orchid expert of North Easton, Mass., and Harvard University; Dr. A. H. Chivers of Dartmouth College, Frank S. Collins of North Easthams, Mass.; Dr. Arturo Rosquey Torraibas of Havana, Cuba; L. J. Pessin of the Georgia Botanical Society, Dr. J. Arthur Harris of the Carnegie Institute at Cold Spring, L. I.; Oliver A. Farwell of Detroit; Miss J. H. Stebbins of Rochester, N. Y.; Mrs. M. R. Goodhue of Syracuse, N. Y.; Dr. Susan P. Nichols of Oberlin, Ohio; Professor A. F. Blakeslee of the Connecticut Agricultural College, Professor Frank D. Kern and Professor C. R. Orton of the Pennsylvania State College, Professor George F. Atkinson of Cornell University, Dr. D. T. MacDougal, Professor Alexander W. Evans, Professor R. H. Harper, Professor Caroline A. Black of the New York State Agricultural College, Professor and Mrs. A. Vincent Osmun of the Amherst Agricultural College, Dr. J. M. Greenman of the Missouri Botanical Garden, and Dr. Edmund W. Sinnott of Harvard University.

A feature of the week will be the papers read by women. Among the women botanists who will deliver addresses are Caroline A. Black, Katherine Dooris Sharp, and Elizabeth G. Britton.

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Sip a glass or two of this delicious mineral spring water with your meals to overcome indigestion, dyspepsia and distress after eating. Sold by first-class druggists and grocers.

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This is "Children's Week" at Macy's

IT is neither *extravagant* nor *expensive* for the mother who is smartly gowned—to dress her children equally smart when they return to school.

The question of dress has so much to do with the kiddies' standing in class, and with classmates, with their ambitions and deportment, that good clothes are not an extravagance, but a well-repaid investment. The well-dressed boy or girl is usually the one with a larger measure of self-respect—and eventually the one to make a success in later life.

And the question of cost is so splendidly solved by buying school outfits at Macy's that good clothes bought here can hardly be regarded as expensive.

In style, smartness, variety, taste and originality, the Macy Shops for Children are equal to "exclusive" specialty shops—and in *price* they cannot be surpassed by any store in the City.

With prices as low as those we quote, and with a really big saving possible on books and other equipment, mothers can provide their children with a wardrobe that will be a credit to them at very modest cost.

Equip your children for school at Macy's and make your money go the farthest!

Boys' Suits

Manliness of a sort that makes the little fellows thrill with pride is the keynote of Macy Boys' Shop styles.

And **economy** of a sort that wins the praise and **trade of mothers** is the keynote of the Boys' Shop **service.**

No other store in the city (much less the "specialty shops") can point to school suit values like these:

Macy's "Wearproof" Suit at $6.49

As handsome a suit as any boy ever wore, with the clean-cut smartness of custom tailoring, the "staying" qualities of all-wool fabrics and the thoroughness of making appreciated by mothers who know how much it means.

In perhaps the largest assortment of models ever offered at a single price—smart Norfolks and semi-Norfolks; single and double-breasted patch-pocket models; gathered backs and three-piece belts, and slightly form-fitting styles.

Tested all-wool materials—tweeds, overplaids, cheviots, and plain gray unfinished worsteds, as well as pure worsted blue serge. Lined with guaranteed Gibraltar lining, all seams taped and serged. Two pairs of full-cut Knickerbockers to double the life of the suit. Sizes from 7 to 18 years.

Three Specials at $4.89

The **"Indestructible" Suit** of stout corduroy for boys of 7 to 16 years. Norfolk model coat with knife plaits front and back; yoke, stitched belt and khaki lining. Two pairs of full-lined, roomy trousers, reinforced with tape at seams.

All-Wool School Suits for boys of 7 to 18 years, in all new Norfolk and up-to-the-minute single and double-breasted styles.

"Windsor," "Wee Georgie" and Regulation Middy Suits for little boys of 3 to 8. In mixtures of gray, brown, or tan, and brown and navy serge; with extra pair of knee-length trousers.

Macy's—Second Floor.

His First Long Trousers

The Young Gentleman's Shop offers the young chap returning to school in the pride of his first long trousers—

—apparel manly, yet not too mature—

—not simply cut down from "man's size" garments, but modeled on slim, aristocratic lines to fit the slender, boyish figure.

Styles and fabrics to delight the boy—prices to please his elders.

Brown, gray, and blue cassimeres in single-and-double-breasted, and Norfolk models. Three pieces—coat, vest and trousers. Sizes from 15 to 19 years.

Prices $9.75—$12.75—$14.75

Macy's—Fifth Floor.

"Let It Rain---Who Cares!"

The children won't mind it a bit if they are equipped with shower-proof coats and hats from Macy's. These are here in cashmeres, poplins and cantonettes, with raglan or set-in sleeves, priced from $2.89 up. With each coat goes a snug-fitting little shower-proof hat in mushroom or the new turban shape.

The coat *pictured* is a **belted model of English Canton,** with slash pockets and convertible collar. It comes in navy or tan, with hat. Sizes 6 to 16 years. **$3.96**

A cashmere raincoat, built on the smartest of mannish English lines, buttons straight up to its high chin collar with big bone buttons. This is **$5.49**

Every raincoat sold by Macy's is guaranteed to be shower-proof.

Macy's—Third Floor.

Pretty New Hair Ribbons, 23c Yard

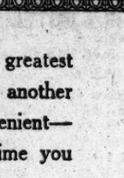
Ribbons to match the new school dress or to brighten up one not so new—that need has to be met these next few days.

The new plaid and moire taffeta ribbons of fine silk, six inches wide, make wonderful "perky" bows girls like to have. They come in all the fashionable colors and color combinations.

Macy's—Main Floor.

Boys' Hats

THERE are so many new shapes, colors, weaves and catchy novelties at Macy's this season that there isn't a boy in New York from 4 to 16 years of age who wouldn't vote Macy's Boys' Department the best of all places to buy. No store in the city has a bigger, fresher, more inviting lot of hats and caps, and no store's prices are as reasonable.



The new Sport Hat *(illustrated)* is one of the smartest Fall hats a boy could wear. It comes in black and white checks, Scotch tweeds, blue serges, and dark mixtures that harmonize well with the new suits. Different styles in the same materials—Norfolks and oval or octagon telescopes. $1.29 and $1.49

Boys' New Felt Hats $1.48 and $1.88

In the season's smartest Autumn shades—heather green, brown, gray, and blue, in octagon, telescope, and Alpine styles.

School Caps, 49c

Almost every conceivable mixture, check or shade, including blue serges. All sizes. Let sonny pick out his own.

"Rah-Rah" Hats 94c, $1.29 and $1.49

For the manly little chaps of 7 or 8 "Rah-Rah" hats are just the thing. Dashing and smart in their varying styles and not too "grown-up." We show a great many very fetching styles, all with name-bands and some with fancy bands of colored silk.

Boys' Velour Hats, $4.74

Of real rich Austrian velour, imported and made into hats here. Without exception the smartest and dressiest hat of the season. The "Millionaire" is round and smooth and the "Octagon" is round with eight little creases. Colors: Brown, navy blue, and green. Also in black and in white.

Macy's—Second Floor.

Boys' Furnishings

THERE is no more satisfactory place in New York to buy Boys' and Youths' Furnishings than at Macy's. There are always large and varied assortments and complete range of sizes here. Quality comes before price, but mothers know that no other store can rival Macy's prices.

Tapeless Blouses, 48c

Of serviceable madras and percale in a large assortment of fancy stripes or plain white. With or without attached collars. Sizes 6 to 16 years.

Our $1.00 Blouses, 74c

Excellent quality madras and mercerized materials. Plain white or fancy stripes on light, dark or medium grounds. Some with attached collars, others with detachable collar to match. Soft double cuffs. Sizes 6 to 16 years.

Our $1.00 Boys' Shirts, 74c

For boys and youths whose collars run from sizes 12 to 14. Made of good, serviceable madras and percale materials in a great variety of bright, cheerful colorings.

Fall Neckwear 24c, 44c, 74c

We do not believe there is a larger, more inviting stock of Boys' Fall Neckwear in any other New York store. There are silk ties and knitted ties, ties for very young boys, and ties that big brother might envy. There are ties with wide or narrow ends, and there are Windsor and batwing ties. Plain colors as well as fancy designs. All of good, high quality materials. Such an array will delight any boy's heart. Bring him and let him choose his own.

Also complete and attractive stocks of bath robes, pajamas, collars, underwaists, suspenders and belts—good values because dependable and very reasonably priced.

Macy's—Second Floor.

School Supplies

The first lesson in economy for the kiddies just starting school—and another proof to their elders that Macy prices are *always* the "Lowest-in-the-City," *and Macy qualities always better.*

Composition Books, press board covers, ruled and unruled, plain and picture covers; 48, 72 and 120 pages; sizes 6⅞x8¼ inches. 3c and 4c each.

Composition Books, 240 pages, strongly made, good quality paper...5c each.

Composition Books, stiff green covers, sizes 6¾x8¼, 120 pages, 7c each.

An unusually large assortment of other composition books in various qualities, rulings, plain or black leatherette covers. Containing from 100 to 288 pages at prices ranging from 8c to 22c each. Open end or sides. Various sizes Chamois Pen Wipers, 1c and 5c each.

Simplex Covers for Students—full black cloth, stiff covers containing 100 pages, open end or sides; high-grade quality paper. 19c to 34c each.

Other sizes at exceedingly low prices. Fillers at 7c for package of 50 sheets.

Stafford's Inks—2 ounce bottles, jet black, blue black, green, violet and unchanging blue, 2c each.

2 ounce size, red, 7c; ½ pt. jet black and blue black, 21c; 1 pt. size, 31c; 1 qt. size, jet black and blue black, 52c.

Eberhard Faber Pencils at 2c, 3c and 4c. Penholders, 3c, 4c, 5c, 6c, 7c, 14c and 21c.

Eagle Combination Pen and Pencil Holders, reversible and with rubber. 3c each

Pencils, excellent quality, with erasers, at 6c doz.

Assorted makes in pencils. All shapes and leads with rubbers, 24c doz., regularly 35c to 54c doz.

Eagle Pencils, assorted colors; gilt and nickel tips with rubbers; round and hexagonal shapes. 14c doz.

Writing Tablets of all kinds, rulings and qualities; handsome designs on covers, including photographs of moving picture stars. Containing from 45 to 100 sheets. Sizes 5x8, 5½x9, 5x6½, 8x10 inches. Choice, at 4c each.

School Slates, sizes 5x7 in. to 8x12 in.; prices from 5c to 21c each.

$1.00 "Boston" Pencil Sharpeners for the desk or home use. Very convenient and practical. Special at 76c each.

Rulers, 12, 15, 18 inches long, with plain or brass edges, at 1c to 9c each

White Paste from 5c for 2 ounce size to 59c for quart size.

Moore's Folding Lunch Boxes. Strongly constructed; practical. 11c each

School Crayons, assorted colors, good quality, 5c, 21c and 42c a box.

Eagle Compass and Divider, 12c each.

Special School Bag Combination Outfit, consisting of strong leatherette bag with 2 large pockets, extra strap and buckle, containing one 8x10 in. and one 5x8 in. writing tablet, one 8x10 in. pad, box of 14 crayons in assorted colors, brass edge ruler, pencil box filled with pencils and 70-page picture cover composition book, 89c. complete.

Dustless Blackboard Erasers, 4c each.

Macy's Special Fountain Pen—Fine, medium or stub, 14-kt. gold pen point, plain or chased barrel. A pen which is giving thorough satisfaction, yet costs only 69c.

Pen Points—Double spring, small falcon, medium and fine—the product of one of the best makers in the country. 39c gross.

School Bags of Rope—Very strong and durable, in cream, white or striped effects. Small sizes, 27c each; large size, 37c each.

Special School or Household Combination, containing 1 bottle Carter's Pencraft ink, 1 bottle Household ink (red), 1 tube of Spreader paste, 1 Carter's blue pencil, 1 bottle Carter's Household Indelible ink, 2 bottles of Mr. and Mrs. Carter's ink. Complete for 44c.

Blue Bird Pencil Cases—Beautiful assortment, each box has a blue bird on hinged cover. Contains 5 pencils, 1 red and blue crayon, 2 holders, 1 eraser, 1 pencil sharpener and quantity of pen points. 39c each.

Pretty Burnt Wood School Companion Set with hinged cover and brass clasps. The set consists of: 6 pencils, 2 holders, a quantity of points, and eraser and several bands. Complete, 39c each.

Writer's Companion Set—Beautiful, boxed. Contains 1 ruler, bands, eraser, pens, 2 holders, 10 pencils and pencil sharpener. Complete at 72c.

E. Faber Pencil Sets—Special, beautiful Dresden assortment of Japanese figures on covers which open on hinges. Each box contains 5 Eberhard Faber pencils, 2 holders, 1 eraser, a supply of bands, and a pencil protector. Complete for 19c.

Special—Pencil Cases with Japanese and floral design on covers; containing 4 pencils, 1 holder, 1 eraser—all Eberhard Faber pencils. 10c each.

Special—Pencil Cases containing miniature slate on cover of boxes; 5 pencils, 2 holders, one red and blue crayon, quantity of pens, pencil sharpener and an eraser included in the set, at 37c each.

Special—Beautiful Wooden Box Sets, figures painted on cover. Contains 5 pencils, 1 holder, 1 eraser, a separate key for lock. Box 21c.

Macy's—Main Floor.

Misses' & Children's Sweaters

So many new things are arriving in this department daily—serviceable worsted sweaters, gay-hued sweaters of fibre silk, fringed and tasseled; fleecy, soft Angora wool sweaters—everything to please the fancy of little girls and their elder sisters. Here are two specially good values for the practical mother:

Misses' or children's all-worsted sweaters, knitted in plain stitch, with all-around belt, and collar and cuffs. *(Illustrated—second figure).* Rose, gray, tan, maroon, Delft blue and white.

Sizes 6 to 8 yrs., $2.96 10 to 14 yrs., $3.74

Misses' and children's all-worsted sweaters knitted in fancy self-stitch; with roll collar and cuffs. In gray, tan, maroon, Delft, rose and white. *(First figure.)*

Sizes 6 to 8 yrs., $2.24 10 to 14 yrs., $2.96

Macy's—Third Floor.

Coats, Suits, and Dresses for Girls

A few practical suggestions for girls of the school age, selected from a hundred or more serviceable and attractive garments in Autumn's newest modes.

Girls' school dresses of **wear-well** navy serge, with trimmings of plaid silk. The little coatee is detachable, and has removable collar and cuffs of white repp. Pleated skirt on separate bodice. Sizes 6 to 14 years. *(Illustrated, 1st figure.)* $4.96

Girls' Corduroy Dresses *(2d figure).* A semi-high-waisted model, trimmed with messaline pipings to match, and large rainbow pearl buttons. The detachable gulmpe is of dimity, with collar and cuffs of hand-made Irish lace. Rose and pastel blue. Sizes 6 to 12 years. $11.74

Girls' Two-piece Russian Blouse Dresses of navy serge, with yoke, wide belt, and patch pockets. Hemstitched pongee collar, with tasseled streamers of silk braid. Pleated skirt on separate bodice. 10 to 16 years. $7.49

Girls' Dresses of Navy Serge, in quaint, high-waisted model, with separate bolero bound with silk braid; and sash and trimmings of plaid silk. Sizes 6 to 14 yrs. $7.49

Girls' Norfolk School Suits *(3rd figure)* of two-toned tweed in gray or brown. Coat is silk lined and has convertible collar of chamois cloth in contrasting color. Two patch pockets in skirt. Sizes 12 to 16 years. $13.49

Girls' Winter Coats of Chinchillla or Zibeline, made with patch pockets, wide belt, and velvet collar, and lined throughout with flannel. Colors—navy brown and green zibeline. Gray, brown and navy chinchilla. Sizes 6 to 16 years. $7.49

Macy's—Third Floor.

School and Party Dresses for Misses

School and party dresses for dignified Big Sister, who is deep in the midst of her High School course, and Junior dresses for younger sister, who is fast "catching up" with her. Scores and scores of pretty things—from which we have selected three to describe here.

A very smart Junior dress is of navy serge combined with plaid taffeta. The belted and pocketed coatee is of the serge, the full bishop sleeves and gathered skirt of the plaid silk. White satin sailor collar and wide Windsor tie to match plaid. $24.74

An inexpensive school frock shows a little scalloped coatee of plain navy serge, combined with an accordion-pleated skirt of dark blue and green plaid. Sleeves and revers are of matching navy satin. Collar and vest of white Georgette crepe. $15.74

Just the fluffiest, prettiest thing imaginable is an **Empire party frock of chiffon,** over accordion-pleated crepe de chine, daintily trimmed with fine applique lace and ribbon. It comes in maize, pink, white and blue. **Price $17.74**

Macy's—Third Floor.

Little shoppers will receive the same attention as their elders, and their wants will be filled with painstaking care.

Coats and Suits for High School Girls

The girl in her teens will delight in choosing her own special outfit—with mother's help—from among the smart things in this department. Everything for outer wear is here—from the rainy-day coat up to the pretty fur-trimmed suit—and all at "Lowest-in-the-City" prices.

A military suit of whipcord has straight box coat, trimmed with rows of ball buttons and loops and black silk braid. The high military collar is finished with rows of narrow silver braid, and is silk lined and interlined. Skirt with adjustable belt, drawn through loops. Navy, brown, black. **Price $22.74**

What high-school miss could ask for anything more good-looking than the **belted gabardine** suit *pictured,* with its high collar of skunk-opossum? This comes in navy blue, brown, or black, with ivory buttons. Coat is silk lined and interlined and skirt has two buttoned-down pockets. Sizes 14, 16, 18 years. $26.75

The tremendously smart **raglan top-coat** *illustrated* is of checked worsted in brown, green, or gray mixtures, with high choker collar of matching velvet (the kind that slips through a loop to form a butterfly tie), and sleeves with buckled velvet straps. Sizes 14, 16 and 18 years. Priced only $11.74

A snappy **Cravenetted Shower-Proof Coat of English Cloth** has set-in sleeves, novel pockets, and separate belt. The yoke and sleeves are satin lined and the coat is tailored with scrupulous nicety down to the smallest detail. Sizes 14, 16 and 18 years. $14.74

Macy's—Third Floor.

Romper Cloth 10c yd.

(Macy's usual price 12c)

Checks, stripes, plain blues, pinks and lavenders are shown in a strong cotton gingham. This material is recommended for its long wearing qualities in wash suits that must stand many tubbings. It is 31 inches wide.

Macy's—Second Floor.

School & Dress Hats for Girls and Misses

Tailored & Semi-dress Hats for Young Girls and Misses from 7 to 18 Years

$4.96, $5.94 and up to $9.89

These hats represent the latest Paris and London ideas in velvet and velour trimmed hats for school and dress wear.

Velvet, with satin ribbon and flowers. $2.49

In the Millinery Salons (Second Floor)

School and Dress Hats for Girls from 7 to 16 Years of Age

Specially Priced

$1.98, $2.97 and $3.96

Plain velour hats in smart shapes—pokes and sailors of shirred velvet—larger velvet hats—in short, hats to fit every girl and every occasion. Colors—navy, brown, black and the new shades.

On the Balcony (34th St.)

For Little Hands

Gloves that are correct and durable are offered at Macy's in a variety of styles and at "Lowest-In-the-City" prices.

At 94c

Washable Chamois Gloves; in natural and white.

Cape Walking Gloves—either pique or prix-seam sewn; single clasp; in shades of tan.

Mocha Gloves—single clasp, pique sewn; in tan and gray.

At 44c

"Marchioness" Silk Gloves in Milanese weave; two clasps; double finger tips; in tan, white, gray and navy.

At 59c

Duplex Cotton Gloves—washable and warmth-giving. In white and gray.

Macy's—Main Floor.

Over-Confidence May Be Costly

You should not allow your faith in the honesty of your employees to blind you to the fact that defalcations do occur, and frequently. Though the general standard of honesty is certainly high, yet this Company alone deals with an average of eight defalcations daily!

Consider this and the fact that in every case these are trusted men, and you cannot doubt the wisdom of bonding your employees in the Company whose ability to pay a just claim is unquestionable, and whose willingness to pay it promptly has been proved again and again.

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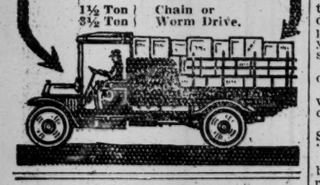

BLOOMINGDALE'S.

Unhappy? (Guess NOT!)

WHY is Johnnie always accused of flat rebellion when any one mentions *school?*

Didn't he (and Sister) have the time of their lives *last* term—and the term before *that?*

Everything here to make the youngsters ready for "dear old golden rule days."

And right now a special sale of *School Supplies at special prices!*

Bloomingdale's
59th to 60th St.

Pussy Willow
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
is a favored silk for waists and lingerie. Washes and irons like linen.
See the stamp on the selvage;—the label in the garment.
ALTHROP & CO. SILKS

7-20-4
R.G. SULLIVAN'S
Sales have shown a continuous increase for forty years. Quality counts.
Largest selling brand of 10c Cigars in the world.
FACTORY, MANCHESTER, N. H.

FAIL TO IDENTIFY ACCUSED NEGROES

Men Who Were Fishing Near Scene of Mohr Murder Confronted with Prisoners.

SAW TWO NEGROES ON ROAD

But Are Not Sure Whether Prisoners Are These Men—New Witness Says Doctor Was Followed.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, Sept. 6.—An unsuccessful attempt was made today to identify two of the negroes held for the murder of Dr. C. Franklin Mohr, as the two men who were seen pushing a motor cycle in the immediate vicinity of the murder at the time the shots were fired on the Nayatt Road last Tuesday night. Chief of Police Robbins of Barrington confronted the suspected men, George W. Healis and Cecil Victor Brown, with the two men who were fishing near the Nayatt Road at the time of the murder. These men are Samuel Selley of 82 Salina Street, this city, and Albert Ducharme of Nayatt.

While Mr. Selley stated that two men passed within five feet of him on the edge of Echo Lake snortly after he heard the shots fired, he could not make a positive identification of either man. He and Mr. Ducharme said they were positive the men were negroes, and they were pushing a motor cycle between them.

Chief Robbins took the two men down to Bristol yesterday afternoon. He went into the corridor of the jail where the three accused negroes were, and talked to them while Selley and Ducharme studied their features from outside the bars. Following a five-minute period of observation, Selley, acting as spokesman, made the following statement:

"It is the pair without a doubt, but I could not positively identify them. On Tuesday night, shortly before 9 o'clock, Mr. Ducharme and myself were fishing on Echo Lake. I was standing at a point near the town road, and he was twenty-five feet or so on the other side.

"Suddenly we heard two shots, coming in quick succession. They were fired one, two, and then a pause. Again there were two more shots, one, two, and a pause of ten or fifteen seconds before the fifth shot was fired. That was the last one.

"I did not think anything of it at the time, and neither did Mr. Ducharme. A very short while after I heard footsteps, and saw two men approaching. They were wheeling a motor cycle between them. One was tall and the other short, the taller man being on the left side and the other on the right.

"There was a small incandescent lamp almost over my head, one of the regular town road lights. The men came within five feet of me and their faces remained black. Consequently, I came to the conclusion that both were negroes. They were talking, but I could not catch one word that was said. I watched them pass, and about forty feet away they cranked up and started off on the motor cycle. I said to Mr. Ducharme that they must have been the men that fired the shots, as they came from that direction.

"My identification would be that they were either the men, or they are just like the two I saw last Tuesday evening. I did not know about the shooting of Dr. Mohr until I read the papers the next morning, although I passed right by the spot about one hour after I saw the two men disappear with the motor cycle."

The story as told by Mr. Ducharme is practically the same. He could not make a positive identification, although he is certain that Brown and Spellman are the two men he saw on the night of the murder. Spellman is almost a head taller than Brown.

Prisoners in Jovial Mood.

Before Chief Robbins arrived with his two witnesses a reporter interviewed the three negroes together—Healis, Brown, and Spellman. They were in an exceptionally jovial mood and were calling for the jailer's wife to "bring on the eats."

In reply to a question Healis said:

"I don't know anything new except that Brown here is a deacon. We conducted church here yesterday and he preached the sermon. So in the future you can call him 'Deacon Brown' instead of Victor."

"What about the repudiation of the original confession?" Healis was asked.

"Don't know anything about it. You will have to see Harry Curtis. He is our attorney," Healis replied.

Other questions directed to Brown and Spellman brought forth the same reply: "See Curtis, he is our lawyer."

Harry C. Curtis, the lawyer named by the negroes, denied that he had been retained as their counsel. He said that at the request of a brother of George Healis he had talked with the accused men, but had not accepted their case.

Edward Vail, chauffeur for J. C. McCoy, who has a Summer home at Barrington, told the police today that he saw a small car following the Mohr machine on the night of the murder. The smaller car, according to Vail, was trailing close behind the doctor's car, and while he arrived on the scene almost immediately after the shooting, Vail says he does not know what happened to the small car. His story of the shooting follows:

Saw Car Trailing Doctor's Auto.

"I was walking along the Barrington Road in the direction of Nayatt with a lady friend when we were passed by a large National automobile, the engine of which was working badly. I was of the opinion at that time that the carburetter was not working right. Just behind the big car, which was driven by Healis, was a small automobile which, I think, was a Ford car.

"We had gone but a short distance when I heard two shots and then there was a pause and then two more shots. We stopped in the road and I saw the flash of the last shot. We ran down to the spot and found two automobiles there which were headed in the direction of Providence. In those cars were Henry Schaffe and Fred A. Ballou, both of Nayatt. They said they had picked up the stalled automobile with their headlights.

"Miss Burger was sitting in the middle of the road and Dr. Mohr was lying with his head on the back of the car unconscious. I asked Healis what was the matter and he replied that they were fired on from behind. He had been fixing his car, the hood being up. I inquired about the small automobile but no one saw it, nor did I see it after it passed upon the road."

At Dr. Mohr's home tonight the following statement was issued:

"Mrs. Mohr, Mr. McCartin, and Mr. Cushing had a conference and concluded that it would not be judicious to answer the questions propounded by the newspaper correspondents.

"They would like to clear up these matters, but feel that it is good policy to simply wait and allow the State to establish its case on the 16th of the month."

It was learned today that the police have information to show that Healis and Spellman expected to get hold of some money around the fifteenth of this month; that they had ordered 1916 motor cycles and were to pay for them at that time.

An echo of Tuesday night's tragedy will be heard in the Municipal Court tomorrow when the petition of Mrs. Elizabeth F. Mohr, the doctor's widow, to be appointed administratrix of his valuable estate will be heard. It is understood that a son of the physician by a former marriage will oppose the petition of Mrs. Mohr, who is at liberty on $10,000 bail pending her appearance in court Sept. 16 on a charge of having plotted her husband's death.

Monkey House Annoyer to Jail.

Ludwig Senick, 38 years old, a clerk of 408 East Fifty-fourth Street, was sentenced to thirty days in the workhouse by Magistrate Koenig in the Men's Night Court last night for annoying a girl 13 years old in the monkey house in Central Park. Detective Martin O'Callaghan, who is detailed to protect women visitors to the monkey house, testified he saw Senick rub against the girl, who ran away.

HELD BURGLAR IN ELEVATOR

Apartment House Employes Watched Negro While Police Were Called.

When a burglar alarm in the basement of the Palmetto Apartment, at 100 Morningside Drive, near 118th Street, started to ring shortly after 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Sol Saunders, the negro elevator boy on duty, notified Charles Anderson, the superintendent, and they ran the elevator down to investigate. At the door of the storeroom they found a young negro with an iron bar in his hand, trying to force the lock open.

There was a struggle, during which the intruder wielded the bar, but he was overpowered, although it took both Anderson and Saunders to hold him. The superintendent and the elevator boy held their prisoner in the elevator between the first and second floors while a tenant of the apartment house called Patrolman Brawley of the West 125th Street Station.

At the station the prisoner said he was George Miller of 219 West 127th Street. He was held on a charge of burglary. At the Fourth Branch Detective Bureau his finger prints were taken, and it was found that a negro with similar finger prints had served terms for burglary.

THIEVES FIRE BLANK SHOT.

Escape from Williamsburg Shop in the Panic Which Follows.

Max Oblas, who keeps a shoe store at 65 Broadway, Williamsburg, was standing at his door about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon watching the crowds leaving moving picture shows when three youths rushed into the place and tried to seize a box of shoes. The proprietor struggled with them until one of the intruders pulled a pistol loaded with blank cartridges from his pocket and fired at him. The noise attracted a crowd outside the shop door, and in the excitement the youths got away.

After Oblas had assured himself that he had not lost any shoes he went to the drug store at the corner and a call was sent for an ambulance, which conveyed him to Williamsburg Hospital, where the surgeon dressed a burn on his chest caused by the blank cartridge and Oblas returned to his shop. Two weeks ago he said two young men entered his shop in the same manner and stole two boxes of shoes from him and got away.

BABY PARADE IN WOODSIDE.

Judges Award 75 Prizes Among 200 Infants in Costume.

Two hundred or more babies took part in a parade in Woodside, L. I., yesterday afternoon. The committee in charge had provided seventy-five silver cups, silver spoons, cut glass pieces, pictures, and other articles for prizes, but Alderman Alexander Dujat, Mrs. Alfred J. Eno, Mrs. Mary Marsden, and Dr. William Goubeaud had a hard time picking the winners.

Alderman Dujat is seeking the Democratic indorsement for Sheriff, and Mrs. Eno is Chairman of the Woman Suffrage party in Queens. It was Mrs. Marsden's husband, Captain Christopher Marsden, who braved the German mine fields at the opening of the war and landed the first American cargo in a hostile port. Dr. Goubeaud is known to every woman and child in Woodside.

Alderman Dujat, who is a bachelor, said he was on the Judges's Committee to agree with the two women members, and Dr. Goubeaud expressed a similar sentiment.

William F. Borges, a local politician, was Marshal. He was assisted by William McCann, Jr., and Edward Wolters. The Captains of the divisions were John Sullivan, Joseph Murtha, Franklin Cummings, Louis Levesque, Lawrence Coughlin, Joseph Cummings, and Thomas White. Joseph E. Mohen was Chairman of the celebration.

The parade started shortly after 2 o'clock and went through the principal streets of the village, passing the reviewing stand on the way. Patrick Edward Pritchard, 2 years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Pritchard, dressed as Cupid, won a silver cup. Robert Burns and Johanna Goetlicher, 3 years old, as bride and bridegroom, were prize winners and two Charlie Chaplins tied for a prize. They were Thomas Ehrhart and Harold Krone.

Florence McCann, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William McCann, appeared as the Pink Baby and got first prize. Among the other winners were John Tomman, Frances Casey, Paul Pratt, Jr., Grace Lang, Joseph Wagner, Jerome Tomman, Dorothy Harper, Robert Kennedy, John Busby, Catharine McGowan, Vincent Reis, Emilie Vettel, Edward Gannon, George Breen, Lydia Krohn, James Elwood Twomey, Ida Jean Wilkinson, Louis Wipfle, Flora Stahl, Patrick Sullivan, Joseph P. Jay, and Elsie Hoffman.

MORE MILK DRIVERS QUIT.

Strikers Visit Branch Stations to Call Out All Men.

Seventy-five drivers for the Sheffield Farms-Slawson Decker Company, started early this morning to visit several distributing stations of the company to persuade the men there not to work. All wore the white coats of the service and they were led by two strike leaders, a man named Murphy and a "leader from Harlem."

It had been the intention of the strikers to hold a meeting at 1 A. M. at the London Casino, 172d Street and Third Avenue, but when the time for the meeting came the keys of the hall could not be found. The men hung around the hall until the leaders came, and then the announcement was made that the plans had been changed.

The first place the strikers visited was the station at 531 West Twenty-eighth Street. From there they started for several other stations, including those in Webster Avenue, Dyckman Street, and Manhattan Street.

The strike, which began with twenty-three drivers as a protest against the discharge of the men who attempted to unionize them, has now spread to 200 drivers. Besides the recognition of the union the men want the abolition of fines and one day off a month.

Theodore J. Wandelt, President of the Retail Milk Drivers' Union, said the employers thought that the strike was over, but that in reality it had just begun. Representatives of the company had intimated yesterday afternoon that they were ready to meet the demands of the twenty-three original strikers.

Wagons from the East 180th Street branch went out yesterday morning with a detective on each one and with a guard of twenty mounted policemen in charge of the wagon train. There was no trouble.

CIRCUS RIDER DEAD; POLICE HOLD COINER

Freda Fagerstron Screamed for Help at Midnight, Neighbors Say.

NOSE BROKEN, EYE BRUISED

Kerns, with Whom She Lived, Says Woman Took Cyanide He Used in Making Half Dollars.

In investigating the death of a woman whose bruised body was found in a room on the top floor of a tenement house at 157 East 112th Street yesterday the police discovered a counterfeiter, who on his own admission has been operating successfully for ten years. The dead woman was Freda Fagerstron, 27 years old, a circus rider. She was at the Hippodrome two years ago. The counterfeiter with whom she had been living and who was arrested on the charge of having caused her death was John Kerns, 32 years old. He gave his occupation as ticket speculator.

While the detectives were in the three-room apartment where the couple lived a woman dressed in black appeared at the door and asked to see "Mr. Jack." She was received by Deputy Commissioner Scull, Inspector Cray, and a squad of detectives. They questioned her, but she refused even to give her name until she was taken to the Third Branch Detective Bureau. She finally said she was Mrs. Gussie Wolfe of 414 East 148th Street.

Assistant District Attorney Skinner of the Homicide Bureau ordered her detained as a material witness. The police think she may have been employed by Kerns to distribute counterfeit half dollars, which he said he had been manufacturing at the rate of $5 worth a day.

Woman's Nose Was Broken.

Kerns made his confession to Police Inspector Cray after he had been arrested, charged with homicide. On the woman's face and body were found bruises which would indicate that she had been beaten to death. There was a deep abrasion under the right eye, the nose was broken, and there was another bruise on the left cheek. Coroner's Physician Lehan examined the body, but reserved his decision as to the cause of death pending an autopsy which is to be made today.

Two neighbors said there was a scuffle in the room before the woman died. Mrs. Anderson and Mrs. Strauss live on the same floor. Shortly after midnight, Mrs. Anderson said, the woman put her head out of the window leading into the air shaft and called for help. Mrs. Anderson paid no attention because she believed her to be intoxicated.

Then Miss Fagerstron rushed into the hall and rang the bell for Mrs. Strauss. Mrs. Strauss heard the ring, as well as the outcry, but she also refused to respond. She said she thought the circus rider was merely raising a drunken disturbance. After that there was no further noise.

At noon yesterday Kerns came downstairs and called for the janitress, Mrs. Elizabeth Warde. He told her that his wife had committed suicide. He then hurried to the Third Branch Detective Bureau and told Lieutenant McCarthy that he had better send some one over to his rooms, because the woman whom he called his wife had died in her sleep. Detective Carmody made an investigation, and, finding bruises on the woman's body, placed Kerns under arrest.

Kerns Says She Took Poison.

To Inspector Cray Kerns insisted that there had been no fight and that he had not placed hands on the woman. He said it was his opinion that she had swallowed some cyanide of potassium. When questioned more closely he admitted that he used cyanide of potassium to make counterfeit half-dollar pieces.

He said that when he awoke in the morning to find the woman dead he anticipated a search of his rooms by the police, and, fearing that damaging evidence would be discovered on the premises, he hurriedly severed melting pots, some plaster casts, a mold containing a half-dollar piece, and a bottle of cyanide of potassium out of the window. All this material the detectives found in the rear yard of the tenement at 163 East 112th Street.

At the Detective Bureau later in the afternoon Kerns became quite frank in reference to his ability as a counterfeiter. He showed familiarity with many acid solutions, and said he had learned his chemistry by taking a course in a Scranton correspondence school.

"I passed out on the average not more than $5 worth of stuff a day," said Kerns. "I did not want to flood the town."

To Inspector Cray Kerns also admitted that he had served time in the workhouse and in the penitentiary for picking pockets and for petit larceny. He said he had learned to make counterfeit money when he was 15 years old.

The Federal authorities have been apprised of the counterfeiting apparatus found and will be in court when Kerns is arraigned this morning. The police believe he used the gas range in his kitchen to melt the metal for making coins.

CITY BREVITIES.

Timothy Ryan, 54 years old, of 582 Grant Avenue, East New York, a stationary engineer in the Department of Water Supply, shot himself through the head in the bathroom at his residence at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and died two hours later. He had been in poor health.

In trying to help Aaron Steinburg, 12 years old, of 609 East 138th Street, who fell into an excavation at 138th Street, near Cypress Avenue, yesterday, Fireman John Duffy of Engine Company 83 fell twenty-five feet into the excavation and suffered a fractured skull. The boy was only slightly hurt. Both were taken to Lincoln Hospital, Duffy in a serious condition.

Louis Mills, 21 years old, a negro elevator operator, of 32 West 137th Street, was repairing his elevator on the ninth floor of 2,747 Broadway last night when he fell to the bottom of the shaft. He suffered a broken right leg and minor contusions of the body. He was taken to the Knickerbocker Hospital.

A leak was discovered yesterday morning in the 24-inch high-pressure water main at Seventh Avenue and Twenty-third Street, where the United States Realty and Improvement Company is excavating for the Seventh Avenue subway. A watchman found two feet of water in the excavation, extending north to Twenty-fifth Street and south to Twenty-first Street. After an hour's work the leak was temporarily patched. The damage was slight.

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KILLS HERSELF IN A HOTEL.

Maid Finds Body of Mrs. Mould in the New Victoria.

Exhausted by long years of suffering from a nervous disorder, Mrs. Ruth M. Mould of Ridgewood, N. J., committed suicide some time yesterday morning by shooting herself in the head with a revolver in a room in the New Victoria Hotel, at 155 West Forty-seventh Street. Upon a bureau in the room the police found letters addressed to the manager of the hotel, the Coroner, and the suicide's husband. The note to the Coroner said:

You will find $200 in an envelope in my stocking for burial expenses. Please send receipted bills to my husband, H. S. Mould, Hotel Butler, Seattle, Wash. You know the cause of my death, so I forbid an autopsy. My reason is that I am tired of fighting ill-health. I have had ten years of it, and am sure I can never be well. I have no courage left. Thanking you kindly and regretting the trouble.

RUTH M. MOULD.

Coroner Riordan said he probably would carry out her wishes in the matter of not having an autopsy. The letter to the hotel manager contained $20, and read:

Inclosed is money for my bill, and am very sorry I am making you so much trouble. Please send my belongings to the inclosed address and kindly keep same a secret. Again regretting this trouble and thanking you.

RUTH M. MOULD.

The enclosed address was: "Mrs. C. B. Zeeley, 24 North Maple Avenue, Ridgewood, N. J."

Mrs. Mould, who was a woman of refinement, registered at the hotel last Monday. She was well dressed, and during her stay it is said she did not have a visitor. After writing her farewell letters she disrobed and spent some time apparently lying in bed reading before ending her life. Her body was found in the afternoon by Agnes Hany, a chambermaid. No one in the hotel heard the shot. When Dr. Katz came in an ambulance from the Polyclinic Hospital he said that Mrs. Mould had been dead for several hours. One hand was thrown across her chest and the other hung down at the side of the bed clutching a small pearl-handled revolver. There was a bullet wound in her right temple.

Coroner Riordan found the letters, and those that were stamped were mailed. The article in the September number of the magazine which she had been reading was entitled "The Bedside Manner." It told of a physician's unsuccessful struggle with disease and ended "still smiling, he pitched forward on his face dead."

At 24 North Maple Avenue, Ridgewood, it was said that Mrs. Mould was about 34 years old. For some time she had been suffering from nervous disease, and on that account had been unable to join her husband, who is in business in Seattle, Wash. She had been in two or three sanitariums, it was said, and finally had decided to come to New York for an operation. Worry over the operation was thought to have been the cause of the suicide.

E. B. Zielley said Mrs. Mould had written for the magazines under the name of Ruth Mould.

BROOKLYN GOLDFISH SHOW.

$10,000 Exhibits to Compete for Ribbons and Silver Cups.

Brooklyn is to have a fish show. There will be blue ribbons for the best goldfish in different classes, and on the second day five silver loving cups will be awarded, together with several gold medals.

The fish shows are to be held under the auspices of the American Federation of Goldfish Fanciers. The headquarters of the federation are in the Johnston Building, at 8 Nevins Street, and the first exhibition will be held there next Monday evening. Six ribbons and a gold medal will be awarded. This exhibition will be followed by an auction sale of snails, fish, plants, and fish food donated by members of the federation, the proceeds of the sale to go toward the purchase of the five silver cups. These will be awarded at the second exhibition, which will be held on Oct. 12 and will be open to fish lovers all over the country. The federation officers expect $10,000 worth of fish to be entered in the second competition, and in the evening L. L. Mowbray, Superintendent and Collector of the New York Aquarium, will speak on capturing fresh-water aquarium fish in the Everglades.

President S. Chichester Lloyd of the federation will also speak, and is expected to tell of his experiences in trying to prevent the sale of globes as homes for pet fish in private residences and the sale of fish foods that lack the ingredients relished by fish. One of the foods offered for fish, according to Mr. Lloyd, consists of ground dog biscuit, and is especially offensive to the finer sensibilities of delicate fish.

The opening clause of the constitution of the federation sets forth that one of its aims is to promote the humane handling of goldfish and to eliminate "the manifold cruelties now prevailing in all quarters; to provide for research bearing on the prevention and treatment of goldfish diseases, most of which are the result of both ignorance and cruelty, and, finally, to force from the market deleterious substances falsely represented as 'goldfish foods'."

FIFTEEN-YEAR HUNT TO END.

Captain C. E. Farrand's Widow to be Declared Legally Dead.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., Sept. 6.—Mrs. May Spencer Farrand, second wife of the late Captain Charles E. Farrand, U. S. A., retired, who mysteriously disappeared fifteen years ago, may soon be declared legally dead in order that the Captain's estate may be settled. The only heir the attorneys for the estate have been able to find is Mrs. Louise A. Ryder of New York City, daughter of Captain Farrand by his first marriage.

A nation-wide but futile search has been made for Mrs. Farrand for fifteen years by War Department officials, Federal Secret Service men, and attorneys, since she left Arvada, a Denver suburb, shortly after her husband's death. Neither relatives nor friends have since heard from her.

"Unless Mrs. Farrand is found by the end of this month," Public Administrator Woodward said, "she will have to be declared legally dead, and the Captain's fortune will go to the only heir we have been able to locate; but if she is found half of the fortune will go to her."

Paul Kelly's Brother Held as Thief.

Nicolo Vaccerelli, 28 years old, of 238 West Forty-first Street, said to be a brother of Paul Kelly, was locked up at Police Headquarters yesterday, charged with robbing Thomas Kirkwood, a saloon keeper, of 200 St. Nicholas Avenue. Kirkwood said that Vaccerelli, whom he knew, accompanied by three other men, entered his saloon last Saturday, beat him and took $120 from his pocket, also rifling the cash drawer. Vaccerelli denied Kirkwood's allegations. He was held in $4,000 bail by Magistrate Koenig in Harlem Court for examination on Thursday.

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BOY SHOT TO DEATH BEFORE OPEN SHRINE

Hit by Stray Bullet as Italians Fought During St. Maria Tindara Celebration.

4 IN THE COMBAT WOUNDED

Dispute Started Over Two-Cent Ear of Corn—A Woman Was One of the Injured.

Tony Gutcia, 27 years old, who was born in Italy and who has been making his living lately by selling roasted ears of corn at 2 cents apiece from a push-cart across the street from the little candy store run by his mother-in-law, Mrs. Annie Piazzia, at 442 East Thirteenth Street, started the day yesterday with record sales. Besides being Labor Day and a holiday, it was the beginning of a three-day celebration among the Italians of the crowded east side neighborhood in honor of St. Maria Tindara, and the block which lies between First Avenue and Avenue A was gay with flags, bunting, and banners, and thronged with holiday-making foreigners from the tenements that line the street.

One of the many disputes that the day had already produced regarding the merit of his corn occurred at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, when a boy insisted that he had received a bad ear and demanded the return of his 2 cents. While the pushcart merchant was arguing the time-honored caveat emptor law of sales, to the effect that it is the duty of the buyer to beware, a young Italian rushed up to the pushcart and demanded that 2 cents also be returned to him. His ear of corn also was bad, he said.

Starts Family Row.

A crowd gathered. Mrs. Piazzia ran across the street to see what the trouble was and joined heatedly into the argument. The purchasers had eaten the corn before discovering that it was no good, she argued. The younger brother of the second complainant joined in the dispute. Suddenly there was a movement in the crowd—the police believe it was started by the vendor or one of his friends who had gathered around—and the elder brother, who had gotten the bad ear of corn, fell to the street shouting that he had been stabbed.

The ensuing fracas was punctuated by four pistol shots, fired in rapid succession, and as policemen were running to the scene Italians disappeared around corners and into doorways. The policemen found only the injured. On the street beside the pushcart lay the man who had been stabbed, Joseph Bonanto, 28 years old, a laborer of 443 East Thirteenth Street; the peddler himself, who had been shot in the back, and Mrs. Piazzia, his mother-in-law, who had been shot in the chest. Across the street, under a temporary stand that had been erected for the festivities in honor of the saint, lay little Charles Romano, 7 years old, of 433 East Thirteenth Street, near where he had been playing when the shooting commenced. He had been struck in the head by a stray bullet. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital, where he died at 8 o'clock last night.

An hour later a fifth victim of the dispute over two cents' worth of corn was found in the person of Sciano Giacomo, 38 years old, a laborer of 442 East Thirteenth Street. He was arrested as a material witness when he went to a nearby drug store to have his wounds treated, for he had been shot in two places and had gotten out of sight when the policemen came on the scene. Giacomo said that he was injured while trying to play the part of peacemaker between the disputants. All of the injured were taken to Bellevue Hospital, and last night it was said that they were all in a very serious condition.

Prisoner Is Identified.

Ignatzio Bonanto, 22 years old, a laborer and the younger brother of the man who was stabbed, was caught and arrested by Policeman Crosby, of the East Twenty-second Street Police Station, a few moments after the shooting. Bonanto was running at top speed up First Avenue, and was caught at the corner of Seventeenth Street. For fear some of the victims might die the police took Bonanto to Bellevue, where he was identified as the man who had fired the shots after his brother had been stabbed. The revolver, however, was not found in his possession when he was arrested.

The shooting took place opposite an open shrine that had been erected for the three-day festival, and a large number of Italians were gathered about it when the trouble started.

A number of those were taken to the East Fifth Street Station afterward and examined as witnesses by Assistant District Attorney Skinner. During the rest of the afternonn the vicinity of the shooting was policed by reserves from the Fifth Street Station, and the scene was visited by Deputy Police Commissioner Scull, who took personal charge of the investigation; Captain Deevy of the First Branch Detective Bureau, Inspector Cray of the Detective Bureau, Acting Captain Lang of the East Fifth Street Station, and a number of Italian detectives.

A rigid investigation was made by the officials to ascertain whether the shooting was the result of a gang war, but it was decided that it was not, being instead was only the result of the combination of hot weather and the holiday.

MAY WITHDRAW F-BOATS.

Naval Officers Believe Submarines Will Be Taken Out of Service.

HONOLULU, Sept. 6.—As a result of the collision yesterday of the United States steamer Supply with the submarines F-1, F-2 and F-3, putting the little divers completely out of commission, naval officers were discussing today the probability of the withdrawal of all these vessels from the service.

After the loss last March of the F-4 with her crew of twenty-two men the F type of submarine was made the subject of a strict investigation, and the findings of the Board of Inquiry pointed out serious weakness common to the vessels.

The Supply ripped the shell off the F-2 to the water line and jammed her against the two other submarines with such force that the F-1's steering gear was smashed and her after fuel tank damaged. The F-3 also must be placed in dry dock for repairs before she is fit for service again.

The work of cleaning the hull of the F-4, which recently was raised from the bottom of Honolulu harbor, has been suspended until tomorrow. Thus far fifteen bodies have been taken from the wreck.

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AUTO TAG A CLUE TO CORD MURDER

Plate Found Near Spot Where Body Was Hidden May Reveal Slayer's Name.

PARTNER SEEKS RELEASE

Associate of Dead Man, Detained as a Witness, Threatens to Sue for False Arrest.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMDEN, N. J., Sept. 6.—A new clue that promises more than any unearthed so far by the detectives who are investigating the murder of Samuel Cord, the wealthy Laurel Springs real estate dealer, was found late this afternoon. An automobile license tag was discovered at Merchantville by Chief of Police Linderman. This tag is believed to be the license number of the "murder car" which carried Cord's body to the lonely spot on River Road, on the outskirts of Camden, where it was found riddled by bullets.

Eight witnesses from a party of automobilists that passed the spot while the "murder car" was standing on the road said that the license tag of the automobile was missing. The discovery of the tag is regarded as most important by the detectives. After a conference between Chief Linderman and Prosecutor Kraft in Camden, the Prosecutor and detectives engaged in the case motored away without revealing their destination.

Photographs of Cord, by order of Prosecutor Kraft, were put today in trolley cars running in the general direction of the spot where his body was found. The Prosecutor hopes by this method to find some one who saw Cord on the afternoon of the day he was murdered. So far it has been impossible to learn anything definite about his movements after he left his office in Philadelphia.

Olaf Peterson, Cord's partner, held as a material witness in the murder, made a formal demand upon the Prosecutor's office for his release today. The assistant prosecutors to whom he made his demand informed him that the Prosecutor was within the law in holding him, and that his only recourse was a writ of habeas corpus.

Peterson thereupon threatened to sue the county for false arrest. He has been following the case closely through the newspapers.

"Somebody's going to suffer for this," he said. "I'm innocent of any connection with this thing. I've told all I know, and I can't do any more. A lot of lies have been published about me, and the Prosecutor acts as if he thought I murdered Cord. I'm going to sue the county for damages for false arrest."

Some of the sleuths at work on the case swung back to the theory today that there was a woman in it. This was one of the first ideas advanced. It was abandoned with the theory that robbery impelled the murder.

Mrs. Evelyn Thaw Back.

Mrs. Evelyn Thaw, accompanied by her son Russell and Jack Clifford, her dancing partner, came back to New York yesterday from Camp Jack, Malone, N. Y., where they had been spending the Summer. Mrs. Thaw said she might make a statement later through her attorney. She denied the authenticity of an article printed recently that quoted her as saying she was through with Harry Thaw and his tribe.

A reporter's wife who knows a stenographer who heard what happened the day before two big financiers quarreled in an office on the twenty-fourth story of a New York skyscraper—that reporter's wife tells the story of "The Black Eagle Mystery" in this week's

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THE NATIONAL WEEKLY

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CALIFORNIA PLAYERS IN NATIONAL TENNIS FINAL—WOMEN'S GOLF STARTS AT ONWENTSIA

JOHNSTON'S WIN A REAL UPSET

Champion Williams Beaten in Tennis Tournament's Most Sensational Match.

YOUTHFUL STAR AT HIS BEST

McLoughlin Wins from Pell and Qualifies to Play for the National Title.

BIG CROWD SEES CONTEST

New Pacific Coast Finalist Enthusiastically Greeted on the Forest Hills Courts.

THE TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP.

Thirty-fifth Annual Tournament for the Championship of the United States.

Place—West Side Tennis Club, Forest Hills, L. I.; seven miles from Pennsylvania Station.

Trains—Leave Pennsylvania Station: A. M., 9, 9:20, 10:02, and 11:05; 12 noon; P. M., 12:30, 12:47, 1:10, 1:24, 1:34, 2:06, 2:20, 2:35, 2:45, and 3. Can be reached by trolley from Queensboro Bridge.

Official Referee—Robert D. Wrenn.

FINAL MATCH TODAY, 3 P. M. Maurice E. McLoughlin versus William M. Johnston.

PLAY FOR WEDNESDAY.

National Doubles Championship, Final Round.—Maurice E. McLoughlin and Thomas E. Bundy (holders) versus William M. Johnston and Clarence J. Griffin, Pacific Coast champions, (challengers.)

Final Round.—Mixed doubles.

All doubt as to whether or not the California brand of lawn tennis was becoming passé was dispelled by William M. Johnston and Maurice E. McLoughlin yesterday in the semi-final round of the All Comers' tournament. By widely different methods, always impressive and with a finality that left no uncertainty, before a crowd that packed the big stands at the West Side Tennis Club, Forest Hills, L. I., Johnston overwhelmed R. Norris Williams, 2d, the playing through champion, to the score of 5—7, 6—4, 5—7, 6—2, 6—2. McLoughlin more easily defeated T. R. Pell, former national indoor champion, 6—2, 6—0, 7—5.

Johnston was the hero of the day on the courts and likewise the favorite with the great throng. He made a plucky fight. He raced the corner chasers which Williams whipped across and gamely battled for the points at the net. Williams played somewhat easily through the early sets, confident of victory, for he remembered that three weeks ago he had defeated the little Californian in straight sets in the Longwood tournament. In the fourth set, when, as Williams tired, his shots no longer found the mark with the same sting and accuracy, he no longer performed his cute trick of kissing the tips of his fingers to the ball when Johnston slipped it past him.

As for McLoughlin, he played the game as he had invented it, the sort of California tennis that has become a byword throughout the world. He did not find any great degree of inspiration for the opposite side of the net, for Pell tried to make it an exchange of lengthy drives. But on such occasions as McLoughlin let himself loose for frenzied bits of smashing and volleying, there was no checking him. McLoughlin's service was good for a total of twelve service aces. The great Californian accomplished this even under the watchful eye of James S. Cushman, reckoned the most severe of foot fault judges, who was only able to see three infringements of the rule when McLoughlin toed the line. There was the old whirlwind pace to McLoughlin's ball, although for his side of the net Pell did not give him enough of a battle to keep him warmed up.

The fact that Johnston had to play through five nerve-racking sets, while McLoughlin merely had a practice contest, caused the experts to favor the chances of the Comet regaining his title and taking permanent possession of the cup in the final match this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The defeat of Williams and Pell yesterday removed the last survivors of the Eastern players from the tournament and in the singles today and the doubles tomorrow, as only Californians remain in the contest, the championships must fall to their portion.

While normally slow to get into action Williams was soon bringing off pretty placements and snapping chasers into the corners of Johnston's court. The champion at this stage had better pace, and in the line splitters he hit more truly. The Californian always forced the net, and once he got there it was rarely possible for Williams to pass him. Working stop volleys, cross courts and straight smashes Johnston electrified the crowd by moving to the lead at 5—1 on games in the first set. He was several times thereafter within a stroke of taking the set only to have the champion find the vulnerable spot on his back hand to turn the tide in his favor.

Williams bombarded Johnston's back hand with plenty of variety and at all speeds. It was profitable for from deep court Johnston was decidedly weak on that stroke. Playing under tremendous strain and with a brilliancy he never again attained in the match Williams ran off six games in a row for the first set. Every motion of the champion's at this time denoted that he felt confident, for he had turned the edge of his rival's game with a faster one and with far superior generalship. He found, however, that Johnston was also hitting with greater freedom, especially making good use of a sharp drive into the left-hand court that compelled the champion to go wide of the court, and then sending the return spinning into the right-hand corner for a pass. Fight as he might Williams was only able to hold the games to 4-all in this set, as Johnston cleanly outplaced him.

In his eagerness to bring off points in the rallies Johnston lost his lead in the next set. It was a bad set for him. He made inexcusable errors of attempting to cut the drives off too suddenly when he had the whole highway of the court to play to. The loss of the set had a sobering effect upon him. From the beginning of the fourth set to the end of the match and his sensational victory Johnston never lost command of pace. Once he fell in a race for a corner shot and showed his nerve by regaining his feet and stepping to the line to shoot across a service ace. He outplayed Williams and he made a complete job of it at the finish.

Johnston's ability to steady under a withering fire so that he scored many placements was the thing that brought about the great reversal. William's habit of serving the second ball as swiftly as the first produced a total of twelve double faults for him. One of the chief things about Johnston was that he was able to shut off Williams's passing shots so that the champion, bereft of his best point winner, had to take the defensive. Williams did not possess speed sufficient to smother the Californian, and once he had begun to lose ground he failed fast. Johnston's recoveries were little short of wonderful, and his footing so good as to make Williams appear slow and at times bad.

JOHNSTON EARNS VICTORY.

Young Californian Plays Almost Invincible Game Against Williams.

Playing an almost invincible game, William M. Johnston, the young San Francisco racquet expert, eliminated R. Norris Williams, 2d, of Philadelphia, the playing-through champion, in the semi-final round of the national tennis championship tournament on the turf courts of the West Side Tennis Club at Forest Hills, L. I., after a sensational five-set match, by scores of 5—7, 6—4, 5—7, 6—2, 6—2, while Maurice E. McLoughlin, also of San Francisco, defeated T. R. Pell of New York in straight sets, at 6—2, 6—0, 7—5.

The victory of McLoughlin, who already has twice won the bowl and a third win today will give him permanent possession of it, was expected, for the ex-title holder easily outranked his opponent; but it was the sensational victory of the young Western star that furnished the thrills for a crowd of 7,000 enthusiastic followers of the sport, and for the first time in the history of the struggle for the title left two Pacific Coast players to decide the national championship.

Johnston's defeat of Williams was unexpected, and proved to be the biggest upset in the national tournament for several seasons. The young Californian, who was placed sixth in the 1914 ranking while Williams was No. 2, won his victory over the title holder by superior play and generalship and without the semblance of a fluke. Johnston outplayed the famous foreign-coached champion, while his errors in total were a trifle less than those made by Williams. A stroke analysis for the entire match shows seven service aces for Johnston against five for Williams. In placement shots the Californian made 50 to Williams's 42. The victor drove out of court 59 times to the loser's 50, but retrieved himself by holding his netted balls to 40, against 46 for Williams. The latter also was guilty of 12 double faults, as against Johnston's 5.

It was not alone to his steadiness that Johnston's victory was due, for the youngster out-generaled and out-manoeuvred Williams. He appeared to have discovered weaknesses in the present play of Williams which the latter's previous opponents could not diagnose. He fought his way to the net in the manner that McLoughlin made famous a few years ago, and once there returned the balls at a constantly varying pace, chiefly to Williams's back hand. He did not, however, hold to any set form, and when the titleholder least expected it whipped the ball to Williams's forehand or to some uncovered portion of the court with a sureness and rapidity which in the long run completely broke down the latter's defense.

The youngster from the Pacific Coast showed his real courage by continuing to fight out the battle on the lines which he had evidently planned in advance, and as the play grew faster his superiority over Williams increased. Johnston drove and chopped the ball at Williams without a moment's respite, appearing to have perfect control of the sphere, no matter how hard the champion returned it to him, and the harder Johnston laced the ball the faster it traveled to unguarded spots in Williams's territory.

For the first time during the play the latter appeared to lose his confidence as to the ultimate outcome of the contest. He was driven into a defense stand on his base line, and forced to handle returns so quickly that they proved easy for Johnston. The fifth and deciding set was even easier for the San Franciscan, and the crowd ceased to applaud the telling strokes and chops of the players in sheer amazement at the suddenly developed racquet wizardry of Johnston.

Williams fought doggedly to avert defeat, but it was a losing fight, and his play indicated that he knew it. He lost all surety of stroke, sense of direction, and finally reached the point where he stood in bewilderment as Johnston's drives ripped the turf at his feet and then at a spot ten or fifteen feet away.

McLoughlin's victory over Pell lacked the spectacular play and thrills that so aroused the gallery in the Johnston-Williams contest, but it was indicated more clearly from the beginning of play. It was evident that McLoughlin, too, had a plan of campaign which was just the reverse of that adopted by Johnston. He whipped and slashed the ball at every opportunity to Pell's forehand and thus nullified the greatest asset of the latter, a backhand stroke. The former national champion did not evince any great desire to play his old net game, and there was little need of it, for he uncovered a deep court driving and placing game to which was little short of that exhibited by Williams at his best.

McLoughlin won his first leg on the championship trophy in 1912, and repeated in 1913. Last year he was shut out in the final round by Williams after playing the greatest game of his career during the Davis Cup matches, in which he defeated both Norman Brookes and Anthony Wilding, who was recently killed in France.

Williams won his first set against Johnston at 7—5 after the San Francisco player had run up the score to five games and 40—15. Johnston opened with the service and Williams immediately began to play to his opponent's back hand. He took the first game easily and then Johnston developed a well-conceived attack, in which he drove Williams's rather easy service and returns first to deep court and then just over the net, mixing up this change of pace with a number of sharp cross-court shots. The result was that the champion began to stroke rather wildly and Johnston ran into a lead where just one winning stroke would have given him the set. At this point Williams steadied and uncovered a game of tennis which showed him at his best. His play became almost invincible. The Harvard player began to pass Johnston as he came into the net and drive along the side line for clean placement aces. Johnston grew wild as Williams began to exhibit his finished tennis. With a shower of perfect fore and back hand strokes Johnston never had a chance to get set, and his own errors on netted and outed balls contributed materially to his downfall. Once the score had reached 5 all Johnston showed plainly the effects of the strain. In the eleventh game he double faulted twice and had two foot faults called against him, whereas Williams, playing like a finished machine, scored placement shots or let Johnston trap himself with outs and nets. The point score:

																	Pts.	G.
Williams	2	4	1	3	3	6	4	7	5	5	4	—	4	7				5
Johnston	4	2	4	5	5	5	4	2	5	3	3	2	—	4	4	5		

Williams—2 aces, 16 places, 16 outs, 13 nets, 4 double faults.

Johnston—8 aces, 8 places, 16 outs, 11 nets, 2 double faults.

Johnston won the second set 6—4, as a result of raising his game to a point he had not heretofore exhibited. He ran through the first three games at top speed, winning by his excellent placement shots, most of which were made from close toward the net, where he endeavored to establish himself as soon as the ball was put into play. From this point of vantage he bombarded the turf, first on one side and then on the other, until Williams did not know which way to turn for the oncoming ball. Williams endeavored to force Johnston away from the net, and by playing the ball close to the side lines did succeed in taking the next four out of five games, but the Californian, realizing that he could not hold his own with the champion except from close to the net, by clever generalship regained this advantage. The point score:

																	Pts.	G.
Williams	2	4	4	2	1	1	1	3	8	—	1	8						
Johnston	4	0	2	4	4	4	4	5	—	2	7	6						

Williams—One ace, 6 places, 6 nets, 6 outs, no double faults.

Johnston—Two aces, 13 places, 7 nets, 4 outs, no double faults.

McLoughlin won the first set at 6 games to 2 by playing steadily and persistently to his opponent's forehand. Pell was badly disconcerted by the Californian's tactics. He did not handle the fine balls with the same ease and facility that he would have if they had been delivered on his left side. He netted and drove out of court, and except for an occasional passing stroke down the side lines was unable to force McLoughlin to top speed. The latter's terrific service, which was in perfect working order, also troubled Pell, who had no less than six aces scored against him. The point score:

																	P.	G.
McLoughlin	4	6	4	4	9	5	2	6	—	4	0	6						
Pell	6	4	1	1	7	3	4	4	—	8	0	2						

McLoughlin—6 aces, 14 places, 11 nets, 8 outs, and 1 double fault.

Pell—No aces, 10 places, 9 nets, 11 outs, and no double faults.

Pell was at the mercy of McLoughlin in the second set, which went to the internationalist at 6—0. The Easterner played without any apparent snap, and in many cases made no attempt to go after the screaming drives which McLoughlin shot from his base line to all points of his opponent's court. McLoughlin moved into the net several times, from which point he smashed or softly dropped the ball back over the net by turns, until Pell was left uncertain as to whether he should come in or play deep court. The point score:

																	P.	G.
McLoughlin	6	4	4	4	4	4	—	2	6									
Pell	4	2	0	2	1	2	—	1	1	0								

McLoughlin—8 aces, 11 places, 3 nets, 4 outs, 2 double faults.

Pell—No aces, 2 places, 3 nets, 7 outs, 2 double faults.

McLoughlin won the third set and with it the match, seven games to five. Pell, in his final stand against the Pacific Coast expert, improved his play, and for a time held McLoughlin even. The Eastern backhand expert opened with the service, and for the first ten games each player won in turn on his own service. In the eleventh McLoughlin broke through and won the twelfth game and match with the loss of but one point. During this set there were a number of enlivening rallies with McLoughlin playing as usual in deep court. From his base line he swung steadily at all of Pell's shots, lifting them high and far and with an unusual amount of top spin on the ball. Whenever possible Pell tried to coax his opponent well into fore court with low short returns which McLoughlin found it apparently hard to handle with any amount of ease. These opportunities, however, were few for the Californian put so much on the ball that Pell was forced to stroke it hard for safe returns. The point score:

																	P.	G.
McLoughlin	2	6	2	5	0	5	3	4	3	4	4	4	—	4	2	7		
Pell	4	4	4	3	4	3	5	0	5	1	1	1	—	3	5			

McLoughlin—8 aces, 15 places, 13 nets, 7 outs, no double faults.

Pell—No aces, 15 places, 8 nets, 15 outs, 1 double fault.

JOHNSTON'S RECORD.

Californian Has Performed Brilliantly During Last Three Years.

William M. Johnston, who will play Maurice E. McLoughlin for the national tennis title this afternoon on the Forest Hills courts, came East in 1913 with a fine Pacific Coast record. At that time he was only 17 years old, but he had reached an eminent position in the West both in singles and in doubles, which he played with Ella Fottrell. He was known as a hesdy, self-contained youngster. His appearance at the Longwood in 1913 caused a sensation, and his match with William J. Clothier was thought by many to be the best of the season.

At Newport that year Johnston had to contend with the Davis Cup candidates and Williams defeated him in a brilliant four-set match. Johnston received a ranking of No. 4 for the year.

PAST AND PRESENT TENNIS CHAMPIONS.

Champion.	Winner All-Comers.
1881—R. D. Sears	R. D. Sears
1882—R. D. Sears	R. D. Sears
1883—R. D. Sears	R. D. Sears
1884—R. D. Sears	H. A. Taylor
1885—R. D. Sears	G. M. Brinley
1886—R. D. Sears	R. L. Beeckman
1887—R. D. Sears	H.W.Slocum,Jr.
1888—H. W. Slocum, Jr	H.W.Slocum,Jr.
1889—H. W. Slocum, Jr	Q. A. Shaw, Jr.
1890—O. S. Campbell	O. S. Campbell
1891—O. S. Campbell	C. Hobart
1892—O. S. Campbell	F. H. Hovey
1893—R. D. Wrenn	R. D. Wrenn
1894—R. D. Wrenn	M. F. Goodbody
1895—F. H. Hovey	F. H. Hovey
1896—R. D. Wrenn	R. D. Wrenn
1897—R. D. Wrenn	W. V. Eaves
1898—M. D. Whitman	M. D. Whitman
1899—M. D. Whitman	J. P. Paret
1900—M. D. Whitman	W. A. Larned
1901—W. A. Larned	W. A. Larned
1902—W. A. Larned	R. F. Doherty
1903—H. L. Doherty	H. L. Doherty
1904—H. Ward	H. Ward
1905—M. G. Chace	B. C. Wright
1906—W. J. Clothier	W. J. Clothier
1907—W. A. Larned	W. A. Larned
1908—W. A. Larned	B. C. Wright
1909—W. A. Larned	W. J. Clothier
1910—W. A. Larned	T. C. Bundy
1911—W. A. Larned	M.E.McLoughlin
1912—M.E.McLoughlin	M.E.McLoughlin
1913—M.E.McLoughlin	M.E.McLoughlin
1914—R.N.Williams,2d	R.N.Williams,2d

DOUBLES.

1881—C. M. Clark and F. W. Taylor
1882—R. D. Sears and J. Dwight
1883—R. D. Sears and J. Dwight
1884—R. D. Sears and J. Dwight
1885—R. D. Sears and J. S. Clark
1886—R. D. Sears and J. Dwight
1887—R. D. Sears and J. Dwight
1888—O. S. Campbell and V. G. Hall
1889—H. W. Slocum, Jr., and H. A. Taylor
1890—V. G. Hall and C. Hobart
1891—O. S. Campbell and R. P. Huntington, Jr
1892—O. S. Campbell and R. P. Huntington, Jr
1893—C. Hobart and F. H. Hovey
1894—C. Hobart and F. H. Hovey
1895—M. G. Chace and R. D. Wrenn
1896—J. B. Neel and S. R. Neel
1897—L. E. Ware and G. F. Sheldon, Jr.
1898—L. E. Ware and G. F. Sheldon, Jr.
1899—D. F. Davis and H. Ward
1900—D. F. Davis and H. Ward
1901—D. F. Davis and H. Ward
1902—R. F. Doherty and H. L. Doherty
1903—R. F. Doherty and H. L. Doherty
1904—H. Ward and B. C. Wright
1905—H. Ward and B. C. Wright
1906—H. Ward and B. C. Wright
1907—F. B. Alexander and H. H. Hackett
1908—F. B. Alexander and H. H. Hackett
1909—F. B. Alexander and H. H. Hackett
1910—F. B. Alexander and H. H. Hackett
1911—R. D. Little and G. F. Touchard
1912—M. E. McLoughlin and T. C. Bundy
1913—M. E. McLoughlin and T. C. Bundy
1914—M. E. McLoughlin and T. C. Bundy

Last year Johnston was C. J. Griffin's partner, winning the Pacific Coast doubles and beating in the preliminaries K. H. Behr and T. R. Pell. Johnston lost his Longwood title to McLoughlin, and at Newport Williams again thwarted his hopes in four sets. His play was not as good as in 1913, and he dropped to sixth place in the ranking.

This year's record for Johnston shows a five-set defeat by McLoughlin for the Exposition championship, a four-set victory over George M. Church in the West versus East matches. He lost a four-set match to Williams at Newport, Niles eliminated him in four sets for the Longwood bowl, and T. R. Pell defeated him in straight sets in the Southampton tournament.

During the tournament at Forest Hills Johnston has played twenty-three sets, winning eighteen and losing 5. He defeated in succession Harold H. Hackett, C. C. Pell, D. S. Watters, Karl H. Behr, Clarence J. Griffin and R. Norris Williams 2d.

Johnston's form has often been described as the best in America. His forehand drive, despite his slender build and thin arms, is fast, and is combined with the best of follow-through that any of them has shown. Probably no ranking player hits his forehand so hard, although many appear to do so because their movement probably is less skillful. His service is moderate and his backhand strong. His overhead and volleying are first class. His one weakness is to let down altogether too much in his pace.

STARS IN MIXED DOUBLES.

Past and Present National Champions Compete at Forest Hills.

Sixteen of the leading tennis players, with sixteen of the best contestants in the national tennis tournament, competed in a mixed doubles event yesterday on the courts of the West Side Tennis Club at Forest Hills. Miss Marie Wagner and Walter M. Hall, with Mrs. G. W. Chapman and George M. Church, qualified for the semi-final round. The former pair defeated Mr. and Mrs. Robert Le Roy in the second round, while Mrs. Chapman and Church came through with a victory over Miss Clare Cassel and Clarence J. Griffin of San Francisco.

Miss Molla Bjurstedt, the national champion, with Irving C. Wright as a partner, easily defeated Miss Anne Sheafe and N. W. Miles. Mrs. G. Wightman, a former national champion, and her husband were eliminated by Mrs. Barger Wallach and Craig Biddle, and Miss Eleanor Sears and Watson M. Washburn lost to Miss Ina Kissel and Fred C. Inman.

It is planned to play the final round of the tournament on the championship court tomorrow following the doubles championship match. The summary:

First Round.—Mr. and Mrs. Robert Le Roy defeated Miss Kuser and Ward Dawson, 7—5, 6—1; Miss Marie Wagner and Walter Merrill Hall defeated Mrs. William H. Pouch and Louis Graves, 5—7, 6—2, 8—6; Miss Molla Bjurstedt and Irving C. Wright defeated Miss A. Sheafe and Nathaniel W. Niles, 6—3, 6—0; Miss Ina Kissel and Frederick C. Inman defeated Miss Eleanora Sears and Watson M. Washburn, 6—4, 8—6; Miss Bessie Moore and Lyle E. Mahan defeated Miss Edna Wildey and Raymond D. Little, 8—10, 6—4, 6—2; Mrs. Barger Wallach and Craig Biddle defeated Mr. and Mrs. George Wightman, 10—8, 6—3; Miss Clare Cassel and Clarence J. Griffin defeated Miss Edith Rotch and Dean Mathey, 6—2, 3—6, 6—3; Mrs. G. W. Chapman and George M. Church defeated Miss Florence Ballin and Charles M. Bull, Jr., 6—4, 7—5.

Second Round.—Miss Marie Wagner and Walter Merrill Hall defeated Mr. and Mrs. Robert Le Roy, 6—4, 6—1; Mrs. George W. Chapman and George M. Church defeated Miss Clare Cassel and C. J. Griffin, 9—7, 8—6, 6—3.

ON NYACK TENNIS COURTS.

Annual Fall Tournament Starts at the Country Club.

The annual Fall tennis tournament of the Nyack Country Club started yesterday on the club courts at Nyack, when two of the long list of entrants in the men's singles reached the third round. Many of the leading players in the metropolitan district are entered, but will not compete until after the national championships at Forest Hills. The women's singles will start tomorrow with a strong entry list, including Miss Molla Bjurstedt, the national champion; Mrs. G. Wightman, former champion, and many others of note.

Abraham Bassford, Jr., Hudson River champion, came through two rounds, defeating J. Kellock in straight love sets and Allen Behr at 6—0, 6—2, respectively. E. W. Peaslee scored over Clinton Lutkins, 6—2, 6—0; D. G. Stewart defeated L. Biggs, 6—3, 7—5; Donald Allen defeated Harold Swain, 6—1, 6—4; W. R. Comfort defeated R. Stern, 6—1, 6—0, 6—4; C. H. Riggs defeated L. Frost, 6—2, 6—1; Abraham Bassford, Jr., defeated J. Kellock, 6—0, 6—0; Allen Behr defeated George King by default; G. Zabriskie defeated F. C. Mann, 6—1, 6—1; Herbert W. Forster defeated H. Namm, 6—3, 6—3, 6—4; W. M. Blair defeated W. Striffler, 6—0, 6—2; L. Crowley defeated J. L. Eaton, 6—2, 6—0; C. I. Burr defeated J. Bell, 6—2, 6—3; Edmund W. Peaslee defeated Clinton Lutkins, 6—2, 6—3; H. H. Bassford defeated Earl Fink by default; G. Deck defeated E. Garoniss, 6—4, 7—5; H. Henson defeated C. F. Harwood, 6—3, 6—3; A. M. Kidder defeated J. Blauvelt, 6—4, 6—3; Martin Vogel defeated M. Coric, 8—6, 6—3, 7—5; C. L. Johnson, Jr., defeated D. Lamb by default. Second Round—Abraham Bassford, Jr., defeated Allen Behr, 6—0, 6—2; Edmund W. Peaslee defeated G. I. Burr, 6—1, 6—2.

Tennis and Golf at Haworth.

Mrs. James E. Eckerson qualified yesterday in the tennis championship tournament of the Haworth Country Club to play Newman Hamlink, the second semi-finalist. The winner of this round will play Harold Naisawald for the right to challenge Frank B. Knapp for the title. Naisawald and Knapp have each held the Ward-Hennessey Cup for one year, and the tennis title carries with it possession of the cup for the year. The cup becomes the permanent property of a three-time winner. Mrs. Eckerson, who was victorious in yesterday's play, will enter the New Jersey State Tennis Championship for the first time this year.

The results of the Labor Day golf handicap at the club, eighteen holes, medal play, resulted as follows:

Class A.—Won by J. E. Fowler, 80, 20—60; Judge J. M. Greenfeld, Jr., second, 93, 18—75.

Class B.—Won by C. C. Nobles, 88, 25—63; Professor Russell T. Green, second, 102, 24—78.

Tennis Tournament at Malba F. C.

In the semi-final round of the annual lawn tennis tournament at the Malba Field Club for the President's Cups, Dr. S. C. McCloud defeated J. L. Merritt, 6—4, 4—6, 6—4. In the woman's finals, Dorothy Merritt defeated Miss E. O. Camp, 6—3, 6—1.

Baltusrol Golfer Leads at Ekwanok.

Special to The New York Times.

MANCHESTER, Vt., Sept. 6.—W. G. McKnight of Baltusrol, with allowance of two bisques, finished 1 up on bogey and led a field of sixty golfers in the annual bogey handicap this morning. It was the first instance where bisques were given, instead of regular handicaps, at Ekwanok. J. L. Hamill of Columbus and P. S. MacLaughlin of Scarsdale, each having an allowance of four bisques, tied for second prize at all square with bogey. The better cards of the morning follow: W. G. McKnight, Baltusrol, 2, 1 up; J. L. Hamill, Columbus, 4, even; P. S. MacLaughlin, Scarsdale, 4, even; Scott Stewart, Scarsdale, 3, 1 down; J. L. Ward, Scarsdale, 3, 2 down; F. W. DeJohn, Scarsdale, 4, 2 down; Douglas Dallam, Ardsley, 5, 4 down; Russell Armstrong, Nassau, 4, 6 down; C. H. Hart, Dunwoodie, 3, 7 down; George A. White, Woodland, 7, 7 down; William Ritter, Chevy Chase, 9, 8 down.

In the best ball foursome competition this afternoon H. H. Bottome of Essex County and Nelson Griffin of Richmond County led a large field and, with an allowance of three strokes each, showed a 70 net. They played the outward journey in 34, but were not particularly strong coming home.

Vincent Astor Victor on Links.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 6.—Vincent Astor was the winner of a cup offered by Royal Phelps Carroll, President of the Newport Golf Club, today in the annual eighteen-hole medal play handicap, in which a field of forty was entered. Mr. Astor led the field with a net score of 71, his gross being 91. Augustus Jay was second with a gross score of 89 and a net score of 74.

RECORD GOLF BY MRS. VANDERBECK

Her Card of 85 the Best in the Qualifying Round for Women's Championship.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKE FOREST, Ill., Sept. 6.—Native talent scored decisively in the eighteen-hole qualifying round of the women's national golf championship tournament on the links of the Onwentsia Club today. Mrs. Charles H. Vanderbeck of the Philadelphia Cricket Club, champion of the Women's Eastern Golf Association, won the medal with a score of 85, closely followed by Miss Lillian B. Hyde, the South Shore Field Club girl, who early in the season won the women's Metropolitan title. Mrs. Vanderbeck's card establishes a woman's record for the reconstructed course, par being 84.

The foreign golfers of prominence, Mrs. J. V. Hurd of Pittsburgh, formerly Miss Dorothy Campbell, English and United States champion in 1909 and 1910, and Mrs. W. A. Gavin, from Sherley Park, England, both qualified easily with 96.

As a result of a number of added names the entry list swelled to 131 of which all but eleven put in an appearance, so that the 120 starters easily eclipsed all previous records for a national tournament.

Although the course covers a playing length of considerably more than 6,453 yards, it may be said that the traps for the most part are rather shallow, making it comparatively easy to recover from trouble. There was an early morning rain which slowed up the course, and the general belief is that had the turf been drier there would have been a number of scores better than 90.

When they had all made returns, the board showed that Mrs. Caleb F. Fox, Miss Marjorie Dodd, Mrs. C. L. Dering, Miss Isabel Bridge, and Mrs. Warren McArthur, with scores of 104, had tied for the last three places. On the play off Mrs. Dering was eliminated.

Mrs. Bruce Smith of the home club, who as Miss Pauline Mackay, won the national title in 1906, failed by a stroke to get into the play-off. Mrs. Dering, who lost in the tie, was a number of years ago among the most prominent of the Western players.

Mrs. Vanderbeck won the medal because of better direction off the tees and steady iron play. Although starting with a 6, the women's Eastern champion made no more slips going out, reaching the turn in 41. On the sixteenth green Mrs. Vanderbeck made a long putt for a 3. Her card follows:

Out	6	5	4	4	4	4	5	5	—	41
In	6	5	6	6	5	5	2	5	4	—44—85

Miss Hyde, because of her long driving, attracted the gallery. She was inclined to pull many of her tee shots, but even so, the Long Island girl recovered finely. The best put she got down was at eight, where she sunk an eight-footer for a 3.

On the homeward journey Miss Hyde was all over the course, but long and accurate approaches generally got her to the green's edge in two or three strokes, and, fortunately, her putting, usually the weakest part of her game, was fairly steady. Miss Hyde's card was:

Out	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	3	5	—43
In	5	5	6	5	5	4	5	4	4	—43—86

Mrs. Hurd felt fairly well satisfied with her game except for the putting. On no less than 8 greens the former National champion took 3 putts. Miss Sterling captivated the gallery with her fine easy style. Her game has improved considerably since a year ago. Miss Hollins, thanks to three threes, got round in 93. Well up in the list was Dorothy Higbie, of the Midlothian Club, Chicago, 12 years old, who outdid many of her more experienced sisters of the links with 108. Had it not been for a 10 on the first hole she would have qualified.

The parings for the first match round at 18 holes and the qualifying scores are:

Mrs. W. A. Gavin, England, 96, and Mrs. G. F. Hennebery, Chicago, 100.

Mrs. Caleb Fox, Philadelphia, 104, and Mrs. Mason Phelps, Chicago, 101.

Mrs. Lee Mida, Chicago, 101, and Mrs. J. V. Hurd, Pittsburgh, 96.

Mrs. A. A. Henning, Chicago, 101, and Eleanor Allen, Boston, 100.

Lillian Hyde, South Shore, N. Y., 86, and Mrs. H. H. Liveright, Philadelphia, 101.

Marion Hollins, Westbrook, N. Y., 93, and Mrs. Pierce H. Barlow, Philadelphia, 93.

Mrs. Stanley Widney, Chicago, 100, and Caroline Painter, Chicago, 99.

Ernestine Pearce, Chicago, 102, and Mrs. S. Kundstader, Chicago, 101.

Frances Hadfield, Milwaukee, 101, and Marjorie Edwards, Chicago, 99.

Elaine Rosenthal, Chicago, 102, and Ethel Chatfield, Dekalb, Ill., 97.

Mrs. H. D. Hammond, Indianapolis, 101, and Alexa Sterling, Atlanta, 91.

Grace Semple, St Louis, 97, and Laurie Kaiser, Chicago, 96.

Eleanor Chandler, Philadelphia, 96, and Mrs. C. H. Vanderbeck, Philadelphia, 83.

Jennie Jones, Sioux City, Ia., 102, and Mrs. Winton Coldham, Toledo, 98.

Mrs. Ernest Belfeld, Chicago, 98, and Isabel Bridge, Chicago, 104.

Marjorie Dodd, Cincinnati, 104, and Elisabeth Allen, Rock Island, Ill., 101.

Of the qualifiers, twenty-one are from the West, nine from the Eastern States, one from the South, and one from England. Chicago has thirteen players in the contest, and Philadelphia comes next with five.

Greenwich Country Club Golf.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Sept. 6.—The qualifying rounds on the Greenwich Country Club course in the golf play for the Cobb Cups and the mixed foursome prizes were held here today. The eight who made the best scores and qualified for the match play for the J. B. Cobb Cup were: L. Grant, 86, 14—72; J. D. Chapman, 82, 9—73; E. M. Barnes, 77, 4—73; C. C. Pearson, Jr., 86, 12—74; G. B. Carhart, 82, 7—75; A. E. Ranney, 91, 14—77; H. L. Dillon, 91, 14—77; John H. Staats, 92, 15—77.

Those making the best eight scores and qualifying for the match play for the Cobb Cup were: E. B. Curtis, 94, 16—78; James Pott, 98, 18—78; J. W. Curtis, 97, 16—81; W. A. Flinn, 100, 18—82; F. L. Lynde, 100, 18—82; H. McCord, 100, 18—82; J. S. Sutphen, 99, 16—83; G. D. Webber, 101, 18—83.

Those qualifying for the match play in the mixed foursome play were: Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Crocker, 103, 20—83; R. G. Estes and Mrs. E. B. Close, 110, 23—87; Mr. and Mrs. L. Grant, 114, 25—89; J. T. Soutter and Miss E. Carhart, 98, 11—87; Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Truesdale, 111, 21—90; Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Slayback, 107, 17—90; Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Chapman, 101, 10—93; J. M. Maron and Mrs. F. C. Hilliard, 100, 9—91; Mr. and Mrs. H. McCord, 119, 27—92; L. Day and Miss E. L. Day, 121, 29—93.

ON NEAR-BY GOLF COURSES.

Scarsdale's Varied Labor Day Program—Other Competitions.

All kinds of competitions, lasting the whole day, were on the cards at the Scarsdale Golf and Country Club yesterday. W. C. Morrell won the President's cup, offered by Thomas F. Barges, with a thirty-six-hole total of 156—12—144. Noble McConnell captured first prize in the flag competition. Sweepstakes were run off both morning and afternoon, two classes being in order in each instance. Morrell was the winner of the first set in the early round with 78—6—72, and Dr. A. C. Tracy led Class B. with 97—17—80. Later in the day Lee Best won in Class A. with 82—12—70, and H. A. Wells showed the way in the second flight with 94—22—72. Results follow:

PRESIDENT'S CUP.

	1st R.	2d R.	Tl.	Hp.	Net.
W. C. Morrell	78	78	156	12	144
Noble McConnell	93	92	185	40	145
H. Q. Forman	87	85	172	22	150
E. C. Holston	90	85	175	22	153

MORNING SWEEPSTAKES—CLASS A.

	Gross.	Hp.	Net.
W. C. Morrell	78	6	72
E. C. Holston	85	11	74

CLASS B.

Dr. A. C. Tracy	97	17	80
G. G. Allen	108	23	85

AFTERNOON SWEEPSTAKES—CLASS A.

Lee Best	82	12	70
W. C. Morrell	78	6	72

CLASS B.

H. A. Wells	94	22	72
Noble McConnell	93	20	73

Four-ball competitions furnished the chief item of interest at the Wykagyl Country Club yesterday, although Elmer E. Sturges won the all-day handicap against par when he finished 4 up. In the morning there was a best-ball medal handicap, and the winners proved to be G. E. Widmer and G. K. Maltby, with a card of 77—4—73. Later in the day best-ball match play against par was in order, and Sturges and W. R.

BROOKLYN PULLS PHILLIES BACK IN PENNANT RACE—GIANTS AND YANKEES WIN TWO GAMES

ALEXANDER FAILS BEFORE DODGERS

Brooklyn Takes Two Games from Phillies and Regains Second Place.

The Dodgers broke Pat Moran's heart yesterday at Ebbets Field. Pat knew there had been lots of talk about Brooklyn being pennant mad, but he never believed it until last night. Now he is engaged in picking up the fragments of the Philadelphia baseball team in the hope of finishing out the season. The Robins took both of the games that were played yesterday, the one in the morning by a score of 6 to 3 and the afternoon game by a score of 7 to 3. But it is not alone that fact which discourages Pat. The Dodgers won the first game from Alexander, and that hurt.

The result of this double victory over the Phillies is that the Dodgers have moved back into the old flat at second place, and they are only two games behind the Quakers in the chase for that piece of bunting with the words "National League Champions" printed on it. The double victory that New York scored over Boston rounded out the pleasure of the day. It isn't often that a Brooklyn crowd cheers New York. That isn't Brooklyn's way. Across the bridge they usually remember all of those unkind remarks which are habitual with a New Yorker in speaking of Brooklyn. But yesterday they cheered the score of the morning game, and bubbled over with joy when the score of the second game showed that the Braves had again been trampled upon.

Brooklyn played tricks of magic in the first game and finally won in just the way that fans across the river like best, by a rally that dazed Philadelphia in the eighth inning. But it did more than win the game for Brooklyn, the rally shattered a misconception that has prevailed in the Quaker City all season, namely that Grover Cleveland Alexander was invincible. The way that Robbie's men shattered that delusion was wicked and cruel. Alexander tried to tell Pat Moran that it was all over, but Pat was blind to the fact that his star was going in on S S until he had passed two men, Stengel and Cutshaw, with only one man out. Therein lay the start of the fatal eighth in which the Dodgers sent five men across the plate, almost an unprecedented happening with Alexander on the throne.

Larry Cheney started the game for Brooklyn and lasted for six and a third innings, but in that time the Phillies never got a hit. Cheney struck out Killifer at the start of the seventh and then called to Robbie that he was all in. The Brooklyn players gathered around and he finally started to pitch to Alexander. He threw one wild one that proved his case, and Robbie called him to the bench. A kink in his arm was bothering him.

Jack Coombs wasn't with us very long. He got through the seventh inning without great difficulty, but in the eighth showed wildness. There wasn't a Brooklyn fan, and there were 10,000 of them present, who would have given his old straw hat for the chances of the Dodgers after the eighth. Cravath drew a pass and Dugey ran for him. Luderus, the heavy swatter, was the next to face Coombs, and he piloted the ball to right for a pair of bases. Dugey, however, was as slow as a truck horse, and was held at third. Whitted singled to left, scoring Dugey, but Luderus was nipped off by a pretty throw to the plate. The throw-in placed Whitted on second.

The situation was too tense for Robbie's nerves, and he called upon Marquard to save the day. The Phillies think that a southpaw is easy, so Niehoff rounded a single to left that scored Whitted. He went to second on the throw to the plate, and then followed one of Rube's eccentricities, a wild pitch, and the base runner was on third. A stupid play of Miller's allowed him to score. Niehoff took a lead off the bag and Marquard threw wide. Miller stopped the ball and then became bewildered. It lay within three feet of him, but he couldn't see it, and Niehoff was unmolested as he came to the plate. Marquard ended the session by striking out Killifer and Alexander.

Those who know Alexander better than most Brooklynites ever want to know him were saying all during the game that there was something wrong with Grover Cleveland. There was. He had been called from his slumber too early. The fact is, Alexander doesn't like Brooklyn. The last time the Phillies were here they unseated him, and he had the fear that the Dodgers would get to him again. Grover Cleveland doesn't relish defeat any more than a horse likes an ice cream soda.

Daubert "died" without a flutter at the opening of the eighth, and then the cunning and control that had been Alexander's departed. He passed Stengel, and was on the way to doing the same thing with Cutshaw when he waved the sign to Pat Moran. Pat thought his eyes were playing him tricks, and didn't know that they were telling the truth until Cutshaw also walked. The second pass made Casey Stengel do a war dance around second base, and the fans caught the infection and went just as daffy as Casey. Myers hit one to Niehoff, and the Phillies' second baseman made a muff, so that the bases were full. Zack Wheat has a bad ankle that he acquired in Boston, but that doesn't prevent him from coming in at a time when Brooklyn needs him. He batted in place of Getz. He returned one of Alexander's slants so fast that it bounded over the pitcher's box and Stengel and Cutshaw came to the plate. Smyth, who is playing Wheat's position in left field, shot one over the third sack, and Myers scored from second, Smyth going to that bag on the throw-in, and Nixon, running for Wheat, reached third. Nixon started off the bag and was caught between the bases, but the Quakers were up in a balloon, and Killifer made a wild throw, so that Nixon scored and Smyth reached third. Miller went out at first, Luderus juggling the ball long enough for Smyth to get in with the fifth run. Marquard singled to right, but O'Mara flied out to right and closed the inning.

In the second game the Phillies were still up in the air. They hadn't descended for lunch. "Ed." Pfeffer was the selection of Robbie, and he held the visitors safe while his teammates were pounding the Quaker twirlers all over the lot. The Phillies certainly played stupid baseball. It started in the first inning, when Luderus caught a foul fly from Myers's bat. Daubert was on third and as the catch was made he started off the bag. The Quaker first baseman forgot he had the ball and didn't throw until Jake was nearing the plate and then the heave was wild. The Brooklyn team was imbued with much confidence as a result of the morning victory, and was playing more daring baseball than is the custom across the bridge.

In the first inning the Dodgers got three runs, and only two singles counted in the gaining of them. It was apparent, however, that Rixey would not do as the buffer to save the Phillies from defeat. But Moran kept him on the mound for four innings, pulling him out after Myers opened the fifth with a single. The Dodgers had scored another pair of runs in the fourth, and they gained two more in the seventh. The Phillies did not score until the seventh, when a single, a double and an infield out combined with a Brooklyn error to give two runs. The last tally was in the eighth. The scores:

MORNING GAME.

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
O'Mara,ss	3	1	1	1	3
Daubert, 1b	2	0	0	11	1
Stengel, rf	3	1	1	0	0
Cutsh'w, 2b	3	1	0	0	3
Myers, cf	4	1	2	1	0
Getz, 3b	3	0	0	1	2
†Wheat	1	0	1	0	0
‡Nixon	0	1	0	0	0
Olson, 3b	0	0	0	0	1
Smyth, lf	3	1	2	4	1
Miller, c	4	0	1	7	2
Cheney, p	2	0	1	0	1
C'mbs, p	1	0	0	0	0
M'gu'd, p	1	0	1	0	0
Total	32	6	10	27	15

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Stock, 3b	4	0	1	1	3
B'cr'ft, ss	2	0	1	2	1
Pask't, cf	4	1	1	0	0
C'v'th, rf	3	1	1	0	0
Lud's, 1b	2	0	1	8	2
W'ted, lf	3	1	1	0	0
Nieh'f, 2b	4	1	1	2	3
Killifer, c	3	0	0	5	1
Alex'r, p	2	0	0	0	2
Total	28	3	4	24	11

*Ran for Cravath in eighth inning.
†Batted for Getz in eighth inning.
‡Ran for Wheat in eighth inning.
Errors—Niehoff, Killifer, O'Mara.

Brooklyn	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	—6
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0—3

Two-base hits—Luderus, Stengel, Smyth.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 5; Boston, 2.
New York, 4; Boston, 0.
Brooklyn, 6; Philadelphia, 3.
Brooklyn, 7; Philadelphia, 3.
Cincinnati, 3; Pittsburgh, 0.
Pittsburgh, 5; Cincinnati, 2.
St. Louis, 3; Chicago, 2. (Twelve innings.)
St. Louis, 10; Chicago, 0.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 4; Boston, 0.
New York, 5; Boston, 2.
Washington, 5; Philadelphia, 3.
Washington, 5; Philadelphia, 0.
Chicago, 7; Cleveland, 1.
Chicago, 8; Cleveland, 0.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn, 5; Newark, 1.
Brooklyn, 1; Newark, 0.
Buffalo, 3; Baltimore, 2.
Buffalo, 5; Baltimore, 2. (Ten innings.)
Chicago, 5; St. Louis, 4. (Eleven innings.)
St. Louis, 2; Chicago, 2. (Five innings; darkness.)
Pittsburgh at Kansas City. (Wet Grounds.)

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Richmond, 6; Harrisburg, 5.
Harrisburg, 11; Richmond, 7.
Rochester, 4; Montreal, 3.
Rochester, 4; Montreal, 3.
Jersey City, 2; Providence, 1.
Providence, 7; Jersey City, 0.
Toronto, 6; Buffalo, 2.
Toronto, 2; Buffalo, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	PC.
Philadelphia	69	55	.557
Brooklyn	69	59	.539
Boston	65	59	.524
St. Louis	64	66	.492
New York	59	64	.480
Chicago	60	65	.480
Pittsburgh	63	69	.477
Cincinnati	57	69	.452

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	PC.
Boston	83	41	.679
Detroit	85	45	.654
Chicago	77	52	.597
Washington	67	58	.536
New York	58	66	.472
St. Louis	50	78	.391
Cleveland	49	79	.383
Philadelphia	36	87	.293

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	PC.
Pittsburgh	71	55	.564
Newark	67	57	.540
St. Louis	69	59	.539
Chicago	69	61	.530
Kansas City	67	60	.527
Buffalo	65	68	.488
Brooklyn	61	69	.469
Baltimore	43	83	.341

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	PC.
Providence	79	43	.648
Buffalo	73	45	.619
Montreal	52	59	.512
Harrisburg	53	62	.488
Rochester	56	64	.467
Toronto	57	65	.467
Richmond	54	70	.435
Jersey City	44	76	.367

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Boston at New York.
Philadelphia at Brooklyn.
Cincinnati at Pittsburgh.
Chicago at St. Louis.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Boston.
Washington at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at Cleveland.
Detroit at Chicago.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn at Newark.
Baltimore at Buffalo.
Pittsburgh at Kansas City.
Chicago at St. Louis.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Harrisburg at Richmond.
Jersey City at Providence.
Montreal at Rochester.
Buffalo at Toronto.

Earned runs—Philadelphia, 3; Brooklyn, 4. Sacrifice hits—McKeever, 1; Daubert, 1. Double plays—O'Mara and Daubert; Miller and O'Mara. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 9; Brooklyn, 7. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 1. Bases on balls—Off Cheney, 7; off Coombs, 1; off Alexander, 4. Hits—Off Cheney, 0 in 6 1-3 innings; off Coombs, 3 in 1 inning; off Marquard, 1 in 1 2-3 innings. Hit by pitcher—By Cheney, (Killifer.) Struck out—By Cheney, 3; by Marquard, 4; by Alexander, 4. Wild pitches—Alexander, Marquard, (2.) Passed ball—Miller. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes.

SECOND GAME.

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
O'M's, ss	3	2	1	1	4
D'bert, 1b	5	1	3	16	1
St'gel, rf	3	0	1	1	0
Cutsh'w, 2b	4	1	0	1	6
Myers, cf	4	1	2	2	0
Getz, 3b	3	0	0	2	0
Wheat, lf	4	0	2	0	0
Nixon, lf	0	1	0	0	0
Miller, c	4	0	1	7	0
Cheney, p	0	0	0	0	0
Coombs, p	0	0	0	0	0
Cravath	1	0	0	0	0
Dugey	0	0	0	0	0
Luderus, 1b	2	0	1	8	0
Whitted, rf	3	0	1	1	0
Niehoff, 2b	4	1	1	2	3
Killifer, c	3	0	0	5	1
Alexander, p	2	0	0	0	2
Marquard, p	1	0	0	0	0
Total	39	7	12	27	17

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Stock, 3b	4	0	1	1	3
B'cr'ft, ss	3	0	0	1	2
Pask't, cf	4	1	1	2	0
C'v'th, rf	3	0	1	0	0
Lud's, 1b	2	0	1	8	2
W'ted, lf	3	1	1	0	0
Nieh'f, 2b	4	1	1	2	3
Killifer, c	3	0	0	5	1
Alex'r, p	2	0	0	0	2
Total	28	3	4	24	11

*Ran for Cravath in eighth inning.
†Batted for Getz in eighth inning.
‡Ran for Wheat in eighth inning.
Errors—Niehoff, Killifer, O'Mara.

Brooklyn	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	—6
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0—3

Two-base hits—Luderus, Stengel, Smyth.

GIANTS CLIMB IN RACE; WIN TWICE

World's Champion Braves Get Severe Setback — Two Hits Off Tesreau.

Those dowatrodden Giants rose in all their might at the Polo Grounds yesterday and scored a double victory on the Boston Braves. Emerging from their lowly refuge near the bottom rung of the league ladder, the Giants rode roughshod over the Braves, climbed in the pennant chase, and toppled Boston from the select position next to the top down to third place. It was a 5 to 2 defeat they tagged on the Braves in the morning game, and New York finished first in the afternoon tilt with the score 4 to 0.

There was no holiday spirit about that afternoon game. For a time it seemed that the feverish frolic might become something more than a mere ball game. Boston's big Uhlan first baseman Schmidt was thrown out at first base in the seventh inning, and he heard an uncomplimentary remark about his sprinting ability. The sound waves seemed to eminate from the Giants' bench, and Schmidt advanced on that position in double quick time with eyes flashing. Umpire Bill Byron saw the charge. Eighteen thousand fans arose with curious gaze.

On marched Schmidt. Byron was executing a flank movement on the Teuton's right and Umpire Eason was coming in from the field at full speed. Just as Schmidt was about to propel himself into the New York dugout the two umpires closed in and with the assistance of several Braves put a quick stop to the hostilities. Diplomacy won the day and Schmidt went reluctantly back to first base. Byron ordered the ban put on statements of any kind from the Giants' bench. The fans sat back in their seats and the crisis was past.

There was a time not long ago when Snodgrass used to help the Giants win. And he did yesterday. Since he received unconditional release from Manager McGraw several days ago, Snodgrass has been playing gilt edged ball for the Braves. In the fourth inning of the tilt yesterday afternoon, Freddie took the gilt and edge off his play and allowed the Giants to win.

Grant was the first man up for New York in the fourth session of the afternoon pastime and he poled a single to centre. Robertson popped out to Maranville. Doyle was out on a fly to Smith. Grant then banged a single to left sending Grant to third. Then Snodgrass pulled his prize play. Fletcher drove a short easy fly to centre. Snodgrass muffed it and Grant and Merkle dashed across the plate.

Jeff Tesreau was in the mound for the Giants and he had those Boston swatters baffled. They made two hits off Jeff, one by Maranville in the second inning and one by Gowdy in the eighth. The Braves' batsmen swung and swung, but they could not connect safely with the sphere. While Tesreau held a tight check on Boston his team mates were clubbing Dick Rudolph for eight hits. Chief Meyers stepped to the plate in the fifth inning and sent a ball on a long journey to the left field bleachers for the circuit. And Jim Thorpe—Jim who has surprised everybody and even himself since his return from Harrisburg—gave the ball a mighty swat. Jim's rampage occurred in the seventh. He hammered the ball to the left field fence for a triple and scored when Tesreau poked a single to centre.

Boston scored first in the morning game when they pushed two runs across the plate in the first inning. Pitcher beat out an infield hit and went to third when Thorpe singled to centre. Meyers was safe on Egan's fumble and Fletcher scored, Thorpe going to second. Schang went in to bat for Stroud and fanned. Burns forced Meyers at second. The Giants added two more in this stanza when Robertson drove a screaming single to centre and scored when Merkle crashed the ball into the left field bleachers for a home run.

Rube Benton succeeded Stroud in the box, and he held the Braves in check during the four innings he pitched. Then the seventh inning when two Giants were perched on the bags, Hughes was withdrawn and Tyler took up the twirling task. He retired the Giants without a run.

But New York scored twice on Tyler in the eighth inning. After Doyle had struck out, Merkle beat out a bunt. Fletcher flied to Snodgrass and Thorpe slapped a single to right, Merkle going to third. Dooin's single to right scored Merkle and sent Thorpe to third. Then Rube Benton banged a single to left, scoring Thorpe and sending Dooin to the third corner. On an attempted double steal Dooin was caught at the plate, retiring the side. The scores:

MORNING GAME.

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns, lf	4	0	0	2	0
Grant, 3b	3	1	1	0	2
Rob'n, rf	4	1	1	1	0
Doyle, 2b	4	0	0	2	4
M'kle, 1b	4	2	2	11	2
F'sh'r, ss	4	1	2	2	0
Thorpe, cf	4	1	2	0	0
Meyers, c	3	0	1	7	0
†Bab'ten	0	0	0	0	0
Dooin, c	1	0	0	3	0
Stroud, p	1	0	0	0	3
‡Schang	1	0	0	0	0
Benton, p	2	0	0	0	0
Total	35	5	12	27	15

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
S'gr'ss, cf	4	0	0	2	0
Egan, 2b	4	0	0	2	4
C'pton, rf	3	0	0	3	0
Magee, lf	3	0	0	2	0
S'midt, 1b	2	0	0	7	0
Smith, 3b	4	1	1	0	0
M'v'le, ss	3	1	1	2	1
Tyler, p	0	0	0	0	0
Hughes, p	3	0	0	1	0
Tyler, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	30	2	7	24	6

*Batted for Fitzpatrick in fourth inning.
†Ran for Meyers in seventh inning.
‡Batted for Stroud in fifth inning.
Errors—Egan, Fletcher, Stroud.

New York	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	2	—5
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—2

Two-base hits—Benton. Home run—Merkle. Stolen bases—Fletcher. Earned runs—New York, 5; Boston, 2. Sacrifice hit—Schmidt. Sacrifice fly—Gowdy. Double play—Grant, Merkle, and Fletcher. Left on bases—New York 7; Boston, 6. First base on error—New York, 1. Base on balls—Off Hughes, 1. Hits—Off Stroud, 7 in 5 innings; off Benton, none in 4 innings; off Hughes, 3 in 6 2-3 innings; off Tyler, 4 in 11-3 innings. Hit by pitcher—By Benton, (Magee.) Struck out—By Stroud, 5; by Benton, 2; by Hughes, 7; by Tyler, 1. Umpires—Messrs. Byron and Eason. Time of game—One hour and fifty-eight minutes.

AFTERNOON GAME.

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns, lf	4	0	0	1	0
Grant, 3b	4	1	2	0	3
Rob'n, rf	4	0	0	1	0
Doyle, 2b	3	0	0	3	3
M'kle, 1b	4	1	2	11	3
F'ch'r, ss	4	0	0	0	7
Thorpe, cf	3	1	1	1	0
Meyers, c	1	1	1	1	0
Tesr'u, p	3	0	1	2	4
Total	30	4	8	27	20

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
S'gr'ss, cf	4	0	0	1	0
Egan, 2b	4	0	0	2	4
C'pton, rf	3	0	0	3	0
Magee, lf	3	0	0	3	0
S'midt, 1b	2	0	0	7	0
Smith, 3b	2	0	0	0	1
M'v'le, ss	3	0	1	4	3
Gowdy, c	3	0	1	5	2
Rud'ph, p	3	0	0	0	1
Total	27	0	2	24	11

Error—Snodgrass.

New York	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	—4
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hit—Grant. Three-base hit—Thorpe. Home run—Meyers. Stolen base—Merkle. Earned runs—New York, 2. Double play—Egan and Schmidt. Left on bases—New York, 5; Boston, 3. First base on error—New York, 1. Bases on balls—Off Rudolph, 3; off Tesreau, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Tesreau, (Schmidt.) Struck out—By Tesreau, 4; by Rudolph, 5. Umpires—Messrs. Byron and Eason. Time of game—One hour and thirty-three minutes.

Cubs Pushed Into Second Division.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 6.—St. Louis set Chicago back into the second division by winning a double-header here today, 3 to 2 and 10 to 0. The first game went twelve innings, and was a duel between Pierce and Sallee. The former, however, weakened in the twelfth, and after filling the bases was displaced by Lavender. The latter hit Hyatt on the ankle, forcing in the winning run. Manager Bresnahan was partly responsible for the loss of this game through failure to discover until too late that Betzel had batted out of turn in the second inning. Fielding on both sides was brilliant. In the second contest Humphries gave seventeen hits before the game was called in the eighth on account of darkness. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hug'ns, 2b	5	0	0	1	6
Butler, ss	5	0	0	3	1
B'cher, lf	5	0	0	1	0
Long, rf	4	2	1	3	0
W'son, cf	4	0	1	6	0
‡Dolan	1	0	0	0	0
Miller, 1b	4	0	0	23	0
Snyder, c	4	0	2	1	1
B'zel, 3b	4	1	1	0	4
†Hyatt	0	0	0	0	0
Sallee, p	3	0	0	0	4
Total	39	3	5	36	18

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'ray, rf	4	0	0	0	0
Fisher, ss	5	0	0	0	4
Sch'te, lf	5	0	1	2	0
Z'man, 2b	5	0	0	1	2
Saier, 1b	4	0	0	16	1
W'ms, cf	4	1	1	6	0
P'lan, 3b	4	1	1	4	5
Archer, c	2	0	0	5	0
Pierce, p	3	0	2	0	4
Lav'r, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	36	2	5	34	16

*Batted for Gibson in eighth inning.
†Batted for Mamaux in eighth inning.
Errors—Herzog, Kelly.

Cincinnati	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	—3
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hit—Viox. Three-base hit—Griffith. Home run—Schneider. Stolen base—Griffith. Double plays—Rodgers, Herzog and Mollwitz; Schneider and Mollwitz. Earned runs—Cincinnati, 2. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 6; Pittsburgh, 6. First base on error—Pittsburgh. First base on balls—Off Mamaux, 4; off Kelly, 1. Hits—Off Mamaux, 5 in 8 innings; off Kelly, 1 in 1 inning. Hit by pitcher—By Mamaux, (Gowdy.) Struck out—By Schneider, 1; by Mamaux, 6; by Kelly, 1. Time of game—One hour and thirty-four minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Orth.

AFTERNOON GAME.

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Carey, lf	4	0	0	2	0
J'ston, 1b	4	1	3	13	0
C'lins, cf	4	1	2	2	0
H'm'n, rf	3	1	1	4	0
W'g'r, c	3	2	1	6	1
Viox, 2b	4	1	1	2	3
G'ber, 3b	4	0	0	0	3
G'son, c	4	0	0	3	0
H'mon, p	4	0	0	0	0
Total	33	5	8	27	15

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
K'fer, cf	4	1	2	1	0
Groh, 3b	2	0	0	1	4
H'zog, ss	4	0	1	0	4
G'ffith, rf	3	0	0	0	0
W'ms, lf	3	0	0	0	0
*Leach	1	0	0	0	0
Wing	0	0	0	1	0
Rod'g	2	0	0	4	0
M'w'tz, 1b	3	1	0	15	1
McK'y, p	1	0	0	0	0
George, p	2	0	0	0	3
Total	31	2	5	24	14

*Batted for Williams in ninth inning.
Errors—Killifer, Rodgers, Johnston, Gerber (2.)

Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0
Cincinnati	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Two-base hits—Hinchman, Gibson. Sacrifice hit—Groh. Sacrifice fly—Griffith. Stolen base—Wingo. Double play—Harmon, Wagner, and Johnston. Earned runs—Cincinnati, 1; Pittsburgh, 4. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 5; Pittsburgh, 7. First base on errors—Cincinnati. Bases on balls—Off McKenery, 2; off George, 1; off Harmon, 1. Hits—Off McKenery, 5 in 2 1-3 innings; off George, 3 in 5 2-3 innings. Struck out—By McKenery, 1; by George, 2; by Harmon, 1. Umpires—Messrs. Orth and Rigler. Time of game—One hour and twenty-three minutes.

Colonial League's Close Race.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 6.—A close race for the pennant in the Colonial League, which closed its season today, was not decided until the final game, when Hartford, by winning a double-header, dislodged Brockton from first place. The unofficial final standings are:

Club.	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Hartford	62	42	.564
Brockton	60	44	.560
New Bedford	56	45	.554
New Haven	52	50	.510
Springfield	47	50	.485
Pawtucket	37	57	.394

The league is under the auspices of the Federal League. Attendance has been poor for the greater part of the season, and it is said the Federal League suffered a considerable financial loss. Fall River and Taunton started, but dropped out in midseason. Pawtucket has been playing its games away from home for a number of weeks.

Portland Captures Pennant.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 6.—Portland, managed by Hugh Duffy, former start outfielder of the Boston National League club, won the pennant of the New England League, which closed its season today. Lawrence, last year's champions, set the pace for two-thirds of the season, when they were overtaken. They finished in second place by more than forty points. Lynn, Worcester, Lowell, Lewiston, Manchester, and Fitchburg finished in the order named.

Colonial League.

At Brockton, (A. M.)—New Bedford, 6; Brockton, 4.

At New Bedford, (P. M.)—Brockton, 11; New Bedford, 0.

At New Haven, (A. M.)—Hartford, 8; New Haven, 0. (P. M.)—Hartford, 4; New Haven, 3.

At Springfield, (A. M.)—Springfield, 5; Pawtucket, 1. (P. M.)—Springfield, 5; Pawtucket, 4.

Southern Association.

At Birmingham—Mobile, 11; Birmingham, 7. Birmingham, 6; Mobile, 1.

At Atlanta—New Orleans, 5; Atlanta, 1. Atlanta, 2; New Orleans, 1.

At Memphis—Memphis, 3; Nashville, 1. Memphis, 2; Nashville, 1.

At Little Rock—Little Rock, 8; Chattanooga, 2. Little Rock, 3; Chattanooga, 2.

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YANKEES SURPRISE BOSTON RED SOX

Fisher and Caldwell Pitch Them to Victory in Holiday Games.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 6.—The Yankees surprised the American League leaders today by winning the forenoon game, 4 to 0, and the afternon contest, 5 to 2. A total of 39,000 persons witnessed the games and went away each time in gloom.

Both Foster, who started the morning contest for the Sox, and Ruth, who worked in the afternoon game, pitched well enough to win, but Foster was obliged to labor with a team which could not solve the puzzlers served up by Ray Fisher, while Ruth was withdrawn after allowing three hits in seven and one-third innings. These three hits came all in a row in the seventh, however, and Manager Carrigan felt that the big southpaw was weakening. As it turned out, Ruth would probably have given a much better account of himself had he been allowed to remain in than did those who succeeded him.

In the forenoon attraction both teams battled evenly until the sixth inning, with fast baseball exhibited and no semblance of a run or a slipup. The Yankees had made only three hits and the Red Sox two until that inning.

In the sixth Coe led off with a single between right and centre fields. High followed with a slow grounder to Gardner, who ran in, made a clean pickup, and threw to second. No one covered the bag, and the ball went into centre field, and Cook, who would have been caught at second had the throw been taken, came all the way home, while High rested on third.

Maisel went out, Janvrin to Hoblitzel, and Pipp filed to Janvrin for two down. Bauman, the next man up, doubled to centre, scoring High with the second run, but no more damage resulted, as Miller went out, Foster to Hobby.

In the ninth Foster walked Pipp, the first man up. Bauman attempted to sacrifice along the third base line, but in his hurry Gardner threw wide to Barry, who was covering first base, and Pipp scored before the ball could be returned. Miller, next up, filled out to Janvrin and Boone filed to Lewis, but Nunamaker shot a double to left, scoring Bauman. The next man went out, and the score, which was 4—0, remained unchanged thereafter.

Cree got a "life" from Ruth for a starter in the afternoon, was sacrificed to second, and went to third on a wild heave by Lady to catch him off the base, but he was left there when the next two men went out.

Boston pried off the lid right away in its half of the first inning. Hooper walked and went to second on Janvrin's single to left. Speaker drove to centre and Hooper scored. Hobby sacrificed and Janvrin scored while Lewis was being thrown out at first base by Boone.

In the second Barry singled to left, but was thrown out at second when he tried to stretch the hit into a double. Cady went out, but Ruth brought the crowd to its feet when he hit the score board in centre field for a double. The hit was wasted, however, for Hooper fouled out to Pipp.

Barry connected for a double in the fourth, but this was the only event of note which might have led to more runs.

Until the eighth inning the Yankees had failed to get a hit and the crowd was rooting for a no-hit game. Boone spoiled it all, however, by slamming out a double for a starter. Nunamaker dumped one down along the third base line which Gardner did not field, waiting for it to roll foul. But it did not. Caldwell hit safely to centre, scoring Boone for the first run for the visitors. Cree went out, Gardner to Barry, at first base. Ruth was then benched to give way to Leonard.

High hit to Janvrin, who made a pretty stop, but threw wide to Cady to get Nunamaker at the plate, the ball rolling to the grand stand. Caldwell also scored, putting New York in the lead.

Hartzell, who went into the game when Maisel was benched in the first inning for arguing with the umpire, hit safely. The inning ended with a rush, however, when Pipp hit to Barry, who threw home, cutting off High. Cady and Gardner ran High down between third base and home, and as the out was made within a few feet of third, Gardner was able to tag Maisel out on the same play.

The Red Sox went out in order in the eight and ninth innings, but the Yankees apparently liked the offerings of Mays, who pitched the ninth inning for Boston, adding five hits and two runs to their lead. The scores:

MORNING GAME.

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Cook, rf	4	1	2	2	0

LARCHMONT CLUB'S FALL REGATTA—HONORS FOR NEW YORK OARSMEN—TURF—ATHLETICS

LARCHMONT REGATTA A FITTING WINDUP

Conditions Give Sixty-seven Yachts Real Work in the Season's Last Event.

Of course it isn't according to yachting etiquette to speak of it in this way, but it is expressive, at least, to say that the Fall regatta of the Larchmont Yacht Club was a "grand stand finish" of a very successful racing season in Larchmont waters. There were 67 yachts at the starting time. There was, at the outset, a very strong wind from the east-northeast, that tapered off to a whole sail breeze from the southeast as the afternoon wore on. There was a heavy sea at the hour of starting that made the handling of yachts of even considerable size pretty strenuous work. The last boat to finish was timed considerably before 5 o'clock, and of the 67 to start 63 were timed at the end.

Ventura, of the 50-foot class, sailed by her owner, George F. Baker, Jr., added one more to her string of racing flags by leading the class across the finish line 2 minutes and 38 seconds ahead of Iroquois II., which beat Grayling for second place by the small margin of six seconds. This class sailed a course of 20¾ miles, from the starting line to the racing buoy off Greenwich Point, thence to the racing buoy between Mott's Point and Prospect Point, in Hempstead Harbor, and thence home. It was windward work on the first leg, a reach on the second, and the shifting of the wind made it a run home.

The start was brisk and snappy. Ventura got the advantage at the outset, crossing on the port tack, with Samurai and Iroquois II. close aboard, the one on the starboard tack and the other on the port, and with Grayling on the starboard tack, slightly astern, and Acushla trailing. It was a pretty picture, with the yachts converging for an instant, and clearing each other within a few seconds. There were some short tacks by nearly all of them within a few hundred yards of the line, but presently Samurai and Acushla held along the Westchester shore, while the others went across the Sound. Of these Ventura held longest on the port tack, and when the squadron converged again in the middle of the Sound, a third of the way to the easterly mark, it was seen that Ventura's skipper had made the best guess as to wind and tide, for she crossed the bows of all the others. Thereafter it was Ventura's race, and interest was centred on the fight for second place, which Iroquois II. won on the run home.

The race of the thirty-foot class was also a close one. There were seven of these yachts at the line, and the start was a spectacular one, with Okee slightly in the lead, Silhouette close up and both on the port tack and several of the others on the starboard tack. Their course was to the racing buoy off Captain's Island, thence to the racing buoy between Mott's and Prospect Points and thence home, 15¾ miles. In the end Alerion beat Lena for first prize by 12 seconds, while Hope secured third prize by a considerable margin from Okee.

The Larchmont Interclub class made one of the closest starts of the day. There were eight of them, and they were all close to the line at the signal and all were across within five seconds. They sailed a course, to the racing buoy off Parsonage Point, thence to the buoy in Hempstead Harbor and thence home. At the finish they were spread out to a greater extent than were some of the other classes. Vivid Thyme, winner, sailed by Miss Morris, was 46 seconds ahead of Whiff, but the latter was more than four minutes in the lead of Barbara, and the last of the eight was fifteen minutes astern of the winner.

Besides the yachts mentioned there were Amoret and Anita of Class P, Arvia and Shadow of Class Q, fourteen of the handicap class in four divisions, twelve stars, three of the Orienta one-design class, three of the New Rochelle one-design class, four dories and a stray boat or two without competition. Winners, other than those already mentioned, were: Class P, Amoret; handicap class, first division, Carolina; handicap class, second division, Veda; second place, Red Wing; handicap class, third division, Robin Hood III.; handicap class, fourth division, Miss Modesty; second place, Pampero; star class, Little Dipper; second place, Zeto; third place, Twinkle; New Rochelle one-design class, La Rochelle; Class R, Joyetta; Class Q, Arvia; jewel class, Opal; Orienta one-design class, Thane; dory class, Yan.

By winning the race for her class, Carolina of the first division of the handicap class won the race week series prize, for which the record of Carolina and Pontiac at the end of race week was a tie. Because of a similar record at the end of race week for Margaret and Joyetta of Class R, the race of yesterday was necessary to determine the winner of the series prize, and the honor fell to Joyetta. A tie for second series prize in the thirty-foot class was also sailed off, and the prize was won by Lena.

Hudson River Y. R. A. Races.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Sept. 6.—The annual regatta of the Hudson River Yacht Racing Association which was held on the Hudson River off this city today, attracted motor boats from many points along the river. There was practically no wind, and racing conditions were very favorable. Several thousands of persons witnessed the contests. The starts in all of the events were made opposite the Poughkeepsie Yacht Club. Four hundred yachtsmen were guests of the club.

The event which attracted the most attention was the free-for-all event over a ten-mile course. This race was won by Black Cat, owned and sailed by Albert Traver of the Poughkeepsie Yacht Club. Black Cat crossed the finish line nearly ten minutes ahead of Standard Senior, owned by R. I. Kingston of the New York Motor Boat Club. Black Cat's time was 22:41. Standard Senior's time was 32:17.

In the event for boats with standard roof and canopy top, over a five-mile course, Sea Breeze, owned by Powell Hobart of the Poughkeepsie Yacht Club, was first in 31:04.

In the ten-mile cruiser class event, Repite, owned by V. C. Peterson of the Columbia Yacht Club, was first. Vondy, owned by N. Von De R. Linden of the Poughkeepsie Yacht Club, was second, and Selma, III., owned by R. Crow of the Colonial Yacht Club, was third.

In the event for one-design sailboats, Schattmuc of the Schattmuc Yacht and Canoe Club of Peekskill, was first. Rival, of the Poughkeepsie Yacht Club, was second, and Tappan of Tappan Zee Yacht Club, was third.

Fast Boats in Chicago Race.

CHICAGO, Sept. 6.—The fastest speed boats in the country are entered for the speed-boat championship here tomorrow afternoon.

The course is thirty miles, and the winner will be decided on the point system. The last race will be held Thursday. The Wrigley Trophy, valued at $5,000, will be awarded to the winner, and a $500 reproduction goes with it, to be the personal property of the victor.

The craft entered are the two Disturbers, one of forty feet and the other and newer one of twenty; Miss Detroit, Peter Pan VII., Baby Reliance V., Hydro Bullet, Baby Wisconsin, Black Demon, Barnacle, and Billiken.

Women Corinthians Sail at Bayside.

There was racing in both morning and afternoon at the Bayside Yacht Club yesterday, women Corinthians holding their regatta first. Two birds and five butterflies started in a southeast wind that held true and steady throughout. The winner among the birds was Teaser, sailed by Mrs. Funke. Among the butterflies the first one home was Diana, sailed by Mrs. Rust. In the afternoon race Dodo was the winner among the birds. There was a protest in the class, Curlew claiming that she had been fouled by Teaser. Diana won among the butterflies.

Tamale and Cocoanut Lead.

Interesting racing was witnessed by the members of the Seawanhaka-Corinthian Yacht Club, at Oyster Bay, yesterday. Prizes were offered in the two club classes and among the fifteen-footers. The first boat home was Tamale. The nuts also had a good brush, the winner being Cocoanut. The wind was south and fresh.

JOSEPHINE FASTER YACHT.

Indian Harbor Y. C. Entry Outsails Valiant—Two Legs on Cups.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 6.—The Indian Harbor Yacht Club's boat Josephine took the second race for the Manhasset Challenge Cup and Ocean-Great Lakes Cup today, defeating the Chicago Yacht Club's Valiant in a westerly wind on Lake Michigan. While Saturday's race was a match of skippers, today's race was a test of yachts. Josephine led on every point of sailing on every leg of the course.

In a breeze of fifteen knots or faster Valiant started better. She crossed first and had Josephine covered. Addison Hanan, the skipper of Josephine, luffed out sharply, and finally got his wind clear, when he squared away and set a spinnaker for the run to the first mark.

The course was triangular, nine miles around, sailed twice, making the total distance eighteen miles. Josephine sailed it in 4:30:12, while the Valiant was four minutes slower. There was a heavy sea, offshore, and the yachts slammed into it hard on the close reach back to the second mark. Josephine made the better weather of it, and had worked out a lead of nearly a minute when they hauled on the wind for the weather leg. They had it nip and tuck on that leg, but Valiant could not catch the Josephine, although she held her and at times gained.

At the end of the first round the Eastern yacht had a lead of one minute and two seconds. On the next run, down the wind, she increased this lead by a half minute. The breeze was lightening a little, but the boats were still sailing swiftly. The committee tug had hard work to catch the racers on the broad reach to the next mark, where Josephine made her greatest gain. She covered this leg in one minute and twenty-seven seconds faster time than the Chicago yacht ran the same three miles. On the last beat to windward Josephine added another minute to her lead, crossing the finish line nearly four minutes ahead. The times of the boats at the finish were: Josephine, 4:30:12; Valiant, 4:34:10.

The third race of the series will be sailed tomorrow. If Josephine wins, the two cups will go East. If she does not win, the series will be continued until one yacht has won three races. Commodore W. H. Childs, who has Josephine under charter for this series of races, was here today.

OLD YACHTSMAN "SAILS IN."

W. A. Barstow Again Steers Winner in Atlantic Y. C. Race.

W. A. Barstow, who had not competed in a yacht race for several seasons, dropped into the Atlantic Yacht Club yesterday and showed his former rivals that he still can sail a good race, by winning the most important class in the annual regatta. He sailed Alice, the speedy Q class yacht, of Gherardi Davis, over a 12:24 nautical mile course, wining by 3 minutes and 29 seconds. The yacht led at every mark.

The day was perfect for a regatta. A glorious wholesale breeze whipped in from the southeast, driving a large fleet of craft around the course in near record time. With the exception of the smaller classes, the yachts were all sent twice around a course that took them from Atlantic Yacht Club's Sea Gate to Can Buoy No. 13, to Nun Buoy No. 12, and then to the finish line. The smaller classes were sent over the courses inside Gravesend Bay.

On corrected time the second division of the handicap class was won by La Cubana, in the third division of the same class Nala won. Meteor was the first of the Star boats and Skylark led the knockabouts. There also was a special prize for the stars and the knockabouts offered by Commodore Church of the New York Canoe Club. The yachts were sent off together, the first one home being the knockabout Skylark. The winner among the dinghies of the New York Canoe Club was North Star.

Yacht Club Swimming Races.

The Newark Bay Yacht Club held a swimming meet at Jersey City yesterday, and there were six events contested with a large number of entries. The 50-yard swim went to Miller, in 0:30 1-5, with Horgan second and Low third. Miller was also winner of the 100-yard swim in 1:13 2-5, with Horgan second and McLarnan third. Lawler, the winner of the mile swim, negotiated the distance in 35:29¾. Horgan won his third second in this event and McNaughton was third. The 220-yard swim went to Gilbert in 4:02 2-5. Low finished second and McLarnan was third. The fancy diving contest for women went to Miss H. Constance. Miss Thompson was second and Miss Ruthgasen third. These three young ladies finished in the same order in the 100-yard swim for women.

TO NAME "SUB" REFEREE.

Preliminaries Arranged for McFarland-Gibbons Bout Saturday.

There will be a meeting held during the latter part of the week for the purpose of picking an alternate referee for the McFarland-Gibbons bout to take place at the Brighton Beach Motordrome on next Saturday evening. When the articles of agreement were signed in the West several weeks ago, Billy Joh was selected to be the third man in the ring. To guard against any possible hitch that might occur and prevent Billy Joh from officiating, the two boxers asked that a substitute referee be named.

Several men are mentioned as possible selections for the position, principal among them being Charlie White, Jack Skelly and Billy Roche. The conference will be held at Brighton Beach and those present will include W. C. Marshall, promotor of the bout, Gibbons, McFarland and the advisers of the two boxers.

The matchmaker of the Ocean A. C., which will stage the bout, has completed the program for that night. There will be two bouts held before the Gibbons-McFarland bout takes place. One will be a six-round preliminary and the other a ten-round semi-final. Dick Peters the west side lightweight, one of McFarland's sparring partners, has been matched to box Willie Green of Baltimore in the semi-final and Frankie Daly and Young Munday, two local bantamweights are matched for the preliminary.

Both principals of the big bout are rapidly rounding into condition at their training camps at Brighton Beach and are close to the stipulated weight of 147 pounds. Gibbons spends much of his time on the tennis courts and runs several miles a day.

FARMER'S JUMPER WINS.

Defeats R. J. Collier's Entry at Monmouth Horse Show.

RED BANK, N. J., Sept. 6.—The two day sports carnival of the Monmouth County Agricultural Fair Association which opened Saturday, was concluded today. The trotting, and pacing events, and the horse show were the features of the program.

In the horse show events Howard F. Borden's Mount won the blue in the class for polo ponies. Jesse Powers, the five-year-old son of Harry Powers, rode the winner in the children's pony class under saddle and captured second honors in the class for ponies in harness.

Competition was keen in the saddle class. Dr. Ernest C. Sahneftook's Goth was first; Miss Lottie Halsey's Sweet Briar, second, and Mrs. J. F. Belz's Jerry, third.

The Junior, owned by Thomas F. Field, a Middletown farmer, defeated Robert J. Collier's Dallonasiow, and Louis Strauss and Joseph E. Meyers' Honest John, in the jumping class.

The Gretna Green race, another popular feature, was won by Miss Mary Jones and Allen McDongall; Madoline Cope and Jack Hupfel were second, and Miss Rachel Field with her father, Thomas Field, third. Miss Field was thrown from her horse in taking the turn, but escaped serious injury.

Harry Bosky won the tent pegging contest with James Johnson second. Troop B cavalry of Red Bank took part in this contest.

In the five mile motorcycle race Arthur Robbins finished first.

Lloyd Castner's was second, and William Housler, third. The time was 7:24.

NEW YORK OARSMEN FIRST IN FOUR RACES

Metropolitan Boat Club Takes Three Events in Middle States Regatta.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Sept. 6.—The Metropolitan Boat Club of New York and the Vesper Boat Club of Philadelphia divided the honors in the twenty-sixth annual regatta of the Middle States Regatta Association on the Schuylkill today, each club winning three events. The Potomac Boat Club made a great effort to equal this record, scoring two victories and losing the junior quadruple sculls only on the finish line.

Hannegin won the junior singles sculls for the N. Y. A. C. when M. G. Lukens of the Undines was disqualified for passing under the wrong arch of the railroad bridge. The Wahnetah Boat Club won the intermediate four-gig race by a length and a half from the Malta Boat Club of Philadelphia. The Wahnetahs won the junior four gig in the Long Island Regatta a week ago Saturday, jumping from the novice class to the senior class in eight days.

The junior single sculls was full of accidents. The Ariel oarsman, McPhartland, collided with Roberts of the Nonpareils before reaching the bridge, and then Roberts banged against the stone arch of the bridge and broke his rigging. Lukens of the Undines won easily by three lengths, but was disqualified. In the junior four gig the Malta crew of Philadelphia passed the Arundel boat at the half mile and was never headed, although the Virginia crew pushed them to the limit.

In the senior single sculls, 140-pound class, Patchell of the Columbia Boat Club of Pittsburgh forced Allison of the West Phiadelphias into the shore in a driving finish, but both men were disqualified for going out of their water. The race was awarded to Hart of the Metropolitans, who paddled home.

The senior single sculls was the best contest of all. Hoover of Duluth came East to erase the stain of being the only Duluth man to lose a race in the recent national regatta. Pitted against Hoover was Kelly of the Vespers, Rooney of the Ravenswoods, and Livingston of the Nonpareils. Hoover took the lead and held it to the half-way mark, with Kelly coming fast, followed by Rooney, with Livingston last. Kelly passed Hoover at this point and led to the stretch by a few feet, where Hoover hit his stroke to thirty-eight. Within a hundred yards of the finish he shoved the nose of his shell ahead of Kelly's boat, but the pace was beyond his endurance and he collapsed. He fell back in his boat unable to lift his oars. Kelly continued and won, with Rooney second, three lengths behind.

There were eight entries in the intermediate single sculls, Schmidheiser of the Undines winning easily. One of the only New York entry, Roberts of the Nonpareils, was being fished out of the river after a collision with Mollard of the Pennsylvania Barge Club.

The Pennsylvania Barge Club accounted for the junior double sculls, passing the Maltas at the bridge and winning easily by a length. The Wahnetah Boat Club of Flushing, with a crew composed of local high school boys, won the intermediate four gig race, leading all the way.

In the association senior singles, Newlin of Philadelphia led at the start, but Heller of the Metropolitans passed him early in the race and won by four lengths. The Baltimore jumped away to a lead at the start of the senior four shell, 140 pound class. They increased their lead, beating the West Philadelphia crew by three lengths. Doyle and Allison, in the losing boat, were entered in the doubles later, and since Allison had already rowed in a hard single race, no effort was made to press the winners. In the junior quadruple scull race the Lone Stars of New York started off as if they would win by a mile, but they rowed themselves out and were far behind in the last quarter. The Potomac crew crept up at the half mile, with the Mets at their shoulders.

The Metropolitan crew was the stronger, and gradually drew away from the Washington boat, which finished second, with the New Rochelle crew beating the tired Lone Stars for third place. The Potomac junior eight, coached by Claude R. Zappone, won its event easily from the Vesper crew, and the same club won the intermediate doubles a little later, passing the Undines early in the race.

The senior doubles was merely a workout for the famous Vesper pair, Smith and Kelly, who were satisfied to stay ahead of the Pennsylvania crew, without trying for fast time. The senior double sculls, 140 pound class, was a good race, the Maltas of Philadelphia winning with the only fresh crew in the contest.

VAIL WINS AUTO RACES.

Driver of Mulford Special Finishes First In Five of Six Events.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 6.—Ira Vail of Brooklyn, at the wheel of the Mulford Special, built especialy for the Astor Cup race next month, swept the field in today's auto races staged at Olympic Park. Vail was first in five of the six races, taking first money and prizes in the one-mile time trials, three races of five miles each, and a special three-mile handicap event.

Only once did the Brooklyn pilot find it necessary to drive his car at full speed. This happened in the three-mile handicap, when Vail overcame big time handicaps and defeated Joe Jackson, who drove a Correja. It looked as if Vail would make a clean sweep of the card until he burst a tire in the fourth mile of the Australian pursuit race, which was won by George Theobold of Brooklyn in a Mercedes. Theobold finished second in the one-mile time trials and five-mile free-for-all.

Bert Duryea sent his Ford Special crashing into a fence rail at the dangerous south curve. He was not hurt, but his machine was eliminated from further competition. John De Palma, Ralph's brother, started in two events but retired because his machine was geared too high for racing.

A crowd of more than 3,500 was forced to wait for nearly an hour and a half before Alfred A. Coselmire, A. A. U. representative on the Contest Board gave his sanction for the running of the first event. The course was considered dangerous because of the heavy coat of oil applied.

eBrmudians in Cricket Draw.

Playing an aggressive, uphill game during the second and closing day of the international cricket match at Lenox Oval in the presence of a large crowd yesterday, the Somerset Cricket Club of Bermuda succeeded in escaping defeat at the hands of the cricketers of the Spartan Field Club of this city, who held a long lead when play was resumed at 11:30 o'clock in the morning. Play continued until 6 P. M., when the match was declared drawn, with the Bermudians 76 runs behind, but with two wickets still in hand. The honors, therefore, were with the Spartans, who followed up their good work of Saturday, when they had scored 122, by putting together 131 for the loss of only six wickets, or a grand total of 253 for the two days' batting. This gave the New Yorkers a lead of 203 runs over Somerset, and it was decided to "declare" the innings closed.

With their batsmen in good form, the members of the Schenectady Cricket Club experienced little difficulty in disposing of the eleven of the Staten Island Cricket and Tennis Club in an all-day game at Livingston, S. I., yesterday. Nine of the twelve up-State batters who went to the crease succeeded in attaining double figures, and the aggregate of the side's efforts reached 227, against 60 tallied by the home team, who went first to bat.

A full two-innings game in the championship series of the Metropolitan District Cricket League was played at Prospect Park between the ex-champion team of the Brooklyn Cricket Club and the Wanderers. Brooklyn, though behind on totals of the first innings, reversed the result in the second and won the game by six runs, with five wickets still in hand.

Kilbane Outpoints Miller.

CEDAR POINT, Ohio, Sept. 6.—Johnny Kilbane of Cleveland, featherweight champion, had little trouble with Alvie Miller of Lorain, Ohio, in a twelve-round bout here today. Miller was on the defensive most of the time, though he got the ninth and eleventh rounds because of his aggressiveness and clever footwork.

NEWPORT HORSE SHOW.

Frank Donovan's "Four" Was the Sensation of the Last Day.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 6.—The Newport horse show came to an end this afternoon in a blaze of glory. The stands were crowded, and every one was there.

The big winner of the day was Judge William H. Moore of Prides Crossing in the harness classes, who swept everything before him. With the single exception of the four-in-hand event Judge Moore's entries captured every event in which they were entered. The four-in-hand class proved to be the sensation of the show, for Frank Donovan of Boston, one of the show's most popular exhibitors, won from five entries, among which was Francis Roche's handsome four. As Mr. Donovan drove about the ring behind his beautiful blacks the applause was long and loud. His win from Judge Moore touched a sympathetic chord in the crowd. His horses were Minier and Minaret, Elect and Exclusive. Since the day the late Alfred G. Vanderbilt won this class, four handsomer horses have not been seen here. In addition Mr. Donovan is an excellent driver, and had a finely equipped coach.

John A. Hartford of New York had one of the finest horses in the show in Gossip, a big bay mare. She was shown in three classes, and won in all, is a beautiful jumper and attracted no end of attention.

Francis Roche also had handsome horses. He took three firsts with three different horses. Cleveland, his chestnut gelding, won in the hunting class. In the harness class his Solitaire, a bay mare won; and Sir Evelyn, a bay gelding, took first for saddle horses.

George H. Roehlig's Minstrel also did well in the show, taking three firsts.

J. Stewart Barney of New York easily won the local harness class for pairs, with Stars and Stripes.

Richard Gambrill suffered the only accident of the entire show today, when his big mare Diana threw him over her head as she was taking a jump. Mr. Gambrill was up in an instant, however, and the stands echoed with applause as he remounted and took the next hurdle in splendid style.

PETER SCOTT'S STAKE.

Grand Circuit Feature Race Was a Tame Affair—Only Four Starters.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 6.—The thirtieth renewal of the Charter Oak Stake, the feature of the Grand Circuit meeting here each year, this time for 2:08 trotters, and a purse of $5,000, one-half the amount of previous years, was the tamest race in the history of this classic of the trotting turf. Peter Scott, Murphy's bay stallion, was an easy first in straight heats, having no contenders in the small field of four horses that started in the race. Of twelve horses eligible eight were scratched, among them Lee Axworthy, which has been in poor shape since last week's race at the New York meeting. Geers drove Bonnington, and tried to keep him in the thirds in the first two heats caused Murphy to go after the final heat in the fastest time of the race, which ended in a break by Bonnington that cost him an opportunity for second money.

Lee Donald had trouble with Margot Hal in the second heat of the 2:08 pace, after winning the first in comparatively easy fashion, and the bay mare ran the last three-eighths of a mile, being distanced for running. After that Queen Abbess had nothing near winning the next three heats, with John R. Hal a close second. A field of seven starters in the 2:18 trot was cut to five at the close of the second heat, and Laramie Lad easily led throughout three heats, with Loe Blossom the only contender. The summaries:

2:08 Pace—Best three in five. Purse $1,000.

Queen Abbess, br. m., by The Abbe. (Cox)	2	1	1	1
John R. Hal, b. s., (Crozier)	4	2	2	2
Ben Laconda, b. h., (Murphy)	3	3	3	3
Margot Hal, b. m., (McDonald)	1	Dis.		
Elisha J., b. g., (Gerrison)	Dis.			
Hal Connor, b. s., (Geers)	Dis.			

Time—2:05¼, 2:06, 2:09¾, 2:08¾.

2:08 Trot.—The Charter Oak Stake; best three in five. Purse $5,000.

Peter Scott, b s., by Peter the Great, (Murphy)	1	1	1
Worthy Prince, b. s., (Cox)	3	2	2
Bonnington, ch. s., (Geers)	2	3	4
Duchess, ro. m., (McDonald)	4	4	3

Time—2:09, 2:07¾, 2:07¼.

2:18 Trot.—Best three in five. Purse $2,000.

Laramie Lad, b. g., by Master Bo, (McDonald)	1	1	1
Loe Blossom, ch. m., (Floyd)	2	2	2
Audrey Grey, br. m., (Cox)	3	3	5
Todd McGregor, ch. s., (Rodney)	5	5	3
Brook King, br. s., (McCarthy)	4	4	4
Mary Guy, ch. m., (Murphy)	6	Dis.	
Bonnie Setzer, ch. g., (Lasell)	Dis.		

Time—2:10½, 2:08¾, 2:09½.

Quaker Athletes Make Records.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 6.—Five new district records were made in the annual Middle Atlantic A. A. U. track and field championships here today. James E. Meredith, the University of Pennsylvania sprinter, representing the Meadow Brook Club, won the half and quarter mile runs in rapid succession. After winning the half in 1:59 3-5 he established a new record in the quarter, which he ran in 0:50 2-5.

Other record makers were H. E. Barron, Mercury A. C., who won the 120 hurdles in 0:16 1-5, beating the record made by Jim Thorpe in 1909 by one-fifth of a second; James J. Comerford, Shanahan C. C., who put the shot 42 feet 10¾ inches, 4¼ inches further than the former record; J. Levick Brecheim of the Germantown F. C., who threw the javelin 149 feet 4 inches, breaking the former record by 3 feet and 3 inches, and Fred Hasselberg, Mercury A. C., who threw the discus 109 feet ½ inch, the former record being 102 feet.

The Germantown Boys' Club won the meet with a total of 85 points. Meadow Brook was second with 29 points, and the Mercury A. C., third with 26.

New Yorker Third in Buffalo Race.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, Sept. 6.—Hans C. Schuster, representing the Swedish-American Athletic Club of Brooklyn, finished third in the first running of the Buffalo International Marathon here today. Schuster was one of a field of forty runners. James A. Dellon of the Monarch Athletic Club, Toronto, was first, and Percy Wyer of Toronto was second. The distance was fourteen miles and was covered by Dellon in 1:24:53 1-8. Schuster finished three-quarters of a mile behind the winner.

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DUKE OF DULUTH'S BROOK CUP 'CHASE

Principal Race at Belmont Park Won by "Private" James Park's Hunter.

James Park, one of the best known of the cross-country riders hereabouts, reached the Belmont Park race track yesterday, after four weeks of duty as a high private in the rear rank of the Business Men's regiment at the Plattsburg training camp, in time to see his horse, Duke of Duluth, win the seventh race for the Brook Cup Handicap Steeplechase, over the two mile and a half course. With him, to enjoy the fruits of the victory, came Fred Prince and Harry Bell of this city, Antele Devereaux and Howard Henry of Philadelphia, R. C. Stewart of Baltimore and C. C. Rumsey, the polo player, all of whom were fellow soldiers in the Government's experimental training regiment. They held an informal reception in the club house, which became an enthusiastic one when Private Park's horse won with the fat odds of 20 to 1 against him. They all took Park's tip that his favorite hunter had "an outside chance."

It was a case of fortune favoring the brave. Both Compliment, the favorite for the race, running in the colors of Joseph E. Widener, and Ral Parr's Shannon River, the "paddock tip," fell during the running, and so gave Duke of Duluth an opportunity he would hardly have had otherwise. Compliment, which won the cup last year, went down at the water jump just in front of the grand stand while leading the field the first time around, and rolled over his jockey, Tucker, who was badly knocked out, though not seriously injured by the fall. Shannon River and Kehtoh then took up the running, with Duke of Duluth in third place.

This was the order as the horses reached the eleventh hurdle on the backstretch, Kehtoh and Shannon River taking the brush in about the same stride. Kehtoh went clear, but Shannon River stumbled so badly in landing as to unseat his rider, Allen. That left Duke of Duluth in second place. After the next hurdle was cleared he was on even terms with Kehtoh, and the pair made a pretty race of it to the end of the run. They were about on even terms over the last two hurdles. In the stretch Duke of Duluth developed the most speed, and sprinting through that last sixteenth of a mile as if the long journey over the sticks had not troubled him in the least, stalled off Kehtoh's drive and won by a length and a half. Single Stick, who was twenty lengths behind the leaders when he won third money, was half that distance in front of Zellwood, the only other horse to finish the course.

Harry Payne Whitney's Harmonicon, running in the colors of L. S. Thompson, won the Autumn Highweight Handicap at six furlongs from Flittergold, an added starter, in a fashion which, for the first time since his return from England, warranted the belief that after all he might be as good a sprinter as his English races had seemed to make him. He was in hand all through the journey, and Flittergold's neighborliness at the finish was due to the fact that Notter did not care to drive out the big, handsome horse when there was no necessity for it. Somehow all the "talent" knew that Harmonicon was fit to win, for he was made an odds-on favorite, even though there was little in his American form to warrant it. The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and up; selling; purse $500. Six and a half furlongs. Time—1:20 3-5.

Yankee Notions, Oneck stables, ch. g., 5 years, by Yankee—Fairie Queen, 118 pounds, 1 to 4 and out, (Loftus).....1
Sir William Johnson, William Anderson's ch. g., 4, 120, 7 to 1, 7 to 10 and 1 to 3, (Burlingame).....2
Nephthys, J. J. Moran's ch. f., 3, 111, 30 to 1, 8 to 1 and 3 to 1, (McCahey).....3
Borax, Evelyn C., Tie Pin, and Doubles also ran. He Will and Sarasuit scratched. Winner ordered to be sold for $800, bid up to $1,500 by J. W. Hedrick, and bought in by owner for $1,505.

SECOND RACE.—Cedarhurst Handicap, for three-year-olds and up; purse $750. One mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:47.

Cock o' the Walk, Frederick Johnson's ch. h., 5 years, by Peep o' Day—Ellangowan, 117 pounds, 5 to 1, 7 to 5 and out, (Buxton).....1
Thornhill, D. J. Leary's ch. c., 4, 116, 1 to 2 and out, (J. McTaggart).....2
Charter Maid, J. E. Madden's br. f., 3, 95, 7 to 1, 7 to 5 and out, (Garner).....3
Hedge also ran.

THIRD RACE.—For two-year-olds which have not won more than one race; purse $500. Five and a half furlongs, straight. Time—1:05 1-5.

Whimsy, Cleveland Stable's br. g., by Burgomaster—Whimsical, 109 pounds, 6 to 5, 1 to 2, and 1 to 5, (Buxtwell).....1
Pockichoo, T. C. Bradley's ch. c., 112, 8 to 1, 3 to 1, and 4 to 5, (Garner).....2
Landslide, Foxhall P. Keene's b. c., 106, 5 to 1, 3 to 1, and 4 to 5, (Garner).....3
Arch Plotter, Lord Rockvale, Sevillian, Jim Wakely, and Precision also ran. Favour, Trumpetor, and Smoothbore scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—Autumn Highweight Handicap, for two-year-olds and upward; value to winner, $1,195. Six furlongs, straight. Time—1:10 4-5.

Harmonicon, L. S. Thompson's ch. h., 5 years old, by Disguise-Harpsichord, 140 pounds, 1 to 2 and out, (Notter).....1
Flittergold, August Belmont's ch. c., 4, 128, 12 to 1, 5 to 2, and 4 to 5, (J. McTaggart).....2
Heer Tyrone, R. T. Wilson's ch. m., 5, 124, 8 to 1, 2 to 1, and 7 to 10, (McCahey).....3
Hansen, Harry Junior, and Kaskaskia also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—Sixth Renewal of the Brook Cup Handicap, steeplechase; value to winner $1,105 and cup of the value of $250, presented by the Brook Club; about two miles and a half. Time—5:23.

Duke of Duluth, James Park's b. g., aged, by Royal Flush III.-D. A. R., 135 pounds, 20 to 1, 6 to 1, and 5 to 2, (O'Brien).....1
Ketoh, Hitchcock's b. g., 4, 142, 17 to 10, 1 to 2, and out, (Tighe).....2
Single Stick, J. E. Davis's b. g., 4, 135, 15 to 1, 5 to 1, and 2 to 1, (Lee).....3
Zallwood also ran. Compliment fell at the seventh jump and Shannon River at the eleventh jump and did not go the route. El Bart scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; purse, $500; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:08.

Plumose, J. E. Davis's b. f., by King James-Plumeria, 109 pounds, 7 to 1, 5 to 1, and even, (McCahey).....1
Edna Kerma, S. Lewis's ch. f., 109, 7 to 2, even, and 1 to 5, (Buxton).....2
Recluse, M. S. McNaughton's b. c., 112, 11 to 10, 1 to 2, and 1 to 5, (Butwell).....3
High Horse, Tralee, Southern Star, Nolli, and Edith Baumann also ran. Scottish Knight, Daddy's Choice, and Fairweather scratched.

Today's Belmont Park Entries.

FIRST RACE.—For all ages; handicap; selling; seven-eights mile; main course. Wanda Pitzer, 105 pounds; He Will, 97; Harry Shaw, 118; Yankee Notions, 121; Pollux, 100; Blue Thistle, 116; Reybourn, 103; True as Steel, 102; Aldebaran, 95; Lahore, 113; Wooden Shoes, 105; Runes, 99; Jesse, Jr., 90.

SECOND RACE.—For fillies, two years old; conditions; five furlongs, straight. Puss in Boots, 124 pounds; Lorac, 105; Hidden Star, 100; Maiachite, 112; Serenity, 112; Lily of Heavens, 105; Bonnie Carrie, 101; Sprint, 112; Grasp, 109; Iloiko, 105.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile. Sir Denrsh, 110 pounds; Song of Valley, 107; Watertown, 105; Jawbone, 112; Hammon Pass, 107; His Nibs, 107; Forecast, 100; Coin, 107; Santo, 98; Daingerfield, 112; Robinette, 112; Beethoven, 112; Nephtys, 105; Thoughtreader, 112.

FOURTH RACE.—For three-year-olds; The Ramapo Handicap; one and one-sixteenth miles. Hauberk, 103 pounds; The Finn, 126; Iron Duke, 108; Sharpshooter, 115; Trial by Jury, 118; Lady Rotha, 108; All Smiles, 105; Saratoga, 118.

FIFTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; The Trouville Steeplechase; about two miles. Little Hugh, 134 pounds; Adventuress, 135; Repentant, 140; Swish, 152; Eadbald, 130; Dixon Park, 138.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; maiden; selling; five and a half furlongs. Carmen, 104 pounds; Dancer, 110; Last Chance, 112; Flagging Spirit, 109; Jose, 108; Sand Mark, 109; Flag Day, 107; Peat Master, 112; Devonshire Dolly, 100; Tatian, 105; Benjamin, 104; Belle of the Kitchen, 100.

More Prizes for Auto Racers.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 6.—Dario Resta, Ralph de Palma, "Bob" Burman, and Eddie O'Donnell will race 100 miles at the speedway here next Sunday for a prize of $10,000, $5,000 of which will go to the winner, $2,500 to second place driver, $1,500 to third, and $1,000 to fourth.

YONKERS ATHLETE APPROACHES RECORD

Runs Three-Quarters in 2:45, Three-Fifths Slower Than Sheppard's Mark.

Overcoming bad track and wind conditions, athletes in the sanctioned Greater New York Fair Games at the Empire City race track yesterday offered high-class competition. In three of the five events the winner was not decided until the last twenty-five yards.

William F. Gordon of the New York Athletic Club defeated his brother Louis and Joseph Bromilow of the Irish American A. C., metropolitan half-mile champion, in the Yonkers Invitation Derby over a three-quarter mile route. Every inch of the race was a drive for the victor, who made the time of 2:45. This mark is only three-fifths of a second slower than the American record set by Mel Sheppard on a Newark, N. J., race track five years ago.

Only four men ran in this race, William Anderson of the New York A. C. being the other contestant. Anderson started to make the pace, Willie Gordon taking the lead at the end of the first quarter.

Handicapped by ridges and ruts in the track, Gordon slowed up on the turn into the stretch. Bromilow and the winner were less than five yards apart 300 yards from home. Meantime Louis Gordon was gaining on the leaders. About 100 yards from the tape he passed Bromilow, and was only three yards behind his brother at the finish. Bromilow was five yeards behind Louis, while Anderson dropped out in the last furlong.

H. C. Ackerman of the New York Athletic Club led the field in the three-mile handicap, starting with an allowance of 75 yards. After the first mile he took the lead, and the rest of the race was little more than a jog for him. His time was 15:35. At the finish he was more than 150 yards ahead of Tom Barden of the Irish-American A. C., who started from scratch. In the last mile Barden overtook three racers, and finished nearly 200 yards ahead of the third man, R. C. Richards of the Holl

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, SEPT. 7, 1915.

DISAVOWAL IS ESSENTIAL.

There is no reasonable doubt of the manner of the destruction of the steamer Hesperian, although the British Admiralty has not yet issued a formal statement. All the facts tend to show that she was torpedoed by a German submarine without warning and that no effort whatever was made to provide for the safety of the passengers and crew. Later developments show that the results of the attack were much more disastrous than was at first supposed. Lives were sacrificed, while the ship is a total loss, the effort to save her by towing her to Queenstown having failed. But the gravity of the incident, so far as it affects the relations of Germany with the United States, is not increased by the loss of life. The seriousness, from that point of view, is in the attempt, not in the result. The action of the submarine was a clear violation of the promise of the German Government to the American Government, through Ambassador VON BERNSTORFF, that liners would not hereafter be sunk without warning or without provision for the safety of the lives of noncombatants.

For the German Government, in the circumstances, there is only one thing to do, to disavow the act of its naval commander. Disavowal, without qualification, is essential to the preservation of the friendly relations between the two countries which the Ambassador's authorized statement on Sept. 1 seemed to assure.

THE EXAMPLE OF PLATTSBURG.

The excellent results obtained in the experimental encampment of citizens under the supervision of Federal army officers at Plattsburg are most encouraging. The idea of this experiment was not to transform citizens within four weeks into complete soldiers, but to start them on the road to learn soldiering in order that, if they should be summoned to the defense of their country, they would be at least partly prepared for the arduous duties they would be compelled to perform. In order to carry out President WILSON's idea of a "citizenry trained" in a country in which compulsory military service is impossible, except as a last resort in war, it is necessary to provide means for the training of citizens. The National Guard is an important organization, second in our land defenses only to the small regular army. The permanent army must always be small, while the National Guard will always include in its membership only a comparatively small proportion of the citizens of any State. Military service in the Guard is continuous and it is exacting. The Guardsman has much more to do than his yearly service in camp. With the completion of the plans of the War Department for the development of the Guard that body will become a much more formidable and dependable force, but if we ever have war we shall require the immediate services of hundreds of thousands more men than are enrolled in the army and the organized militia. In view of this, the experimental camp at Plattsburg was established. Plans have already taken shape for the formation of a reserve force of men who have served with the colors in the army and the militia, but it will be some years before this results in the effective organization of a large body of men. To prepare men in civil life to serve in a war army, the annual encampments of undergraduates were instituted some years ago, with good results. The Plattsburg idea grew out of these. From that the camp experiment has been extended to other States, a second camp will be held immediately at Plattsburg, and next year there will be many more all over the country.

This particular camp has naturally attracted a great deal of notice, more perhaps than its actual military importance has justified, because of the very large number of men of prominence in many walks of civil life who have taken part in it, because of the unusual degree of individual proficiency, especially in marksmanship, so many of them have shown, because of the public interest in the doings of such men amid unusual surroundings. They have all paid their own expenses, which very few men who will hereafter be called upon to subject themselves to arduous military training can be expected to do. The citizen soldiers who broke camp yesterday will have an opportunity to keep up their military studies. It is fair to suppose that a large number of them will not neglect the opportunity. But, after all, the chief value of this incident is the large publicity it has given to the idea of the need of practical citizen support for the organized military when emergency rises. If a thousand men who have been at Plattsburg since August 10 are able to respond to the country's call within their lifetime, that will be just a thousand men who have been made by a month's arduous training in modern soldiering, just so much better than raw recruits. But we may count also upon the tens of thousands who have been inspired by their example to render the same service to their country.

THE AUSTRIAN AMBASSADOR.

Ambassador DUMBA's deplorable breach of diplomatic etiquette, to designate it in no harsher way, overshadows all other incidents of the hour, as official action in regard to it must be prompt and definite. A little reflection should convince the Ambassador that he has done his countrymen in the United States a very ill service in recommending to his Government that it employ money to call them away from their occupations. Whatever he may say about organizations to procure them other employment, industrial concerns here would be very little inclined to employ a class of laborers who might at any time be called away from their work, not because of conditions of wages or hours, but at the behest of a diplomat in Washington acting in the interest of a foreign Government.

In the whole history of our relations with foreign countries there has never been another diplomatic representative at our national capital who has in such an open and unabashed way taken measures to make himself altogether unacceptable. Ambassador DUMBA is guilty of a direct and grossly improper interference in our domestic affairs. The Vienna Government should at once see the necessity of a change in its representation at Washington.

COUNTIES IN THE CITY.

One hundred and thirty-eight years ago the framers of the first Constitution adopted for the State of New York inserted in the document provisions for county divisions and government based on those of the English shires. These provisions date back in all essentials to the time of WILLIAM the Conqueror, and, so far as this State is concerned, remain alive and operative now, despite the changes in conditions during the past eight and one-half centuries. The developments of time have halted at the barriers so set and the waves of progress have dashed themselves in vain against these archaic promontories.

Particularly out of place, as well as extraordinarily wasteful and ineffective, is the operation of this ancient system in this city. Having its basis in the Constitution of the State, the scheme has hitherto defied change, especially as the army of officeholders which its continuance assured has always been able to muster up enough political influence to offset attempts at reform. It is true that, in the agitated period which followed the breaking up of the Tweed Ring, some success was met with in consolidating city and county functions in the same set of officers, and that something of the same sort occurred when Brooklyn and Kings County came together twenty years ago. But the constitutional provisions interfered with the adoption of similar measures for the entire city after the consolidation which went into effect on Jan. 1, 1898.

The result has been the continuance of a set of separate county governments in the city with forty different departments, twenty-seven of which are headed by elective officers. These officers are not amenable in any way to the city authorities and there is no power lodged anywhere to control their activities or to enforce co-operation among them. The Mayor has no power to veto bills affecting county officers nor have the city budget makers any control over their pay rolls or other expenditures. Departments are duplicated in each of the five counties, and, in many instances, county officers are doing in a minor field what the municipal ones are doing in the city at large.

All this, and more, was set forth in great detail in what is called a "study" of the county governments in this city, prepared by City Chamberlain BRUERE and Commissioner of Accounts WALLSTEIN, with a view to influencing appropriate action by the Constitutional Convention now in session, and the convention gave no heed.

It is shown, for example, that the cost of these county governments has increased 90 per cent. in the last fifteen years. The appropriations for them in the 1915 budget, many of them mandatory, foot up nearly $8,000,000. Besides this must be reckoned the fees paid in to the various county offices. The establishment of Bronx County alone added $700,000 to the expenses without decreasing those of New York County, from which it was taken.

There is no uniformity as to fees, expenses, or modes of appointment of the same kind of officers in the different counties of the city. Some of the officers keep all their fees, while one keeps only half. Some get salaries in addition, and others are allowed salaries for subordinates as well as office expenses. In some instances the salaries of office boys, cooks, scrubwomen, and watchmen have been fixed by law. Millions of dollars have been given to party henchmen under the pretext that their services were needed to preserve or restore county records, while the fees obtained for certification or examination of those records have been trivial. The Register's office, for instance, has been mainly a source of great wealth for the title insurance companies, though its maintenance has been costing the taxpayers several hundred thousands of dollars a year.

An absolutely useless source of expense has been the separation of the county jails from the city prisons. For guarding prisoners alone the average cost per day is $3.21 in Kings County, $3.49 in New York, and $5.20 in Queens. The city Department of Correction pays for similar service from 7 to 37 cents per day. This is merely a typical instance of wastefulness.

Mr. BRUERE and Mr. WALLSTEIN showed that efficiency can be better secured by a consolidation of the forty county departments into eight, two of which would be merged with city offices, and that the saving in salaries alone would amount to over a million of dollars a year.

Legislation cannot bring this about. The Constitution must be amended so as to permit of the necessary changes. Yet the convention refused to sanction these changes, so that they might be presented to the people for adoption in November. There can be no real city government so long as minor divisions of the municipality are separate and apart from it. There should be no division of responsibility such as now exists and there cannot be efficient and economical government so long as it continues.

CARRANZA'S POSITION.

If CARRANZA is not hopelessly obtuse he will see that a violent outbreak against the United States, accompanied by invasions of American territory, in one of the Mexican districts which he claims to control will be regarded in this country as tolerably strong evidence that his claims of control are ill-founded. As a matter of fact, CARRANZA's hold on any part of Mexico not in the immediate neighborhood of Vera Cruz is slight. Nobody here is inclined to believe that his troops have taken part with his knowledge or consent in the border outrages. All of the outlaws against whom our troopers and the Texas Rangers have been fighting were doubtless followers of the dead OROZCO, whose recent plans were formed in association with HUERTA and other opponents of Constitutionalists and Conventionalists alike. The outbreak, however, is serious and is giving our troops a great deal of trouble. The inference is strong that the men who have encouraged it hope thereby to precipitate American intervention.

CARRANZA must regard this new development of Mexican ferocity and lawlessness as most unfortunate for his cause. It might, however, turn out to be for him a blessing in disguise if his realization of the hopelessness of his effort to pacify the country without assistance should induce him to accept the good offices of the United States Government and those of the Latin-American republics and join the proposed conference. It is reported that he has already departed from his custom of refusing all advice and assistance from the United States by suggesting, through his agents in the North, a conference to secure joint action in the Brownsville district. One step more in the right direction and Mexico's problem would be in the way of solution.

"JITNEUR."

A word sneaks or shoulders its way into English; if there is a use for it, it stays there. Vain are the protests of the purists, even though the parvenu vocable may look to them abominable, "abhominable," as the conservative philologians of SHAKESPEARE's time seem to have preferred to spell it. Is there a more abominable Latin-Greek mongrel than "sociology"? Yet it shows an unabashed front, worthy of the science of sciences and miscellaneous universal lore or smattering which it connotates. "Automobile," another hybrid, was accepted without much dissent. Nobody cares for the form. Every "good American" longs for the shoes of swiftness which it stands for.

Yet the most patient and tolerant observer of English as she is wrote must writhe and jump into the air when, from her beerful midst, Milwaukee "hurls" at a peaceful nation the immedicable, the unforgivable word, "jitneur," meaning the driver of a jitney bus. Of the origin and derivation of "jitney," more happily called a "spider" for its winding ways by the French, there was great talk when that car of the people first rumbled into the Eastern ken. "Jitney" sounds strange, mysterious, abracadabraish. There is a wild music to it. But who could foresee that from its perilous loins would issue "jitneur," which The Milwaukee Sentinel rolls as a sweet morsel under the tongue, uses with bravado, defiantly, with an insolent happiness.

Jitney buses are to run in Milwaukee as "bonded carriers," but such a Volstian name as "jitneur" merits stripes as well as bonds.

"Jitneur!" Behind its hideous shape lurk new hideousnesses, "motorbuseur," "wagoneur," it may be, "cardriveur." In the name of every age, in the name of every sex, in the name of every dictionary, we denounce and defy this Badger upstart, this wicked invention of Milwaukee.

HOBBLING THE GOLDEN GOOSE.

Some citizens of this town are newly aggrieved by an old grievance. They grumble because the City of New York, which has more than half the population of the State and pays about three-quarters of the State taxes, is debarred by the present Constitution, and will be debarred by the brand-new Constitution, should that be adopted, from the power in the Legislature to which it would be entitled if the majority were allowed to rule, if rural jealousy, fear of urban predominance, or shrewd resolution securely to hobble the goose that lays the golden egg did not prevail. Taxation without fair, without adequate, representation is the permanent, in the opinion of many a real and substantial, grievance of New York City.

With more than half the population, the city has 63 of 150 Assemblymen, 21 of 51 Senators. The Twenty-third Assembly District has 125,000 voters. Putnam County had a population of 14,665 in 1910. There are twenty-nine rural counties with a population of less than 50,000, New York and the Bronx have a Senator for every 91,000 persons. Schuyler County with a population of 14,000 has one Assemblyman. New York City and the Bronx have a Senator for each 266,000 of population. Steuben and Livingston Counties, comprising the Forty-third Assembly District, contain some 121,000 "souls." And so it goes. There is no approach to, no pretense of, equality.

While it is just that in one branch of the Legislature territory should be represented, it is at least equally fair that in the other population should be represented. The census now being tabbed will make the inequalities of population and representation worse. Will the minimization of the political power of New York ever be remedied? Under the new arrangement New York with three counties is to have the same representation as New York with two. By hook or crook, the old Constitution or the new, New York is to be kept in subjection. A queer and lasting instance of rule by the minority.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Switzerland Without the Tourists.

That Swiss journalist whose description of his country now that there are no tourists in it was transferred from a Geneva paper to THE TIMES yesterday may have thought that he was writing in jest when he rejoiced in terms of lyrical enthusiasm over the absence of the staring and exclaiming foreigners. But under the jest was sincerity.

Of course he knows as well as anybody else—even the hotel keepers—that the foreigners in question, with all their faults, are an economic blessing to Switzerland and that the lack of their annual tribute means ruin for not a few Swiss and straitened circumstances for a much greater number of them. Hotel keeping is not, indeed, by any means Switzerland's only industry, but it is among the most important, and far more than any other it makes practical compensation for what may be called the unendedness of the little republic. Her fertile valleys bring in no such returns in hard cash as do her barren peaks and desolate glaciers, and she attracts and entertains her visitors at less expense, even, than does Italy, her one successful rival in this business, for it is at considerable cost in money and convenience that the Italians preserve their innumerable "monuments" in the midst of a modern, workaday life. The Swiss mountains take care of themselves, and they are in nobody's way. At any rate, there would be as little thought of removing them as there would be sense in undertaking it.

But though the Genevan journalist was joking, though he knows the extent of Switzerland's dependence on the tourists and with his head wishes them back again as eagerly as does the most disconsolate owner of an empty pension, his heart spoke truth in what he wrote—a truth not a bit more true in Switzerland than in any other region that in whole or part allows itself to be used as a temporary home and playground by people from somewhere else. Always there is a lurking hostility between the invading strangers and those whom the strangers are so fond of calling by the contemptuous and resented name of "native."

The Swiss writer took the one chance to be frank that ever came to him; probably there isn't a "Summer resort" in the world where the "natives" wouldn't enjoy a like opportunity to tell how glad they are when their "guests" are away.

Obliterates an Ancient Distinction.

Another illusion, and one of the fondest, is gone! At any rate, it has been attacked by one speaking as with authority, and sad experience teaches that there is little hope for a belief of the kind in question when somebody able to substitute real knowledge for ancient and accepted assumption once gets after it.

This time the assailant of faith in the wisdom of the fathers is Dr. BILLINGS, Medical Inspector of the New York Health Department, and the precious doctrine he would take from us is the one which enabled a large fraction of the world's inhabitants to feel that indulgence in alcoholic beverages was comparatively safe—had consequences comparatively harmless—if only they paid enough for them and so secured strong waters of a quality proclaimed or admitted—by all except fanatical extremists—to be "good."

The cheap grades were known to contain more than the others of certain deleterious substances, and it was the "vileness" of the liquors dispensed in the lower and lowest of drinking places that was supposed to account for the observed destructiveness of their effect. Now cometh Dr. BILLINGS and says that the only thing that counts in whisky, brandy, and the like is the content of ethyl alcohol, the amount of fusel oil, furfurol, and similar poisons contained in the so-called worst of them being so small that its effect on even the most vehement of topers is negligible. As for the adulterants in cheap liquor, he says, they are usually nothing more dangerous than water and burnt sugar, and while frauds, they benefit rather than injure the victim by lessening the amount of alcohol he gets in each glass.

Dr. BILLINGS could not maintain that theory with respect to absinthe, for that does seem, because of an ingredient added to the alcohol, to have effects worse than the alcohol alone would produce, and the same thing is apparently true of other complicated brews. Those are side issues, however, and interest but a small fraction of drinkers. It is his main theorem that will disquiet the multitude and put the connoisseur to blush. The latter can still say that to the educated taste there is a large difference between pure, sound, and well-matured liquors and those that are raw and fiery. He can, and doubtless will, claim that while, in equal quantities, each may be equally harmful, moderation is easier with those that give the higher and more nearly aesthetic joys than with those whose only boon is quick and deep oblivion.

Plausible, But Not Convincing.

One hardly knows what to think of the report that the British Government is causing one tank steamer after another to discharge its cargo of heavy oil, not in port, but on the surface of the sea in the torpedo zone. The explanation given for this proceeding is that the oil thus distributed bothers the German submarines almost as much as a like application on other and smaller waters does the larval mosquito.

Perhaps it does. We know that the "wrigglers" cannot come up to breathe through such a film, and we are told that when the submarine thrusts its periscope through one the glass is so coated that no picture of the surrounding ocean is transmitted to the watcher concealed below. That sounds true and it may be true, but somehow the hearer of the tale laments or rejoices—that depends on whether he loves German submarines or hates them—that no affidavits go with it.

There's no doubt that a cargo of oil, judiciously distributed, would spread over what even at sea would be called a large space, and stay there for a while. And the periscope is a delicate instrument, not too good an eye at its best. Well oiled, it would probably be quite useless, and the submarine that has to emerge at wrong times and in wrong places will not long escape the attentions of the watchful Britishers. But the ocean is terribly big and restless, and it is only on quiet waters that oil was ever credited with much efficiency, even against mosquitos.

The chances are, therefore, that this pretty tale is best characterized as "important if true."

A Stenographer's Opportunity.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I believe it was Ruskin who said that "the man who learned another language opens up a new field of opportunity," and the man who learns shorthand certainly is, at any rate, the equal of the bi-linguist.

Shorthand undoubtedly opens the door for many a young man who would otherwise be shut out from all prospects of making a career for himself. It brings him into intimate touch with the heads of a business, when otherwise he would only gaze on them from afar. Surely it is up to him to improve such an opportunity, which would be coveted by hundreds of others who have not his chance. As for compulsion to remain a stenographer for the remainder of his days, no one in this free country is obliged to stay in a rut any longer than he desires, and the technical knowledge which the stenographer imbibes at first hand from the heads of a business should surely fit him for a better position, if not with the firm he serves, then with some other. The country is full of men who started in lowly positions and are now today among the leaders of the business world. Many graduated from the pick-and-shovel class, and surely the stenographer starts in the race much better equipped than any of these.

Want of ambition would doubtless explain the reason why your pessimistic correspondents feel themselves forever doomed to taking notes and pounding a machine. I am a stenographer myself, but do not intend to remain one all the rest of my days.

FREVERT DALRYMPLE.
New York, Sept. 3, 1915.

Our Obsolete Submarines.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Commenting on the loss of the submarine F-4, you spoke of it as being an obsolete type. Unfortunately many of our submarines are pretty nearly obsolete when they are completed. The F-4 was authorized by Congress May 13, 1908. Five years later, on May 2, 1913, she had her preliminary acceptance by the Government and the next day Secretary Daniels commissioned her. So she is only twenty-eight months old. I see by the Bulletin of the Bureau of Construction and Repair of the United States Navy (Aug. 10, 1915,) that the G-2, likewise authorized on May 13, 1908, is now, when over seven years have elapsed, just 89.7 per cent. complete.

A. P. GARDNER.
Hamilton, Mass., Sept. 3, 1915.

THE MOTOR SCOUT.

I'm off for a run in the rain tonight
On the pitch black roads where the holes are hid—
Where I've got to ride like a fiend in flight,
And the cursed old wheel is just bound to skid.

It's a chancey thing, but they're short of shell
And the guns won't wait to be fed till day,
But what is one life in this wholesale hell?
A ha'pence of change in the price we pay!

Say, that was a rut for my life, right there!
A slip is a fall at this frightful speed,
But it's make or break and no time to spare,
To look to my way, with the guns in need.

'Twas the Captain told me we hold this road!
Well, I hope to Heaven the old man knew.
Was that a spiked helmet the match flare showed?
Then it's speed, more speed, and I'll see it through!

A shot!—and another!—the hiss of lead!
Those Germans are shooting with right good will!
And heavens above!—there's that hill ahead,
And I've got to rush it and risk a spill!

. . . . .

'Twas a gear that broke and my skull's broke, too!
This is the last of my midnight runs.
Ah, how I wanted to put it through!
They seem to reproach me—the silent guns!

O. C. A. CHILD.

FABLES FROM FRANCE.

Invented by Romantic Travelers, They Are Too Readily Believed.

Juilly, France, Aug. 7, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Reports concerning the war and conditions in France carried back to the States by travelers gifted with riotous imaginations, appear often strangely to resemble some narratives of Baron Munchausen.

Here in France much amusement is afforded by many of the stories appearing in American newspapers, to those really capable of appreciating the true status of affairs. For instance, we have recently read from a Washington paper a vivid account of a visit of Zeppelins to Paris on July 5. Not satisfied with this, the writer actually ventures to assert that such visits are made "above the city almost nightly." The article explains that no bombs were dropped, however, the Zeppelins apparently being on a scouting expedition.

It would seem that the absurdity of such statements would appear evident upon their face to the most wild-eyed reporters. For many months everything in Paris has been held in readiness for the anticipated coming of the Zeppelins. Their last raid was made on the night of March 31; since then there have been absolutely no indications of a Zeppelin within ten miles of the city. Following the raid in March every extra precaution possible to be taken has been made use of by the military authorities. Only a scattered score or so of dim street lamps are permitted on the avenues; all cafes are closed at 10 o'clock; at 9 o'clock every house light must be concealed beyond view, and at 11 no lights of any description are allowed. In the suburbs every street light must be extinguished.

The outside forts surrounding Paris are equipped with great searchlights, which are ready to be used at the slightest signs of alarm. And to make safety doubly sure, the environs of Paris, and the city itself, are patrolled constantly, day in and day out, by biplanes and monoplanes engaged in regular reconnoissance duty.

If measures similar to those would not appear to preclude the possibility of the Zeppelins having matters according to their own sweet wills, there remains the fact of the writer's having been in Paris for many weeks, including the week of July 5, without noting so much as the signs of a lone German, not to speak of Zeppelins.

Persons returning from Europe to America seem often to vie with each other in stretching their fanciful reports beyond the most line of credibility. I have before me a clipping from a New York paper containing an interview with a Red Cross worker, recently returned from the front. I am working in the identical corps which he has quitted, and I am therefore in a position to state that the work of the author of the story never took him outside of Paris. He speaks of an imaginary epidemic in Alsace in the same breath with a fine generalization concerning the French "75s," and in the same spirit of inaccurate generalization and gusto in a few lines he enlivens us as to General Joffre's plan of campaign.

There is no personal interest in my criticism of this writer, for I have no acquaintance with him whatsoever. I have merely taken his statements as typical of so much of the unreliable and untrustworthy news which America is being constantly flooded with. What must be taken into account with regard to war news is this: That the French censor is very careful about what is being permitted to pass, and, further, that what is allowed to pass is more or less of a minor nature, which would be of no value to the enemies of France. Be assured that Zeppelin raids and raging typhoid epidemics are not creating half the excitement and anxiety which they are producing by scare head news reports in America.

J. RIVES CHILDS.

The Neutral Torpedo Victim.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Even with Germany's final and full admission of the right of neutrals to travel on merchant ships of belligerent nations without danger to life from hostile attack, there are still among us a few who persist in criticising Americans for presuming to exercise this right. Such criticism is wholly unjust. The diplomatic triumph won by President Wilson and Secretary Lansing would have been impossible but for the fact that among our citizens who had legitimate cause for crossing the Atlantic during the past few months there were those who were not faint-hearted enough to be kept off the Lusitania and the Arabic by threats. To those courageous men and women who went down in the exercise of a right, now fully admitted by the power which destroyed them, we owe not criticism, but the highest honor. I am mistaken in the temper of our American citizens if there are not thousands who, when the proper time comes, will be glad to contribute to a suitable monument to their memory.

Bryan's counsel to American citizens was: "Don't sail on a British ship. Of course you have a right to do so, but the Germans may sink you and that will cause friction, and might even occasion a war." From his statements made immediately after his resignation we may take it for granted that he had advised the President that such warning should be given out officially by our Government. But Wilson, with a longer head, a clearer eye, and a deep consciousness of the moral issues involved, chose to stand like Adamant for the right in the exercise of which our citizens had been destroyed, and he has grandly won. It was the spirit of Wilson, not that of Bryan, that animated those who went down with the Lusitania and the Arabic, and it is a spirit to which every true American owes the deepest respect. But for that spirit, concretely illustrated by those whose lives were thus sacrificed, a human right of great importance would have been lost to humanity by default.

W. H. JOHNSON.
Denison University, Granville, Ohio, Sept. 4, 1915.

Foreign Newspapers in Germany.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Gertrude Atherton's contribution to THE TIMES is delightfully interesting—how could it be otherwise? With that fine irony which is sufficiently tempered with charming personal tribute, in order not to hurt, she admonishes her friend, Maude Fay, for loyally upholding the cause of the German people. True, the admonition is not outspoken, and Mrs. Atherton is willing to admit that poor Maude Fay's enthusiasm for her German friends is at least partly due to her being "cooped up" in Germany and to the fact that "of course" no sources of information save those emanating from the wicked German Government are available to her. Now, with all due respect to Gertrude Atherton's sagacity, I make bold to say that she is mistaken as far as the sources of information available to Americans living in Germany are concerned. Ever since this war broke out I have been sending, at regular intervals, copies of THE NEW YORK TIMES to friends and relatives in Germany, including an American citizen and a British subject, (not interned.) These papers have been as regularly received, not even the copies containing the Bryce report or the ones including the British White Book supplement having been interfered with by the censor. I know that my experience is by no means isolated, and my correspondents have further informed me that English and other "enemy" newspapers can be quite easily and openly procured in the larger German cities.

I am thus forced to the conclusion that whatever the reasons for Americans "cooped up" in Germany being in sympathy with that country's course may be, lack of "outside information" is not one of them.

F. W. HEHMEYER.
Brooklyn, N. Y., Sept. 1, 1915.

The First Jewish Synagogue.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I note the statement in the editorial on "Russian Allurements": "The first Jewish synagogue known in Europe was there," (Brest-Litovsk.) I have always understood that Jewish synagogues were common throughout southern Europe at the beginning of the Christian era and call your attention to the statement in the New Testament in the Book of Acts, Chapter xvii., Verses 1 and 10, relative to synagogues at Thessalonica and Berea.

A. H. WARD.
Oakwood Heights, N. Y., Aug. 3, 1915.

ARE AMERICANS DETERIORATING PHYSICALLY?

Decline Shown in Power to Resist the Wear and Tear of Life, and Many Are Forgetting How to Walk.

By ELMER E. RITTENHOUSE,
President of the Life Extension Institute.

New York, Sept. 3, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

National defense has been publicly discussed from many angles during recent months. There is, however, one important factor which appears to have been overlooked. That is the physical fitness of the men who are to defend the nation. Of what value is a high efficiency war machine in the hands of low efficiency men?

Our most sacred obligation to posterity is not merely to preserve the Republic, but to conserve the physical vigor and virility of our race. The battles of peace call for health, strength, and endurance as well as the battles of war.

The first essential in both national and race defense is men; not merely brave, intelligent, patriotic men, but men who can stand the excessive physical stress and strain of modern war; men who cannot only shoot straight, but men who have the vitality and the nerve force to endure severe shocks and wounds and make quick recoveries.

Could America provide such an army, and, if so, how long would it take to do it?

Vital statistics indicate that as a body Americans are physically deteriorating. If the present indicated trend of physical decline in the power of the American people to resist the wear and tear of modern life continues, the time will come when we will have to depend upon a weak, soft-muscled, flimsy-fibred people for the defense of the Republic and the perpetuity of the race.

There are plenty of people who will say that they have noted no such tendency, but we cannot depend upon observation in our own environment for such information. Nor must we attempt to judge the trend in the nation by our observations in any one class of people. We must take the American people as a body. And when we do this we find the resisting power of the heart, arteries, and kidneys, which work incessantly from birth to the grave, has steadily declined.

These organs are breaking down and giving way too soon. The increase in mortality in three decades from these causes has been about 100 per cent., and it is confined to no particular class or element of the population. It is increasing everywhere.

Therefore, while we are teaching our men the manual of arms and how to drill, is it not important that they also be taught how to live the hygienic life and to avoid the deferable and preventable diseases which are now weakening and destroying so many precious lives?

The American people are especially in need of being taught how to eat correctly and to get the habit of taking natural exercise.

Athletics are popular. The people, and especially the young, love to applaud those who engage in athletic sports. But the number of school children and of adults in sedentary occupations who actually take natural exercise or who practice setting-up or physique-building exercises is very small in our vast population.

In a sense we are a strenuous people, and yet the most of us are constantly in search of physical ease. We have most forgotten how to walk. The extraordinary increase in labor-saving and time-saving devices and the increase in wealth have placed an enormous number of American people in the physically inactive or sedentary class. This number is constantly increasing not only among the well-to-do, but in our factories and industrial plants, where muscular effort is less and less required.

We must adjust our habits of life to the new conditions. In time we will doubtless awaken to this national need and take steps to check these degenerative tendencies, but just at present the habit is to ignore them. This is an excellent time to "wake up."

If the American people are to properly prepare for national defense they must give consideration to the great national problem of individual hygiene, which means the rational care of the body and its organs.

Our people should know how to guard and protect their vitality as well as their liberty.

The march of progress has become a stampede. A physically weak nation has a good chance to be trampled under foot. The fact that the productive working period of life is apparently shortening is really the most important phase of the decline in the defensive power of the nation.

The life waste in war, enormous as it is, is almost trifling compared to the life waste in peace from ignorance and neglect of ordinary preventive measures.

Why should not the campaign for national defense include a program for teaching people how to live healthful lives—how to build up and maintain a high standard of physical fitness?

E. E. RITTENHOUSE.

A WHEREABOUTS BUREAU.

Voices from Far and Near Which Proclaim It to be a Worthy Idea.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to the letter by Thomas N. Miranda relative to the establishing of a Registration Bureau by the New York Telephone Company, I have had such a bureau in mind for years, and have often thought of suggesting the idea to the company. Mr. Miranda has made a suggestion that will receive much indorsement, and, I trust, the favorable consideration of the telephone company. It should prove, under the proper management, a most desirable avenue of earning power.

P. C. LUDLAM.
Newburg, N. Y., Aug. 25, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The suggestion in recent letters urging the telephone company to inaugurate another bureau, "The Registration Bureau," ought to receive not only the united support of the entire population of New York, but of the country, for is not New York the meeting place of the peoples of the world? The establishing of a "Registration Bureau" by the New York Telephone Company, at a reasonable cost to those who make use of it, will not only provide New York with a much-needed convenience, but will open up a new source of profit for itself.

JOSEPH A. CAGTONE.
New York, Aug. 25, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The establishment of a Registration Bureau in New York City, suggested in the letter of Thomas N. Miranda, published in your excellent paper of the 24th, deserves to be acted upon. Such a bureau is badly needed in so great a city. I have just returned from a week's visit in New York City, and had such a bureau been in operation during my stay the service it could have rendered would have been most valuable, regardless of the probable charge that would have been assessed for the service.

P. C. LIEFEL.
Springfield, Ohio, Aug. 28, 1915.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am very much in favor of the proposed Registration Bureau, suggested by Thomas N. Miranda. I frequently visit New York and such a bureau would render invaluable service to me. I think it is much needed in such a large city, and believe the proper investigation by the telephone company operating in New York will develop the need for it, and prove that its operation will at once become an additional source of much revenue.

M. A. BARTON.
Washington, D. C., Aug. 28, 1915.

A Bachelor's Complaint.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The letter signed "Barnard, 1905," in a recent issue of THE TIMES, interested me considerably, because I also graduated from one of Columbia's schools in 1905. During my last year at Columbia I was particularly desirous of making the acquaintance of some nice college girl, who would come up to my ideal of a wife, and with this object in view I attended the teas given in Earl Hall, but almost all of those I met seemed to be married. I often wondered whether the Barnard girls were so engrossed with their studies that they did not care to meet us Columbia students. I cannot help thinking that the Barnard class of 1905 is somewhat to blame for not giving us opportunities to meet them. Where do the college women go to? Most of the girls I meet seem to have only two subjects of conversation, dancing and the theatre. Nothing else interests them.

New York, Sept. 4, 1915. A BACHELOR.

A Dangerous Crossing.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

At Forty-second Street, corner of Madison Avenue, opposite the Grand Central Depot, one of the busiest corners in New York, and one of the most dangerous, there is no policeman to regulate the congested traffic. Any one wanting to cross the street from the south side to the Grand Central Depot runs a great bodily risk. Is it not possible to station a policeman at this corner to regulate traffic so that pedestrians can cross the street with a reasonable amount of safety?

H. STROUD.
New York, Sept. 5, 1915.

One Way to Build a Navy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I not make a suggestion in regard to national defense? Let each of the States, according to their population and wealth, build a warship for the national navy. Let each State so honor the nation; then let the nation honor each State by accepting the gift. The larger States, with population and wealth permitting, might build battleships, battle cruisers, &c.; the smaller ones, scout cruisers, torpedo boats, &c., or whatever might be determined by the States and the national Government in council.

H. BROWN.
Westport, Conn., Sept. 5, 1915.

CHILDREN AND WAR.

How Education Waters the Dormant Seed of International Strife.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The relation of the child to war and peace has not received its merited attention. At first glance no connection would seem possible: the child is apparently too remote from the scene and too insignificant in character to wield the slightest influence in the counsels of the nations. Yet the exact contrary is true, and the sooner our moral and intellectual leaders recognize the fact the more likelihood of a gradual cessation of international strife and the dawn of universal brotherhood.

There can be little doubt that long before the high school age the average child imbibes prejudices which clings to him in maturer years and warp his judgment for all time. A few resolute natures may be proof against distortion, but not many. These prejudices concern, in large measure, other creeds and nations than their own. On the one hand they are taught consciously or unconsciously to exaggerate the excellencies of their own land and faith, and to underestimate the excellencies in the country and creed beyond their gate. Here and there a broader and kindlier teaching will inspire broader and kindlier views; but, on the whole, few teachers, whether in the pulpit or the schoolroom, have the courage, even if opportunity and privilege be theirs, to help the child to freedom from those narrow conceptions which have always set nations and creeds at each other's throat, and whose grip will never be relaxed until, from the earliest year, children are taught more humane and just views.

It is a principle in education to guard the child from the contagion of coarseness. We wish our children to be associated with what is refining and beautifying. What can be coarser than to represent our neighbors as our inferiors, morally and socially, merely because our point of view is different, and our customs, dress, and traditions are not identical? What is more beautifying and refining in thought than to recognize the worth, charm, and potency in countries and creeds that are not ours? It is true the world is slowly broadening, despite occasional retardation. But the process can be hastened, without the peril of relapse, if our schools and churches throw off shackles too often held to be inviolable, and as men and women, not professional educators, diplomats, and churchmen, we would have our children taught realities, not spectres.

The result of narrow teaching is seen in the present conflict abroad. To retard similar conflicts and make them impossible or shorn of most of their horrors, let humanity and brotherhood be as much a part of the curriculum in public or religious schools as

BARRIE'S 'ROSALIND' IS RICH IN CHARM

Marie Tempest Plays Delightfully in His Comedy of Furtive Middle Age

FOLLOWING "KILLICRANKIE"

Agreeable Revival of Robert Marshall's Clever Play at the Lyceum Theatre.

THE DUKE OF KILLICRANKIE, Robert Marshall's comedy revived, with Marie Tempest in her original role, at the Lyceum Theatre.
Duke of Killicrankie.....Graham Browne
Henry Pitt-Welby, M. P.....
.....Ferdinand Gottschalk
Ambrose Hicks .....Francis Redford
Alexander Macrayne.....Jock McGraw
Fister .....Horton Cooper
Footman .....Leon Brown
Mrs. Mulholland .....Marie Tempest
Countess of Pangbourne....Kate Sergeantson
Lady Henrietta Addison.....Mary Forbes
Mrs. Macbayne .....Mercita Esmonde

ROSALIND, a playlet by J. M. Barrie, presented as an afterpiece.
Rosalind .....Marie Tempest
Dame Quickley .....Kate Sergeantson
Charles Roche .....Reginald Denny

The ever-delightful Marie Tempest returned to New York last evening in an inviting and engaging double program—"Rosalind," a play in one act by Sir James M. Barrie, and "The Duke of Killicrankie," the three-act play by the late Robert Marshall. For this agreeable occasion the doors of the Lyceum swung wide once more, and the new Frohman season was begun. Each play is in itself worth going to see. Both are quickened by that infinite relish which never fails to mark a performance by this most expert of English comediennes.

Consider first the Barrie contribution, for although, as one of his "half hours," it is a mere curtain raiser (given capriciously as an afterpiece) it is new, or new at least to the New York stage. "The Duke of Killicrankie" was a favorite here when it served John Drew for a season or so ten years ago and more, but "Rosalind," though it is now nearly three years since it was first presented at the Duke of York's in London, and though it has for some time been familiar in the only volume of Barrie's plays to reach the book shelf, had never been played in an American theatre before its performance at the Lyceum last evening. It is charming to read and charming to see.

"Rosalind" is a dramatic monograph on middle age. It mischievously penetrates the mystery of the fact that no actress of note is ever caught playing a character between the ages of twenty-nine and sixty. Not she. Though a dramatist may burn to introduce a heroine come to the fine years of middle age, one who will be gracious and threatenec, agree weakly at last that she need not be more than twenty-nine. Let us say of Mistress Page, then, that she enjoyed a long twenty-nine. Nor are all the twenty-niners on the bright side of the toothpicks. Bless you, the stalls are thus made full.

So it is that Beatrice Page, adored Rosalind of the English stage and famed as about the only actress in London who has no mother about, invents one, plays the part herself, and yearning to spend her vacation as Mrs. Tracy Contentment, betakes herself to a seacoast village, where, in dowdy clothes and sloppy slippers, she wallows in middle age. And a youthful lover catches her at it.

In this morsel of a play, which is abrim with the Barrie charm and touched in every line with his wisdom and sympathy, Miss Tempest plays the leading rôle. Many an actress would balk at it, but she braves the part and emerges triumphant.

Her gifts are exceptional. She plays with such extraordinary, unflagging alacrity of the spirit. Without flutter ing an eyelash, without giving so much as one of those famous Tempest twitches of the lips that ever invite your delighted chuckles, it is in her fairly to radiate humor. If she but walk upon the stage the scene becomes animate.

So she makes much of Mistress Page and her fanciful admission of middle age, although the supporting company renders no very brilliant assistance. Kate Serjeantson rather thumps her way through the part of Dame Quickly and Reginald Denny, late of Twin Beds," is somewhat unnecessarily wooden as the startled squire.

So, too, all goes well with that bright and thoroughly amusing comedy of Captain Marshall's, which, in its present revival, takes up the greater part of the evening. With a single notable exception John Drew has not had so good a play in fifteen years as "The Duke of Killicrankie," which was given here back in 1904 with Ferdinand Gottschalk, Margaret Dale, and the late Fanny Brough in the other important rôles.

Fanny Brough was enormously amusing as the cautious and resentful widow of the great glue king and it is this part which Miss Tempest assumes in the revival. Mrs. Amy Mulholland was a good deal of a cat and Marie Tempest is a wonderful cat. You can imagine how amusingly she weighs each insult before taking revenge during the memorable supper scene after the abduction in high life. You can guess with what infinite relish she pounces on poor Pitt-Welby when he warns her that the worm will turn, and she, clasping her hands in ecstacy, cries out:

"There, that was the name I was trying to think of. That is the word that fits you. Worm!"

So it all goes very agreeably, what with a nice but somewhat negative performance by Graham Browne as the Duke, a charming appearance by Mary Forbes as the Lady Henrietta, and a characteristically amusing one by Mr. Gottschalk, back once more in his old part of the timorous but needy Pitt-Welby, who must bear being called "worm" for the sake of occasionally being addressed as Don Juan by his beloved Mrs. Mulholland.

"The Duke of Killicrankie" is done nicely, as it should be. It is a polite comedy, and we see its like precious seldom—far too seldom—on the New York stage. The revival is welcome.

MRS. K. C. FOSTER WEDS.

Marries John G. Gredler of Wisconsin, in the Hotel Warrington.

The marriage of John G. Gredler and Mrs. Kate Crichton Foster, both formerly of Shreveport, La., took place at noon yesterday in the apartment of the bride at the Hotel Warrington, 161 Madison Avenue. The bride, who was unattended, wore a brown traveling costume with hat to match and carried pink Mignon roses. Her brother, Powell Crichton, gave her in marriage. There were no attendants, but Bernard Towers and J. M. Crank were the witnesses, and the bridegroom's partner, R. G. Morey, was present. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. D. J. McMillan. The bridal party had breakfast at the Vanderbilt and the bride and bridegroom are leaving this morning for Wisconsin, where they will live.

Mrs. Gredler is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Crichton of Louisiana and a sister of Powell Crichton, a lawyer of this city. She and her first husband, J. M. Foster, were divorced in the Summer of 1914. She has one son, James, aged 6 years. Mr. Gredler, who was formerly Vice President of the Red River Valley Bank and Trust Company of Shreveport, has recently become a partner of R. G. Morey in the Pleasant Valleys Farms, a large dairy product concern in Wisconsin.

Prof. Barbour to Wed Miss Jopp.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 7.—A marriage has been arranged between Willard Barbour, Professor of Law of the University of Michigan, and Vera Stewart, second daughter of C. H. Keith Jopp, lecturer in Oxford University. It will take place early in November.

NAVAL BALL AT NEWPORT.

Capt. Welles and Miss Johnston Lead Grand March of Enlisted Men.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 6.—Naval officers with their families and their guests from the Summer colony attended the ball given at the naval training station tonight, marking the closing of their carnival, which consisted of a sham battle and athletic sports, for the benefit of their athletic and amusement fund.

In the large Barracks BB, which was decorated with flags, bunting, and electric designs, the ball was held to the strains of the station's band. The enlisted men from the station, with their wives and sweethearts, with those from the submarines and destroyers, torpedo station, and other branches of the service, danced. Officers from Fort Adams with their families also attended.

Captain Roger Welles, U. S. N., commanding officer of the station, led the grand march with Miss Annie Johnston, the daughter of the station's barber.

Rear Admiral Austin M. Knight, Commandant of Narragansett Bay naval station, with their families and the Naval War College, attended, with Miss Katherine G. Knight. They had for their guests Mr. and Mrs. Gibson Fahnestock and Mrs. George H. Hull, Jr.

Lieut. Commander and Mrs. Franck Taylor Evans had in their box Captain and Mrs. Charles C. Marsh, Mrs. Evans Sewall, Mr. and Mrs. Grenville Kane, and Lieutenant and Mrs. Williams E. Wickham.

Rear Admiral and Mrs. Thomas J. Cowie had among their guests Mrs. R. E. Ledbetter.

Mr. and Mrs. James L. Van Alen and James J. Van Alan leave for Hot Springs at the end of September, the former returning later to Newport for the late Fall. The latter will likely visit Java.

Mrs. Hugh D. Auchincloss gives a luncheon Tuesday.

Willing Spencer, Secretary of the United States Legation at Colon has concluded his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Thompson Spencer, going to Washington to visit the State Department before returning to his post.

Mrs. Hamilton McK. Twombly has departed for Madison, N. J., joining Miss Twombly for the Fall season.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver G. Jennings close their stay this week as will Mr. and Mrs. W. Goadby Loew.

WIN TOURNEY, THEN LOSE.

Tennis Victors at White Sulphur Defeated in a Challenge Match.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. Va., Sept. 6.—Miss Hilah French and James A. Blair, Jr., who won the season's tennis tournament today, challenged Miss Marshall and J. W. Barney and were defeated by them, 6—4, 3—6, 6—3. There were several sets of doubles which proved interesting to the gallery but the outstanding among the players were Messrs. Mood and Douglass, who beat Messrs. King and Graves, 7—5, 1—6, 6—3, and Messrs. Cooke and MacIntosh, who beat Messrs. Hunter and Heisley, 6—2, 6—2. Miss Prudence Berry played with Miss Mercer French.

There was a noticeable absence of social activities today, but all sports were entered into with enthusiasm. Some of the golfers were Miss Anne Morgan, J. S. Leahy, Grey Wells, H. H. Lobear, J. B. Weir, J. B. Dennis, Colonel and Mrs. William W. Wheatley, Major Edward Colston, Desota Fitzgerald, James A. Blair, Jr., William B. Sturgis, Miss Ellen Yuille, and Miss Dorothy Hancock. In a tennis game were J. R. Martindale, Judge F. C. Proctor, R. B. Rathborn, and C. L. Munson.

Drives were taken this afternoon by J. B. Dennis with Mrs. James A. Blair and Mrs. G. Ledyard Blair; Mrs. W. F. Cambios, who drove several friends to Elmhurst for tea; H. S. Bohling and Donald Markle, Miss Mary Cambios and Miss Wagner took the Kates Mountain ride this morning, and others out in the saddle were Miss James Brand, Miss Bertha Yuille, Garrett B. Wall, Jr. Edward S. Buckley, 3d, and J. H. Graves.

VACATIONISTS' TRAINS LATE.

Rush Homeward Congests Central and New Haven Lines.

Persons who were terminating their Summer vacations on Labor Day swarmed in such great numbers on the trains of the New York Central and the New York, New Haven & Hartford lines all yesterday afternoon and evening that extra trains had to be run on every branch, and the congestion of cars caused trains to reach New York from one hour to more than two and a half hours late. Grand Central Station was full of waiting relatives and friends all evening.

The train that was delayed most, according to the officers at the railroad station, was the Pittsfield Express, which was due shortly after 9 o'clock but did not arrive until nearly 12, more than two and a half hours late. There was a group of 200 members of a German singing society connected with the Arion Society aboard. They had gone to Litchfield, Conn., to give a concert and had expected to be home early in the evening.

The railroad officials said that, except the Pittsfield Express, which was on the New Haven line, none of the trains was more than an hour and fifteen minutes late.

FIRE IN Y. M. C. A. CAMP.

No Boys Hurt in Blaze Which Destroyed Dudley Lodge.

The State Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association was besieged with telephone inquiries yesterday about the safety of the boys at Camp Dudley, situated at Westport, on Lake Champlain. The lodge building at the camp was burned on Friday night; and as more than 10,000 boys, the majority from New York and Brooklyn, have been entertained at the camp in the thirty-seven years of its existence, the interest in the loss was widespread. The building, which was the social centre of the camp, was destroyed. Only ten boys were at the camp, which had just closed for the season, and none was hurt. The tents had been stored in the building and these were destroyed, the total loss amounting to about $8,000. The camp entertains 200 boys every Summer.

WILL WED IN PORTO RICO.

Miss Anna Mabie on Way to Marry C. W. Shape, Revenue Agent.

Miss Anna Mabie, a daughter of Mrs. Sanford Mabie of 500 West 114th Street, who sailed last Saturday on the Carolina for Porto Rico, will be married there on Thursday to Clarence W. Shape, the Internal Revenue Agent at Arecibo. Mrs. W. H. Shape of 280 Manhattan Avenue, the mother of the prospective bridegroom, sailed with her future daughter-in-law, and Mr. Shape will leave New York the last of the month to join her in Porto Rico, but both will return here later.

Miss Mabie, who is 21 and has known her fiancé for seven years, became engaged to him on Easter Sunday. Mr. Shape has been stationed at Arecibo for a year and he and his bride will make their home there. The Carolina is due to reach Porto Rico tomorrow.

Bronx Parochial School Dedicated.

Dedication services for the new parochial school of Our Lady of Mercy, in Marion Avenue, near Fordham Road, the Bronx, were held yesterday, with the Right Rev. Bishop Patrick J. Hayes, representing Cardinal Farley, officiating. The Rev. Father Patrick M. Breslin is pastor of the church. About 4,000 persons attended, including a large delegation of Knights of Columbus. The new school will accommodate about 1,200.

Passengers from Bordeaux.

Among the passengers arriving yesterday on the Rochambeau from Bordeaux were:

W. Adams, G. Atkinson, W. Bulkley, Miss M. Bulkley, Lieutenant E. Bariatier, H. Brown, B. Broadwater, Mrs. E. Clark, Charles Carron, Frank A. Couche, W. Cahill, Miss G. Chevalier, Mrs. C. Scott, J. Davis, W. Dreyfus, F. Dawson, C. Daly, Mrs. J. Falkenberg, F. Ferguson, Miss G. Goddard King, G. Guerrand, French Consul General for New York; H. Herbert, P. Haney, Miss E. Lynch, J. Lyman, J. de Loumier, Dr. A. Strong, Miss M. Short, Mr. and Mrs. C. Stewart, Mrs. M. Thorburn, Miss E. Thorburn, F. Thynne, Mrs. M. Ward, Mrs. C. Weeks, and E. Williams.

Swift & Company's sales of beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, Sept. 4, averaged as follows: Domestic beef, 11.95 cents per pound.—Advt.

DANCE IN INFANTS' DRESS AT LENOX

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Astor Bristed's Guests Frolic at a "Baby Party" at Lakeside.

NIGHTGOWNS AND SOCKS

Dr. Rufus S. Cole Wins Labor Day Golf Handicap—Prince Hohenlohe is Breakfast Host.

LENOX, Mass., Sept. 6.—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Astor Bristed gave a unique entertainment at Lakeside tonight, a "baby party," at which their guests appeared in infants' dress. The house was brilliantly lighted, and outside the garden and the grounds were illuminated with many Oriental lanterns. The guests arrived late, for five large dinners preceded the dance. Most of the young women wore infants' first dresses and socks, and the young men were in nightgowns, in which had been attached rosettes and bows of ribbon. This slipon was a strong favorite in the men's dress. Some of the elders were there also in the garb of children, appearing in short trousers and blouses.

Among the young married couples appearing in costumes were Mr. and Mrs. Giraud Foster, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Frothingham, Mr. and Mrs. Harris Fahnestock, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Gourlay, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Fish Benjamin, Mr. and Mrs. George E. Turnure, and Mr. and Mrs. David T. Dana.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Astor Bristed have issued invitations for a dinner party Saturday night at Lakeside to meet the Brazilian Ambassador and Mme. Raoul Regis de Loizoria, who will arrive on Friday to pass the week end at Lakeside.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Cramer and Miss Cramer, who have been at the Maplewood in Pittsfield for several weeks, left today for the Ritz-Carlton in New York.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Dix of Baltimore, Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Dickinson, and Miss Louise Dickinson of Cortland, N. Y., arrived at the Maplewood.

F. Augustus Schermerhorn arrived today to visit with his sister, Mrs. Richard Aldrich, Jr.

At the Wendell in Pittsfield are Judge and Mrs. Virgil Kline of Cleveland, Lieutenant H. Whittaker of Bayside, L. I.; Albert Dale of London, Mr. and Mrs. John Hunter of Irvington, N. Y., and Mrs. F. W. Goddard of New York.

Mrs. Alfred Vanderbilt had with her at Shadowbrook over the holiday Captain and Mrs. Isaac E. Emerson, Mr. and Mrs. Walter W. White and Miss Margaret White of Baltimore and Francis H. Wood of New York.

The Lenox Labor Day golf handicap was won by Dr. Rufus S. Cole. Among those who played were Walter W. White, Francis H. McAdoo, Spencer O. Shotter, Day Kimball, Christian A. Herter, Miss Elinor S. Otis, Mrs. Frederic S. Delafield, Miss Katherine Dahlgren, Miss Dorothy Tracy, Emerson Bigelow, Miss Civilise Alexandre, Samuel Frothingham, Jr., Sheldon R. Smith and Miss Irene Turnure.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip McFadden, Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Bassett, Mr. and Mrs. William R. Russell, Miss Russell and Randolph Russell of New York arrived at the Red Lion Inn in Stockbridge.

Miss Civilise Alexandre will be the Chairman of the Ball Committee which will give an entertainment at the Lenox Club on Sept. 2, for the benefit of Miss Folsom's sanitarium. Mrs. Joseph Whistler, Miss David T. Dana and Mrs. Frederic S. Delafield are on the committee.

Prince Alfred Hohenlohe of the Austro-Hungarian Embassy gave a breakfast at the embassy this morning, entertaining for Lippitt of Providence. Miss Lippitt is touring with Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Congdon and William B. MacColl of Providence.

Albert L. Hoffman has arrived to visit with Mr. and Mrs. Albert R. Shattuck.

Cortlandt F. Bishop drove his automobile on Sunday from Lenox to New York and return in ten hours. He carried four passengers and started early Sunday morning. He drove his car around the Grand Central Station in New York and stopped at his New York house for some time.

Dr. Royal Whitman has joined Mrs. Whitman in Lenox.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Dixon and Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Dodge of New York arrived at Curtis Hotel.

Miss Adele Kneeland gave a luncheon at Fairlawn this afternoon, entertaining for her guests, Mr. and Mrs. E. Henry W. Munroe and Miss Louise Munroe of Tuxedo.

Arriving at Hotel Aspinwall were Mr. and Mrs. Nathaniel N. Thayer, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Dudley Peters, Colonel and Mrs. John J. Whipple of Boston, Mr. and Mrs. G. Schilperwort of Amsterdam, Holland. Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Mundy, who have joined Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Mundy of Morristown, N. J., and Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Frederick of New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence C. Chapman, Miss S. P. Cushing, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas M. Spaulding, and Mrs. C. Vanderbilt Cross of New York will arrive this week at Hotel Aspinwall for September.

Mrs. Robert Gould Shaw is visiting with Miss Anna Blake Shaw at the Homestead.

Mrs. Drexel Dahlgren and Mrs. Samuel Frothingham were hostesses at luncheon today.

Miss Dorothea Gilder has closed Four Brook farm in Tyringham.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Woodward Haven motored to New York today with their guest, William H. Taylor.

Miss Helen O. Simms won the clock golf contest at Heaton Hall today, defeating a large field. Miss Dorothy Pirnie was second.

The prizes were given by F. C. Pinkham of New York.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. De Peyster and Mrs. Howard S. Abbott arrived at Heaton Hall.

'DADDY LONG-LEGS' IS BACK.

Ruth Chatterton Returns to Gaiety Theatre for a Brief While.

Ruth Chatterton returned to the Gaiety Theatre last night for a brief engagement in "Daddy Long-Legs" before beginning a long tour that will take her to the principal cities. It was in this sentimental little comedy, written by Jean Webster around the people of her magazine stories of that title, that Miss Chatterton played through all last season at the Gaiety.

Miss Chatterton's rôle is that of Judy, the orphan, who blossoms into such an attractive young woman that she wins the heart of her benefactor. Charles Waldron again plays the part of the bachelor who falls in love with his ward. The remainder of the cast is practically the same as last season, including in the principal rôles Charles Trowbridge, Mabel Bert, Gladys Wilson, Ruth Tomlinson, Mrs. Jacques Martin, and Edna McCauley.

TO AID FREDERIC THOMPSON

Luna Park, Which He Founded, to Give a Benefit Friday.

William Cleary, manager of Luna Park at Coney Island, announced yesterday that a benefit for Frederic be given at the park on Friday. The be givenat the park on Friday The proceeds will be used to build a house on Coney Island for Mr. Thompson. Admittance to the park on that day will be $1.

Mr. Thompson, who was the manager of Luna Park for several years and the sponsor of a number of Broadway productions, became bankrupt in 1912, with liabilities of $650,000 above his assets. He was divorced by Mabel Taliaferro, the actress, in 1911.

TROUBLE IN THE HAREM.

Tank Affords Comic Relief in "Sumurun," at the Palace.

By way of being a little naughty, the management introduced a cool and tempting plunge yesterday afternoon in the harem scene of "Sumurun," Friedrich Freska's amorous play without words, now in its third successful week at the Palace Theatre. Its spray drew an iridescent curtain across the couch of the favorite, and its depths invited certain damsels in bathing suits calculated to make even Long Beach blush. All went well, however, until Gertrude Hoffmann began to weave the steps of a seductive dance. The audience was permitted to see a good deal of the dancer, but, quite suddenly, they could see only her somewhat startled face. For, accustomed by many performances to the full stage, the Beautiful Slave of Fatal Enchantment had fallen backward into the plunge.

Fortunately she had already hung most of her clothes on the hickory limb, for she wore at the time what was little more than a one-jet bathing suit. Hoisted out by the Sheikh and his attendant, she continued her dance, damp but undaunted. As soon as it was apparent that Miss Hoffmann was not seriously the worse for her misadventure, a chuckle began somewhere in the house, and spread and spread. But if the tank had not hurt Miss Hoffmann, it soon became clear that she had hurt the tank. It began to overflow, and first Sumurun herself skidded in a sort of Maxixe step. Then, however warily they walked, the different inmates of the harem began to slide about the wet stage, and, finally, they one and all fell into the footlight trough, to the accompaniment of an uproarious response from the other side.

This comic relief did not disguise the fact that "Sumurun" had benefited by further performance and, since the opening a fortnight before, developed a smoothness and spirit making for marked improvement.

Elsewhere on the program this week, Orville Harrold sang, and with him, for the first time in vaudeville, was Mme. Lydia Locke, who is Mrs. Harrold. She sang "Lo, Hear the Gentle Lark" yesterday afternoon to tremendous applause. Other entertainers were Fannie Brice and Eddie Leonard, the latter welcomed warmly back to blackface.

THE WEEK IN THE THEATRES.

Labor Day 1915, having been added to yesterday's 7,000 years, the new theatrical season may be considered a reality. These players and stars are now to be seen in Ziegfeld's "Ziegfeld's Follies," which have begun the last two weeks of their engagement at the New Amsterdam; "The House of Glass," a new melodrama, at the Lyceum; "My Lady," with Roy Barnes, in the Eltinge Theatre; "Ein Ritterspiel," a German revue exploiting the varied talents of Sylvester Schaeffer, in the Irving Place Theatre; "The Boomerang," at the Belasco; "Under Fire," a war melodrama, at the Hudson; "Some Baby!" at the Fulton; "Chin-Chin," the only play held over from last year, at the Globe; "Broken Stones," in the Harris Theatre; "No. 33 Washington Square," with May Irwin, at the Park; "Common Clay," with John Mason and Anne Forrest, at the Republic; "Over the Top," with Julian Eltinge as Lucy, at Cohan's Theatre; "Young America," in the Astor Theatre. The spectacular film, "The Birth of a Nation," is still being shown at the Liberty.

Theatres were reopening for the new season in all parts of Manhattan and Brooklyn yesterday. On this side of the river the Colonial and Alhambra resumed as homes of Keith vaudeville, the Standard began its second season as a combination theatre, and the York began its career as a playhouse in which Broadway successes will be presented. In Brooklyn are the Orpheum and Prospect, Keith vaudeville theatres, and the Montauk began their new seasons.

The opening bill at the Colonial includes some of vaudeville's favorite entertainers. Joseph Howard and Mabel McCane sing some of the songs they have made popular. Nat Wills gives one of his monologues in his happy tramp characterization. Bonnie Glass provides the Spanish dance number, and Odiva performs aquatic feats.

The Four Mortons have been assembled for the opening bill at the Alhambra, though they are no longer playing together. Sam and Kitty Morton have gone back to "Way They Started"; Paul appears with Naomi Glass in a musical satire entitled "Before and After," and Clara Morton and Frank Sheen are a third musical act. Incidentally, "The Yellow Streak" is the title of a melodramatic playlet in which Taylor Granville and Laura Pierpont appear.

Michael Morton's melodrama of Russian life, "The Yellow Ticket," is the attraction at the Standard Theatre for the first week of the second season of this neighborhood theatre on Broadway at Ninetieth Street. The play was originally acted in the Eltinge, but the present cast includes Frederica Going, Myra Varenka, Fletcher Harvey, and Ralph J. Herbert.

John Cort has added the York Theatre in One Hundred and Sixteenth Street, near Lenox Avenue, to his chain of playhouses, in which Broadway attractions will be presented at popular prices. Charles Sumner's melodrama, "The Natural Law," seen last Spring in the Republic Theatre, was chosen to introduce the new policy at the York. Howard Hall, Teresa Maxwell Conover, Maggie Holloway Fisher, and Conrad Nagel played the principal roles.

"Seven Keys to Baldpate," George M. Cohan's mystery farce, which remained throughout a season when it was originally acted in the Astor Theatre, is this week's offering in the Lexington Theatre. The cast includes Stuart Johnson, Archie Allen, Olof Skarlan, Everett Cummings, Amelia Meyers, and Annette Berger.

While the theatres in town are opening for the Winter, the New Brighton Theatre is preparing to close. This will be the last week of the seaside theatre's Summer season. The program includes Montgomery, ventriloquist; Kate Elinore and Sam Williams in one of their comedy offerings, and Theodore Bendix and his musicians.

The new program on Loew's American Roof has for its headline feature a comedy playlet entitled "Thanksgiving Eve," acted by Mullaly, Pingree and company. Willie Smith, Carry Lillie, and Charles and Addie Wilkins contribute singing and dance numbers.

The Mayo-Salisbury farce, "Twin Beds," with Katherine Daly, R. M. D'Angelo, John Welch, and Clare Weldon in the principal roles, is the offering in the Bronx Opera House.

"Around the World," a new burlesque in two acts and ten scenes, is the attraction in the Columbia Theatre. It is presented by a company headed by Dave Marion, who gives his familiar characterization of Snuffy, the cabman.

The Military Maids are at the Yorkville Theatre this week in a two-act burlesque called "The Rival Grocer."

"Esmeralda" is the title of the feature picture being shown in the Strand Theatre. It has Mary Pickford for its star, and is from the studio of the Famous Players. The program embraces the usual topical, war, and comedy pictures.

Jack Barrymore in "The Incorrigible Dukane" is the feature picture at the Broadway.

In the Eighty-first Street Theatre "Destiny; or, the Soul of a Woman," with Emily Stevens in the principal role, is the feature.

Brooklyn Amusements.

A special bill reopened the Orpheum, which has been entirely redecorated during the Summer. Nora Bayes sang some popular songs. Al Golem's company of Orientals performed feats of strength and mystery. The Imperial Ballet, with Leo Pirmikoff and Ethel Rose as the solo dancers, gave dance divertissements.

Belle Baker sang character songs in the Bushwick Theatre. "The Bank's Half Million," the last playlet written by the late Paul Armstrong, was acted. Lillian Herlein sang a repertoire of popular songs and Ideal proved her skill as a swimmer.

The opening program in the Prospect Theatre had for its features "The Honeymooners," a playlet by Thompson Buchanan; Lyons and Yosco in their program of songs to harp and violin accompaniment, Mullen and Coogan, and McDevitt, Kelly, and Lucey in comedy sketches.

Rat Cooper Megrue's melodrama, "Under Cover," seen last season in the Cort Theatre, began a week's engagement yesterday in the Montauk. Rockliffe Fellowes, Florence Malone, Hubert Druce, and Ann Faystone appeared in the principal roles.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Thursday night of next week has been named as the date for the opening of the Century with Ned Wayburn's "Town Topics." It has been decided to permit smoking in all parts of the theatre at the Sunday night concerts, but at all other performances only in the foyers.

Irene Haisman, who played the leading woman's role in "Twin Beds" during its Summer run at the Harris, has been engaged for William Gillette's revival of "Secret Service."

Jean Temple assumed the role of Mrs. De Peyster in "33 Washington Square" at the Park Theatre last night. This is the role opposite May Irwin.

NOTED EDUCATOR DIES IN STREET

Darwin L. Bardwell, District Superintendent of City High Schools, Stricken Suddenly.

LONG IN STATE'S SERVICE

Ex-President of New York Teachers' Association and Ex-Superintendent of Binghamton Schools.

Darwin L. Bardwell, District Superintendent of High Schools for New York City, and for years active in educational work, dropped dead from heart disease at noon yesterday while walking on Hamilton Avenue, in St. George, S. I. He left his home, 131 St. Mark's Place, for a short walk fifteen minutes before, and when Dr. William R. Janeway reached him he was dead. His body lay on the sidewalk for nearly half an hour before the Coroner arrived and gave permission to remove the body.

Dr. and Mrs. Bardwell returned last Friday from Ithaca, N. Y., where they spent the Summer, and he delivered a series of lectures at the Cornell University Summer School.

Dr. Bardwell was born in Shelburne, Mass., and was in his fifty-sixth year. He was graduated from Amherst College with the degree of A. B. in 1883, five years later receiving his Master of Arts. After graduation Dr. Bardwell went West and became a teacher in a district school in Champaign County, Ill., later returning East to become classical teacher in the Greenwich (Conn.) Academy. In 1885 he was appointed Principal of the Union and High School in Greenport, N. Y., and remained there until 1890, when he became head of the Science Department at the State Normal School in Cortland, N. Y.

He was connected with this school for eight years and during this time lectured at the Summer Institute in Thousand Islands Park, and continued to lecture there until the Fall of 1902. In the meantime he was appointed High School Inspector under the University of the State of New York, and 1898-9 was in charge of the Teachers' Institutes and a member of the State Board of Examiners for Teachers' Licenses. From 1899 until 1902 Dr. Bardwell was Superintendent of Schools at Binghamton, N. Y., and then came to this city and was appointed District Superintendent of Schools and assigned to Richmond Borough. In 1909, he was appointed District Superintendent of High Schools, which office he retained until his death.

Dr. Bardwell was president of the New York State Teachers' Association in 1908. He was a member of the School Masters' Club, the National Geographic Society, the Staten Island Club and the fraternity of Phi Beta Kappa. Dr. Bardwell was also a Thirty-second Degree Mason and a Shriner. His wife and two sons survive him.

BURLESQUE GOLF MATCH.

Four Players in Feminine Attire Attract Throng at Bretton Woods.

Special to The New York Times.

BRETTON WOODS, N. H., Sept. 6.—The largest gallery ever attending a golf match at Bretton Woods followed with keen interest a burlesque four-ball match played here today. L. A. Hamilton, Englewood, and Miss B. Machale, from Scotland, were matched against H. W. Croft, Oakmont, Pittsburgh, and J. Mackrell, Aiken, S. C. The players wore feminine attire. Despite the handicap, the golf exhibited was of high class, the best ball Croft and Mackrell being 68, against 70 for Hamilton and Machale.

A collection in aid of the Littleton Hospital was taken and more than $300 was contributed by guests of the Mount Washington and the Mount Pleasant. I. B. Johnson of New York City acted as umpire.

The White Mountain resorts have never had such an invasion of motorists for the week-end and Labor Day, and the Autumn season is in full swing in the large hotels, while many are commencing from the North Shore to open their cottages for the Fall season, including Mrs. W. Scott Fitz, who closes the Narrows at Manchester, Mass., and opens her house at Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. John Woodbury and family, who have been on a motor trip of the mountains, left Elm Tree Inn this morning for Bedford, N. H., via Dixville Notch. Mr. and Mrs. Norman H. Smith and Max Smith of New York are at the Balsams. Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Appleton, William H. Johnson, William B. Whitney, and A. C. Rounds of New York, have arrived there.

The Rev. Dr. Leighton Parks and Miss Parks of New York joined friends at the Profile House this week. Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Billings and Miss Billings, Mr. and Mrs. J. Parker Kirlin and Miss Kirlin, and Miss von Bech of New York are at the Profile. Mr. and Mrs. Victor Goodwin of Larchmont arrived at the Profile en route to Crawfords.

In a motor party touring the mountains are Miss K. P. Newbold of Tuxedo and E. Bedel of New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Y. Cook of Philadelphia are over to the Waumbek at Jefferson for luncheon.

A large gallery followed the golfers at Maplewood today when the largest entry list of the season started to compete for the New Hampshire State Championship at the Maplewood Country Club.

Out on the links at the Bethlehem Country Club were the Rev. and Mrs. Merrill E. Gates, Rev. W. Bishop Gates, W. Murray Sayre, Miss Leslie Sayre, E. H. and Charles English, and the Misses Abbe and Philip Lightbourne.

Miss Lockwood of New York is the guest of Mrs. Emily B. Hopkins at her cottage at the Profile House.

Major John M. Gibbs is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Rufus M. Gibbs at their bungalow at Sugar Hill.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert T. Todd and Mrs. R. Boardman of New York motored to the Mt. Pleasant House to spend Labor Day.

NAVY YARD WAGE INQUIRY.

Daniels Acts After Machinists' Appeal to President.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—After a conference with President Wilson today, Secretary Daniels announced that in view of changed conditions in private munitions plans a board would be appointed immediately to investigate the wage question at the gun factory of the Washington Navy Yard.

When the Secretary recently refused to raise the pay of machinists employed at the yard before the regular readjustment in December, a committee of the men appealed to the President.

David B. Keeler Dead.

David B. Keeler, a real estate dealer, formerly prominently identified with the development of Seabright, N. J., and the district along Rumson Road, died yesterday at his home, 230 West Ninety-seventh Street, in his eighty-first year. He was a veteran of the civil war, being an Adjutant on the staff of General George B. Buchanan, and a member of the old Volunteer Fire Department. Mr. Keeler entered the real estate business after the war, and was the first New York broker to become interested in Seabright. His offices were at 10 Wall Street. A son and two daughters survive him.

J. N. Boyd, Cotton Financier, Dies.

RICHMOND, Va., Sept. 6.—James N. Boyd, President of the Planters' National Bank of Richmond, head of the James N. Boyd Tobacco Company and widely known as a cotton financier, died at his home here tonight, aged 65.

Office for
An Eye Specialist
19 West Fifty-fourth Street
Rental $1400
Wm. A. White & Sons
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WOE IN DEAD MAN'S CARD.

Bore M. Weissman's Name, but Family Found Him at a Wedding.

At the morgue on East Twenty-ninth Street is the unidentified body of a man killed Sunday night by an automobile at the corner of East Ninety-first Street and Third Avenue. When the police searched his clothes for identification they found only one clue, a card bearing the name of Morris Weissman, musician, 165 Eldridge Street. The body was sent to the morgue, and a policeman went to the musician's house to break the news to his family. Mrs. Weissman fainted, and later was too hysterical to go to the morgue or to the hall on Fifth Street where her husband had been engaged to play at a wedding that night.

His two sisters, Lena and Bertha, also fainted, but recovered quickly, and Lena went to the Morgue, while Bertha went to the wedding hall. At the Morgue Miss Weissman asked to see the body, and on viewing it fainted again, but this time in joy at finding it was not the body of her brother. At the wedding hall Bertha saw her brother playing his violin and fainted.

Weissman said the man had been in the hall earlier in the evening, though nobody could be found there who knew him, and had been so pleased with Weissman's playing that he had asked the musician for a card, explaining that he wanted him to play at a wedding in the near future. Weissman, who is a milk-wagon driver in the daytime, had readily given the stranger his card.

Mrs. Abbie K. Norman Dies in Rome.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 6.—Mrs. Abbie Kinsley Norman, widow of George H. Norman of Newport, died today in Rome, Italy. Word came from Rome last week that Mrs. Norman was very ill and on Saturday her daughter, Mrs. William R. Hunter, with her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Louis L. Lolliard, sailed on the St. Louis for Rome.

Mrs. Norman had been living in Rome for a number of years, her Newport residence, Belair, being occupied by Mrs. Hunter, whose husband recently died there.

Besides Mrs. Hunter, Mrs. Norman is survived by two other daughters, Mrs. Frederick H. Prince of Boston, and Miss Mabel Hunter, and four sons, Guy, Maxwell, Bradford, and Reginald Norman.

Miss Caroline Ogden Jones.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 6.—Miss Caroline Ogden Jones of New York died at her Summer residence, Mid Cliff, on Ochre Point, this morning from paralysis. She had been unconscious eight days. For many years Miss Jones had been interested in Trinity Church. She was a prominent member of the Summer colony who came early in the Spring and remained very late at her residence, which she and her half-brother, Louis B. McCagg, built twenty-nine years ago. Besides her

300 'ROOKIES' BACK WITH MR. MITCHEL

Bronzed and Happy, the Citizen Soldiers Praise Life at Plattsburg Camp.

MANY WILL RETURN IN 1916

Mayor Says He Has Not Gained or Lost a Pound—Major Gen. Wood Enthusiastic.

Well browned and looking extremely fit, Mayor Mitchel and some 300 other "rookies" who have been soldiering for the last month at the Plattsburg instruction camp, returned to the city yesterday. They arrived at the Grand Central Terminal on the Montreal Express, and a big crowd of relatives and friends were waiting for them. Most of the men wore their khaki uniforms, as if loath to give them up. All were bronzed and happy-looking. Some had a couple of days' growth of beard and a number were smoking pipes. Not an unshaven chin nor a pipe was in evidence a month ago.

About the first "rookie" to step from the train was Mayor Mitchel. It was 7:26 o'clock in the morning when Section 2 of the Montreal Express pulled in. With the Mayor was Major Gen. Leonard Wood. Both said they had enjoyed the experience immensely, and they looked it.

"I haven't gained or lost a pound," said Mr. Mitchel, feeling his muscle.

The Mayor said he would have something to tell about his experience, but would save it for today. Later in the morning he and Mrs. Mitchel went to Long Beach and they did not return until late in the evening.

Collector of the Port Malone and Nelson O'Shaughnessey, formerly of the United States Embassy in Mexico City, were on Section 3. Mr. O'Shaughnessy was dressed in the regulation service uniform.

"I've come from the camp in fine shape," he declared. "Some of the boys developed sore feet, but I had no such trouble. I am going back to camp next Summer."

Collector Malone also declared he had had the time of his life and that nothing could keep him away from the camp next year.

"It was a strenuous life, but I wouldn't have missed it for anything," said "Fat" Conroy, the Yale right guard, as he walked down the platform. "I am returning to New Haven now and expect to play football again this Fall. I wouldn't miss the camp next Summer for anything."

George Washington Ewing the 4th or Philadelphia was also a passenger. When he was riding horseback at camp on Sunday another horse collided with his and threw him to the ground. There was an abrasion on one side of his face and his nose was scraped badly. He said he was going to see a physician to determine if his nose had been broken. Despite his mishap he said he had enjoyed the camp life and that it had done him a great deal of good. In fact every one of the "rookies" declared that he had had a good time and would not miss the fun next year for any price.

PLATTSBURG IS DESERTED.

New Business Men's Regiment Will Go Into Camp Wednesday.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, Sept. 6.—With the exception of about one hundred men, who are staying over for an extra month's training with the second business men's organization, which will come officially into existence on Wednesday morning, the tented city beyond Plattsburg Barracks was a deserted village today. A score of the rookies who will be in the new organization arrived today, but were not permitted to enroll. They were told to report tomorrow morning. The rest are coming by special trains, which are due at the camp between 6 and 7 o'clock Wednesday morning.

The new command, it was announced today, will be organized into a battalion, to be known as the Third Battalion of the Business Men's Training Regiment. The companies will be known as I, K, L, and M, and the commanders of them will be Captain J. K. Kelly, Captain G. H. White, Captain W. L. Reed, and Captain James Regan. The battalion commander will be Captain Halstead Dorsy, and Captain Gordon Johnston will be the Adjutant.

2,500,000 MEN IN STATE AVAILABLE FOR WAR

Militia Officer Favors Mild Conscription to Train More for Possible Service.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 6.—There are 2,500,000 men in New York State between the ages of 18 and 45 and, therefore, available for war duty, Secretary of State Hugo announced today in one of his census bulletins.

The June enumeration shows, he says, that there were approximately 250 officers and 6,800 enlisted men at the army posts of the State; 60 officers and 1,300 men in New York's naval militia, and 1,000 officers and 16,080 men in the National Guard. Thousands of men besides these have had some military training, either in the regular army, National Guard or in college or military academies.

Figures obtained from the Audjutant General's office show little change in the strength of the National Guard in fifty years. At present it stands: Officers, 1,000; enlisted men, 16,080; total, 17,080. In 1857 it was: Officers, 1,827; enlisted men, 14,608; total, 16,434.

The possible strength of the division under the present Federal regulations is: Officers, 743; enlisted men, 21,930; total, 22,673.

To give more men at least the rudiments of a military training, Lieut. Col. E. V. Howard of the Adjutant General's office, favors what he terms a "mild conscription." Every young man on reaching the age of eighteen years would be called to serve under the colors for three years, during which time he would give thirty days of active service each year. A call to arms would find then thousands of men better fitted to serve their country.

AGAINST SCHOOL DRILLS.

Dr. Finley Says Schools Are Places to Fight Mankind's "Real Foes."

Special to The New York Times.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Sept. 6.—Dr. John H. Finley, Commissioner of Education, speaking this evening at the dedication of a new school building, protested vigorously against the suggestion of Vice President Marshall and others to adopt military drills in the public schools. Dr. Finley at the same time praised such military camps outside the schools as the recent business men's camp at Plattsburg. In part he said:

"The Vice President of the United States is reported to have said recently that we ought to introduce military instruction in our schools, that is, make them military camps, because, as he intimates, the children have more time for such drill than those who are in the industries or professions. Against such a program I protest, not because I object to the drill in itself, (for I do not,) but because I think we ought not to make that which implies a perpetuation of international hatreds and brutish warfare a purposeful feature of the education of our children. I can conceive of conditions which might make such emergency training necessary; but I can not bring myself to believe that we are to let our whole system of education reach its acme in recrudescent savagery.

"On the other hand, I would have the children and youth disciplined, organized, with the same rigor to fight the real foes of mankind, the savage instincts or latencies in themselves, the hostile forces of physical nature, to fight for the absolute-good, and not for the individual selves alone, but for something of which ourselves are but an ephemeral, yet significant part. A camp for such warfare I should like to make every school, public and private; a place not only where children are trained to realize their individual potencies, but where all shall feel themselves a contributing part in the making of a better community, a better State, a better world, a finer race on the planet. And those who discipline their minds for the marches and the trenches of that calling—they are indeed worthy to camp beside those who put on khaki and learn the art of physical battle."

FLEET IN TARGET PRACTICE.

Battleships Will Be Put Through Great Test Mapped Out for Them.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—The most comprehensive target practice ever planned by the Navy Department was begun today by destroyers of the Atlantic fleet on the Southern Drills Grounds off the Virginia Capes. The battleships themselves will begin target practice Sept. 13.

Not only will the target practice be unusually thorough, but the war games, which will follow, will be longer and will more nearly approach actual war conditions than ever before.

One of the features of the drill will be movements by the fleet as a whole as distinguished from division movements, hitherto the largest unit of manouevring on such occasion. The fleet drill is one which Admiral Fletcher himself has worked out. The details are not to be made public.

The Admiral will come to Washington this week to confer with Secretary Daniels and Rear Admiral Benson, Chief of Operations, on the work of the fleet immediately after the war games.

CONVICTS SEE PRIZEFIGHTS.

Joliet Inmates Entertained Despite Gov. Dunne's Telegraphic Protest.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 6.—While Governor Dunne was sending piping hot messages from the Hotel Lasalle to Acting Warden Ryan at Joliet Penitentiary 1,800 convicts crowded around a regulation boxing ring, set up in the prison yard between two cell houses, and cheered feverishly. A delegation of Chicago prizefighters pummeled the breath out of one another to make Labor Day a regular holiday for the inmates.

Governor Dunne displayed much feeling in discussing the affair.

"It's a gross and egregious blunder," he said. "I am surprised that Acting Warden Ryan should have permitted it. I am going to get a full report."

There were no press accommodations. The reporters squeezed in about the ring with the convicts.

"Hello, there!" The reporter felt his hand clutched in an iron grip. He turned quickly and gazed into the smiling eyes of Nathan tSeinberg, one of the "millionaire burglars."

"Some stuff!" said Nathan, with enthusiasm, "This is something you don't get to see outside. You have to come to Joliet to see a fight pulled off in Illinois. Nice little place here!"

CINCINNATI'S BIG PICNIC.

300,000 Guests in Four Parks—7,000 on One Dancing Floor.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 6.—The first municipal picnic in the United States was held here today. It was an event for grown-ups and children. The streets of the city were deserved, and although 300,000 persons attended four parks in which the exercises were held, not a single accident marred the celebration.

One of the most inspiring sights of the day's attractions was a dance in Eden Park. One of the reserve reservoirs, which has been undergoing repairs, was turned into a huge dancing floor. Nearly 7,000 persons were dancing when the bugle sounded, ending the program.

CHASES 5TH AV. RUNAWAY.

Policeman In Auto Pursues Horse Amid Maze of Vehicles.

A horse, which had been unhitched from a Victoria in the stable of Peter Manning, at 132 West Fifty-sixth Street, dashed out into the street yesterday afternoon with harness dragging behind, and ra neast to Fifth Avenue, then south.

Fifth Avenue was crowded with vehicles, but the runaway raced at full spted among them. Policeman Cunningham of the East Fifty-first Street Station commandeered an automobile in which several women were riding near Forty-eighth Street, but the pursuing motor car could not thread the narrow passages between machines through which the horse ran. Cunningham stood on the step of the automobile and blew his whistle to clear the way for his car.

The policeman gained until he reached Forty-second Street, but here the runaway dashed to the left-hand side of the avenue and crossed the traffic right of way. Cunningham could not follow at once and lost considerable time. The horse dodged trolley cars at Forty-second and la.er at Thirty-fourth Street, although accidents seemed inevitable and passengers were alarmed. At Twenty-eighth Street a car which was crossing Fifth Avenue turned him west.

The other persons in the automobile were willing to confess defeat, but Cunningham took up the chase again in a taxicab. The horse slowed down after making the turn, and the policeman caught the bridle at Twenty-eighth Street and Seventh Avenue. Cunningham led his quarry back to the stable, where he served a summons on the proprietor.

RUNAWAY GIRLS HAD 2 CENTS

Left Newport to See New York and Go on the Stage.

Fired with an ambition to see the great City of New York and become actresses, Gertrude Casey and Addie McLeod, fifteen-year-old schoolgirls, arrived from Newport yesterday morning on the Fall River Line steamboat Priscilla. All they possessed was 2 cents in cash, a packet of soda crackers, some chewing gum, and two leather bags containing their clothes.

The girls lived with their parents, they said, at 6 and 8 White Street, Newport, and had started for New York out of pique at not having been invited to take part in some local amateur theatricals recently. Gertrude Casey had $4 in bills in her pocketbook when they boarded the boat on Sunday night, but when she looked for it this morning it was gone, and only Addie McLeod's 2 cents remained.

Their plans were changed when Detectives Haskins and McKenna came up on the pier and said they would have to go with them to Police Headquarters. Later the girls were taken to the Children's Society to await the arrival of their parents, who had been telegraphed for by the police.

Surf Guards Rescue 27 Bathers.

Special to The New York Times.

WILDWOOD, N. J., Sept. 6.—Everywhere along the beach front today lifesavers were kept active rushing to the help of visitors who found themselves unable to cope with the heavy surf. Twenty-seven persons in all were rescued, but the guards were kept so busy that they had no time to take names. Ten guards go off duty tonight, leaving Captain Needham and Guards Young, McAleeran, Truesdale, and Dougherty for the balance of the season.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, Aug. 6; Shanghai, Aug. 14; Kobe, Aug. 18, and Yokohama, Aug. 19—which arrived per steamer Hawaii, were dispatched east from Seattle on Sept. 2, and are due in New York today.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..5:32|Sun sets..6:24|Moon rises..8:28

THE TIDES.

	High Water.		Low Water.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	5:51	6:14	12:05	12:00
Governors Island	6:29	6:40	12:35	12:43
Hell Gate	6:19	8:30	2:16	2:23

Arrived—Monday, Sept. 6.

SS Dante Alighieri, Palermo, Aug. 27.
SS Westerdyk, London, Aug. 2.
SS Coamo, San Juan, Aug. 27.
SS Thorsa, Cardenas, Aug. 25.
SS Curacao, Norfolk, Aug. 27.
SS Tivives, Jamaica, Aug. 31.
SS Creole, New Orleans, Sept. 1.
SS Pastores, Havana, Sept. 2.
SS Bulgarian Prince, London, Aug. 20.
SS El Mundo, Galveston, Sept. 2.
SS Matanzas, Tampico, Aug. 19.
SS Waverley, Philadelphia, Aug. 23.
SS Rochambeau, Bordeaux, Aug. 29.
SS Mundale, Calbarien, Aug. 26.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

America	Naples	Aug. 25
Housatonic	Rotterdam	Aug. 20
Columbian	Colon	Aug. 25
Camino	Balboa	Aug. 27
California	Barbados	Aug. 26
Ulebos	Greenock	Aug. 20
Santa Clara	Balboa	Aug. 29
Bermudian	Bermuda	Sept. 4
Honduras	Freeport	Aug. 28
Alamo	Mobile	Aug. 31
El Siglo	Texas City	Sept. 2
Clearpool	St. Nazaire	Aug. 26
Saratoga	Havana	Sept. 4
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Sept. 4

DUE TOMORROW.

Athinai	Gibraltar	Aug. 20
Ryndam	Rotterdam	Aug. 28
Belgrano	Balboa	Aug. 29
Strathord	Bordeaux	Aug. 24
Satilla	Gulfport	Sept. 1
Neches	Mobile	Sept. 2

DUE THURSDAY.

New York	Liverpool	Sept. 1
Samland	London	Aug. 28
Lapland	Liverpool	Sept. 1
Zacapa	Colon	Sept. 2
Ben Nevis	Bordeaux	Aug. 28
Bukbergen	Rotterdam	Aug. 26
Den of Airlie	London	Aug. 29
Proteus	New Orleans	Sept. 4

DUE FRIDAY.

Indian Monarch	London	Aug. 25
Portland	London	Aug. 27
Galby	Liverpool	Aug. 30
Guiana	Demerara	Aug. 31
Retlaw	London	Aug. 26
Hindoo	Middlesboro	Aug. 27
Fred Luckenbach	Balboa	Sept. 2
Zulia	San Juan	Sept. 4
City of Columbus	Savannah	Sept. 7

DUE SATURDAY.

Nebraskan	Liverpool	Aug. 31
Narragansett	London	Sept. 1
Indra	Balboa	Aug. 30
Kansas City	Bristol	Aug. 27
Flandre	Rotterdam	Aug. 26
Marengo	Hull	Aug. 27
Wilhelmina	Cardiff	Aug. 31
Melderskin	Rio Janeiro	Aug. 19
Stanja	Hull	Aug. 28

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Noordam, Rotterdam	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Manuel Calvo, Cadiz	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Buenaventura, St. Lucia	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Sant' Anna, Marseilles	——	3:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
El Valle, Galveston	——	12:00 M.
El Dia, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Adriatic, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Ancona, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Florizel, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Caracas, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Almirante, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saxonia, Liverpool	——	11:00 A.M.
Creole, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
Roma, Azores	——	3:00 P.M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Pathfinder, Cardenas	——	12:00 M.

SAIL THURSDAY.

T. di Savola, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Oscar II., Christiana'd	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Montoso, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tivives, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Panama, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Bayamon, San Juan	——	12:00 M.
Apache, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Crotio, Naples	——	3:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
El Siglo, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL FRIDAY.

Matanzas, Santiago	——	12:00 M.
Mundale, Sagua	——	12:00 M.
Manhattan, London	——	12:00 M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

New York, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
America, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Rochambeau, Bordeaux	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Saratoga, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Coamo, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Pastores, Havana	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Iroquois, S. Domingo	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Bulgarian Prince, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Cameronia, Glasgow	——	10:00 A.M.
Colorado, Brunswick	——	1:00 P.M.
Dante Alighieri, Naples	——	3:00 P.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
St. Kentigern, London	——	12:00 M.
Urbino, Hull	——	12:00 M.
Colorado, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Proteus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
El Mundo, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL SUNDAY.

Antonio Lopez, Cadiz	10:00 A.M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. Y., SEPT. 6.

SS Dwinsk, Archangel to New York, was signaled; no time or distance given; due late 9th, or early 9th. Russian-American Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP, N. Y., SEPT. 6.

SS Zulia, La Guayra to New York, was 761 miles S. at noon 5th.
SS Florida, Tampico to New York, was 17 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Radnat, Baton Rouge to New York, was 155 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Apache, Jacksonville to New York, was 210 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Saratoga, Havana to New York, was 245 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Brilliant, Fort Arthur to New York, was 111 miles S. at noon.
SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York, was 150 miles S. at noon.
SS Perfection, New Orleans to New York, was 125 miles S. at noon.
SS Neches, Mobile to New York, was 206 miles S. at noon.
SS El Siglo, Galveston to New York, was 134 miles S. at 6 P. M.
SS Colorado, Brunswick to New York, was 179 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Cherokee, Wilmington to New York, was 71 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Comet, Baton Rouge to New York, was 280 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Camino, Antofagasta to New York, was 40 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at 8 P. M.
SS El Oriente, Galveston to New York, was 182 miles W. of Tortugas at noon.
SS Alamo, Key West to New York, was 330 miles from Diamond Shoals at 7 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Cymric, at Liverpool, Sept. 5.
SS Kristianiafjord, at Christiania, Aug. 30.
SS United States, at Kirkwall, Sept. 4.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7:30 A. M. Sept. 11, SS New York.
France—Close at 11 A. M. Sept. 11, SS Rochambeau.
Belgium—Service suspended.
Gibraltar—Close at 6 P. M. Sept. 10, SS Cretic.
Greece—Close at 12 M. Sept. 7, SS Thessaloniki.
Liberia—No sailing at present.
Netherlands—Close at 7:30 A. M. Sept. 7, SS Noordam.
Germany, Austria, and Hungary—No sailing at present.
Norway, Sweden, and Denmark—Close at 9 A. M. Sept. 9, SS Oscar II.
Italy—Close at 7:30 A. M. Sept. 8, SS Ancona; at 7:30 A. M. Sept. 9, SS Tomasi di Savoia, and at 7:30 A. M. Sept. 11, SS America.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Lurline..Sept. 9
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West.) (via San Francisco)—Moana..Sept. 10
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Persia..Sept. 10
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Hawaii Maru..Sept. 12
Hawaii (via Tacoma)—Texan.....Sept. 13

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The New York Times
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Times Square, New York

REFUSE TO AID ASBERT.

Cuban President and Cabinet Won't Help Him to Return to Office.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Sept. 6.—President Menocal and the Cabinet this afternoon decided to take no action toward restoring Ernesto Asbert as Governor of Havana Province, as solicited by the Havana City Council.

Asbert was removed from office when he was sentenced with Congressman Arias to a long term in prison on the charge of killing General Armando Riva, the Chief of Police of Havana. Asbert claims that as Congress granted amnesty to him all trace of the crime was blotted out, and that he is, therefore, legally entitled to reinstatement.

SIX SAVED AT ATLANTIC CITY

New Yorker, Aided by Life Guard, Pulls Girl from Surf.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, Sept. 6.—Caught in an offset in the surf off Virginia Avenue this afternoon, six of the large holiday bathing crowd were swept off their feet and carried into a treacherous swirl, from which eleven life savers and many volunteers pulled them. One of the bathers, Miss Jeanette Fisher of Philadelphia, was caught by Ervin Reynolds of New York City when she was sinking. One of the guards had followed Mr. Reynolds, and together they got the young woman to shore.

Several persons were hurled against the pilings on the upper side of the steel pier, but none was seriously injured.

RESORTS.
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Dr. Walter E. Gregory, Vice President.
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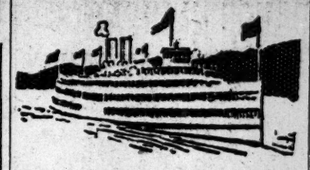
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SING, JIG, AND CAPER IN CITY WORKHOUSE

Mrs. J. S. Cram's Gift of a Piano Celebrated with Musicale on Blackwell's Island.

CELL HOUSE AS BALLROOM

600 Women Join in the Final Chorus of "Oh, No; We'll Never Get Drunk Any More."

There was a Labor Day party in the woman's side of the workhouse on Blackwell's Island yesterday that was the liveliest, jolliest time that has ever been known in that grim old building. It was all due to Mrs. J. Sergeant Cram, who last week presented the workhouse with a piano and yesterday went to the island to play it herself for the girls and women to dance.

The piano was moved down to the "Flats," as the ground floor of the cellhouse is known, and at 3 o'clock Mrs. Cram took her place at it, and the fun began. A man with a combination drum and tambourine, with castanets and other noise-making devices, was the accompanist. Then 600 women began to dance, and they had what Chaplain Nichols called, and they all heartily agreed, was the "rippingest" time they ever had there. The colored women, 100 of them, began the dance while the 500 white women were having their supper, and then the 500 came back while the 100 ate, and things began to be really lively. They danced everything from the tango, one-step, and turkey trot to a good old Irish jig.

"Black Patti" Sings.

Mrs. Cram played "You Are Here and I'm Here," "When You Wore a Tulip," "There'll Be a Hot Time in the Old Town," and "My Dream Girl," and "Black Patti," a prisoner, sang "I Did Not Raise My Boy to Be a Soldier." Mrs. Cram said she never did harder work in her life than pounding out the music for those dances, putting all her strength into it to make the notes carry to the furthest end of the long corridor. Finally Mrs. Cram was relieved at the piano by "Black Patti."

"Put on the 'Memphis Blue,'" they called to "Black Patti." "Give us the 'Memphis Blue,' darling," and the woman obligingly thumped out the "Memphis Blue." Every one went to dancing and singing at the same time, the colored girls on the upper tier doing a cake walk by themselves.

They tried "Way Down Upon the S'wanee River," and it didn't go very well, but when they started "Tipperary" the very walls rang. They all sang it—the old, the young, and the middle-aged women. There were more who sang than danced, and then Mrs. Cram was saying a good deal, for the stout and the thin, the big and the little, all paid their respects to the muse of the dance.

There was not a great variety in dress at the party. One pretty girl wore an attractive gauze collar as the neck of her blue, striped prison gown, and there was some variety in jewelry and shoes, particularly in shoes. There was "Bessie," who came from the sick ward in the morning, and was "so weak I can hardly stand," but who could not resist the music, and who wore on her feet a pretty pair of black, pointed slippers. There was one pair of bronze slippers, with bronze silk stockings, and there were low black and white and tan and black shoes. Sometimes the regular footwear gives out at the island, and the inmates can wear their own shoes if they like, though as a rule they prefer to keep them to go home in.

There was not very much in the way of jewelry worn—it is apt to get lost when it is—and "Black Patti" was the most brilliantly adorned in this way. She wore silver bangles on one arm, a broad bracelet on the other, a silver medal at her throat, and big pearl earrings in her ears.

"Aren't those earrings rather elaborate?" asked Miss Mary Harris, the Superintendent.

"They cost 10 cents," replied "Black Patti."

Cheers for Mrs. Cram.

When the party was about over there was a big shout for Mrs. Cram, and Chaplain Nichols had to use vocal force to get the expression of gratitude into shape. A picturesque, tall figure in his black cassock, with red sash and cross on a red cord, he held up his hand to call for order.

"There will be a march played, and you will all go back to your cells!" he called, but the shout of the great throng of women threatened to drown his voice.

"Shut up," he shouted, using the effective language they all understood.

The women shouted again, this time with appreciative laughter, and then were silent.

"We have all had the rippingest time," he began, but the shout of enthusiasm from the throats of six hundred women drowned his voice entirely.

"Shut up," he cried again, and then there was real silence.

"We have all had the rippingest time," he repeated, "and it is all of it, ice cream and all, due to Mrs. Cram. Now don't commence to shout again. Wait until I start you altogether, and then I'll join you in a cheer. One, two, three!"

The cheer that went up fairly shook the building, and then another and another, and as the women turned toward their cells and Mrs. Cram, her cheeks burning with excitement and the hard exercise at the piano, went back to it and struck up a lively college air. The women knew it, and took up the words with enthusiasm:

"Oh, no, we'll never get drunk any more. Oh, no, we'll never get drunk any more. Oh, no, we'll never get drunk any more—we'll never get drunk, we'll never get drunk—we'll never get drunk any more."

On Monday next Mrs. Cram will go to the island to play for the women to do simple dances and calisthenics, which are to be a regular weekly event. There will be temporarily a teacher for the latter, the exercises, too, will be simple because of the shifting nature of the Work House residents.

12 ARRESTS HALT BELMONT BETTING

Men Charged with Boldly Displaying Odds and Calling Out "Come On, Boys!"

BOOKMAKERS GROW WARY

Crops of Unpaid I. O. U.'s and Fear of the Deputies Make Them Turn Away Strangers.

On holidays the infield at Belmont Park is open to the public. Twenty-five hundred men and women were there yesterday to see the sport. That crowd looked like too good a mass to be lightly overlooked by the speculatively inclined even though Deputy Sheriffs were everywhere. A score of adventurous young men began to lay the odds for all who wished to wager anything from a quarter of a dollar up. These amateur layers marked the odds against the horses on their programs in what as betting customs go now-a-days was a reprehensible and theoretically illegal fashion.

After this had been going on for a couple of races the operators began to shout boldly, "Come on, boys, pick the winner and get a bet down!" and word of their doings was sent to Sheriff Pettit. The Sheriff made a raid with his deputies, in which twelve young men were arrested. They said they were James Doll, Henry Williams, John H. Reid, Francis Froland, Samuel Haines, Joseph Mulligan, Max Lando, Albert Stern, Harry Zelger, Samuel Kahn, George J. Smith, and Isaac Stiebel.

The twelve were charged with violation of the law against betting. Their arrest injected a new phase into the situation. Practically all of them, it was alleged, were caught "displaying programs with the odds marked against the horses, accepting cash, and publicly proclaiming the odds and inviting men to bet on the horses." Justice Scudder held that was a violation of the law, at the recent John Doe investigation held in Mineola. The layers who do "oral betting" on the lawns repudiated the young men who had "taken a chance in the field and been caught at it."

The offenders were taken to Mineola for a preliminary hearing before Magistrate Jones. All pleaded not guilty and were held in $100 bail for examination before Justice Raisig on Wednesday morning. Two, Henry Williams and George J. Smith, could not obtain bail and were sent to jail. Both claimed residence in Sheepshead Bay.

Layers Refuse Bets.

While the activities of Sheriff Pettit and his deputies have not obliterated betting in their Belmont Park inclosure, they have caused a decided reduction of it. That at least was the opinion of the major part of the 20,000 persons who went there yesterday in search of expense money to recoup the cost of their holiday.

"Once bitten, twice shy," is an adage which the layers of the odds thoroughly believe in. Betting "on the nod" with holiday crowds has not been hilariously popular since last Fourth of July. There are several hundred memoranda bets made on the oral system on that festive occasion which have not been settled by the losers. At Saratoga another crop was added to the "I O U's" held by the layers, these aggregating several thousand dollars, and now for sale to the highest bidder. They were recalled caustically and referred to when strangers went to the layers and tried to put down a bet yesterday.

"If you want to do business with me, do it through somebody I know and who has a habit of making good his obligations," was the unsatisfactory reply a lot of would-be speculators got when they cheerily asked for the odds on some horse of their fancy.

"Go back to the Sheriff and tell him I am not doing business today," was another retort to some who looked "suspicious characters" to the layers.

"Regulars" had no more trouble in getting down bets than they have had at any time since racing was resumed with the "oral betting" attachment. But it went hard with the holiday visitor unless he had a good friend who "knew a man who would lay the odds." The general opinion seemed to be voiced by a tall Kentuckian, who had just finished a paddock inspection of the horses which were to run in the fourth race. He stood at the bar in the clubhouse, and to the man in a white jacket who was trying to concoct a mint julep in Kentucky style according to the visitor's instructions, he said:

"Now I want the combined aroma, bouquet and exhilaration of a properly made mint julep—a poem as a thirst-quencher, I may remark, incidentally, which no bartender should ever undertake—not even that can compensate, sah, for the acute disappointment which a Kentuckian meets up with in coming to a hoss race and being deprived of the privilege of backing the thoroughbred of his choice, because of the Puritanical wave which seems to have literally engulfed Belmont Park.

New York Misnamed.

"I have been told, sah, that New York was God's country. Permit me to say it has been misnamed, atrociously misnamed. That julep was passing fair, sah, but not a nectar, as it should be. Now may I ask you to find me a messenger, sah, who will lead me to my friend John Madden? I'm told he knows men with whom I may lay a wager on that Dose Harmicon, which will win this coming race by a square, a city square, or I do not know a race hoss when I see one."

Madden obligingly went to the rescue of his Kentucky friend, presumably, as the Kentuckian later visited the cafe and called off his request for a messenger, with the explanation that "I have connected up with a friend who enabled me to indulge in that little transaction I spoke to you about." The numbers who were not so successful in finding a friend were as uncountable as the grains in a thimbleful of sand.

So very careful were the layers of the odds on the lawns that the crop of arrests was negligible. But Sheriff Pettit believes that the first week's crusade against betting is a success so far as his activities in response to Governor White's orders are concerned, at least. His drag net has caught about forty alleged offenders. A few slipped through the meshes when the riff-raff was examined in court.

ILLUSIVE VALUES PUT ON OLD COINS

Rare Specimens Are Seldom Found Outside of Collections, Expert Says.

AGE DOES NOT MEAN WORTH

David Proskey Says Thousands Have Been Fooled by the Fake Story of the 1804 Dollar.

Never allow your expectations to be raised as to the value of old coins that you come across. There is not one chance in a hundred that they will be worth more than the face value, and there are more chances that they will be worth much less, according to David Proskey, a coin expert.

"You might just as well expect to find a diamond in the fields of New Jersey," said Mr. Proskey, "as to expect to find a valuable coin among old ones that have come down to you in your family or that you chance to pick up somewhere," speaking of reputed finds of rare specimens. "People seem to think that things are valuable because they happen to be a little older than they themselves are. If they can count twenty-five years in this world they have an idea that a coin that is thirty years old is an antique and must be of great value.

"Here," he said, taking up a letter, "is a man who wants to know if old bills described in this newspaper clipping he incloses are worth anything. He has scratched out the names of the owners in the clipping, so that if the notes are valuable I will not write to them and get the bills before he can. The article says that Mr. Blank discovered this Continental money, six bills, that had been hidden in an old house for more than 100 years. Now we retail those notes for from 25 to 50 cents a piece. They must be in a brand new state if they bring the higher price. The whole lot may be worth $1.50, and if they are not in good condition they will not be worth 50 cents."

Just then a young man came in bringing about a dozen copper coins, among which were some he said he understood were valuable. The expert glanced at them casually.

"They are worth all together about 7 cents," he said. "Just junk."

"Well, I can keep my junk, can't I?" queried the young man sharply, as he gathered up the coppers and departed.

"Glad to have you keep them," responded the expert. "I don't want them."

"There is that fake story about the 1804 American silver dollar," he continued after the interruption. "It makes the rounds of the papers about once in so often. There never was an 1804 dollar made in that year. The 1804 dollar was made somewhere between 1830 and 1860." He handed out a cast of a silver dollar showing a liberty head and dated 1804. "There was fine milling on the edge of the real coin, made by a steam coinage press that was not used until about 1836. They used to take 1801 coins and make them into 1804. The 1804 dollar was a fraud on the Government. I wouldn't buy one of the real ones.

"Then there is the Queen Anne farthing. They bring those in to you as great rarities and tell you that there are only one or two specimens, one is in the British Museum—there is always one in the British Museum—and one has been brought over to this country, and they want a big sum for it. The Queen Anne farthing is worth from $5 to $10, and I have several of them.

"The Jewish shekel is another coin that we have brought to us often. The owner has been offered $250 for it at one time, but will sell it for $100, and it is never worth $1. I have never had a real Jewish shekel brought in yet. I keep an imitation around to show the people who bring them in what they have.

"There was one time that I did have something really worth while brought to me that had been in the possession of one of New York's old families. They were settling the estate and they brought in some of the earliest British notes, from 1710 to 1730. I supposed they wanted to sell them, but no, they merely wanted to know the value; and they said, 'Thank you,' when I told them what they were worth and went out, and the lawyer or the regular appraiser was paid for making the appraisal.

"They bring in all sorts of other things that they wish to dispose of. They always have 'a friend who needs a little money and would like to dispose of this old treasure.' There is a handsome great hanging, a peacock of Chinese embroidery that was perhaps a part of the loot of Peking. It is an unusual piece of work, was worth $250 in China the woman who brought it said, but she will sell it for very much less. The lining is a quaint piece of Chinese printed cotton, children at play and a Chinese seal in the design. There is more apt to be value in these things than in anything in the way of coins that do not come by the way of the regular coin collector or in coin collections."

Foresters Meet In Brooklyn.

Delegates from many States attended the annual convention of the Independent Order of Foresters, which opened yesterday at the Hotel Imperial, Fulton Street and Red Hook Lane, Brooklyn. Yesterday was given over to the work of organizing the convention and today there will be a business session. A dinner will be served this evening and tomorrow the delegates will visit Coney Island.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Decisions Made on Puffs, Pencils, Blacking, and Jewelry.

It was decided yesterday by the Board of General Appraisers that the F. W. Woolworth Company and the New York Merchandisé Company will have to pay duty at the rate of 40 per cent. on powder pads or puffs, as "wool pile fabrics." The importers filed various claims, among them that the articles were properly dutiable at 35 per cent. ad valorem as manufactures wholly or in chief value of wool. This claim, together with the others, was overruled.

Several importers protested the Collector's assesment of 60 per cent. ad valorem on pencils. They were returned as "articles valued above 20 cents per dozen pieces designed to be carried on or about the person." The claim was for duty at 20 per cent. ad valorem under the provision for "manufactures of metal." Although samples of the pencils showed that they have a large proportion of wood in their composition, metal predominates in value. The testimony was that the articles are generally known as clutch pencils used mostly by architects, draughtsmen, and photograph retouchers. Judge Sullivan decided that the Custom House assessment was correct and must stand. The protestants included the American Express Company, the Stone & Downer Company, Wadsworth, Howland & Co., and F. Weber & Co.

It was decided in the case of the Michaux Aubry Company that the term "chemical compound or combination" was not intended to apply to such an article as blacking. Judge Brown accordingly reversed the Collector's assessment of 20 per cent. ad valorem under the chemical schedule and sustained the importer's contention for entry at 15 per cent. under the specific provision for "blacking."

Marshall Field & Co., Chicago, won in a controversy regarding the tax due on neck pendants, neck chains, hatpins, neck bows, long chains and pins of different kinds. The merchandise was assessed at 85 per cent. under the tariff act of 1909, as articles of personal adornment, whereas the importers claimed 60 per cent. as "jewelry."

Wagner Bros. & Co. were upheld in the claim that certain nikols or Nicol prisms imported under the present act were properly dutiable at 20 per cent. ad valorem under the provision for earthy or mineral substances. The Collector was reversed in returning the commodities at 45 per cent. as rock crystal.

Lebaudy Leaves the Hospital.

Emperor Jacques Lebaudy, the Saharan potentate, who spent Sunday night in a ward in Lebanon Hospital especially reserved for wandering royalties like himself, departed from there yesterday morning at 9 o'clock and failed to leave any address. It is presumed that his majesty left the hospital to continue his preparations for his trip to France. An advertisement which appears in THE TIMES this morning offers his place, Phoenix Lodge, at Westbury, L. I., for sale.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyer's Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

WANTED TO BUY.—Felt roundings or felt hats, suitable for making felt rugs. Submit sample and price to Cole Rug Mfg. Co., 97 Essex St., Lawrence, Mass. Felt rugs for sale to wholesalers.

WANTED, COLUMBIA BROADCLOTH, all shades, $1.30 reg.; spot cash. Samuel Hammer & Bro., Madison Square 5441.

WILL BUY white messaline and crepe de chine for cash; quantity no object. Prashker, 27 West 31st St.

CASH for high-grade women's suits, coats, dresses, skirts, waists, petticoats, and furs. Uneeda House, 8 Lispenard St. Franklin 4343.

WILL PAY CASH for silk Scotch plaids. Immediate delivery. Borgenicht & Sons. Apply 9 West 24th St., 12th floor. Mr. Klein.

JOBBER IS LOOKING all week at ladies' wash skirts for next Spring. 137 West 25th, eleventh floor.

CONTRACTORS.—Good workmanship on pile fabric coats. Apply any morning before 12, 9th floor, 5 West 17th St.

JOB OF 50 SUITS nicely made to close out at a reasonable price. 7th floor, 129 West 22d St.

SERGE, ALL WOOL, double warp, 54 inches, sponged and shrunk, 60 cents a yard. L 80 Times.

HAVE A SNAPPY LINE of white chinchilla and sport coats from $3 up. Prashker Bros., 27 West 24th St.

FUR EDGING and collars, opossum; also other furs. Supreme, 60 West 15th St.

MANUFACTURER RETIRING, complete dress and waist plant with stock and fixtures, will consider a silent partnership or complete sale; about $5,000 needed. Box 96, 352 8th Av.

COMPLETE PLANT FOR SALE or to let for 3 months; 30 machines; includes special machines and presser plant. Box 58, 326 9th St., Brooklyn.

WANTED.—SHOP, with 20 Singer machines, 31-15, between 50 and 75 miles from New York City. Box H 365 Times Downtown.

CASH for plushes and plush coats. Call, with samples. Merrit, 15 West 24th St.

CASH PAID for job lots of women's apparel. Frank Jacobovitz, 10 Lispenard St. Fr. 1350.

WILL BUY woman's wearing apparel. Harris Bros., 40 West 22d St. Gramercy 2587.

OPEN FOR JOBS, coats, suits, and dresses, for cash. Handel's, 336 6th Av.

Help and Situations Wanted.

MILLINERY.—Hat manufacturer wants salesman of recognized ability, must have large trade following; to such party a partnership is open; state fully qualifications and experience; absolutely confidential. W 74 Times.

WANTED—Salesman to carry small side line short lengths cotton goods on commission. L 81 Times.

SALESMAN, out of town, for marabou as a side line; commission basis. Apply 21mit, 124 Wooster St.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ATLANTA—Ogus, Rabinowich & Ogus; L. Goff, millinery; 621 B'way; Cumberland.
ATLANTA—Essig Brothers; I. Lipstein, clothing, furnishing goods; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros.; S. Lustig, laces, neckwear, trimmings, leather goods, 470 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Polan, Katz & Co.; J. N. Polan, C. Katz, umbrellas, parasols; 1,270 Broadway, Rom 810.
BALTIMORE—J. C. Rider, boys' clothing; Breslin.
BALTIMORE—M. Witz & Co.; M. Witz, cotton piece goods; Breslin.
BALTIMORE—Hutzler Brothers Co.; Mrs. N. D. Powell, millinery; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; J. Wolf, coats, suits; Strand.
BERWICK, Penn.—Berwick Stores Co.; L. M. Elder, furs, goods; 16 E. 22d; Breslin.
BINGHAMTON—Ellis, McLean & Hawkins; W. M. McLean, cloaks, suits, waists; Mrs. E. Dodge, millinery. Miss A. Hendrick, cloaks, suits, waists; Collingwood.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; C. O. Cooper, general buyer; Mr. Jensen, toilet goods; F. Phillips, ladies' coats, raincoats; J. F. King, Mrs. Barrett, machine-made dresses; Miss I. Mahoney, ladies' skirts; J. F. O'Brien, misses' and ladies' coats, suits; basement buyers. H. Levy, waists; A. C. Smith, children's, juniors' dresses, coats; W. Silverman, skirts; Mr. Hahn, leather goods; Mr. Koch, millinery; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; T. Lyford, ass't mdse. manager; 116 West 32d.
BOSTON—Magrane-Houston Co.; Miss M. Conway, costumes, furs; Great Northern.
BOSTON—Crawford-Plummer Co.; J. Schenker, furs, fur coats; 12 W. 31st.
BRADDOCK, Penn.—Katz & Goldsmith; W. I. Katz, general mdse.; L. Blumenthal, ready-to-wear; 315 4th Av.; Imperial.
BUFFALO—Flint & Kent; Miss M. E. Dooley, corsets, ladies' infants' wear; I. F. Prentice, ladies' wear; 18 West 25th.
BUFFALO—Flint & Kent; Miss E. M. Merry, corsets, ladies', infants' wear; 220 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; L. Berner, laces, neckwear, embroideries, ribbons, dress trimmings; 215 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Farshall Field & Co.; Miss Weatherred, costumes; Miss Bergh, dresses; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co., F. O. Stevens, carpets; 104 Worth.
CHICAGOO—L. Klein & Co.; Y. J. McBride, dress goods, silks; 31 Union Square.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; J. M. Pitcher, millinery; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—Boston Store; S. Shane, waists; 44 East 23d.
CLEVELAND—Lindner Co.; I. C. Simmons, furs; 19 W. 36th.
DALLAS—Lorch Mfg. Co.; J. Folz, sport coats, ladies' suits; 95 Madison Av., R. 808.
HARTFORD—Emporium World Millinery Co.; H. Isenberg, millinery; 621 B'way; Cumberland.
HAVANA, Cuba—L. Gonzales & Co.; Mr. Gonzalez, hats, caps, umbrellas, furn. goods; 377 Broadway, Room 1,004.
HOLYOKE—McAuslan & Wakelin Co.; W. B. Wakelin, ladies' suits, laces, gloves, ribbons; Miss A. Collins, waists; Navarre.
INDIANAPOLIS—Pettis Dry Goods Co.; A. Taylor, domestics; 2 Walker; Grand.
KANSAS CITY—Burnham, Munger, Root D. G. Co.; G. Mueller, flannels, blankets, jobs, seconds; 43 Leonard.
KANSAS CITY—G. Bernheimer Bros. & Co.; L. J. Schiff, coats, suits; 7 W. 22d.
LITTLE ROCK—M. M. Cohn Co.; A. D. Cohn, furn. goods; 114 5th Av.; Wellington.
LOUISVILLE—H. P. Selman & Co.; Miss M. Ritz, corsets, underwear, kimonos; 1,261 Broadway.
NEW BEDFORD, Mass.—Staiger-Dudgeon & Co.; J. A. Dauphinias, dress goods, silks, laces; Y. Oumit, dry goods; 116 West 32d; Grand.
NEW HAVEN—Schulman & Evans; W. I. Evans, woolens; Park Avenue.
POTTSVILLE—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; Miss Vogt, upholstery goods; 2 Walker; Herald Square.
PROVIDENCE—M. Bitlinger, furn. goods; Brostell.
ROCHESTER—Emporium World Millinery Co.; S. J. Glaser, millinery; 621 B'way.
SAN JUAN, Porto Rico—M. Garcia & Co.; Mr. Garcia, men's underwear, hosiery, shirts; 377 Broadway, Room 1,004.
SARATOGA—Savard & Co.; F. D. Savard, clothing; Flanders.
SALT LAKE CITY—Keith-O'Brien Co.; C. H. Rayfoud, notions, jewelry; 116 W. 32d.
ST. LOUIS—Rice-Stix D. G. Co.; J. A. Hennigan, children's waists, dresses, boys' wash suits, half dresses; 377 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods M. Steinfeld, skirts, coats, furs; 71 West 23d, 7th.
ST. LOUIS—A. Acruman Merc. Co.; F. E. Adams, white goods; Broztell.
ST. LOUIS—Bettman-Goldnhau Co.; I. Bettman, woolens; Imperial.
ST. LOUIS—Rice-Stix D. G. Co.; E. R. Ganz, cloaks, suits, dresses, furs; 377 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Carleton-Ferguson Co.; R. E. Neal, blankets, quilts, ribbons; 358 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—F. B. Houck Cloth Co.; C. J. Mack, woolens; 334 4th Av.; Park Avenue.
ST. LOUIS—Kline Apparel Co.; Miss L. Jullus, cloaks, suits; 95 Madison Av.
SYRACUSE—Under-Tuppen Co.; A. A. Belonger, hosiery, knit underwear; Breslin.
SYRACUSE—L. A. Witherill; Miss N. Bemis, waists, house dresses; Breslin.
TROY—Savard Co.; F. A. Savard, clothing; Flanders.
UTICA—A. S. & T. Hunter; W. H. Greer, furn. goods; Breslin.
UTICA—J. E. Wells & Sons Co.; C. Pfeifer, dress goods; Park Avenue.
WASHINGTON—Palais Royal; Mr. Cherry, men's furn. goods; Mr. Ellis, upholstery goods, rugs; 43 West 23d.
WASHINGTON—S. Kann Sons & Co.; T. F. Finnin, notions, jewelry; Miss N. Fowler, repressing; 215 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; F. E. Mack, domestics; 334 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—Sisman, Cohn & Co.; J. H. Sisman, cloaks, suits; Prince George.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; H. Grunebaum, dress goods, silks; 15 W. 26th.
WASHINGTON—S. Kann Sons & Co.; J. D. Fleming, silks, velvets; 215 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—M. Goldenberg; C. H. Franke, gloves, laces; Herald Square.
WORCESTER—J. F. Campbell, silks; Hermitage.

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COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Motion days during the month of September, 1915, will be as follows:
Bankruptcy motions on Wednesday, Sept. 8, 15, 22, and 29.
General motions on Sept. 9, 15, 28, and 30.
Notes of issue for the bankruptcy motion calendar must be filed on the Monday preceding the motion day.
Notes of issue for the general motion calendar must be filed not later than 12 o'clock noon on the day preceding the motion day.
DISTRICT COURT—Room 8, 12th Floor, Woolworth Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Equity Calendar.
Re Ploeger.
Herzog<Keller & Co.
Klinger<Haines.
Brookheim<Kugelman.
Same<Ungar.
Sunny Brook Zinc & Lead Co<Metzler.
Brown Perfect Tube Co<Brown.
Morris<Alstedter.
J & C Fischer Corp<Lawson.
Pinero<Evans Film M
Thacher<Guidone & Co
Nat Carbon<Bright Star Battery. (2.)
Herbert & Stern<same
Jacobson<De Mille, Benedict<CNY
Fitch<Young & U.
Chamberlin & Co<Buttle.
Nobis<Prukauf.
Palmer<Dienst Co, Inc
Crim<Priest.
Ogden Co<Fee & M.
Sykes<Linck. (2.)
Stand Conduit Scales Co<Farrell.
Hammond<Man Elec Supply Co.
Sykes<Westermayr.
Waldheimer<14 St Bk.
Palisade Mfg Co<Maier & Lang.
Brant<Goldberg.
Arthe-Levy-Bernhard Co<Follmer, C & Co.
Sanders<Canton Metal Ceiling Co.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—Bankruptcy Calendar, at 10 A. M. Re A L Kan.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Recess.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Shearn, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Moche<Ramsey.
Doherty<Smith.
Farber<Marx.
Giullett<Slegrist.
Ventres<Zuelch.
Re Stern, (Man Auto Club.)
Kain<Weeks.
Re Hallheimer (Kelly)
City R E Co<Cohn.
Richardson<Gill.
NY Investors Corp<Rubel.
Schultz<Beckelman Co
Young<Winton M Car.
Cohen<Silver Creek Upholstery Co.
Reilly<J H Parker Co.
Heipersbausen<Marx.
Henry<Tully.
Bruno<Corona Prov.
Gallagher<A O H.
Wiedenman<Wiedenman.
Lerman<Schneider.
Davis<Bull.
Hammerstein Amuse Co<Un Book Off (2.)
Rocheblave<Guichard.
Kohn<Lerner.
Capital Eng. &c, Co<Rockwood & Co.
Texas<Andrews Bld Co
Israel<Bickelhaupt.
Harding<Harding.
Perlmutter<Lazofsky.
5th Nat Bk<Reade.
Broadway Sav Inst<McElroy.
Le Roy<D'Amico.
O'Donnell<O'Donnell.
Re Fried.
Van Tuyl<Schwab.
Adams<Swift.
Summon<Kimsel.
Zipfel<Zipfel.
Keller<Keller.
Sewell<Rosh.
Keefe<Strauss.
Frank Brewy<Klein.
Emig Ind Sav Bk<Reynolds.
Boss<Boss.
Rosenfeld<Doniger.
Hofman<Hofman.
Ferris<Man Nav Co.
De Von<Cuneo.
Re Maxine Waist, &c.
Stiefel<Morris.
PART II.—Donnelly, J.—Ex parte business at 10:30 A. M.
PART IV.—Recess.
PARTS III., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Recess.
PARTS III., IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., XIII., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.
Wills for probate:
Martin McGovern,
Maria Henning.
William Henkel.
TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.
Edelstein<Mechlowitz.
Berkowitz<Hass Bros.
Ridgeway<Bianecks (2)
Silberman<Barkin.
Kaufman<Heywang.
Gold<Pallasoe.
Mantel<Fleischer.
Malawista<Bloom.
Oppenheim, C & Co<Ranger.
Herrman<Queens L & T Co.
Fuerst<Rosenberg.
Dumbia Realty Co<Keller.
Becker<Berck.
Davis<Barth.
Hobson<Metzner.
Furman<Dobrezczynski.

Fried<Century I Wks.
Williams<Altberg.
Zahler<Armour & Co.
Papich<Firestone T & R Co.
Lanza<Brooks & Co.
Eagle Imp Co<Wagner.
Pearl<Bowery Sav Bk.
Levine<Greines (2).
Gureghin<Con Dental Mfg Co.
Guidus<Second Av Amus Co.
Levine<Taylor.
Grusgott<Singer.
Yonas<NY Rys Co.
Shevisky<T New Cons Co.
Minassian<Babayan.
Eisler<Stern.
Gabel House & Cartom Co<Lionel Mfg.
PART II.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.
TRIAL TERMS—Parts I., II., III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Whitaker, J.—Emigrant Indus Sav Bk<Brooker—Henry W Unger.
Re Boylston—Algernon S Norton.

Receiver Appointed.

CITY COURT—Schmuck, J.—Margaret Lucas <Marcel Kahn—Chas Briordy.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Delehanty, J.—At 11 A. M.—Motion calendar.
Schecter<Schecter.
Joseph<Joseph.
Bent<Liberty Investing Co.
Re Cottage Place.
Levy<Levy.
Benner<Benner.
Public Bank<Brocaval Realty Co.
Colon & Co<Smith.
Taylor<Herbst.
Weinberg<Weinberg.
Goldfarb<Gellis.
Dollar Sav Bank<Roman.
Flint & Horner Co<Potter.
Helderman<Schmitz.
Kings T Co<Seamon.
Manetta<La Partenppe N Y Produce Ex Bk<Stern.
Jacoby<McCluegg.
Bloom<Horwitz.
Same<same.
Pouker<Grifenhagen.
Packard M T Co<Blair.
Wax<Kleinberg.
Margolies<Kleinberg.
Robinson<South-western S T Co.
Reichbart<Munro.
Finkelstein<Margolies.
Panagakos<Plagianakos.
Dickman<Palace Players Film Co.
Butcher<Rich.
SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Part I.—Adjourned for the term.
TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.
Motion calendar:
Samuel Molostowsky.
Will for probate:
Nicholas J O'Connell.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.
SPECIAL TERMS—Part

Pacific Gas & Electric Company

No Floating Debt

The Treasury of the Pacific Gas & Electric Co. is in a strong position. At this time the Company has no floating indebtedness. It is discounting all bills wherever possible, has $4,000,000 of securities in the Treasury available for corporate purposes, the issuance of which has been approved by the Railroad Commission of California.

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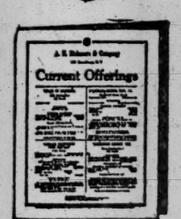

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CARRIED 647,378,266 PASSENGERS IN YEAR

Elevated and Subway Traffic Fell Off 4,508,405 for the Period Ended on June 30.

SLIGHT LOSS IN EARNINGS

Subway, However, Had a Gain, Due to Increased Business in and About Times Square.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company in the year ended June 30 carried 647,378,266 passengers on its elevated and subway lines, a decrease of 4,508,405 or 0.60 per cent. compared with 1914. The subway carried 5,172,646 or 1.52 per cent. more than last year, but there was a falling off on the elevated lines of 9,681,051 or 3.11 per cent.

Gross earnings of the combined systems were $33,433,742, a decrease of $81,652 or 0.24 per cent. The net operating revenue was $20,492,428, a decrease of $120,913 or 0.58 per cent. With a growth in the non-operating income, however, the net corporate income showed an increase over last year's net returns of $43,904. The net corporate income was $8,068,484.

Allowing for $7,000,000 in dividends, equal to 20 per cent. on the $35,000,000 capital stock, there remained a surplus for the year of $1,068,484. The total surplus, as of June 30, 1915, was $15,509,108, an increase of $294,705.

The increase in the net earnings of the subway, according to Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, was due to gains in traffic in the Bronx and to increased business in the shopping and amusement districts around the Grand Central Terminal and Times Square. The decrease on the elevated lines was due to general business depression, particularly along Second and Third Avenus, and to a falling off in foreign travel as evidenced particularly on the Ninth Avenue line. The running of trains on a heavy schedule in the non-rush hour, as ordered by the authorities, Mr. Shonts says in his report, increased the car mileage on the subway system 2,010,943 car miles in the year and on the elevated lines 551,202 car miles at an additional cost in transportation of $89,142.

Great Gains in Eight Years.

"The gross earnings of your company for the fiscal year," says Mr. Shonts in the report to the stockholders, "were substantially the same as last year. That there was no appreciable falling off at a time when practically all other transportation lines have been showing marked decreases is most gratifying.

"It is interesting to note in this connection that this year witnessed the first interruption in the annually recurring increases in the gross earnings of your company since the opening of the subway for operation. This is due to the general business depression of the country. The 1915 earnings cannot, therefore, be used as a basis for estimating the earning power of your company without taking into consideration the cumulative increases of previous years showing the phenomenal growth of the company's operation. During the eight-year period the gross earnings have increased from $24,699,505 in 1908 to $33,433,742 in 1915, or $8,734,237, equal to 35.36 per cent.

"Net operating revenue has increased from $13,976,810 in 1908 to $20,492,428 in 1915, or $6,515,618, equal to 46.62 per cent. Net corporate income has increased from $3,700,659 in 1908 to $8,068,484 in 1915, or $4,367,825, equal to 118 per cent."

Considerable space is devoted in the report to the accident in the subway at Fifty-ninth Street on Jan. 6 and to the wreck on the elevated at 116th Street and Eighth Avenue on Dec. 9, 1914. The first accident, in which one woman was killed and in which hundreds were overcome by smoke, is laid to the contractor operating on the new subway link at Times Square, who, it is intimated, was not familiar with the dangerous character of his work.

Accidents Are Explained.

The Rapid Transit Construction Company, controlled by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, had bid on the Times Square section of the new subway, but the work went to another firm on a lower bid. Had the Interborough's company obtained the contract, it is intimated, the most serious accident in the history of the subway might have been averted through a better understanding of the underground wire conditions.

"The management instituted a most exhaustive examination into the circumstances surrounding the short circuits, calling to its aid the foremost electrical experts in the company," says the report, "with the result that it is warranted in the statement that there was nothing which the company did or omitted which was in any way a cause of the electrical disturbances."

In the case of the elevated wreck, in which two lives were lost, the blame, in the report, is placed on the crew of the elevated train which ran the train in disregard and disobedience to the company's regulations.

The report states that about 80 per cent. of the third tracking of the Second and Third Avenue elevated lines has been completed, and that 90 per cent. of the Ninth Avenue third-tracking is completed. The work on the new subways, while not so far advanced as the elevated construction, is making good progress, according to the report. This summary of the subway extension work can be given:

Seventh Avenue Subway Half Done.

The Seventh Avenue subway, from Times Square to Chambers Street and West Broadway, is 50 per cent. completed; the Eastern Parkway line, from Atlantic Avenue to Prospect Park, 25 per cent. completed.

The Lexington Avenue route, 25 per cent completed between Forty-first Street and Fifty-third Street, 95 per cent. from Fifty-third to 138th Street, and 95 per cent. from 138th Street to 157th Street; the Jerome Avenue extension from 157th to 182d Street, 80 per cent. completed, and from 182d Street to Wodlawn, 65 per cent.; the Southern Boulevard and Westchester Avenue extension from Mott Avenue to Bancroit Street is 60 per cent. completed, but no contract has been let for the remainder of the stretch to Pelham Bay Park; the White Plains Road extension from the present subway at 179th Street to East 241st Street is 70 per cent. completed; the Queensboro subway is completed in whole from the Grand Central Terminal to Jackson Avenue, Long Island City, and 70 per cent. completed from there to the Queensboro Bridge Plaza; the Corona elevated line is 50 per cent. completed from the Bridge Plaza to Vandam Street and 95 per cent. completed from Vandam Street to Sycamore Street; the Astoria elevated line from the Bridge Plaza to Ditmars Avenue is completed.

"The elevated railway portions of the subway on the Astoria and Corona lines in Queens and the White Plains Road and Jerome Avenue lines in the Bronx," says the report, "will be available for use in connection with the present elevated and subway systems in advance of the completion of the subway portions of these lines. This will encourage the growth of the outlying districts served by these branches and secure to the new subway and elevated lines a permanent traffic which would be difficult to create under less promising conditions.

"Under the contract of March 19, 1913, the lease of the new subways is to begin whenever the main trunk lines and the tunnels under the river shall be actually ready for operation. If before that time any portions of the new subways shall be declared ready for operation and we are called upon to equip and operate same, we will be able to do so under the contract on a basis which will insure the company against loss."

BRITAIN LETS GOLD GO.

Bank Sells $5,000,000, Probably for New Shipment Here.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—The Bank of England today sold about $5,000,000 of foreign coin, believed to be destined for America. It is understood that this represents a further installment against purchases abroad on behalf of the Allies, toward which nearly $7,500,000 has been received from another country, presumably France.

Sales of foreign coin announced by the Bank of England since the middle of August amount to more than $40,000,000, in addition to which nearly $5,000,000 bar gold has been sold. This is regarded as indicative of the readiness of British authorities to pay in hard cash for war munitions or other goods, pending the arrangement of a larger credit.

The Bank of England also announced today that $10,000,000 had been taken for export to Japan, evidently for purchases made by Russia.

DISCUSS WAR FINANCES.

Scientists Urge Britain to Raise Large Loan Here.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—A report on war finances, which is to be submitted on Thursday to the British Association for the Advancement of Science, says that there has been an increase in taxation of 7 to 12 per cent.

It is said in the report that the moratorium has enabled foreign customers to postpone payments when the rate of exchange favored England and thus "saved enormous sums to foreign countries indebted to London." Now that the rate is so much the other way, the report says, England's best weapon is to raise a large loan in the United States, and supplement it by "discouragement of imports, encouragement of exports and increased econnomy of consumption."

LONDON MARKET DULL.

American Securities Quiet Owing to the Holiday.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—Money and discount rates were easy today.

The stock market passed another dull session. The recent activity in shipping shares slackened owing to the sinking of the Hesperian, and quotations were easier. Kaffirs were fairly busy and International Mercantile Marine advanced.

American securities were quiet owing to the holiday, but prices advanced following the fall in exchange rates. United States Steel, Erie and Chesapeake & Ohio were occasionally marked. Bonds were neglected. The closing was dull but firm.

The Stock Exchange here will be closed Saturday, Sept. 11.

STERLING EXCHANGE EASIER

London Market Is Feverish, and the Rate Drops to $4.66½.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—American exchange continues to fluctuate feverishly, and in the opinion of financiers here the outlook is still very uncertain.

Publication of the names of the French and British Commissioners to the United States and the presumption that they will soon submit a plan for settlement of the problem were well received. The fact that the corn and cotton season is approaching is regarded as necessitating quick action.

Cable transfers opened lower, at $4.67⅛ to $4.68⅛. The rate fell to $4.66½ to $4.67 with few buying orders, and later held around $4.67 in a very uncertain market.

PAISH NOW BOUND HERE.

Financial Authority Comes on a Secret Errand.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—Sir George Paish, the financial authority, sailed for New York today. His trip is not associated with that of the British and French financiers and Government officials who recently sailed. Sir George was disinclined today to tell the reason for his journey. Before he returns home six weeks hence, he will also visit Washington.

BANKERS MEET IN SEATTLE.

Delegates Swarm Into City for Their Annual Session.

SEATTLE, Sept. 6.—With the arrival today of several special trains, approximately 1,000 delegates had arrived for the forty-second annual convention of the American Bankers' Association, which will be held here this week. The convention will deal with pressing problems involving the dominant part now being taken by the United States in world-wide finance as a result of the war. Other questions of importance, such as the expansion of foreign trade and the workings and results of the Federal Reserve banking system, also will be considered.

Among the late arrivals was William A. Law, President of the Bankers' Association, with the Philadelphia special, thus completing the convention's executive staff.

The main sessions of the convention will be held Wednesday and Thursday.

THE FAIRMOUNT ABANDONED

Salvage of Steamer Found Impossible—Crew Taken to Jamaica.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Sept. 6.—The British steamer Fairmount, which went ashore recently near Acklin Island, Bahamas, is a total wreck, and has been abandoned.

With all the twenty members of the crew of the Fairmount on board, the wrecking steamer Nemesis arrived here this morning from Acklin Island, whither she had gone to attempt to salvage the Fairmount. This was found to be impossible, and the steamer was abandoned. The Fairmount was bound from Newport News for Cienfuegos, Cuba, with a cargo of coal, when she went ashore.

The Fairmount was a vessel of 1,895 tons. She was built in 1903 at Newcastle, and was owned by the Montreal Transportation Company of Montreal.

New York Central Station Robbed.

CHAPPAQUA, N. Y., Sept. 6.—The New York Central Railroad station here was broken into last night through an upper window and the intruder forced the grating in front of the office window. He got $5 in small change, all that was left in the cash drawer. A. H. Smith, President of the Central system, lives here, and he frequently relieves the station agent as operator and station master, just to keep his hand in. He made a personal examination of the robbed station today.

Would Stop Munitions Shipments.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Sept. 6.—The Indiana State German-American Alliance, in convention here today, adopted resolutions condemning American traffic in arms, and urging the passage of a law to prohibit the carrying of passengers on any ship bearing munitions of war.

Kills an Isle of Pines Politician.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Sept. 6.—Felix Palensuela, a prominent Zayista Liberal and Treasurer of the town of Nueva Gorona, in the Isle of Pines, today shot and mortally wounded Pastor Fondora, a leading Miguelista Liberal, after a dispute some hours previously between Palensuela and a friend of Fondora.

MORE INTEREST IN FOREIGN TRADE

Shown in the Report of the Local Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

HOW THE WORK IS AIDED

What the Government Is Doing to Help Exporters in Different Lines.

Some idea of the interest being taken by American manufacturers and others in the expansion of the country's export trade is gained in a statement issued yesterday by E. C. Porter, agent in charge of the local office of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. The branch office is celebrating its second anniversary and gave out some details of its work and progress.

It appears from the statement that during August, 1913, the first month of the local bureau's existence, sixty-four persons called to make foreign trade inquiries. A year ago, when the war aroused a great deal of latent interest in the possibilities of export extension for American manufacturers, the office recorded 680 callers in August, while during August, 1915, 1,507 representatives of American business firms called at the office in order to secure information and advice in regard to foreign trade. During the single week ending Aug. 28 last, 396 representatives of American business houses called.

A similar increase is shown in the amount of mail received and handled by the local office. In August, 1913, 107 letters were received; in August, 1914, 1,167, and during August, 1915, 5,681, while the single week ended Aug. 28 recorded 1,500 letters received and answered by the local office. The report shows that the average number of visitors calling during each month of the year ended Aug. 31 last was approximately 1,000, while the amount of mail received averaged about 4,000 letters. Mr. Porter said that the inquiries received cover a wide variety of subjects and lines of merchandise.

Commenting on the local bureau as a clearing house for specific trade information in regard to foreign markets the statement says:

"The bureau is in a position to furnish definite information in regard to the duties upon goods imported into various foreign countries; to advise firms in regard to consular regulations and methods of shipment, and to furnish statistical data showing the importations of various commodities into foreign countries. In addition, the bureau keeps on file trade directories of every kind and is able to give to American firms the names of dealers and producers located in practically all countries.

"Aside from these general services, the local offices of the bureau maintains stocks of all the publications which have been put out by the Department of Commerce in Washington. Copies of these publications are purchased at a nominal cost. The total value of the publications sold in the New York office during 1915 amounted to $500. Another particularly valuable service which the local office performs is to furnish American firms with specifications for particular orders from foreign markets. The local office constantly receives special specifications which run all the way from bids on bridges in China to an order for a particular kind of glass bottle in South America. Whenever the local office receives such specifications it calls them to the attention of New York firms which may be interested, and a large amount of business has been done in this way."

One of the most interesting features of the past year's work has been the bringing together of American sellers of merchandise and foreign buyers. The branch office here has acted as a sort of clearing house in this particular campaign, and has been successful in effecting sales worth thousands of dollars. It is the policy of the bureau to assist the representatives of all foreign firms who have been properly introduced either by American consular agents, special agents, or commercial attachés of the Department of Commerce, or who can furnish suitable references in regard to their standing and responsibility. As a result, the local office has had a large number of foreign buyers representing firms of real standing and responsibility who have made the office here their headquarters. Relative to this phase of the local office's work, Mr. Porter said:

"Frequently these representatives have been in the market to buy direct, and a number of the others have established valuable agency connections. The local office has kept no records of the actual sales which have been made, but it knows that over $100,000 worth of goods have been purchased by some of the buyers who have been served by this office."

A very important feature of the work of the local office of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce has been in connection with special sample exhibits, which have been brought to the office by special agents of the Department of Commerce. Two of these exhibits were particularly noteworthy. The first was an exhibition of samples of piece goods, worsteds, and of underwear and hosiery lines from South America. This sample exhibit was kept in the local office for six weeks. During that time 600 representatives of American manufacturers visited the office in order to examine these samples, and were able to secure valuable information in regard to the goods of European manufacture which had found a profitable field in Central America. Detailed information was also given in regard to the factory prices of these goods, and the American manufacturer was able to secure a clear idea as to his ability to compete in such lines.

The second exhibit consisted of 300 hardware samples which represented the lines of European hardware sold in South American markets. The samples were carefully arranged and showed the European factory prices for these goods. This exhibit attracted a great deal of attention and aroused considerable comment in the hardware trade.

The local office has also been the headquarters for the special agents of the bureau who have been able to give first-hand information in regard to market conditions in a number of different foreign markets for various lines of production.

One special feature of the work of the local office has been in connection with investment or loan propositions which come up from the various foreign countries. The elimination of German capital and the great reduction in the amount of English capital available for investment in foreign markets has created a demand among foreign countries for American capital, and the local office has received from Washington a number of such propositions. These propositions are carefully investigated and are then called to the attention of those firms in New York which might be interested and which are in a position to finance such propositions if they find them practicable. The bureau believes that such propositions are of real interest to American firms, and it expects to increase its work along such lines.

Another important part of the work of the local office has been the furnishing of reserved information in regard to trade opportunities which have appeared in commerce reports. The records of the local office show first hand evidence of the fact that these trade opportunities produce actual business results; for instance, a Spanish firm recently requested tenders from American firms in regard to automobiles and automobile accessories. As a result of this request, $90,000 worth of American goods were purchased. This is but one instance among many, and the local office is constantly receiving letters from its various clients stating that actual business has been secured as a result of the service which the bureau has been able to furnish.

In concluding, Mr. Porter says:

"Within a short time the local office will obtain a permanent sample room which will contain exhibitions of samples of various lines which will be sent here from various foreign countries. Its first exhibition will consist of hardware samples collected by the special agents of the department in all parts of the world.

"In connection with this sample room the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce expects to increase greatly the number of specifications and exhibits which it will secure from the foreign countries. It hopes to more thoroughly standardize its trade opportunity service in order to make it impossible for irresponsible business requests to enter this channel of publicity. It will during the coming year greatly increase the number of such investigations which will cover the markets for particular lines of American production. The bureau is making every effort to serve the public, and it trusts that American business firms will take advantage of its services and all the opportunities which it presents, and it hopes that they will be able to develop successful business in foreign markets."

TWO BOYS GET NEW NAMES.

Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Thomas Go to Court for Change.

Leonard M. Thomas, who has served with the American legations at Rome and Madrid, and his wife, who was Blanche May Oelrichs, have decided to rename their two sons. Justice Giegerich of the Supreme Court has signed an order permitting them to change the name of their older child from Leonard May Oelrichs Thomas to Leonard Moorhead Thomas, Jr., and the name of the younger, an infant, from Meredith Michael May Thomas to Robin May Thomas.

In his petition Mr. Thomas said that he lives at 12 East Eighty-seventh Street and in Philadelphia and Newport. The son Leonard was born on May 2, 1911, and the other child on April 26 last. The original names of the children had been registered in the Bureau of Vital Statistics. Concerning his request to change the name of the younger child Mr. Thomas said:

"The name Meredith Michael May Thomas was given to the infant a short time after his birth at a time when your petitioner was extremely ill and, consequently, unable to discuss or give any serious consideration to the selection of a name for the infant. The name was chosen at that time owing to the necessity expressed by the attendant physician of giving some name for the purpose of registering the birth. Since that time your petitioner and your petitioner's wife have given the matter serious consideration and feel that the name is entirely too cumbersome and earnestly desire a change."

The petition explained that the name Moorhead was that of Mr. Thomas's family on the maternal side, and that the changes requested might promote the interests of the children. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas were married in 1910. Mrs. Thomas is noted for her beauty and her entertainments.

URGES UNITY AMONG JEWS.

H. S. Feller Addresses Convention of Hebrew Associations.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 6.—No final break between the orthodox and reformed branches of Judaism ever would be possible, to the great detriment of the race, if the rising generation should do its full duty in acting as a link between the forces, Harry S. Feller, retiring President, of New Brunwick, today told the fourth annual convention of the Associated Young Men's and Young Women's Hebrew Associations of New Jersey. It was the duty of the younger generation, he insisted, to create new standards around which all Hebrews might rally and unite for the uplift of their race and the good of the nation.

After more than an hour of vigorous debating, in which women delegates took part, the convention declined to commit itself on woman suffrage. Forces opposed to suffrage virtually won the battle when they made the issue the question of action at this time rather than an indorsement of the cause. Many delegates personally favorable to giving the ballot to women voted against committing the organization. The antis won by six votes with 125 delegates voting.

Newark was selected for next year's convention after Camden had made a bid and withdrawn. These officers were elected: President, Max J. Levy, Bayonne; First Deputy, Benjamin Goldberger, Perth Amboy; Second Deputy, Jacob L. Weinberger, Camden; Third Deputy, Miss Molly Kamengeiser, Newark; Recording Secretary, Abraham E. Feld, Passaic; Financial Secretary, Miss Jennie Levin, Trenton; Treausurer, Harry Cassman, Atlantic City; Sergeant at Arms, Benjamin Levy, Elizabeth.

FOR ONE-DAY JEWISH STRIKE

Workmen's Committee Suggests It to Show Solidarity for Rights.

The National Workmen's Committee on Jewish Rights, composed of delegates from Jewish trade unions, passed a resolution at the final session of its first convention, in Beethoven Hall, 210 East Fifth Street, yesterday, urging all of the Jews in America to go on a one-day "strike" when the peace conference is called to end the present war. The purpose of the "strike," the officers explained, is to demonstrate the solidity of American Jewry in its advocacy of equal national, civil and political rights for the Jews of Europe. The convention was called to devise methods for aiding Jewish war victims and for helping European Jews to gain equal rights with persons of other nationalities.

Another resolution was passed proposing that a general congress of representatives of every Jewish organization of America be held in Washington or New York within the next few months to take up the subject of how to go about aiding the European Jews. Among the other organizations which it was decided to invite to participate in this congress was the American Jewish Committee, of which Louis Marshall and Jacob H. Schiff are prominent members.

The committee decided to start a subscription fund for Jewish war victims and to issue stamps and label buttons to be sold for this cause. It was announced in this connection that the Jewish Workmen's Circle, which is said to have 50,000 members, had decided to levy a tax of 60 cents on each of its members for the war relief fund.

DEDICATE NEW JEWISH HOME

1,200 Members of Rumanian Federation Attend Exercises at Nyack.

Special to The New York Times.

NYACK, N. Y., Sept. 6.—The Federation of Rumanian Jews of America today dedicated with impressive ceremonies the new home for convalescents situated at Grand View on the Hudson, two miles south of Nyack. Twelve hundred members of the federation came up on a special train and marched through the surrounding villages before going to the home for the exercises. Dr. Julius Weiss, President of the federation, Dr. Drachman of New York, Leon Sanders, Grand Master of the O. B. A., Judge Aaron J. Levy, Rev. Dr. Seff, Samuel Goldstein, Vice President of the federation and Isaac Abreman, Chairman of the Building Committee, participated in the ceremonies.

An address was made by the Rev. Dr. Weiss who spoke of the need which prompted the purchase of the building for hospital purposes. The home will be superintended by the federation and thirty-five affiliated societies. It has accommodations for 200 and during the course of a year it is expected that 4,000 patients will receive treatment.

New Wabash-Pittsburgh Plan.

Daniel B. Ely, Chairman of the First Mortgage Bond and Certificate Holders' Association of the Wabash-Pittsburgh Terminal Railway Company, announced yesterday that at the meeting of the non-assenting bondholders of that company, called for 2 P. M. tomorrow at 25 Broad Street, a modification of the assessment plan would be presented which will enable all of the owners of first mortgage securities to retain an interest in their property and may make unnecessary the hurried sale of the valuable coal properties of the company.

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DYESTUFFS AND A HIGH TARIFF

Leon O. Bailey Protests Against the Protectionist Scheme in the Matter.

BIG DUTIES NOT NEEDED

Dr. Norton Informed These Will Help Only Private Interests, Not the Public.

Among the communications received by Dr. Norton, the Government agent investigating the dyestuffs situation, is one from Leon O. Bailey of this city protesting against the efforts of the high tariff people to use the dyestuffs scarcity as a means of simply promoting private interests. In this letter, Mr. Bailey says:

"May I not express sincere congratulations to the United States Government and to you as one of its official representatives for the business-like investigation now being undertaken concerning the production of dyestuffs in this country, relating as they do to a very important and far-reaching branch of its growing industries. There are doubtless millions of people who possess the same enthusiasm regarding this effort who will not express themselves by letter, but, who, like myself, have no direct interest as stockholders, chemists or otherwise outside of the pride and desire of American citizens to see the great business interests of the country and its natural resources grow and develop for the common good. It is in this light that the movement headed by you will receive popular and general commendation by the great masses of our citizenry.

"It is self-evident that the dyestuffs, heretofore largely made and marketed by Germany, can as well and as efficiently be produced in the United States. Here all the raw materials are abundant. The superior inventive genius of our people, mechanical and chemical, is conceded by the world. In this particular field it appears that the Germans have surpassed us only in their readiness to seize and appropriate the inventions of others rather than in merely putting to use secret discoveries of their own. The current Press suggests that the particular need in this field is for one or several chemical "Edisons." There will be no difficulty in obtaining ample talent in the United States to meet this suggested requirement. I happen to know of at least two men of this type myself, who have explained to me in great detail their knowledge of this art and the comparative simplicity of the problem of producing everything in this line demanded by American textile industries. But may I not be pardoned for suggesting one obstacle which, to my mind, looms up with threatening seriousness and which, if permitted to establish itself, will destroy every reason that would otherwise exist for making popular the movement you now head.

"By the morning papers we are advised that the same old wolf with which the American people is so familiar and which has fattened upon its blood for fifty years, proposes to thrust itself into the dyestuff problem to the end that if there be any advantage the wolf will get it and the American consumer will ultimately see that dyestuffs might as well be manufactured in Germany, Hindustan, or any other place than the United States, in so far as any benefit to him be concerned.

"Of course, the du Ponts, the General Chemical Company, and other similar infant industries which are in the market and offering large issues of stock to the dear public, and have been piling up vast millions of *hard* earned money, are now at the forefront with the plea that if the United States Government will only protect them a little further (say 50 per cent.,) they will condescend to take on this new business enterprise for their own benefit—not for the benefit of the public or the consumer in general. Nor, may I add, for the benefit of the chemical "Edisons" who are so fundamentally necessary for the development of this art in this country. I. other words, the proposal is to rig-up an arrangement by which the million dollar concerns can add more millions to their coffers without reference to the public good. The Wolf is again in the middle of the road, and it will please some few interests immensely if Uncle Sam will only bind and gag the consumer a little longer while the Wolf's representative further rifles his pockets.

"There is an old, well-established, and highly popular doctrine to the effect that people should be permitted "to buy where they can buy the cheapest, and sell where they can get the most for their product." That doctrine still holds good, and is particularly adapted to the matter in question. Taxation, however insidious or indirect, if not intended for governmental uses, now, as always, is a crime, unconstitutional, and in violation of the real spirit and character of American institutions. If, with our vast supply of raw materials, undoubted skill, and ample capital, we cannot supply our own market with what is needed and get our share of the foreign trade in dyestuffs, with a good profit besides, we better not tackle the subject.

"Furthermore, it seems unnecessary to recall that one of the chief issues upon which Mr. Wilson's Administration came into power was a radical reduction of tariff duties on imports and, in fact, (up to a point of meeting governmental expenses, economically administered,) the elimination of the robber tariff under which, upon one false pretense or another, there has been stolen from the pockets of the people from five hundred million to a billion dollars annually every year since the close of the civil war. Mr. Wilson and his Administration, for the first time in fifty years, have squarely met this issue and routed the robber barons who have been permitted for all these years to write their own schedules in every tariff bill enacted. The people are satisfied with Mr. Wilson because he has kept faith and stands out in a class by himself, whether on questions, foreign or domestic, as the man of the century. It is a bad time for the Wolf to show himself. It, therefore, seems opportune that some note of warning should be raised against the danger of allowing "special interests" to use an honest effort of the Government to help its own general industries and consumers in exploiting their own selfish schemes.

THIEF CHLOROFORMS VICTIM

Prisoner Offers Wild Kidnapping Tale as an Alibi.

A story of kidnapping by Black Handers, of a wild automobile ride to the woods where death threats were made, of a trip blindfolded to this city, and of confinement in a lonely house somewhere on the waterfront was offered to the police yesterday by an 18-year-old youth from New Britain, Conn., as an alibi for a charge of robbery. The prisoner, who at first said he was Joseph Marcoil of 119 Ludlow Street, but later described himself as Sol Gubernick, a song writer of 122 Willow Street, New Britain, was seen running out of Max Schwartz's tailor shop at 93 Rivington Street, and Schwartz was found unconscious from chloroform with a roll of bills scattered on the floor beside him.

Schwartz said a young man entered his place Sunday night to buy a pair of trousers. While the caller was talking with the tailor he pulled out a bottle and poured something on a handkerchief. "Hay fever cure," he explained to the tailor. Without warning, Schwartz told the police, the young man threw the handkerchief into his face and he remembered nothing further until he found Patrolman Lebach of the Fifth Street Station standing over him.

Lebach had seen Gubernick run out of the store, stopped him, and went in to see if there was anything wrong. Gubernick denied he was in the store. He said he was leaving the New Britain Public Library Friday night with one of Jack London's books under his arm when he was seized by the Black Handers.

"I had been threatened many times in Black Hand letters," he told the police. "They took me to the outskirts of the town and beat me black and blue. Then they brought me here and locked me up in a house on the waterfront. I know it was on the waterfront, because I could hear the sirens of steamers blowing all night long."

Gubernick waived examination and was held for trial by Magistrate Krotel in Essex Market Court.

BURIED IN A COAL CHUTE.

Firemen Worked Two Hours to Rescue Unconscious Foreman.

Samuel Rosen, foreman of a gang of coal passers employed by the Jamaica Bay Ice Manufacturing Company at Bond Avenue and Jamaica Bay, was passing the soft coal from the bunkers to small cars to be carried into the fire rooms of the factory yesterday afternoon when something went wrong with a chute. Rosen crawled inside to see what was the matter. A rush of soft coal buried him up to his neck, covering his mouth.

He twisted and turned in his narrow hole and finally got the coal dust away from his mouth, but he could not move his buried hands or arms. Then the gang outside heard frantic screams for help from the bunker. They were unable to do anything with the coal which the movements of the imprisoned man had packed closely about his body. Hook and Ladder Truck 121 and an ambulance from Rockaway Beach Hospital came and, after two hours' work, the firemen excavated Rosen. He was unconscious. At the hospital it was said that the extent of his injuries will not be known until today. Rosen is 33 years old and married. He lives at 28 North Eldert Avenue, Rockaway Beach.

Dies After Eating Wild Berries.

As a result of eating wild berries in Forest Park, a few blocks from his home, Charles Buck, Jr., 4 years old, son of Charles Buck, a confectioner, of 3,101 Jamaica Avenue, Richmond Hill, Queens, died yesterday. The berries are believed to have been what are commonly called ink berries. They resemble huckleberries.

Benjamin Franklin says:
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M. RUMELY COMPANY
(Rumely Products Company)
REORGANIZATION

To Holders of Certificates of Deposit of the United States Mortgage & Trust Company issued under Deposit Agreement dated May 25, 1915, for

Two-Year Six Per Cent. Convertible Gold Notes and Six Per Cent. Commission Gold Notes of M. Rumely Company

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to said Deposit Agreement, that the undersigned Committee, constituted thereunder, has prepared and adopted a Plan and Agreement of Reorganization of M. Rumely Company, dated August 26, 1915, and has filed a copy thereof with the United States Mortgage & Trust Company, the Depositary under said Deposit Agreement.

All holders of Certificates of Deposit issued under said Deposit Agreement who shall fail to withdraw their notes upon the terms and in accordance with the provisions of said Deposit Agreement on or before September 30, 1915, shall conclusively and finally be deemed for all purposes to have accepted and assented to such Plan and Agreement and will become bound by all the terms and provisions thereof.

Copies of the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization may be obtained from the Depositary or from the Secretary of the Committee.

Dated, New York City, August 26, 1915.

JOHN W. PLATTEN, Chairman,
LEWIS L. CLARKE,
F. N. B. CLOSE,
ALLEN CURTIS,
M. HELY-HUTCHINSON,
A. H. S. POST,
FREDERIC W. SCOTT,
HOWARD C. SMITH,
Noteholders' Committee.

CHAUNCEY H. MURPHEY, Secretary,
55 Cedar Street, New York City.
WHITE & CASE, Counsel.
UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY,
Depositary.

M. RUMELY COMPANY
(Rumely Products Company)
REORGANIZATION

To Holders of Certificates of Deposit of The New York Trust Company issued under Deposit Agreement dated February 1, 1915, for

Stock of M. Rumely Company:

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to said Deposit Agreement, that the undersigned Committee, constituted thereunder, has approved and adopted a Plan and Agreement of Reorganization of M. Rumely Company, dated August 26, 1915, and has filed a copy thereof with The New York Trust Company, the Depositary under said Deposit Agreement, and said Deposit Agreement has been terminated.

Holders of Certificates of Deposit issued under said Deposit Agreement, desiring to become parties to and avail themselves of the privileges of said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, must surrender such Certificates of Deposit on or before September 30, 1915, to The New York Trust Company in exchange for its Certificates of Deposit, as Depositary under the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization. By acceptance of the Certificates of Deposit issued upon such exchange, the holders thereof will be conclusively deemed to have accepted and assented to the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization and will be bound by all the terms and provisions thereof.

Holders of Certificates of Deposit not desiring to avail themselves of the privileges of the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, will be permitted to withdraw the stock represented by such Certificates upon the surrender of such Certificates and the payment of fifty cents per share for each share of stock withdrawn.

Copies of the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization may be obtained from the Depositary or from the Secretary of the Committee.

Dated, New York City, August 26, 1915.

MORTIMER N. BUCKNER, Chairman,
JAMES B. BELL,
I. de BRUYN,
C. EDGAR ELLIOTT,
OGDEN H. HAMMOND,
ALLEN T. WEST,
Stockholders' Committee.

CHARLES E. HAYDOCK, Secretary,
26 Broad Street, New York City.
THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Depositary.

M. RUMELY COMPANY (Rumely Products Company) REORGANIZATION

TO HOLDERS OF
Two-Year Six Per Cent. Convertible Gold Notes,
Six Per Cent. Commission Gold Notes,
Other obligations and claims,
Preferred and Common Stock,
of M. Rumely Company or Rumely Products Company.

Notice is hereby given that the Plan and Agreement for the Reorganization of M. Rumely Company and Rumely Products Company, which has been approved by the Noteholders' Committee and the Stockholders' Committee, acting under Deposit Agreements of May 25, 1915, and February 1, 1915, respectively, has been approved and adopted by the undersigned Joint Reorganization Committee, and copies of said Plan and Agreement have been lodged with the United States Mortgage & Trust Company and The New York Trust Company, Depositaries under the Plan.

Holders of Two-Year Six Per Cent. Convertible Gold Notes and Six Per Cent. Commission Gold Notes who have not already deposited such Notes, and who desire to participate in the Reorganization, must deposit their Notes, bearing coupons maturing March 1, 1915, and subsequently, with United States Mortgage & Trust Company, Depositary, on or before September 30, 1915.

Holders of Preferred and Common Stock of the M. Rumely Company and of Certificates of Deposit of The New York Trust Company, issued under the Deposit Agreement dated February 1, 1915, who desire to participate in the Reorganization, must deposit their certificates of stock or Certificates of Deposit with The New York Trust Company, Depositary, on or before September 30, 1915. All stock so deposited must be assigned in blank or be accompanied by assignments or powers of attorney in blank, and, if required by the Committee or the Depositary thereof, duly stamped. Application will be made to list on the New York Stock Exchange all Certificates of Deposit issued by The New York Trust Company, as Depositary under the Plan.

Holders of other obligations of and claims against the M. Rumely Company or Rumely Products Company, desiring to participate in the Reorganization, must do so on the terms and in the manner provided in the Plan and Agreement, by depositing with the United States Mortgage & Trust Company, Depositary, New York City, or with any one of its agents named below, such obligations and claims, if evidenced by an instrument in writing, or, if not so evidenced, by depositing a statement of such obligations or claims, and in either case accompanied by an appropriate assignment or transfer thereof without recourse and duly acknowledged, and in such form and bearing such stamps as may be required by the undersigned Committee, and transferable Certificates of Deposit will be issued therefor by such Depositary in form as may be determined by the Committee. The Committee in its discretion may at any time require proof of any obligation or claim deposited or offered for deposit under the Plan, or proof of allowance thereof by the Receiver. In default of such proof the Committee may at any time reject or exclude any such obligation or claim.

Holders of Certificates of Deposit of the United States Mortgage & Trust Company, Depositary, under the Deposit Agreement of May 25, 1915, who assent to the Plan and Agreement, may be required by the Committee in its discretion to present their Certificates of Deposit to the Depositary under the Plan, in order that there may be noted thereon the assent of the holders thereof to the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, and any holder of any such Certificate of Deposit may present the same to such Depositary for such purpose.

The Joint Reorganization Committee submits and recommends such Plan and Agreement of Reorganization for their acceptance to the stockholders and creditors of the M. Rumely Company and to the creditors of the Rumely Products Company, or any subsidiary company with respect to which provision is made in such Plan, for their participation therein.

Copies of the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization may be obtained from either of the Depositaries, or the Agents, below named, or from the Secretary of the Committee.

Dated, New York City, August 26, 1915.

JOHN W. PLATTEN, Chairman,
MORTIMER N. BUCKNER, LEWIS L. CLARKE,
F. N. B. CLOSE, ALLEN CURTIS,
M. HELY-HUTCHINSON, C. EDGAR ELLIOTT,
STEPHEN S. STRATTAN, ELISHA WALKER,
HENRY H. WEHRHANE,
Joint Reorganization Committee.

CHAUNCEY H. MURPHEY, Secretary,
55 Cedar Street, New York City.
WHITE & CASE, Counsel.

Depositaries and Their Agents

Convertible Notes, Commission Notes and Other Obligations and Claims:
- United States Mortgage & Trust Company, Depositary, 55 Cedar Street, New York City.
- The Continental & Commercial Trust & Savings Bank, Agent, Chicago, Ill.
- Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co., Agent, 67 Lombard Street, London, England.
- Adolph Boissevain & Co., Agent, Amsterdam, Holland.

Preferred and Common Stock:
- The New York Trust Company, Depositary, 26 Broad Street, New York City.

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JAMES P. COOKE,
HENRY W. EVANS,
Member New York Stock Exchange.

To the Holders of Five-Year 6% Gold Notes of Central New York Gas & Electric Company, Due April 1st, 1918:

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of Article 14th of the Indenture of Mortgage, dated March 15th, 1911, given to secure the above described issue of notes, $150,000 face value of said notes, being all the notes of said issue now outstanding, are called for redemption on October 1st, 1915, at par and accrued interest. Under the terms of the above-mentioned Indenture of Mortgage, upon presentation of said notes for cancellation at the office of the undersigned Trustee, 60 Broadway, New York City, on or after October 1st, 1915, the principal of said notes and the interest accrued thereon up to that date will be paid to the person or persons entitled to receive the same. After October 1st, 1915, interest on said notes shall cease.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.
By GEORGE E. WARREN,
Vice President.
Dated, New York, September 1st, 1915.

To the Holders of Thirty-Year First Lien Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of the FEDERAL LIGHT & TRACTION CO., Due March 1st, 1942.

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals for the sale of bonds of the above-mentioned Company, under the mortgage from said Company to Columbia Trust Company, as Trustee, for account of the Sinking Fund, to the extent of Twenty-seven thousand eight hundred and eighty-one dollars and twelve cents ($27,881.12), will be received at the office of the undersigned, Trust Department, 60 Broadway, New York City, on or before October 29th, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon, in accordance with the terms of said mortgage.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any and all proposals.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.
By GEORGE E. WARREN,
Vice-President.
Dated, New York, September 2nd, 1915.

DAVIS-DALY COPPER CO.

The Stock of Shareholders of the Davis-Daly Copper Company who have failed to pay the assessment of fifty cents per share, payable twenty-five cents June 1, 1914, and twenty-five cents October 15, 1914, will be sold at public auction on **Wednesday, September 29, 1915,** at twelve o'clock noon, at salesroom of Francis Henshaw & Co., 97 Milk Street, Boston, Mass.

Shareholders can avoid sale of their stock by paying the assessment with interest at 6% from January 1, 1915, on or before September 28, 1915, at Federal Trust Co., 85 Devonshire Street, Boston. Certificates of stock must accompany money or check in payment of assessment.

C. G. SCHIRMER, Treasurer.
Boston, August 30, 1915.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL BREWING COMPANY

FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY, Trustee under the Mortgage of the Pennsylvania Central Brewing Company, dated October 25, 1897, invites proposals for the sale to the said Trustee of all or any part of Fifty Thousand dollars ($50,000) of bonds secured by the said Mortgage, proposals to be addressed to the said Trustee at its office, Nos. 325-331 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia; to be opened and acted upon Wednesday, September 15, 1915, at 12 o'clock M.

R. ELLIS, President.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS will be received at the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., until 10 o'clock A. M. September 21, 1915, for delivering materials, ships' bells, brass buckles, copper burrs, black buttons, boatswains' calls, dry goods, etc., electrical supplies, erecting welding and forging shipsmith shop, sailined linen hose, copper kettles, cap leathers, white muslin, storage battery testing outfits, wrought pipe, sodium fluoride steel, maximum and minimum thermometers, cross ties, switch timbers, crash toweling, and silver-plated ware at the navy yard, Brooklyn, N. Y., etc. Apply for proposals to the navy pay office, New York, N. Y., or to the Bureau. SAMUEL McGOWAN, Paymaster General, U. S. N.
9-1-15.

AMERICAN CAN COMPANY.

A quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. has been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable October 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 16th, 1915. Transfer Books will remain open. Checks mailed.

E. H. Ianson,
Secretary & Treasurer.

BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY.

New York, August 23rd, 1915.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-Half Per Centum (1½%) on the outstanding capital stock of this Company, payable on October 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Thursday, September 9th, 1915. J. H. BENNINGTON, Secretary.

TO THE HOLDERS OF
PRIOR LIEN BONDS
Dated October 26, 1885; Maturing November 1, 1915, of the
NEW ORLEANS & NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD COMPANY.

The undersigned, the New Orleans & Northeastern Railroad Company, offers to extend the above-mentioned bonds so that they shall mature November 1, 1940, with interest at the rate of 5% per annum, payable at the office or agency of the Company in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, semi-annually, on the first days of May and November in each year, the present First Mortgage lien of said bonds to remain unimpaired, both principal and interest to be payable in gold coin of the present standard of weight and fineness. Payment of the normal Federal Income Tax, as now constituted, is assumed by the Company.

Holders of such bonds are referred to the appended announcement of Messrs J. P. Morgan & Co., as to the terms of the extension offer.

Dated, August 30, 1915.

NEW ORLEANS & NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD COMPANY,
By Lars A. Jones, President.

New York, August 30, 1915.

Referring to the above notice, the extension privilege applies only to the holders of such bonds, who shall deposit the same with us at our office, 23 Wall Street, New York City, on or before October 1, 1915.

At the time of deposit the coupon due November 1, 1915, for seven months' interest, will be cashed.

Upon such deposit, temporary receipts will be issued, exchangeable for bonds, with the Extension Supplement and new coupon sheets attached, for a principal amount equal to the principal amount of the bonds deposited. Copies of the Extension Supplement may be had on application at our office.

On or before October 31, 1915, at our office, we will buy, at par and accrued interest, the bonds of holders who do not desire to avail themselves of the above privilege of extension. On and after November 1, 1915, such bonds will be purchased at par, ex coupon.

J. P. MORGAN & CO.

DIVIDENDS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Board of Directors of this Company, at a meeting held on Friday, the third day of September, 1915, declared the regular quarterly dividend of three (3%) per cent., payable on the first day of October, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business on the 15th day of September, 1915. The transfer books of the Company will not be closed.
McKINLEY-DARRAGH-SAVAGE MINES OF COBALT, LIMITED.
HARPER SIBLEY, Treasurer.
Dated at Toronto, Ontario, September 8d, 1915.

DIVIDENDS.

INTERBOROUGH CONSOLIDATED CORPORATION.
Notice of Payment of Dividend.
The Board of Directors of the Interborough Consolidated Corporation, at a meeting held today, declared from surplus a dividend of 1½% on the preferred stock, payable at the office of the Corporation, No. 165 Broadway, New York City, on October 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business on the 15th day of September, 1915. The transfer books will not be closed.
H. M. FISHER, Secretary.
New York, Sept. 1st, 1915.

Norfolk & Western Railway Co.
The Board of Directors has declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-half Per Cent. upon the Common Stock of the Company, payable at the office of the Company, Commercial Trust Building, Philadelphia, Pa., September 15, 1915, to the Common Stockholders as registered at the close of business August 31, 1915.
E. H. ALDEN, Secretary.

UNITED TRACTION AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.
JERSEY CITY, N. J., September 2, 1915.
A Dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid, October 1, 1915, to the registered holders of September 7, 1915. Transfer books will be closed on the 7th inst., and will be reopened September 13, 1915.
C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—The South storm has advanced northward to the upper lake region and it has diminished greatly in intensity. No other storm of importance appears within the field of observations.

There have been scattered rains in the last twenty-four hours in the Middle Plains States, the region of the Great Lakes, and at widely separated points in the Middle Atlantic States. In all other districts the weather remained fair.

Temperatures are near or above the seasonal average in all parts of the country. Indications are that there will be showers in the region of the Great Lakes and generally fair weather Tuesday and Wednesday throughout the Atlantic and Gulf States, Tennessee, and the Ohio Valley.

Temperatures will not change decidedly over the eastern half of the country during the next forty-eight hours.

Winds for Tuesday and Wednesday along the Atlantic Coast will be moderate variable.

FORECASTS TODAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday, probably local showers in north portion.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy Tuesday; Wednesday fair.

New England—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday.

Western New York—Threatening, with probably local showers Tuesday and Wednesday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1914.	1915.		1914.	1915.
3 A. M.	62	67	4 P. M.	74	75
6 A. M.	60	67	6 P. M.	73	72
9 A. M.	66	71	9 P. M.	71	70
12 M.	73	74	11 P. M.	70	71

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 71; for the corresponding date last year it was 68; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 69.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 69, at 8 P. M. it was 71. Maximum temperature, 76 degrees at 3:45 P. M.; minimum, 66 degrees at 1 A. M. Humidity, 97 per cent at 8 A. M.; 84 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.09 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.07 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.		Loss.
1:55—680 12 Av.; Peter Daly		Slight
2:00—567 W. 171 St.; James Coyne		Slight
2:00—212 E. 29 St.; Adam Alexander		$30
2:05—931 E. 169 St.; Henry Keil		None
4:05—1,489 5 Av.; Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Co.		Slight
8:40—1,803 Amsterdam Av.; Morris Schen.		$300
11:55—2,189 8 Av.; Silver Schwartz		Slight
P. M.		
12:55—207 City Island Av.; Chas. Hallock		None
1:00—1,278 3 Av.; Benjamin Besford		Slight
4:30—17 Laight St.; not given		Slight
6:00—307 1 Av.; Reed & Willow Co.		Slight
7:45—Valentine Av., near 197 St., (rubbish); not given		Slight
9:20—48-50 Ludlow St.; I. Cerspolsky		Slight
9:45—124 W. 21 St.; Frank Rich		Slight
10:35—37 E. B'way; Synagogue		Slight

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 6.—Forecast:

N. Car., S. Car., Ga., Fla., Ala., Miss., La., and E. Tex.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; light to moderate variable winds.

W. Tex.—Fair Tuesday and Wed.

Okla.—Fair Tues. and Wed.

Ark., Tenn., Ky.—Fair Tues. and probably Wed.

Mich.—Threatening, with probably showers Tues. and Wed.; light to mod. variable winds.

Ohio—Cloudy in s., probably showers in n. Tuesday and Wed.; mod. s. winds.

Ind.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; light to mod. s. winds.

Ill.—Cloudy Tues., probably local showers at night or on Wed.; warmer Tues., except in s.

Mo.—Unsettled Tues. and Wed., probably showers.

Wis.—Cloudy Tues., probably showers at night or on Wed.; warmer Tues.

Minn.—Cloudy Tues. and Wed., probably scattered showers; cooler Wed.

Iowa—Unsettled Tues., probably showers. Wed. cloudy.

N. Dak.—Fair Tues. and probably Wed.; cooler Tues.

S. Dak.—Fair Tues. and probably Wed.; cooler Wed.

Neb. and Kan.—Cloudy Tues. and probably Wed.

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APARTMENTS

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF New York, New York County.—In the matter of the application of TIMES BUILDING THEATRE TICKET OFFICE, INC., for leave to change its name to "LOUIS COHN'S TIMES BUILDING THEATRE TICKET OFFICE, INC."

Notice is hereby given that the Times Building Theatre Ticket Office, Inc., a domestic corporation, having its principal place of business in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County, at a Special Term, Part X, thereof, to be held in and for the County of New York, at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 28th day of September, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to "Louis Cohn's Times Building Theatre Ticket Office, Inc.," and for such further and other relief as to the Court may seem just and proper in the premises.

Dated New York, August 28th, 1915.

TIMES BUILDING THEATRE TICKET OFFICE, INC.,
by LOUIS COHN,
President.

ASIDOR COHN, Attorney for Petitioner, 299 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, N. Y. City.

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Property Office, 20th Ave. Station (local trains). Phone 1118 Bath Beach.

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BANKRUPTCY SALES.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

Supreme Court, New York County.—In the matter of the General Assignment for the benefit of creditors of ELIZABETH FLAMM. —Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Assignee will sell at public auction, through Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, on this day, Tuesday, the 7th day of September, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, property and assets of the above estate, consisting of ladies' underwear, gloves, vellings, collars, showcases, forms show stands, mirrors, rugs, hangers, desks, wallcases, fixtures, etc.

THEODORE BLUM, Assignee.

BLAU, ZALKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Assignee, 170 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of S. SCHEUER & SONS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, Sept. 7, 1915, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of skirt belting, etc.

DAVID FALK, Trustee.

LAWRENCE B. COHEN, Attorney for Trustee, 64 Wall St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HERVEY THOMPSON, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, Sept. 7th, 1915, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 176 E. 119th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of forge, drill cutters, tools and supplies, used in the business of an iron worker, iron, fixtures and office furniture, etc.

EDWIN VANDEWATER, Trustee.

WALTER L. BRYANT, Attorney for Trustee, 52 Wall St., New York

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DIST. COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—J. JONAS JACOBS, Bankrupt.

J. Jonas Jacobs, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated August 17th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy. Creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, October 11th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Sept. 3d, 1915.

U. S. DIST. COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—AMERICAN GRAND RAPIDS FURNITURE COMPANY, Bankrupt.

American Grand Rapids Furniture Company, bankrupt, by Joseph Ornstein, President, has filed its petition, dated July 18th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all its debts in bankruptcy. Creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, October 11th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Sept. 3d, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISIDORE BOOTH, Alleged Bankrupt.—No. 22049.

The above entitled proceeding has been referred to me as Referee in Bankruptcy under Section 12a of the Bankruptcy act, to call a meeting of creditors for the purpose of offering a composition, allowance of claims, examination of the alleged bankrupt, and the preservation and conduct of the estate. Notice is hereby given that a meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on Sept. 17, 1915, at 1 P M., at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. MACGRANE COXE,

Sept. 3, 1915. Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DIST. COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—ROBERT SUGDEN and ANNIE MAUD SUGDEN, individually and as co-partners, doing business under the name of YE OLD ENGLISH COOKERIE, Bankrupts.

Robert Sugden and Annie Maud Sugden, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated March 23d, 1915, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy. Creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, October 11th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Sept. 3, 1915.

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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—NATHAN VLODINGER, Bankrupt.

Nathan Vlodinger, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 25th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy. Creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, October 11th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Sept. 3d, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—MOSES M. LINDENSTEIN, Bankrupt.

Moses M. Lindenstein, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated August 9th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy. Creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, October 11th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Sept. 3, 1915.

NO. 20605.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—JAMES W. KURTZ, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that James W. Kurtz, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated September 1, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, October 25, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, September 3, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 21911. —In Bankruptcy.—SIDNEY WILLETT HOAG, Bankrupt.

Sidney Willett Hoag was duly adjudicated bankrupt on July 6th, 1915, and the adjourned first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 71 Broadway, City of New York, on Sept. 22d, 1915, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated August 30, 1915.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

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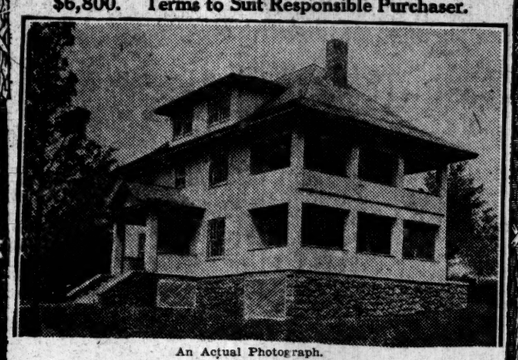

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162 WEST 72D ST.

11TH ST., 128 WEST,
HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS, 5, 6, 7 attractive, well-planned rooms, most reasonable rent in this very desirable neighborhood, $65, $80 month. Manager, on premises.

80 WEST 92ND STREET
7 large rooms, bath, single flat, all improvements; refined neighborhood, near "L." Subway, $40.
Also 9 Rooms and Bath, $60.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS
SPENCER ARMS
S. E. cor. B'way & 69th St.
2, 3 & 4 ROOMS
or larger combinations — maid service included, and meals served in apartment.
Every room with permanent outside light and large closet space.
Most Convenient Location in City
Rental, $70 to $125
C. F. de Casanova, Agt., on premises, or your own broker. Tel. Columbus 3996.

244 Riverside Drive (97th St.)
4, 5, 7, 8 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths, all light rooms, modern elevator house, $720 to $1,400.
THE MARION
263 BROADWAY (98TH ST.)
5-6 Rooms & Bath, $720-$930.
Fireproof elevator house, all improvements.
IRVINGTON 407 Central Park West
At 100th St., facing Park. Elevator house. 8 Rooms & Bath, 2 Toilets, $75-$85.
THE STANTON
9 West 91st St. Elevator House.
8 Rooms & Bath, 2 Toilets, $930-$1,050.
200-202 WEST 78TH ST.
7 & 8 Rooms & Bath, $57.50-$60.
Hall service, steam heat, hot water.
Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street.

Apartments for Comfort and Service

7—Rooms—8
With 2 Baths
Central Park West
Cor. 90th St
"The Cayuga"
Modern Elevator Apartment
Inquire on premises or E. S. WILLARD & CO 52 William Street Telephone Hanover 5989

LIDO HALL
110th St. at 7th Av. (N. W. Cor.)
6-7-8-9 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths
Rentals $1060 to $1700
Overlooking Central Park. Fireproof. Block to "L" or subway, car and bus. Seven rooms, ground floor, for physician.
Representative on premises, or
W. F. Fuerst, 87 Nassau St.

Elevator Apartments
4, 5, 6 Rooms;
$28 Up.
335 West 14th St.
NEWLY RENOVATED. ALL IMPROVEMENTS. DECORATED TO SUIT. BEST VALUE ON WEST SIDE.

1 or More Rooms
FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED,
in The Calumet, high-class family hotel, 340 West 57th St., catering to refined patronage; superior restaurant and service; doctor's suite, 3 rooms, ground floor.

Fred'k Zittel & Sons
IN THE APTHORP. Broadway and 79th Street TEL., 9700—SCHUYLER.
Offer the following Elevator Apartments for Rent:—

801 West End Ave.,
N. W. Corner of 99th St.
Absolutely fireproof building conveniently located, close to 96th St. Subway express station and surface lines; large, airy rooms; every modern improvement.
6, 7 & 8 Rooms, 2 Baths.
Rents $1,400 to $2,200.

The Prasada,
50 Central Park West.
South corner of 65th Street, overlooking Central Park.
Large rooms and closets.
8, 9 & 10 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths.
Rents $1,500 to $3,000.

The Runoia,
267 West 89th St.
New 8-story fireproof building; extra large rooms and closets; modern in every respect.
5 Rooms and 2 Baths.
Rents $1,000.

251-55 West 98th Street,
Close to Subway Express Station.
Modern elevator apartment house of the most modern type; all light and airy rooms; southern exposure.
6 Rooms and 2 Baths.
$1,000 to $1,300.

St. Charles,
101 West 72d St.
Eight Large Rooms and Two Baths.
Must be seen to be appreciated; elevator service, etc.
Rents $1,200 to $1,300.

Rafford Hall,
N. W. Corner Broadway and 144th St.
The rear apartments afford a splendid view of the Hudson River; all improvements; elevator service, etc.
One Apt. Suitable for Doctor.
5, 6 & 7 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $600 to $1,000.

St. Evona,
N. E. Corner 135th St. and Broadway.
New six-story fireproof elevator apartment house; large, sunny rooms; southern exposure.
5, 6 and 7 Rooms.
Rents $540 to $1,100.

The Rolyat,
Southwest Corner.
Broadway and 140th St.
Large rooms, pantries, and closets.
Suites of 8 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $1,000 to $1,200.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

250 W. 88 ST.
BETWEEN
B'WAY & WEST END AV.
THE METROPOLITAN
6-7 ROOM APTS., $1,400 TO $1,600.

St. Augustine, 264 W. 57th St.,
near Broadway; corner apartment, 8 rooms and bath, $1,200; elevator, steam heat, hot water, electric light, hall service. Geo. A. Hampton, 584 Amsterdam Av., or Superintendent on premises.

THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 76th St.
Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath; 2 elevators; night and day passenger service; steam dryer; convenient all traction lines; $1,200-$1,500. Supt. on premises.

THE ADRIAN,
58 West 72d.
Eight large, light rooms, bath; parquet floors, electric light; elevator service day and night; convenient subway, elevated, and surface lines. $1,100-$1,300. Inquire Superintendent.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

BRENTMORE
88 Central Park West
Corner 69th St.
9 ROOMS $3,750
3 BATHS TO $4,000
Two Styles, Simplex and Duplex.
For rent from October 1st. Immediate possession may be arranged.
Apply on premises, or
Bing & Bing, 119 W. 40th St.
Telephone, 6410—Bryant.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

CONCORD HALL
468 Riverside Drive,
Corner 119th St.
7-8 rooms, 2 baths, extra lavatory.
$1150—$1700. STRICTLY FIREPROOF.

Slawson & Hobbs

162 West 72d Street

Near Broadway Tel. Col. 7240

The Halsworth

645 West End Ave.
Southwest Corner 92d St.
One of the latest new-type 12-story apartment houses in the exclusive West Side residential section.
5, 6 & 7 Rooms, 2 to 3 Baths, $1,200 to $2,000.

The Oregon

162 West 54th St.
S. E. Corner Seventh Ave.
A new 12-story fireproof apartment; all outside windows, insuring light and ventilation. Extra maids' rooms.
3, 4, 5, 6 Rooms and Bath, $900 to $1,700.

The Cornwall

255 West 90th St.
N. W. Corner Broadway.
A new 12-story apartment house of concrete; soundproof floors and partitions.
7, 8 & 9 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths, $1,800 to $2,400.

La Rochelle

57 West 75th St.
A handsome modern fireproof building; large light apartments; long distance telephone in each apartment.
7 Rooms and Bath, $1,200 to $2,000.

105 West 72d St.

Bet. B'way & Columbus Av.
A new 12-story fireproof apartment house; accessible location with southern exposure.
4 & 5 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths. $1,100 to $1,900.

The Rexor

600 West 116th St.
Southwest Corner Broadway.
A 12-story steel fireproof structure in a neighborhood noted for its exclusive apartment corner.
5, 6, 7 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths, $1,050-$2,100.

The Hamilton

420 Riverside Drive
North Corner 114th St.
A new, absolutely fireproof apartment house; overlooks Riverside Park and the Hudson.
6-7 & 8 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths, $1,300 to $2,200.

The Hillcrest

430 West 116th St.
Situated on the crest of Cathedral Heights—the highest part of the city. These apartments have exceptionally light rooms.
8 Rooms, 2 baths, $1,500-$1,700

Georgean Court

58 Central Park West
S. W. Corner 60th St.
A nine-story fireproof building with all latest improvements known to modern architecture.
8 & 10 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths, $2,300 to $2,600.

The Pamlico

97 Central Park West
Bet. 69th and 70th Sts.
Fireproof building; large and airy apartments; very select neighborhood; day and night elevator service.
7 and 8 Rooms and Bath, $1,100 to $1,600.

Bonair

601 West 142d St.
N. W. Corner Broadway.
A modern elevator apartment at most reasonable rents. Convenient to Subway station. Rooms large and light.
5 and 7 Rooms and Bath, $600 to $900.

The Stuart

250 West 94th St.
S. W. Corner Broadway.
The apartments are well planned and rooms are all large and light; near transit lines.
8 & 9 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths, $1,200 to $1,500.

The Lucania

235 West 71st St.
Bet. B'way & West End Ave.
Situated on one of the most exclusive residential streets of the West Side; convenient to theatres, clubs, hotels, etc.
3, 5 & 6 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths, $780 to $1,800.

4 & 12 W. 92d St.

Near Central Park West
A newly renovated house on a high class private block. Elevator, electric light, etc.
7 Rooms and Bath, $900 to $1,100.

304 West 92d St.

Near Riverside Drive
Adjoins the Halsworth Apartments. A high-class 8-story fireproof building; near 'bus line and subway.
5 and 6 rooms, 2 baths, $1,000 and $1,800.

375 Centr'l P'rk W.

Near 97th St.
Very desirable spacious apartments; modern improvements; convenient to transit lines.
7 and 8 Rooms, 2 Baths, $840 to $1,200.

Woodmere

561 West 141st St.
Northeast Corner Broadway.
10-story fireproof apartments; large, light rooms.
4, 5, and 6 Rooms and Bath, $600 to $1,000.

Lyndon Arms

524-525 Riverside Drive
Near 127th Street.
Beautiful views Riverside Drive, the Hudson and Palisades.
6 and 8 Rooms and Bath, $810 to $1,200.

Vera

305 West 97th St.,
Near West End Ave.
Modern apartments, every improvement; best value on west side.
6 and 7 Rooms and Bath, $840 to $900.

349 West 85th St.

Near West End Ave.
Sixth floor; southeast exposure; large, light rooms; one apartment.
8 Rooms & Bath, $1,400.

Send for our 1915 Apartment House Directory which contains information regarding apartment houses under our exclusive management.

Efficient Management

F. R. WOOD. W. H. DOLSON Co.

Broadway, Cor. 80th Street Telephone, Schuyler 3800

Branch Offices: 373 5th Ave., N. E. Cor. 35th St.; Broadway at 144th Street and 163rd Street.
Downtown Office: No. 140 Broadway, Cor. Liberty St.

THE CLIFDEN
264 Riverside Drive.
South Corner 99th St.
12 Story, 3 Elevators.
Southwestern Exposure.
7, 8 and 9 Rooms, 2 and 3 Baths.
Rents $1,300 to $2,400.

155 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
Corner of 88th St.
Fireproof Apartments.
12 Story, 2 Elevators.
9 Rooms, 3 Baths.
Rent $2,900.
One Apartment for Rent.

DALLAS COURT
Overlooking Hudson River.
Broadway, Southwest Corner 144th St.
One Block from Subway.
4, 6 and 7 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $480 to $900.

THE HADRIAN
225 West 80th St.
Northeast corner Broadway.
10-Story Fireproof.
5 and 6 Rooms and 2 Baths.
Rents $900 to $1,200.
All Outside Rooms. 4 Exposures.

VERSAILLES
250 West 91st St.
Southwest corner Broadway.
Subway Station at Door.
8 and 9 Rooms and 2 Baths.
Rents $1,600 to $2,000.

HOLLAND COURT
315 West 98th St.
Adjoining Riverside Drive.
7 and 8 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths.
Rents $1,300 to $1,400.

WALLACE
568 West 149th St.
Southeast corner Broadway.
Extra Large 6 and 7 Rooms and Bath.
Connecting Bedrooms; Most Attractive.
Rents $720 to $840.

CAROLYN COURT
565 West 162d St.
Northeast corner Broadway.
5 and 6 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $540 to $600.

JEANETTE COURT
248 Audubon Avenue,
Near 178th St.
4, 5 and 6 Rooms.
$32 to $50 per Month.

THE BELNORD
Broadway to Amsterdam Av.
86th to 87th St.
7 to 11 Rooms, 2, 3 and 4 Baths.
Rents $2,100 to $7,000.
Including Electric Light and Refrigeration.
Vacuum Cleaner Service Free.
Extra Large Rooms.
All Bedrooms Face Private Garden.

THE COURTENAY
55 Central Park West.
Between 65th and 66th Sts.
10 Rooms, All Outside, 3 Baths.
One Apt. on Floor—Southern Exposure.
Rents $2,100 to $2,800.

GREENWICH
446 Central Park West.
Adjoining corner 105th St.
Overlooking Central Park West.
8 Rooms and Bath.
Rent $1,050.

VICTOR HALL
622 West 113th St.
8 Story Fireproof Modern Apartments.
Adjoining Riverside Drive.
6 and 7 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $800 to $1,100.

Ramona and Charlemagne
528-532 West 111th St.
Subway at 110th St.
3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths.
3 Rooms, Kitchenette.
Rents $600 to $1,100.

CASTLETON-SAGUENAY WELLINGTON-WELLESLEY
East Side Broadway, 142d to 144th St.
5, 6, 7 and 8 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $40 to $75 per Month.

HAZELTON COURT
3,099 Broadway, near 122d St.
4 and 5 Rooms and Bath.
3 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette.
Rents $360 to $540.

THE SHOREHAM
60 St. Nicholas Av.
Northeast corner 113th St.
5 and 6 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $420 to $660.

THE BARNARD
106-110 Central Park West.
Southwest corner 71st St.
10 Story, 3 Elevators.
6, 7, 8 and 9 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths.
Rents $1,100 to $2,500.
Including Refrigeration.
First floor for doctor.

HEATHCOTE HALL
609 West 114th St.
One Block from Riverside Drive.
Convenient to Subway.
3 Rooms, Kitchenette.
4 and 5 Rooms, Kitchen.
Rents $600 to $1,000.

THE EVELYN
101 West 78th St.
Non-housekeeping Apartments.
Maid service and electric light.
2 and 3 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $660 to $900.
Extra Large Rooms.

ST. FRANCIS COURT
Riverside Drive, North Corner 135th St.
8 Outside Rooms, Corner, $1,100.
All New Fixtures.
Immediate Possession.

MALVERN
47 Claremont Av.
Adjoining corner 119th St.
Overlooking Columbia and Barnard College.
5 and 6 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $600 to $900.

IRVING ARMS
222 Riverside Drive,
Corner 94th St.
Fireproof Building.
Corner Apartment.
9 Rooms & 3 Baths, $1,700.
Southern Exposure. Vacuum Cleaning.
8 Rooms, 3 Baths, $1,300.

451 WEST END AVENUE
Southwest corner of 82d St.
7 Rooms and Bath.
Rent $65 to $75.
Telephone and Hall Service.

LUCILE
122 West 114th St.
Southeast corner St. Nicholas Av.
Near Subway and "L."
5 and 6 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $420 to $660.

THE BRAENDER
418 Central Park West.
South corner 103d St.
Near Subway and Elevated.
10-Story Fireproof; 2 Elevators.
Corner Apartment.
12 Large Outside Rooms and 3 Baths.
$1,800.
Southern Exposure.
5, 6, 7 and 8 Rooms, $600 to $1,200.

DOROTHEA
331 West 101st St.
Adjoining Riverside Drive.
Subway at 103d St.
All Outside Rooms Facing Hudson.
8 Large Rooms and Bath.
Rents $1,100 to $1,400.

POWELLTON
229 West 97th St.
Northeast corner Broadway.
Modern Apartments.
8 and 9 Very Large Rooms, 2 and 3 Baths.
Rents $1,600 to $2,000.

THE CORINSECA
Northwest Corner.
209 West 97th St.
One Block 96th St. Subway.
7 and 8 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths.
Rents $780 to $1,150.

LARCHMONT
448 Central Park West.
South corner 105th St.
7 Rooms and Bath; Corner.
Rents $900 to $1,100.

SYLVIA HALL
500 West 144th St.
Near Broadway.
2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $360 to $720.

FLORENCE COURT
500 West 176th St.
Southwest corner Amsterdam Av.
3, 4 and 5 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $336 to $600.

THE ROSEMARY
4 and 6 West 93d St.
Adjoining Central Park.
Near "L."
8 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $900 to $1,200.

THE DORILTON
Broadway, Corner 71st St.
Magnificent Structure.
Unusually Sunny Exposure. Express Subway Station 100 feet away.
Free Electric Light and Refrigeration.
3 Vacancies Only, 5 to 9 Rooms.
$1,600 to $2,800.
Write or Telephone for Leaflet.

817 WEST END AV.
Southwest corner 100th St.
Subway at 103d St.
Fireproof Apartments.
6, 7 and 8 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths.
Rents $1,400 to $2,000.
Extra Large Rooms.

THE PASADENA
10 West 61st St.
Southwest corner Broadway.
12 Story, Overlooking Central Park West.
2, 4, 7, 8 & 10 Rooms & 1, 2 & 3 Baths.
Rents $840 to $2,600.

GRACEHULL COURT
668 Riverside Drive.
South corner 144th St.
Excellent View of Hudson River.
One Block from Subway.
6, 7 and 8 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $840 to $1,200.

THE NORMAN
37-43 West 93d St.
Near Park, Subway and "L."
5, 6 and 7 Rooms.
$900 to $1,400.

THE TALLADEGA
61 Hamilton Place.
Corner 140th St.
Outside rooms, with southern exposure. Most attractive.
6 and 7 Rooms.
Rents $720 to $840.

ELLERSLIE COURTS
601 W. 140th St., 600 W. 141st St.
Cor. Apartment. All Southern Exposure.
Immediate Possession.
6 and 7 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $720 to $900.

THE KENWAY
462 Convent Av.
Corner of 150th St.
6 and 7 Rooms. Southern Exposure.
Excellent Value.
$40 to $50 per month.

OUR 1915 BOOKLET, CONTAINING DESCRIPTIVE MATTER AND FLOOR PLANS OF THE ABOVE AND MANY OTHER PROPERTIES, MAY BE SECURED AT ANY OF OUR OFFICES, OR WILL BE FORWARDED ON REQUEST.

Chatsworth

344 West 72d Street, at Riverside Drive

Absolutely fireproof, overlooking the Hudson from the Statue of Liberty to Yonkers.

Apartments of 6 to 10 Rooms, $900 to $3,250,

INCLUDING REFRIGERATION.

In connection with Chatsworth is also a Restaurant, Cafe, Barber Shop and Valet Service, &c. Convenient to "L" and subway; Fifth Av. Buses at the door.

L. J. Phillips & Co., 72d St. & Columbus Av.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

The BELLGUARD

(Just completed.)
216 W. 89th Street
S. E. Cor. B'way.
A centrally located apartment house in a most desirable residential neighborhood, convenient to Subway, elevated and surface lines.
6 Rooms, 2 Baths
7 Rooms, 3 Baths
Rentals $1,300 and up.
Exceptionally spacious rooms, foyers and corridors, with roomy closets. Renting agent on premises, or apply to
J. AXELROD,
200 W. 72d Street Cor. B'way

MANHATTAN—West Side.

LUCETINE
35-39 West 96th St.
8-story fireproof building, private house block.
One apartment left, 7th floor.
7 rooms, bath and maid's lavatory

RIVERSIDE DWELLINGS
611-19 West 114th St.
Between Broadway and Riverside Drive. Subway express station 116th St. and Broadway.
8 exceptionally large, light rooms, 2 baths.
All night elevator service.
One apartment suitable for physician.
Rents $1,100 to $1,400

ANNAMERE COURT
609-15 West 115th St.
7 and 8 large light rooms, 2 baths
All night elevator and 'phone service; superb location.
Rents $900 to $1,200
I. LOEWENWALD, Agent.
611-19 W. 114th St. Tel. 2896 Morningside.

TERRACE COURT
202 Riverside Drive
S. E. Cor. 93rd St.
Modern fireproof apartment, 7, 8, 9 rooms, 2 and 3 baths. Rentals $1,600 up.
Apply to Manager on premises, or SLAWSON & HOBBS, Agents, 162 W. 72d St., or
J. AXELROD,
OWNER,
200 W. 72d Street. Cor. B'way

961 Sixth Ave.

Six large rooms and bath; electric light; steam heat. One floor with show front. Low rents. Apply to Superintendent, 103 West 54th Street, adjoining, or

Chas. F. Noyes Co.

Tel. 2000 John. 92 William St.

CENTRAL PARK APARTMENTS

7th Av., 58th & 59th Sts.
Large Corner Apartment with 5 Baths.
Smaller Ones with 2 & 3 Baths.
Two Apartments suitable for physicians.
Modern plumbing. Parquet floors.
Apply at Office,
175 West 58th St.

WHITE COURT,
203 WEST 107TH ST.
NINE-STORY ELEVATOR, FIREPROOF.
Between B'way and Amsterdam Av.
6 rooms, large, light; select tenants; efficient service; $70 to $80. Premises or
HALL & BLOODGOOD,
542 Fifth Av. Tel. Bryant 7683.

WILLIAM P. SHERIDAN, Agent,

549 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, Cor. 127th St. Phone 434 Morningside

Some of the buildings under my management in which desirable apartments may be found:

The Devonshire,
542 West 112th Street,
S. E. Cor. Broadway.
A ten-story fireproof building. Notably successful; personal attention of the management to tenants' requirements. Absolutely high-class house service guaranteed. 6 to 10 large rooms; foyers, reception hall; 2 and 3 baths.
Rents, $1,000 to $2,200.

The Roxbury,
540 West 122d Street.
Apartments of 5 and 6 rooms.
Rents, $540 to $840.

The Katahdin,
N. E. Cor. Broadway & 113th St.
Apartments of 8 rooms.
Rents, $1,200 to $1,600.

205 to 211 W. 107 St.
Near Broadway.
Splendid large apartments. 7 rooms and bath.
Strictly modern, high class.
$660 to $720 year.

The Bordeaux,
S. E. Cor. Riverside Drive & 127th Street.
Full River View.
Apartments of 6, 7, and 8 rooms.
Rents, $800 to $1,200.

The Grosvenor,
548 Riverside Drive.
Full River View.
Apartments of 7 rooms.
Rents, $720 to $1,000.

Crescent Court,
S. W. Cor. Claremont Ave. & 127th Street.
Apartments of 4, 5, 6 and 7 rooms.
Rents, $420 to $840.

25 West 65th St.
Near Broadway.
Large rooms. All light.
Every convenience. Moderate rent.
$540 to $660 year.

160th St.---Riverside Drive---161st St.
and 655 West 160th St.
Overlooking the Hudson and Palisades

ROMAINE AND LOYAL

NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY
Suites of 4-5-6-7-8 Rooms, 2 Baths
Rentals $480 to $1320
Special Arrangements on Leases Signed Prior to October 1st
Renting Agent on Premises—Open Evenings—Phone Audubon 8891.
Friedman Construction Co. Phone Cortlandt 839 189 Broadway

MANHATTAN—West Side.

THE BORCHARDT,
220 West 98th St., Cor. B'way
Modern 12 Story Fireproof House.
7 ROOMS, Foyer, 3 Baths. $1,700.
8 ROOMS, Foyer, 3 Baths, $1,800 & $2,000.
Rooms large and light; excellent service.

STUART ARMS,
226 West 97th St., near B'way
7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1400-$1600
2 Room Kitchenettes, Bath, $540-$600.
Rooms very large, abundant closets.
Resident Manager on Premises.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS.
THE MELVILLE,
Amsterdam Ave. at 118th St.
THE WINTHROP,
5-6-7 Rooms, $600-$900.
All Night Service.

NEAR CENTRAL PARK
4 WEST 101ST ST.
Large, light 5, 6, 7 rooms, bath; telephone, electricity, near "L," subway; all improvements; inducements; $30 to $48. Hall boy, on premises.

DENTIST'S APARTMENT.
801 WEST 107TH, CORNER BROADWAY.
FIVE LIGHT ROOMS, unfurnished; tiled bath; ground floor; hall service; telephone, clean; tidy, all improvements; private house block; elegant neighborhood; $35; electricity.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

36 Central Park South

Between 5th and 6th Aves.
Overlooking lake section of Central Park.
All Conveniences of a Modern Hotel and Apartment House Combined
New 14-story high-class Apartment House; steel construction; absolutely fireproof; three high-speed elevators.
2 Rooms and 1 Bath,
3 Rooms and 2 Baths.
Dining Room on First Floor. Service in Rooms if Desired.
SATISFACTORY REFERENCES INDISPENSABLE.
Resident owner as manager assures high-class service.
Geo. K. Rose, Treas. & Resident Mgr.

Skylight Studios
5 West 16th Street
Bachelor Apartments
$30 to $60

306 WEST 82ND ST.
Seven Rooms.
Apply on premises or
RICHARD DEEVES & SON,
309 Broadway, City.

J. ROMAINE BROWN CO.

N. E. Cor. Madison Av. & 41st. Tel., Murray Hill—1481.
Offers a number of desirable Apartments, some of which are ready for immediate occupancy.

THE WELLSMORE
S. E. Cor. 77th St. & Broadway.
Modern in all details.
9 Rooms & 3 Baths, Rental $3,300.

The Cambria
347-351 West 55th St.
1 & 2 Rooms & Bath, Kitchenette,
Furnished or Unfurnished
$30 to $62.50 per Month

The Majestic
St. Nicholas Av., S. E. Cor. 145th St.
7 & 8 Rooms & Bath.
Rentals $720 to $1,000.
Very large, light rooms, complete elevator and telephone service. All modern conveniences. Close to subway and elevated lines.

The Elizabeth
248 West 105th St.,
S. W. Cor. Broadway.
8 Rooms, $1,080 to $1,200

Bonavista
362 Riverside Drive.
Magnificent Fireproof Apartments.
Located in Best Section of Drive.
7 & 11 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths
Rental $1,400 to $2,500.

The Beauclere
N. W. Cor. B'way & 109th Street
7 Rooms & Bath,
$1,000—$1,400.

Elberon Hall
385 Central Park West,
Near 99th St.
8 Rooms & 2 Baths,
$780 to $1,200.

The Hillchester
547 West 157th St.
Near Broadway Subway station.
4, 5, 6 & 7 Rooms & Bath,
$540—$900.

Prince's Court
N. E. Cor. B'way & 164th Street.
6 & 7 Rooms & Bath.
$900.

Tenants living in apartments under our supervision are assured of the most efficient service and attention.

LOUIS KEMPNER & SON,
2,443 BROADWAY, AT 90TH ST. Tel., 3120—River.
OFFER THE FOLLOWING ELEVATOR APARTMENTS:—

ST. REGIS COURT N. W. Cor. B'way & 152d St.
6-story elevator Apt. house, modern, fireproof, all improvements. Southern exposure.
Apts. of 4, 5, 7 and 8 Rooms and 1 and 2 baths.
Rents $420 to $1,000.

PONCHARTRAIN 312 West 109th St.
Between Broadway & Riverside Drive.
8-story elevator Apt. house, with all improvements.
Apts. of 6 and 7 Rooms and 1 and 2 baths.
Rents $840 to $1,200.
One 3-room and kitchenette Apt., 8th floor, $720.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

160 W. 95th St.
New 9-story fireproof apartments. Southern exposure.
ONLY THREE
5 Room Apartments Left
$1,075 upward.
JULIUS TISHMAN & SONS,
18 East 41st St. Tel., 7518—Murray Hill.

87TH ST., WEST, 59-63.
Very desirable apartments of 6 and 7 rooms. Rent $60 and $65 per month. Apply premises or Lewis B. Preston, Inc., 165 Broadway.

GREYLOCK,
61 West 74th St.
8 large, light, outside rooms; elevator service; southern exposure; near subway and elevated. Telephone Columbus 2945.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

302-306 W. 79th St.
Bet. West End Ave. & Riverside Drive.
5, 6 & 7 ROOMS
Modern FIREPROOF building, located on the West Side's most FASHIONABLE street. Rooms large and bright; hardwood floors. Most desirable home for refined families who demand the best of service.
Rents $780 to $1,200 per Year.
Doctor's Apartment of 6 Rooms, Private Entrance, $780.
Superintendent on Premises.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

CATHEDRAL HEIGHTS
NEW 2 & 4 ROOMS
417 West 114th Street.

Attractive, Homelike Apartments, Moderately Priced, Under the Management of

A. L. MORDECAI & SON,

30 EAST 42D ST.

119 West 71st St. Fireproof Apartment House. ONLY ONE APARTMENT REMAINS TO LEASE.
4 ROOMS AND BATH
Rental $900.

The HAMPTONS
117th St., St. Nicholas and 7th Aves.
Most exclusive dwellings in Harlem. Every room an outside room. Elevator apartment. Convenient to Subway, "L" and surface cars. 7 and 8 room suites.
Rentals $720 to $1,100 yearly

The HUDSON FULTON
S. E. Cor. 136th St. and Broadway.
A few suites to let from next October in this elevator apartment house. 6 to 8 rooms and 2 baths. One block from Subway.
Rentals $800 to $1,000 yearly

405 Park Avenue
NORTHEAST CORNER 54TH STREET.
2 apartments, 11-12 rooms, 4 and 5 baths, $5,800, $6,000.

118 East 54th St.
1 apartment, 9 rooms, 3 baths, $2,800.

115 East 53rd St.
1 apartment, 8 rooms, 3 baths, $2,700.
Doctor's Office, 3 Rooms and Bath, $1,200 to $1,440.

123 East 53rd St.
2 apartments, 7 rooms, 2, 3 baths, $2,100, $2,250.

Moore & Wyckoff,
Phone 1263 Bryant— 546 Fifth Avenue —Corner 45th St.

BANCROFT APARTMENTS
509-517 West 121st St.

Refined as their surroundings are the Bancroft Kitchenette Apartments, in the heart of the "College Centre," a step from Columbia University. A few expiring leases permit us to offer a few suites of exceptional desirability. Two rooms, kitchenette and bath, $35 to $42.50; three rooms and bath, $45 to $60. Dining room in building—prices very moderate. Applications may be made to the manager on premises, or Bancroft Holding Co., 74 Broadway, Telephone Rector 9780.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

CLARISSA ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
2400 7th Ave., Cor. 140th St.
5 rooms, bedroom 17x10, $40
6 rooms ..... $40 to $42.50

STOP AT THE COLUMBUS,
Broadway, 157th St. (subway corner.) Latest improvements, fireproof building; 3, 4, 5 rooms, bath, $45-$55; 6, 7 rooms, bath, servants' toilet, $65-$80; cannot be duplicated. OWNER.

57 W. 111th St.
Opposite express subway sta. Corner elevator apartments, 6-7 all light rooms, overlooking Central Park; all night service. $40-$50. Supt., or Mercer, 266 West 23d St.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

Westbourne Court
536 West 140th Street,
Corner Broadway.
6 and 7 Rooms
REASONABLE RENTS.
Superintendent on Premises.

THE PLAZA,
795 ST. NICHOLAS AV.,
CORNER 150TH ST.
High-class, seven, eight rooms elevator apartments; unsurpassed service; $60-$75.

SMITHSONIAN
7-8 rooms in modern elevator building. Rents $50 to $60. Apply 60 West 129th St., or
Hebert Levers, 376 Lenox Ave.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

Edmund Francis Court

Northeast Corner
Amsterdam Av. and 120th St.

New 11-story Apartment House, overlooking Columbia University.

3 to 6 Large Rooms with Kitchens.

Restaurant in the Building.

Rentals Per Annum **$600 to $1200**

Superior management and service.

Also a Few Furnished Apartm'ts.

N. BRIGHAM HALL & WM. D. BLOODGOOD, INC.,
542 5th Ave., Corner 45th St.
Telephone, 7632—Bryant.
OR ON PREMISES.

640-644 Riverside Drive

141st and 142d Sts.

12-Story Fireproof Apartment House.

Something more than a mere apartment. Unexcelled location.

4, 5, 6, and 7 Rooms
1, 2 and 3 Baths.

Every modern improvement. Excellent elevator service. Superior steam heating plant. Private laundries. Large, bright, airy rooms.

Efficient Day and Night Service.

Rentals Very Moderate

Apartments Shown Evenings.
AGENT ON PREMISES.
Phone 6900 Audubon.

1364-1372 St. Nicholas Ave.

(Near 179th St.)

Elevator Apartments.

One of the most desirable locations on Washington Heights. Convenient to Subway, Broadway car and crosstown lines. Cool, light, airy suites. 5 and 6 rooms.

Rentals $420 to $540.

Apply on premises, or to
HEILNER & WOLF,
30 East 42d Street.

Liberal offer by the Owner

The owner of these houses is desirous of filling them at once. Hence will give extraordinary inducements to desirable tenants.

Brockton—Elevator.
661 West 180th Street,
N. E. Corner Broadway
4-5 Rooms, $40 to $50.

Swampscott—Elevator.
660 West 180th Street,
S. E. Corner Broadway.
4-5-6-7 Rooms, $37.50 to $60.

542 W. 179th St.—Non-Elevator
4 Rooms, $30.

These houses are exceptionally well managed and of recent construction, and are located in the best section on Washington Heights.

KNAP & WASSON CO., Agents,
4249 Broadway at 181st St.
3759 Broadway at 156th St.

Without Doubt

Greyton Court { 630 West 141st St.

Corner of Riverside Drive

Will Give You More for Your Money Than Any Other House in N. Y.

3 - 5 - 6 - 7 Rooms
$50-$75-$90-$105 and up

Fireproof, 12 Story. Ample Closets.

Large Rooms. Beautiful View.

Phone 7610 Audubon. Resident Mgr.

ROCKLEDGE COURT,

3,044 Albany Crescent
B'way and 231st St. Sub. Station.

3-4-5-6 Rooms, $24.00-$43.00.

Large rooms, big closets; all improvements.

Ready for Occupancy Sept. 1st.

Class of tenants absolutely restricted.

Michael J. Martin Corporation
Owner on Premises.

Fairview Court, 3117-3127 Broadway,

Near 125th St.
Apartments of 3, 4, 5 and 6 large rooms

RENTS $30 TO $60

Elevator service—all improvements.
Superintendent on Premises, or
E. C. SIMONSON, 100 Broadway.

HAMILTON TERRACE,

144th St., 2 blocks east of Amsterdam Av.,
High Class Elevator Apartments
2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 Rooms and Bath.
MODERATE RENTS. Exclusive residential section, near subway and "L."

THE SUNRIDGE

538-540 West 124th St.
High Class Elevator Apartments

7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $600 to $660

Apply Superintendent on premises, or
DUFF & CONGER Madison Avenue, Corner 86th St.

REFINED APARTMENTS

8 and 9 rooms, $80 upward.

All outside, restricted avenue, high-class service; modern. Owner resides on premises. WESTWOOD and CLIFFEWOOD COURTS, West 180th Street on Fort Washington Avenue.

THE KANAWAH,

203 WEST 111TH ST.
HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
ALL-NIGHT SERVICE.
5-6 ROOMS, $37.50-$47.50.

THE MIDLOTHIAN

355 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.

Elevator, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. Apply to janitor.

AN IDEAL LOCATION

High-class elevator apartments to lease. 408-420 W. 130th, 409-419 W. 129th, 41 Convent Ave. and 49 St. Nicholas Terrace; 4-8 rooms; rental, $480-$900. Inquire on premises, or agent, 408 W. 130th.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

Live in Fordham Heights

THE WEST BRONX

Most Attractive Community in New York City.
New Apartment Houses now Ready to Lease.

Suites 3 to 7 Rooms

Settle That Now

ON CRESTON AVE., 188TH ST., VALENTINE, BRIGGS, TIEBOUT AVES., and Grand Boulevard and Concourse, the 200 ft. driveway, 5 miles long, lined with trees; also the Gateway to all Parks—Mosholu, Bronx, Van Cortlandt, Pelham, with St. James and Poe Parks near Fordham Road.

Altitude 200 ft. gives unobstructed view of Long Island Sound and Hudson River.

Educational and Social Conditions without equal. High and Public Schools, Universities and Churches.

Transit—Broadway Subway to 207th St., then Eastward on surface car to Grand Concourse. N. Y. Central (Harlem Division) to Fordham, 20 minutes from 42nd St.; 3rd Ave. L to Fordham Road, then walk East to Grand Concourse.

From Grand Concourse and Fordham Road walk 5 blocks NORTH and SOUTH and down side streets. You will decide to live in one of the new apartment houses.

Fordham Heights Property Owners Association, Inc.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

The Riviera

Riverside Drive, 156th to 157th St.

Modern 12-story Fireproof Apartment. Subway Station Half Block Distant.

5 rooms $660 to $750 per annum
7 rms. $1000 to $1200 per annum
8 rms. $1200 to $1500 per annum
9-10 rms. $1600-$2000 per annum

A. J. ODELL, Resident Manager.
Telephone, Audubon—5400.

Service and management under direct supervision of owners.

Buckingham Court

310-312 West 99th St.

Adjoining Riverside Drive.

Convenient to 96th and 103d Subway and Elevated Station at 99th St. and Columbus Av.

A High Class 8 Story Apartment.

8 Large, Light Rooms, 2 Baths

Rents $1200 to $1400 per annum

Ownership Management. Assuring Tenants of Excellent Service at All Times.

Apply to Supt., on Premises, or
Manhattan Leasing Co.,
149 Church St. Tel. 6390—Barclay.

NEW

UNIVERSITY COURT

70 MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, Cor. 117TH ST.
Near Columbia University.

Every convenience known provided; view for 50 miles from the parlor windows; the entrance with the splash of its fountains unsurpassed; undesirable tenants excluded; no dogs allowed.

4 Rooms, $480-$540.
5 Rooms, $720.
8 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,000.

HAGUE COURT

NEAR COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY,
400 West 118th St., facing Morningside Park.

7 Large Rooms, 2 Toilets, $900
7 Large Rooms, 2 Toilets, $1,000
7 Large Corner Rooms, $1,200

Apply Superintendent respective buildings or
W. ALANSON ALEXANDER,
508 5TH AV. TEL. 2718 MURRAY HILL.

Strathcona on the Hudson

709 West 169th Street
Corner Haven Avenue

Unusually desirable apartments. Unsurpassed location. Unobstructed view of Hudson from every room; all large and sunny. Kitchenette with 2 and 3 rooms.

2-3-4-5 rooms, all improvements
NIGHT AND DAY SERVICE.
Rents $275 to $780
Apply on premises, or
CHARLES A. ADRIAN, Agent,
3536 Broadway
Telephone 2649 Audubon.

2 & 3 Rooms, Bath, Kitchenette,

Unfurnished, $32.50 to $49.50.
Furnished, $42.50 to $57.50.

WHITESTONE,

609 West 127th St.

ALL NIGHT ELEVATOR SERVICE.

Superintendent, on premises, or
BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.
Tel., 6410—Bryant.

THE ARDELLE

527 Riverside Drive,
Opposite
Grant's Tomb and Claremont.

One Apt. of 7 Rooms and Foyer, 2 Baths, $1,500.

The Best Built House on Riverside.
Management of Owner on premises.

REED HOUSE

Broadway at 121st St.

6 rooms.... $780 $900
7 rooms.... $900 $1200

Perfect Service.
OWNER ON PREMISES.

Manhattan Av. & 123d St.

Near 125th St. "L" and Subway.
High Class Elevator Apartments.
2-3-4-5 & 6 Rooms
Kitchens and Kitchenettes,
$28 to $60 Per Month.
Large Rooms, Unusual Closet Space.
'Phone 3927 Morningside.

The RAVENWOOD

S. W. Cor. Broadway & 180th St.
(Drug Store Corner.)
5 and 6 Rooms and Bath.
Rents $50-$60.

Every convenience. All night elevator service. Agent on Premises. Tel. Aud. 3577.

Pease & Elliman

165 W. 72 St. Near Broadway	340 Madison Avenue Near 43d St. Tel. 6200 Murray Hill	55 Liberty St. Cor. Nassau St.

Real Estate and General Insurance

Specialists in Dwelling Properties

EAST SIDE

56 West 11th St.
3 and 4 rooms and bath, $660—$900

39-43 E. 27th St.
At Madison Ave.
3, 4, 6 and 7 rooms and bath, $720—$1,300

145 East 35th St.
The Southfield.
7 rooms and 2 baths, $2,000—$2,500
7 rooms and 1 bath, $1,500—$1,800
3 rooms and 1 bath.....$900

104 East 40th Street
At Park Ave.
2, 5 and 6 rooms, 1 and 2 baths, $1,000—$2,500

146-8 East 49th Street
1, 2, 3 and 4 rooms and bath, $480—$1,200

144 E. 56th St.
The Wellesbourne.
6, 7 and 8 rooms and bath, $1,100—$1,800

56-62 W. 58th St.
Blenheim & Biltmore.
8 rooms and 2 baths, $1,500—$1,800

11 East 68th St.
Cor. Madison Ave.
6, 8 and 12 rooms, 2, 3 and 4 baths, $1,700—$5,100

103 East 75th St.
At Park Ave.
7 rooms and 2 baths (duplex) $2,000
7 rooms and 3 baths.....$2,500

535 Park Avenue
Cor. 61st St.
6 and 7 rooms, 1 and 2 baths, $2,000—$2,500

565 Park Avenue
At 62d St.
6 and 8 rooms, 2 and 3 baths.....$1,900—$2,800

829 Park Avenue
Cor. 76th St.
6, 7 and 8 rooms, 2 and 3 baths, $1,400—$2,800

1,190 Madison Avenue
Cor. 87th St.
7 rooms and bath.....$850—$1,200

WEST SIDE

110 Riverside Drive
Cor. 83rd St.
8, 9 rooms, 2 baths, $1,900—$2,000

127 Riverside Drive
Cor. 85th St.
8 rooms and bath.....$1,800

For floor plans and further particulars of the above and other houses under our management, consult the special apartment house edition of Pease & Elliman's Real Estate Indicator, which will be mailed to you on request.

AN INNOVATION,

106 West 69th St.

New, Fireproof; located on private house block, between Columbus Av. and Broadway. Housekeeping Apartments with Maid Service.

3 & 4 Exceptionally Large Rooms.

Modern in every particular.

Rents from $840 to $1,300

The Del Monte,

102 West 75th St.

Elevator apartment building located on an exclusive private house block; convenient to subway express station, "L" station, and all car lines; all rooms are exceptionally large.

7 & 8 Large Rooms, $1,000 to $1,500.

The Chateau,

314-316 West 100th St.

Between West End Av. and Riverside Drive. An ideal residential location.

Eight-story modern fireproof structure, containing every convenience.

4-5-7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $720 to $1,400.

SHARP & CO., Broadway, Cor. 99th St.

The Kenmare,

327 Central Park West.

Corner 93d St.

Overlooking Central Park, convenient to "L" station at 93d St. and 91st St. Subway.

8 Exceptionally Large Rooms, $1,200 to $1,500 Per Annum.

Corner apartments, every room outside.

814-816 WestEndAv

Between 99th & 100th Sts.

Located on restricted Park thoroughfare, in one of the best residential sections of the city, easily accessible to subway, elevated, bus and all surface lines.

8 Large, Light Rooms and 2 Baths, $1,400 to $1,500.

The Mont Cenis,

54 Morningside Drive W.

Corner 116th St.

Convenient to Subway station at 116th St. and Broadway, also Broadway and Amsterdam surface cars.

Located on a quiet residential thoroughfare, overlooking Morningside Park. Elevator, Mail Chute and all improvements.

6-7-8 Large, Light Rooms, $840 to $1,500

Corner apartments, all outside rooms.

SHARP & CO., Broadway, Cor. 99th St.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

APARTMENTS OF

2, 3, 4 ROOMS

Kitchen & Kitchenettes

Unfurnished, $40 to $67.50.
Furnished, $50 to $82.50.

LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS.

THE POINCIANA

434 West 120th St.,
Corner Amsterdam Av.

Overlooking Columbia Campus. Superintendent on premises, or BING & BING, 119 West 40th St. Tel., 6410—Bryant.

536 W. 111th St.

Modern fireproof building, adjacent to Broadway. Superb Apartments, large, light rooms. Appointments and service of highest standard.

3 Rooms, kitchenette and bath..... $570 to $700
4 Rooms and bath..... 780 to 825
5 Rooms and bath..... 840 to 1,000
6 Rooms, bath, extra lavatory..... 960 to 1,050
7 Rooms and 2 baths..1,100 to 1,250

APPLY MANAGER, ON PREMISES.

NEW HOUSES

4-5-6 Rooms, $30 up.

Every improvement; refined neighborhood; owner's management; high class. 865 West 180th Street.

Parthenon and Hesperus

117th to 118th St. and Manhattan Av.

Most convenient location in city; elevated express trains two blocks; 2, 4, and 6 rooms; rents, $30 to $65; restaurant.

Three minutes to 116th St. Express Station, 6th and 9th Ave. "L."

MORNINGSIDE PARK APARTMENTS

Facing Most Picturesque Park in Manhattan.

4 ROOMS, $35-$45
5 ROOMS, $50-$60
6 ROOMS, $60-$70
7 ROOMS, $80-$85

Every Modern Housekeeping Convenience.

RESTAURANT OPTIONAL

40 MORNINGSIDE AVENUE
N. E. CORNER WEST 118TH ST.

The Ferncliff

High Class Elevator Apartments
N. W. Cor. 130th St. & 7th Av.

7 and 8 large, all light outside rooms & bath; all modern improvements; all-night elevator service. Rent reasonable, $55.00. The finest apartments on the 7th Ave. Drive.

504 WEST 111TH ST.

MODERN BLDG., NEAR BROADWAY
Night and Day Hall and Elevator Service.
EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE APARTMENTS
4 Rooms and Bath, $510 to $660
5 Rooms and Bath, $720 to $780
MANAGER ON PREMISES

MANHATTAN—East Side.

PARK AVENUE, 550, S. W. Cor. 52nd.

7 ROOMS & BATH, $1,100-$1,750.
Fireproof. All Night Elevator.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MOREWOOD REALTY HOLDING COMPANY

offer the following choice high-grade Apartments to lease.

Being under ownership management, tenants are assured of excellent service and attention at all times.

The buildings are all new, absolutely fireproof, are ideally located and contain all up-to-date features with modern equipment throughout.

VAN DYCK & SEVERN

72d St.—Broadway—73d St.
Express Subway Station at 72d St.
6 to 11 Rooms, 2 to 3 Baths
Rentals $1,800 to $3,800
Including Refrigeration.

All large and light rooms, with abundant closet space.

There are no dumbwaiters—each apartment having a rear entrance and service Elevator.

Telephone, 3547—Columbus.

EVANSTON

West End Ave., at 90th St.

Situated on the finest residential avenue in the city.

Duplex Apartments
9 & 10 Rooms, 3 Baths
Rentals $3,000 to $3,700
Telephone, 7793—River.

ADMASTON

N. W. Cor. Broadway, 89th St.
Near 91st St. Subway.
Every Modern Convenience.

Apartments of
5, 6, 7 & 8 Rooms, 2 Baths
Rentals $1,200 to $2,200

The 8 Room Apartments Have Extra Shower.

Telephone, 7793—River.

FORREST CHAMBERS

N. W. Cor. Broadway, 113th St.
Convenient to 110th St. Subway.
6, 7, 8 & 9 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths
Rentals $1,100 to $2,400
Telephone, 6261—Morningside

RESIDENT MANAGER AT EACH HOUSE.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

The Schermerhorn

ENTIRE BLOCK FRONT
MADISON AVE.,
82D TO 83D STS.

Exclusive APARTMENTS OF
9 and 10 ROOMS,
Foyer & 3 Baths.

APPLY TO
Mark Rafalsky & Co.,
56 WEST 45TH ST.
Telephone, Bryant—7848.

THE STUYVESANT

17 LIVINGSTON PLACE

Corner East 17th St., Overlooking Stuyvesant Park.

6 & 7 Rooms
RENTS $800-$1,200.

Large, light and airy; 'phone, elevators, electric light, uniformed hall attendants; separate servants' toilets.

Apply to Supt., on premises.

Apartments

998 Fifth Avenue
13 Rooms and 5 Baths, $15,000

500 Madison Avenue
Northwest Corner of 52d Street
7, 8, & 10 Rooms & 3 Baths, $2,500—$4,000

776 Lexington Avenue
2 & 3 Rooms and Bath, $420—$840

120 East 31st Street
8 Rooms & 2 Baths, $1,000—$1,500

Further particulars and plans of all the apartments on the east side are on file at our office at

10 East 45th St.
Tel. 3100 Murray Hill.

Douglas Robinson Charles S. Brown Co

BACHELOR

691 Madison Ave. N. E. COR. 62d St.
Parlor, Bedroom, and Bath,
Furnished or Unfurnished.
Service Included.
RENTS $480 TO $720.
Apply on premises, or to
MOORE & WYCKOFF
546 Fifth Ave., 45th St. Tel. 1263 Bryant.

APARTMENTS

THE HOLLYWOOD 1337 Madison Av.

S. E. COR. 94TH ST.

BEST VALUE

High-class Elevator Apartment, all night service; 8 large, light corner rooms, 2 baths. Moderate rents. Superintendent on premises. Full commission paid to brokers.

61-69 EAST 86TH ST.

Choice apartments, 5, 6, 7 rooms; most accessible location in Yorkville; elevator service.

THE ST. ANDREW

2 EAST 127TH ST.
HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
ALL NIGHT SERVICE.
6-7 Rooms, $60-$80.

CORONADO

Northwest corner of Park Av. and 81st St. High-class elevator apartment, 6, 7, and 8 rooms; rents, $800, $1,000, $1,300 yearly. Service unexcelled.

THE HAMPTON,

22 EAST 31ST STREET.

Attractive, furnished or unfurnished elevator apartment; two, three, four rooms and bath; now leasing for the coming season.

HIGH CLASS NEW HOUSES

GLEN CAIRN
270 Riverside Drive, Corner 99th.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,600-$1,700
8 Rooms, 3 Baths, $2,100
9 Rooms, 3 Baths, $2,300-$2,500

RAYMORE COURT
233-238 West 106th St., Near Riverside Drive.
4-6-7 Rooms, $600 to $1,100

65 Fort Washington Av.,
Corner 161st St.
4-5-6 Rooms,
Rents $540 to $840

DAYTON COURT
35 Fort Washington Av., Corner 160th St.
4-5-6 Rooms, $540 to $900

CHESBURNE
91 Fort Washington Av., Corner 163d St.
4-5-6 Rooms,
Rentals $540 to $840

NEWCASTLE
601 West 162d St., Corner Broadway.
5 Rooms, $660

Just completed,
WILPOP APARTMENTS
335-337 Edgecombe Av., Near West 150th St.
3 & 5 Rooms, $324 to $564

ORINDA and AMAZON
522 to 530 West 157th St.
3-5-6-7 Rooms,
$420 to $870

Just Completed,
MELMAR COURTS
PAULMER COURTS
635 & 645 West 171st St.
3-4 Rooms, $324 to $456

BERLIN RENTING AGENCY

Broadway, Cor. 162d St. 'Phone, Audubon—7478.
141 E. 17th St. 'Phone, Stuyvesant—3982.

BEFORE DECIDING—INSPECT

The Cleburne

West End Ave.—Broadway—105th St.
OVERLOOKING HUDSON

New 6 to 10 Room Apartments.
Ready for Occupancy. Appointments Most Attractive.
ON PREMISES, OR

L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.,
158 Broadway, Tel 6758 Cortlandt.
Columbus Ave. at 72d St. Tel. 2750 Columbus.

Why Pay High Rents for Choice East Side Apartments?

Look at "OUR OFFERINGS" in Modern Houses Where the Service is Perfect and Rents Moderate

THE QUEENSTON 16 East 96th St., Cor. Madison Ave.	8 & 10 ROOMS. 2 & 3 Baths.	$1400 to $2000
THE LAURISTON 1239 Madison Ave., Cor. 89th St.	7, 8 & 9 ROOMS. 2 Baths.	$1500 to $2000
1261 MADISON AVE. Corner 90th Street	8 or 9 ROOMS. 2 Baths.	$2100
THE FAIRFAX Madison Ave., Corner 94th St.	7 ROOMS & BATH. Only One Left.	$1320
THE ALCAZAR 120 East 86th St., Near Park Ave.	7 & 8 ROOMS. Bath, Elevator.	$720 to $840
1246 MADISON AVE. Near 90th Street	7 ROOMS. Bath. Single Flats.	$600 to $720
58 TO 66 EAST 96TH ST. Near Park Avenue	7 ROOMS. All improvements.	$450 to $540

Floor Plans and Full Particulars of All East Side Apartments

Telephone Lenox 8900. **DUFF & CONGER** Madison Ave., Corner 86th St.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

122 E. 76th St.

Near Park Av.
New 9-Story Fireproof Apartments

6, 7 & 8 Rooms

Rentals $1,700 to $2,250.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co., Inc., AGENTS,
421 Madison Avenue, at 48th Street.
Telephone, Murray Hill—5600.

1219 MADISON AVENUE,

Southeast Corner 88th Street.

All apartments have dining room and living room facing the avenue. Each has a maid's toilet. All floors parquet and hardwood. Electric lights. All-night elevator service.

6 Rooms & Bath, $840 up.
8 Rooms & Bath, $1,000 up.
9 Rooms & Bath, $1,450.

MANAGEMENT BY RESIDENT OWNER.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

THE KING

56 E. 87th St.

Highest Type Elevator Apartment
7 Rooms & Bath, Extra Maids' Toilet,
Large, Light Rooms, $1,100-$1,200
Perfect Service Day & Night
Doctor's Apartment, 6 Rooms, $900
Owner on Premises—Personal Manag't

1187 LEXINGTON AVE.,

S. E. Cor. 81st St.

7 Large, light rooms, bath, elevator, uniformed hall service; moderate rent. Superintendent, on premises, or

MACLAY & DAVIES, 67 WALL ST. Hanover 8131.

125-127 East 24th St.

Handsome elevator Apartment, eight rooms and baths; modern improvements; near elevated and subway stations; rent $70 per month. Apply on premises.

BRONX.

5 GRAND ROOMS $32—$38 JUST COMPLETED

University Heights Apartments
1905-1929 ANDREWS AVE.,
BET. WEST BURNSIDE AVE. AND WEST 179TH ST., WEST BRONX.
Broadway Subway, 181st, to University Av. trolley, 8 cents. Parquet floors; two families on floor; tenants restricted. Booklet.

BROOKLYN.

LIVE IN BROOKLYN

in a better apartment, a better section, at a lower rental. See 71 Brooklyn Av., corner Pacific St., two blocks from Nostrand Av. subway station; 6 and 7 large, light rooms; latest improvements; $32.50-$70. Superintendent on premises.

BULKLEY & HORTON CO.
414 MYRTLE AV.—585 NOSTRAND AV.

FLATBUSH.

THE MARLBOROUGH APARTMENTS
Marlborough Road, near Cortelyou Road; 5 and 6 rooms; all modern improvements; ready for inspection; $32.50 to $45. F. W. YATES, owner, 54 Nassau St., Manhattan; telephone 1806 John, or Shachardt Realty Co., 1,508 Cortelyou Road, Bklyn.

SEE US FIRST.

Most complete list of select apartments in

FLATBUSH.

4-5-6-7-8 rooms, $30 to $75.
WESTWOOD REALTY CO.
685 Flatbush Ave., corner Winthrop St.
Tele. Flatbush 4030. Closed Sundays.

9 Montague Terrace

Between Remsen and Montague sts; one and two rooms; maid service; ten minutes to Manhattan; $18 to $50; comfort, convenience and elegance.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

THE VAN DYCK AND SEVERN APARTMENTS

At Broadway, 72d to 73d St., Overlooking Sherman Square, offer finely appointed furnished Apartments of six, eight, and nine rooms, two and three baths. Manager's Office, 175 West 72d St. Telephone, Columbus—8345.

City Property

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
Real Estate, 140th St. and 3d Ave.

MARK RAFALSKY & CO.,
56 West 45th Street. Tel. Bryant 7848.

LOTON H. SLAWSON COMPANY,
171 Madison Avenue, New York.

WM. A. WHITE & SON,
Real Estate, 46 Cedar St.

BRYAN L. KENNELLY, AUCTIONEER,
136 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

Corner Shore Road and 93d St., an elegant piece of property known as Bay Cliff Villa; contains three buildings and a garage, plot 100x125 feet to Marine Av.; main building has 16 rooms; one in rear, large dining room, 5 bedrooms, and one adjoining 5 bedrooms; has been occupied by boarders for twenty years. Address J. A. Deraismes, 3 Howe Av., New Rochelle, N. Y.

Craftsman Homes in the heart of Flatbush; only $4,250; send for booklet. Otto Singer, on premises, East 18th St. and Av. K, Brooklyn. Avenue J station, Brighton Beach "L."

See our ad. Sunday, easy housekeeping homes. Crown St. Realty Associates, 162 Remsen St.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

OVERLOOKING THE SOUND.
House of 8 rooms and bath; hot water, heat, water, gas, and electricity; sewers, sidewalks, &c.; 30 minutes from centre of city; 44 trains daily; restricted neighborhood, private bathing beach, anchorage; $500 cash, balance to suit; title guaranteed. A. Stephenson, 243 West 34th St., New York. Tel. 1760 Greeley.

$25 monthly buys up-to-date cottage, seven rooms and bath, all improvements, furnace heat, &c., on two city lots, near trolley and station, only 25 minutes out. Get tickets to visit. C. Store, 1,218 Broadway, corner Van Buren St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Being in need of ready cash, will sell my 2 Jamaica lots at a sacrifice for $115 each; 2 blocks from trolley and railroad station; act quick. C. Jamaica, 5 Hanson Place, Brooklyn, opp. Flatbush L. I. R. R. Depot.

Jamaica—Sacrifice, six rooms, bath, $2,900; eight rooms and bath, $3,900; all improvements. Piquet, 354 Fulton St., Jamaica.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let.

Beautiful cheap bungalow plot, near sea; fine shade trees. P. O. Box 23, Great Kills.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Exchange for term of years for New York apartment, (or rent,) beautiful country home; 10 rooms, furnished; modern improvements; large barn, garage; 25 acres land; flour, grist, sawmill; two ponds, 22 and 16 foot fall; noted trout stream; deer in abundance; phone; rural delivery; 2½ hours from New York. Address Z 215 Times Annex.

WANTED.
Good income property in Bronx for handsome corner private house; lot 125x96; $40,000 equity; can add no cash; principal only. Business, L 79 Times.

Real Estate Wanted.

BROADWAY STORES WANTED, 72d to 181st. Goodale, Ferry & Dwight, 2705 B'way.

City Houses to Let—Furnished.

An attractive furnished house, 10 rooms, 2 bathrooms, 3 toilets; electric lights and parquet floors throughout; on West End Av., two minutes from subway; complete for $2,500 per year. Apply I. E. Newburger, 23 West 21st St. Telephone 5086 Gramercy.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

127th St., 113 West.—14 rooms; only $65 per month. Apply John Kirk, 41 West 8th St.

129th, 106 W.—Handsome 3-story and basement dwelling; 2 baths; $900 from Oct. 1.

To Let For Business Purposes

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Looking for OFFICES or a LOFT? We can save you both TIME and MONEY. Large or small space. All parts of city. Long or short terms. THE SUB-LEASING CO., 1,476 B'dway, (cor. 42d.) Bryant 5786.

An unusually desirable, light loft to rent; light on all sides; elevator service day and night; rent reasonable. Inquire 15th floor, 141 West 36th.

Loft, New York; rent 3,500 feet or more in fireproof building, Bushwick section, Brooklyn; cheap. H. C. Lockwood, Woolworth Building.

Office of one or two fine rooms to sublet. Apply Room 3,109, City Investing Building, 165 Broadway.

DESK ROOM.—206 Broadway, Room 28. Telephone. Low rent, with desk. Call.

Wm. H. Whiting & Co., 41 Park Row.—Business Property—Sale, Rental, Management.

Exceptional second floor, suitable milliner or corsetiere; attractive locality; 49 West 50th.

Offices to let—Transit Bldg. & Annex, 7 E. 42 St. & 10 E. 42 St. Homer Foote, Jr., Agt.

A private garage and stable; West 76th St. G. W. Flitt, 150 Nassau St.

RULAND & WHITING CO.,
5 Beekman St., New York City.

Property Out of the City

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Chester Hill, Mt. Vernon.—Large, exquisite apartments, appearance of private dwelling, surrounded by shady lawns; each apartment an entire floor. 25 windows, piazza, heat, hot-water supply; $900-$960 yearly. Janitor, 174 Rich Av., Mount Vernon.

28 MINUTES FROM GRAND CENTRAL.
Modern homes for rent in Mount Vernon. ANDERSON REALTY COMPANY, near New Haven Sta., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

HOMES AND ESTATES
FOR SALE OR RENT.
ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

New "Old Colonial," 8 rooms, 3 baths, in park, handy station, for sale; others to let. Maxwell Smith, Greenacres, Hartsdale, N. Y.

New houses in Van Cortlandt Terrace. Rollins Bros., cor. Broadway & Oakmont Av.

Country Estates.—Westchester, Orange Counties. Seaman Lowerre & Co., 15 East 40th.

Come and see homes and bungalows at Larchmont. Leo Bugg, 40 West 33d St.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Eight-room house; 2 story and attic; best material used; open plumbing, excellent heating plant and all improvements; plot 8,000 square feet; two blocks from bathing beach; near trolley connecting with Kings County elevated, schools, churches, hotels, stores and all conveniences; price $4,950; terms $400 cash and $40 per month; possession by Oct. 1. Call, phone or write Owner, 243 West 34th St., N. Y. 1760 Greeley.

THE VENICE OF NEW YORK.
Thirty Minutes from "Herald Square."
All year round homes for refined people; motor boating, bathing beach, fishing, asphalt streets; last word in lot sub-division; will build to suit if purchased before September 30th; titles guaranteed. For terms and particulars write or call 208 West 96th St., near subway express. Private dancing and bathing pavilion.

RENT OR SALE.—Modern house; large front and side porch, 8 rooms, tile bath, hot water heat, garden; 28 minutes from Manhattan; rent, $50; 100 trains daily; 4 minutes from station; refined neighborhood; restricted property. J. Mead Briggs, telephone 6202 Hollis, Queens, Long Island.

Beautiful 5-room bungalow; decorate to suit; all latest modern improvements; beamed ceiling; panelled walls; open fireplace; modern kitchen; beautiful bath; heat; running water; extra large veranda; on large plot; about one block from bay and bathing beach; built under personal care of owner; 42 minutes out; price $2,950; easy terms. Johnson, 185 Times Downtown.

Five-room house, bungalow style, well built; all modern improvements; 5,000 square feet of land; price $2,900; terms same as rent; near railroad, trolley and bathing beach. Call, phone or write Owner, 243 West 34th St., N. Y. Phone 1760 Greeley.

Attractive strictly modern houses for sale or rent to responsible parties, near bay and electric station, Little Neck, New York City. John M. Riehle, 68 William St., New York City.

Bungalows and bungalow sites, Jamaica Bay; 3 miles water front; improvements; titles granted. Write J. S. Moriarty, 51 Chambers St., (Suite 1,111,) Manhattan.

FOR LOW COST, high-grade bungalows, visit Brightwaters; Booklet 3 on request. T. B. Ackerson Co., 1 West 34th St., N. Y.

Neponsit.—Seashore homes in New York City. Neponsit Realty Company, 1 West 34th St.

Country Real Estate. L'Ecluse, Washburn & Co., 18 East 34th St., New York.

RICKERT-FINLAY REALTY CO.,
Phone, Greeley 5600. 1 West 34th St.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE—Choice 14-acre Greenwich farm; good house, good buildings; improvements; near residential section, in good neighborhood, two miles either Port Chester or Greenwich; bargain. HENRY A. FISCHER, Weaver St., Port Chester, N. Y.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Farm, 150 acres; house, 2-story, 10 rooms, 4 fireplaces; 2 barns; fruit, wood, timber; 1,400 ft. above sea level; stock, crops, tools and furniture; price $8,000; bargain. J. K. Smith, Sta. A, Winsted, Conn.

Westport.—10 acres fine shore front, only $30,000. John Crawford, 7 East 42d St.

Property Out of the City

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Attractive bargains in one-family house and choice building lots.
THE BANKING DEPARTMENT, STATE OF NEW YORK, to quickly close the business of two corporations, offers these properties at about 50 per cent. of former prices. They are located at Grantwood, Palisade, Morsemere, and Leonia, New Jersey, opposite Grant's Tomb, within twenty-five minutes of Manhattan.
Liberal terms. Title Guarantee Policy free. Address BENJ. D. HAIGHT, Special Deputy Supt. of Banks, care Banking Department, 61 Broadway, New York City.

BUNGALOW, UNUSUALLY ATTRACTIVE, practically new, 7 rooms, oak floors, steam heat, electricity, gas, city water, thoroughly modern, A1 condition; lot 60x175; convenient to station; for sale at less than cost. Write for photo. S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN, Ridgewood, N. J. Phone 555.

RENT IN RIDGEWOOD.
Test its merits as a suburban place of residence; 1,000 commuters like it; attractive homes, $50 to $150 per month. Write us. S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN, Ridgewood, N. J. Phone 555.

Small fruit farms, 75x500; five minutes to station; restricted section; twenty-mile view; new houses; every improvement; wonderful fruit; real opportunity, $5,000 to $6,500; terms. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

RUTHERFORD.—$4,750 new house, 8 rooms, tile bath, fireplace, oak floors, slate roof, sleeping porch, steam, bath, electricity; 50-foot plot; convenient; high location; $500 cash. Van Mater, Shafer Bldg., Rutherford.

RENT—Westfield; magnificent new house, $25; another, $60; plenty of land. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Building.

ALL THE ORANGES Modern houses, every description, sale or rent. Frank H. Taylor., Op. Brick Church Station.

MONTCLAIR residences; choice locations. MURDOCH, Op. Lackawanna, Montclair, N. J.

Cranford.—New houses; attractive prices and terms. Droescher, 79 Warren St., N. Y.

LITTLE FARMS, hour out, for city workers; $10 monthly. Room 1,701, 141 Broadway.

ENGLEWOOD homes; lots and plots for sale. Gorham Co., Englewood, N. J.

Country Property

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Wanted.

Wanted—Well furnished cottage North Yonkers; high elevation; pleasant wooded surroundings; September, October; advise, particulars immediately, telegraph, Calcavecchia, Hotel Ansonia, 73d and Broadway, N. Y.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

Apartments to rent, furnished and unfurnished, full hotel service; restaurant; cheapest rates in New York; 2 rooms and bath, furnished, $12 weekly and upward. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St. Hotel Oxford, 35 East 27th st.

HOTEL IRVING, 26 Gramercy Park.
Why not live within walking distance of your business in the most central, homelike, fireproof hotel in New York City?
Three-room suite also large studio; suitable for club purposes in interesting old house. 122 East 17th St.

222 East 17, (Stuyvesant Square.)—Furnished apartment, 3 rooms and bath; service; ground floor; private house. Stuyvesant 3924.

38th St., 10 East.—One, two, three rooms with bath; also elegant parlor floors.

West Side

We offer hotel conveniences and comforts at apartment house rates.
CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 1, 2, 3, & 4 Rooms
100 Cathedral Parkway, SPECIALLY
110th St. and Col. Ave. ATTRACTIVE.
with private bath and kitchenette;
Complete—Dishes, Silver, Cooking Utensils.
Furnished—$30, $40, $50, $60 up monthly.
CONCESSIONS ON LEASE and unfurnished.
Near Broadway and "L"—Must be seen to be appreciated. Phone River 3970.
CONVENTIONS ACCOMMODATED.

THE WILSONIA,
225-229 W. 69th St., near Broadway.
1 Room and Bath, $25 up.
2 Rooms, Bath, and Kitchenette, $40 up.
3 Rooms, Bath, and Kitchenette, $47.50 up.
4 Rooms, 2 Baths and Kitchenette, $75.
SPOTLESSLY FRESH AND CLEAN.
No Questionable or Objectionable Tenants; phone, elevator service; maid service optional; near subway, "L," 5th Av. bus, street cars. REFERENCES ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL.

APARTMENTS, NEWLY BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED AND DECORATED TO SUIT, one, two, three rooms and bath, four rooms and two baths; month or year; $30 a month up per room; meals optional, $8 a week; full hotel service; quiet location; one block from "L" and subway express, ten car and bus lines; references; just completed; very exceptional opportunity owning to tardiness in completion of building; great sacrifice in rates. Hotel Nobleton, 126 West 73d St.

A.—A.—A.—YOUR IDEAL AT LAST.
How would YOU like to select first-class furnishings and decorations to suit entirely YOUR OWN discriminating tastes and requirements? You can do this in the newest, sunniest apartment hotel in New York for $60 per month, two rooms and bath. HOTEL NOBLETON, 126 West 73d St., between Broadway and Columbus Av., one block from express subway and "L" stations.

An apartment that is a real home; location convenient shops, theatres; West 71st St., $42.50, and eight rooms, 2 baths; living room 22x18, bedroom 22x16; elevator house; will furnish new rugs, furniture, beds, bedding, &c., to suit prospective tenant. Apply premises or Ernest Tribelhorn, 60 Wall St.

Alcazar, 215 Manhattan Av., Corner 109th. Capitol, 107 West 109th St.
Elegantly furnished, 2, 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath, modern elevator building, near "L" subway; Central Park; rents $36 monthly up; references essential. Phone 10200 and 9735 Riverside. Restaurant in building, open evenings.

THE VAN DYCK AND SEVERN, Broadway, (Amsterdam Av.,) 72d to 73d St., overlooking Sherman Square, offer apartments, furnished, of six, eight and nine rooms and two baths. Manager, 175 West 72d St. Telephone Columbus 3547.

51st, 355 West.—New elevator building; unusually furnished two, three, four rooms and bath, kitchen and kitchenettes; adjacent subway and "L"; $12 up; references necessary.

97th St., 308 West.—Five unusually large rooms; southern exposure; handsomely furnished; $115; elevator house. Ernest Tribelhorn, premises.

A.—6 rooms, 2 baths, high-class elevator apartment; all corner rooms; completely furnished; references. 225 West 80th St, Saunders.

Sublet, furnished or unfurnished, 801 West End Av., corner 98th St., No. 7C, 6 rooms, 2 baths, in Bennington Corners; $1,300. Apply Superintendent, premises.

51st, 355 West.—Elegantly furnished, elevator building, two, three, four rooms and bath; kitchens and kitchenettes; $12 up; references necessary.

Beautifully furnished 8-room housekeeping apartment; reasonable; worth investigating. Telephone 4211 Schuyler.

Broadway, 2,465, (91st.) — Handsomely furnished, high-class six-room apartment; light and airy. Phone 4848 Riverside. Apt. 12.

Handsomely furnished apartments; long, short leases; choice localities. Clark Realty Co., 30 East 42d. Phone Murray Hill 5392.

77th, 109 West.—Large outside room, bath, kitchenette; furnished housekeeping; service; telephone.

A.—8-room apartment, living room, bedroom, and kitchen; Broadway exposure; reasonable; references. 225 West 80th St. Saunders.

Exclusive listings; personally selected; Claremont Morris, specialist, 30 East 42d. Murray Hill 858.

52 WEST 39TH ST.
Suites of two rooms and bath, charmingly furnished; sunny; electricity; phone.

Choice list personally inspected furnished apartments. Frederick L. Hurt, 30 E. 42d.

118th, 507 West.—Delightful 4 rooms, beautifully furnished; high-class elevator house.

168th, 601 West, (Broadway.)—Seven rooms, two baths; $150. Ellsworth, 3515 Audubon.

Rooms, elevator apartment, 79th subway and Broadway; single or en suite. W 46 Times.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

A.—A.—A.—YOUR IDEAL AT LAST.—How would YOU like to select first-class furnishings and decorations to suit entirely YOUR OWN discriminating tastes and requirements? You can do this in the newest, sunniest apartment hotel in New York for $60 per month, two rooms and bath. HOTEL NOBLETON, 126 West 73d St., between Broadway and Columbus Av., one block from express subway and "L" stations.

Apartments 1, 2, 3 rooms and bath; 4 rooms and 2 baths; full hotel service; phone; maid service; newly decorated to suit; $30 per month up per room; meals optional; $8 a week; one block from "L" and subway express, cars, and bus lines. Special inducements for leases; references; just completed; very exceptional opportunity owing to tardiness in completion of building; great sacrifice in rates. Hotel Nobleton, 126 West 73d St. Write for booklet.

Wadsworth Av., 882, one block from 191st St.-Broadway subway station; highest elevation in Manhattan; exceptionally high-class elevator house; rooms are extraordinarily large and light and contain every newest improvement; 4 all front rooms, $40; 5 rooms, $45, $50; 6 rooms, $60; 7 rooms, $65.

EMPIRE COURT, 311 West 95th St.
Very light rooms, 4 rooms, bath, $45 up
Night 5 rooms, bath, $50 up
Elevator. 6 rooms, bath, $60 up
Telephone &c. 7 rooms, bath, $70 up
GEO. R. READ & CO., 30 Nassau St.

THE LANGHAM,
73d to 74th St. and Central Park West.
10-12 room apartments, $4,000-$6,000; also one 11-room apartment, beautifully furnished. Apply Superintendent or phone Col. 4020.

104th, 218 West.—7 extra large rooms, overlooking Broadway, 104th and 103d Sts.; all improvements; just decorated; near Central and Riverside Parks, subway and "L"; $45-$50. Janitor.

$23—4 AND 5 ROOMS—$24.
105th, 8 West, near Central Park.—Steam heat, hot water; location unexcelled; small families only; no dogs. Janitor.

118th St., 203 West.—6 rooms, 3d floor; all rooms direct light; $27-$33; all improvements; near Central, Morningside Parks, subway, "L." Janitor.

St. Nicholas Av., 430, (facing St. Nicholas Park.)—Seven large, light rooms; steam heat; modern plumbing; location first class; $30. Janitor.

Wadsworth Av., 86-88 (Corner 177th.)—5-6 rooms, all improvements, $27-$36; Broadway Subway, 181st St.; lowest rents on Washington Heights.

Beautiful corner two-room apartment; parlor 23x15.7, bedroom 13.6x14.5, bathroom 12.4x6.6. Miss Elflein, Hotel Chelsea, West 23d St.

IDEAL 5-ROOM APARTMENTS, $36 TO $40.
20th St., 422 West.—Charming location; unobstructed view; college ground opposite; for refined people with no small children.

156th St., 554 West, (near Broadway.)—New single flats, 4 extra large, light rooms and bath; heat, hot water; all improvements; $32 to $35.

109th, 245-247 West.—4 rooms, newly decorated; steam-heated hall and closets; near Broadway and Riverside Drive; $18-$22; subway, L.

228 WEST 58TH ST.
Two rooms, tiled bath, and kitchen; also studio apartments; $35 up. Lovell.

Ask Lewis B. Preston, Inc., 165 B'way, N. Y. C., for illus. bklt. on The Roxborough, 251 W. 92d St.

Broadway, 2708 (103d).—Three rooms, bath; housekeeping; non-housekeeping; restaurant service; $40.

Will rent exceptional two-room and bath hotel apartment at great sacrifice. L 36 Times.

ELEVATOR APARTMENT, $45.
Convenient, fashionable neighborhood. 509 West 112th.

47th St., 120 West, (Bet. 6th & Broadway.)—Seven rooms; elevator apartment. L. Biloon & Co., agents, on premises.

College Av. and 170th St.—Three and four grand rooms; beautiful neighborhood; references required.

57th St., 329 West.—Three large light rooms, bath; modern improvements; rent $50 to $60. Inquire on premises.

Apartments, 5-7-8-9-10 rooms, $660 to $2,000; Riverside Drive, 156th to 157th Sts.

182 West 58th St.—An apartment most attractive; 14 rooms and 5 bathrooms.

172d, 575 West.—Corner elevator house, 4-7 large, beautifully decorated apartments.

For apartments on Grand Concourse, consult H. A. Douglas, 2,428 Grand Concourse.

804 West 180th, (corner Pinehurst Av.)—High-class 4-6 room apartments; elevator.

177th, 507 West.—7 large room apartment; modern improvements; on premises.

180th, 661 West.—Elevator; 4 rooms, $40 to $50; 5 rooms, $50.

High-class apartments all over town. Berlin Renting Agency, 3,883 Broadway.

Apartments to sublet on the upper west side, 4 to 10 rooms. Write Z., Box T 25 Times.

Elevator apartments of 7 and 8 large rooms, $1,000-$1,500. 102 West 75th St.

6 and 7 rooms, $1,300 to $1,600. The Chesterfield, 260 Riverside Drive.

838-844 Riverside Drive; near 158th St.; 6 and 7 rooms; $780 to $1,100.

112 W. 129th.—Six light rooms, bath; all improvements; well kept; $28.

79th, 307 West.—6 and 8 room apartments, $1,000 to $1,800. Superintendent, on premises.

Highest class bachelor apartments; complete hotel service. 12 W. 44th St.

150 West 79th.—High-class apartments, nine rooms, duplex and simplex, $2,600.

Brooklyn.

ST. JAMES PLACE, NEAR FULTON ST.
Delightful 6-room apt., $42; 7-room, $45; electricity, steam; parquet floors; near subway and L. Booklet. GOLDEN REALTY, 238 St. James Place.

Bronx.

Cauldwell Av., 853, Catherine Apartments.—Seven large, light, newly decorated rooms; every modern improvement; electric light; telephone; select neighborhood; 161st St. 3d Av. "L," subway one block; rent $35-$37; reliable parties only.

Fox St., 760-762-764-766-768, five blocks east Prospect Av. station.—Four, five rooms; bath, steam, hot water; $18 to $24. Apply janitors or telephone Orchard 5318.

New Jersey.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—HADDON HALL.
Finest apartment in State; 8-story elevator; fireproof; strictly high class; 6 and 7 rooms; decorations to suit; $65 to $85; any broker, or on the premises, 57 and 59 Union St.

Apartments Wanted

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Comfortable furnished four-room flat, with bath, heat, and hot water, sought by married couple in Bronxville; quietly situated; ultimate price between $50 to $60. Offers to be sent to Seidel, The Glen Cliff, Catskill.

Country Board

Thirty cents an agate line.

New York City.

Ellswood.—Good board; Cluster County farm; arrange. White, 309 West 46th. Bryant 34.

Staten Island.

The willows, Hugenot Park, on the beach; boating, bathing, fishing, tennis, delightfully cool lawns, porches; exclusive, comfortable surroundings.

Westchester.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Winter engagements low; unexcelled home cooking; large porches, well-shaded grounds; river view. W. E. Robinson. Phone 2161 Yonkers.

In large Colonial house, spacious grounds, garage; attractively furnished rooms; 426 Pelham Road, New Rochelle. Phone 2761—N. R.

Long Island.

Fall and Winter home; beautiful surroundings; large and small rooms; unexcelled home table; convenient to train and trolley. 96 Whitestone Av., Flushing, L. I.

Crystal Lake House, Freeport.—Family hotel; Fall rts.; ideal location; all outside rms.; bkit.

New Jersey.

MONTCLAIR MANOR, MONTCLAIR, N. J.
In beautiful residential section of Montclair, exceptionally attractive accommodations; all conveniences; hot, cold water in rooms; unexcelled cuisine; 35 mins. N. Y. 27 Hillside Av., Montclair 2977.

THE BOYKEN, Morristown, N. J.; Fall and Winter engagements; moderate prices; rooms single and en suite; private baths; unexcelled home table and service; convenient to R. R. station and trolley.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

152 East 35th St.—Only one apartment to let; 8 elegant, large, light rooms and 2 baths in high-class elevator apartment house; all improvements; $1,800 per annum. Superintendent, on premises, or Franklin L. Partridge, 49 Wall St.

44 EAST 49TH ST.
Fine apartment, seven rooms and bath; all light; rooms rent $1,000.

Attractive skylight studio apartment; elevator service; $950. Hoffman Arms, 640 Madison Av., 59th St.

APARTMENTS, 2 TO 12 ROOMS.
Douglas L. Elliman & Co., 421 Madison Av.

West Side

A.—A.—A.—YOUR IDEAL AT LAST.
How would YOU like to select first-class furnishings and decorations to suit entirely YOUR OWN discriminating taste and requirements? You can do this in the newest, sunniest apartment hotel in New York for $60 per month, two rooms and bath. Hotel Nobleton, 126 West 73d St., between Broadway and Columbus Av., one block from express subway and "L" stations.

Apartments 1, 2, 3 rooms and bath; 4 rooms and 2 baths; full hotel service; phone; maid service; newly decorated to suit; $30 per month up per room; meals optional; $8 a week; one block from "L" and subway express, cars, and bus lines. Special inducements for leases; references; just completed; very exceptional opportunity owing to tardiness in completion of building; great sacrifice in rates. Hotel Nobleton, 126 West 73d St. Write for booklet.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Accommodation for paying guests; high-class, newly furnished rooms; private baths, electric light; cuisine unexcelled.

72D, 111-117 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with board; ideal location.

72D, 210 WEST.—Newly decorated, furnished; arrangements for Fall.

72D, 120 WEST, newly decorated and refitted, offers suites with private baths. M. Luez, phone 6041 Columbus.

73D ST., 112 WEST.—Desirable rooms, good table; subway, elevated; references.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private baths; electricity; parlor dining room.

75TH, 147 WEST.—Beautiful second floor; other rooms; board optional; references exchanged.

75TH, 20 WEST.—Large rooms; desirable location; excellent table; Winter arrangements made.

76TH, 844 West End Av., (801 West 77th.)—Select pension; furnishings rose, red, blue; velvet carpets; ivory, white, mahogany furniture; baths; superior table; electricity.

76TH, 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private baths; table guests; reference.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large, small, attractively furnished rooms; excellent table; table guests accommodated.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; excellent table; homelike; parlor dining; table guests.

76TH, 249 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms, parlor dining; references.

76TH, 108 WEST.—Opportunity secure medium room, steam, first-class house, board.

78TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; running water; superior table; reasonable.

78TH, 121 WEST.—Single and large rooms, connecting shower baths; gentlemen; private family.

78TH, 159 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; newly decorated; private bath; Fall arrangements.

78TH, 164 WEST.—Newly decorated, large, small rooms; superior board; table board.

79TH, 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions," with large parlors, tea room, and lounge; steam heat; private telephones; booklet on request.

79th, 121 WEST.—Rooms with board; private or public bath; satisfaction guaranteed.

80TH, 108 WEST.—The House Richards. An "Old Home" place for refined people; all new, high-type furnishings; pure food, wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals.

80TH ST., 123 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; also parlor floor; newly decorated; continuous hot water; excellent cuisine and service; private bath.

80TH, 143 WEST.—Attractive rooms, newly decorated; constant hot water; references exchanged.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; electricity; good table; parlor dining.

81ST, 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms, baths; excellent cuisine; electricity; phone.

82D, 52 WEST.—Large, small rooms, bath; excellent table; telephone, electricity; references.

82D, 124 West (Graycourt.)—New and attractively decorated; modern; table guests; booklet.

82D, 45 WEST.—Pleasant large, small rooms; running water; excellent table; reasonable.

82D, 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private baths; excellent table; references.

82D, 55 WEST.—Exclusive house, second floor front; private bath; single; medium rooms.

83D, 17 WEST.
High-class private Jewish house; excellent table; attractive, small rooms; electricity; gentlemen.

83D, 5 WEST.—Unusually desirable; quiet; modern improvements; arrangements for coming season.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable rooms; gentlemen, couple; superior table; homelike surroundings. Blumenfeld.

85TH, 130 WEST.—Large, newly-decorated room, with connecting bath; excellent board.

89TH, 318 WEST.—Very attractive large, small rooms; private bath; in exclusive house and neighborhood; every convenience; excellent home cooking; references; table guests.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Choice rooms; gentlemen, adults; exclusive; Jewish house. River 9793. Hellman.

90TH, 4 WEST.—Exceptional attractive double room; one flight up; overlooking park.

91ST ST., 51 WEST.—Furnished large back parlor, with private bath; board.

92D, 148 WEST.—Gentleman's daughter desires two rooms, with board, with private family, below 96th; moderate price. Simon.

94TH, 60 WEST.—Attractive rooms; select; parlor dining; cuisine unexcelled; table guests.

101ST, 215 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath; room suitable for 2 students; $16 per week; excellent board. Maslin.

102D, 253 WEST.—Convenient to subway; saloon floor; large room and small room, with bath; Jewish family; excellent table.

102D, 216 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large, single; excellent table; gentlemen; elevator apartment. McIlhenney.

102D, 250 WEST. (West End Av.)—Accommodation for bachelors or man and wife; board, rooms; private house; first class.

103D, Subway, (909 West End Av.)—Single and double rooms; excellent cuisine.

105TH, 76 WEST.—Good rooms, good table, good service; references; reasonable. Southerners.

107TH, 322 WEST.—Unusual opportunity for bachelor or family to live in luxurious economy; modern private residence near Riverside and Broadway; two large rooms, bath.

113TH, 560 WEST.—Two large rooms; private bath; single or en suite; excellent cuisine.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Large, small rooms, connecting with bath or single; table guests.

121ST, 150 WEST.—Large, small rooms; conveniences; excellent table; Hebrew family; table guests.

122D, 156 WEST.—Comfortable large, small rooms; refined house; home cooking; reference.

145TH, 349 WEST.—Comfortable rooms, overlooking park; gentlemen, couples; Southern cooking; telephone.

145TH, 623 WEST. (Corner Riverside Drive.)—Large front rooms, with board; private family; view of Hudson; subway at corner; home comforts.

149TH, 552 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent table; reasonable; near subway.

152D, 545 WEST.—Lady having private house convenient to subway and street car lines can accommodate a few guests; board optional; best references required.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

5TH AV., 47.—Comfortable family house; modern conveniences; transients, permanent; table board.

19TH, 116 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Large connecting rooms and small rooms; southern exposure; sunny dining room; block subway; references.

21ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park privileges.)—Large, small, cool rooms; electricity; private bath, excellent table; references; phone.

84TH, 117-119 EAST, (near Park Av.)—Large, single rooms, with board.

45TH ST., 8 EAST.
Table board; rooms; references.

61ST, 159 EAST.—Beautiful, renovated rooms; steam, hot water; excellent table.

70TH ST., 173 EAST.—Large room; strictly private family; gentleman only.

A.—A.—Madison Av., 210.—With board, desirable rooms, private baths; references exchanged.

MADISON AV., 213, (Near 36th St.)—Large and small rooms; some with private baths; newly furnished and decorated; excellent cuisine; references.

MADISON AV, 108.—Large, small rooms; splendid table; reasonable rates; table guests.

West Side

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private baths; unexcelled board; telephone.

47TH ST., 47 WEST.—Private boarding house, for the Winter; large and single rooms; private baths; table exceptional.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Exceptional rooms, large, single; private bath; excellent table. 4589 Bryant.

54TH, 54 W.—First-class single, double rooms; suites; private baths; electricity; references.

56TH, 332 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; excellent board; table guests; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms, with board; suite; private bath; references.

57TH, 328 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large rooms; southern exposure; conveniences; excellent table; reference.

57TH, 349 WEST.—Large and small rooms, private bath, with board; reference.

64TH, 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; running water; suitable one, two; moderate.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single, cool rooms, private baths; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Electricity, steam heat; private bath; large and medium rooms; near park, subway; excellent Southern cooking.

69TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive rooms, single, suite; electricity, steam, hot water, home cooking.

70TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive rooms; twin beds; large private bathrooms; references.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Accommodation for paying guests; high-class, newly furnished rooms; private baths, electric light; cuisine unexcelled.

72D, 111-117 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with board; ideal location.

72D, 210 WEST.—Newly decorated, furnished; arrangements for Fall.

72D, 120 WEST, newly decorated and refitted, offers suites with private baths. M. Luez, phone 6041 Columbus.

73D ST., 112 WEST.—Desirable rooms, good table; subway, elevated; references.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private baths; electricity; parlor dining room.

75TH, 147 WEST.—Beautiful second floor; other rooms; board optional; references exchanged.

75TH, 20 WEST.—Large rooms; desirable location; excellent table; Winter arrangements made.

76TH, 844 West End Av., (801 West 77th.)—Select pension; furnishings rose, red, blue; velvet carpets; ivory, white, mahogany furniture; baths; superior table; electricity.

76TH, 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private baths; table guests; reference.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large, small, attractively furnished rooms; excellent table; table guests accommodated.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; excellent table; homelike; parlor dining; table guests.

76TH, 249 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms, parlor dining; references.

76TH, 108 WEST.—Opportunity secure medium room, steam, first-class house, board.

78TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; running water; superior table; reasonable.

78TH, 121 WEST.—Single and large rooms, connecting shower baths; gentlemen; private family.

78TH, 159 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; newly decorated; private bath; Fall arrangements.

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80TH, 143 WEST.—Attractive rooms, newly decorated; constant hot water; references exchanged.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; electricity; good table; parlor dining.

81ST, 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms, baths; excellent cuisine; electricity; phone.

82D, 52 WEST.—Large, small rooms, bath; excellent table; telephone, electricity; references.

82D, 124 West (Graycourt.)—New and attractively decorated; modern; table guests; booklet.

82D, 45 WEST.—Pleasant large, small rooms; running water; excellent table; reasonable.

82D, 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private baths; excellent table; references.

82D, 55 WEST.—Exclusive house, second floor front; private bath; single; medium rooms.

83D, 17 WEST.
High-class private Jewish house; excellent table; attractive, small rooms; electricity; gentlemen.

83D, 5 WEST.—Unusually desirable; quiet; modern improvements; arrangements for coming season.

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89TH, 318 WEST.—Very attractive large, small rooms; private bath; in exclusive house and neighborhood; every convenience; excellent home cooking; references; table guests.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Choice rooms; gentlemen, adults; exclusive; Jewish house. River 9793. Hellman.

90TH, 4 WEST.—Exceptional attractive double room; one flight up; overlooking park.

91ST ST., 51 WEST.—Furnished large back parlor, with private bath; board.

92D, 148 WEST.—Gentleman's daughter desires two rooms, with board, with private family, below 96th; moderate price. Simon.

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103D, Subway, (909 West End Av.)—Single and double rooms; excellent cuisine.

105TH, 76 WEST.—Good rooms, good table, good service; references; reasonable. Southerners.

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113TH, 560 WEST.—Two large rooms; private bath; single or en suite; excellent cuisine.

114TH, 526 WEST.—Large, small rooms, connecting with bath or single; table guests.

121ST, 150 WEST.—Large, small rooms; conveniences; excellent table; Hebrew family; table guests.

122D, 156 WEST.—Comfortable large, small rooms; refined house; home cooking; reference.

145TH, 349 WEST.—Comfortable rooms, overlooking park; gentlemen, couples; Southern cooking; telephone.

145TH, 623 WEST. (Corner Riverside Drive.)—Large front rooms, with board; private family; view of Hudson; subway at corner; home comforts.

149TH, 552 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent table; reasonable; near subway.

152D, 545 WEST.—Lady having private house convenient to subway and street car lines can accommodate a few guests; board optional; best references required.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Hupmobiles.—Model "20" and "32" roadsters and touring cars, with and without electric equipment; guaranteed A1 condition; will sacrifice to make room for new models. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,690 Broadway.

Having no further use for my 14 months' old, 5-ton, steel body, tall dump truck, with hydraulic hoist, I can offer same at very low figure. Z 256 Times Annex.

BARGAINS.—Cadillac, Haynes and Maxwell touring cars; Scripps-Booth roadster; no reasonable offer refused. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,690 Broadway.

Cadillac 1912 seven-passenger; electric lights and starter; sacrifice price. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,690 Broadway.

Packard 18 limousine, by month; reasonable; owner driver. MARTER, 204 East 73d.

Automobiles for Rent.

Renault and Packard cars for hire, hour, day, or month; classy and up to date; reliable chauffeurs. Lewis, Hotchkiss Garage, 20 West 60th St, Phone 1509 Columbus.

O'Connor Packard Renting Co. Touring Limousines, Landaulets; all occasions; special shopping rates. 235 West 50th. Tel. 2177 Circle.

Beautiful Garford Six, seven-passenger touring; like new; wire wheels; hour, week, or month; owner drives. Lenox 8767.

Practically new Packard, $2.50 hourly upward, experienced owner drives; references. Harlem 6818.

Packard, 7-passenger touring, day, week; special monthly rates. Maroney, Tel. 7261 Columbus.

Packard seven-passenger touring car; day, week, month. Henry Abbey; Col. 1504.

Automobile Instruction.

Largest and Best School in WEST SIDE U. S. Send for Booklet and Y. M. C. A. Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 302 W. 57th St. Col. Special class for women.

Owners will profit greatly by taking our special six weeks' course. Y. M. C. A. Automobile School, 1,121 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Booklet and pass to school free.

Automobile Repairing.

We repair your radiator, lamps, tanks, and mudguards at a very moderate charge; see us before placing job.
Franco-American Lamp Co., 157 W. 54th St.

Electric Starting—Lighting Systems. Detachable Wire Wheels.
Jesco Company, 245 W. 55th St. Circle 1553.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

152D ST., 513 WEST.—Private family; large second floor front room; references. Audubon 7392.

156TH, 553 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent table; reasonable rates.

147 RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
Fall and Winter reservations now; beautiful rooms in exclusive house; single, en suite; private baths; every modern convenience. STEIN. PHONE 9057 SCHUYLER.

BROADWAY, (245 West 104th St.)—Attractive rooms, southern exposure; home cooking. 7388 River. Jantzen.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, Corner 97th.—Handsomely furnished large, front room; river view; private Christian family. Phone Riverside 5368.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 583, Apt. 31.—Beautiful room; southern exposure; superior board; refined.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Jewish family, three adults, will rent room, with board; gentleman; liberal table. D. C., 3,525 Broadway.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 547, (153d.)—Large and small rooms; running water; home cooking.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming family Hotel of high standard; Grand location; 20 min. Broadway, 5c fare; Lovely furnished rooms; suites; all comforts; Excellent chef and service; separate tables; Delightful atmosphere worth investigation. Weekly, $10-$14 per adult, with meals. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WIDOW, charming home, Riverside Drive, will rent cool, large, handsomely furnished connecting rooms, overlooking Hudson; private bath; also large room, private bath; exceptional cuisine. 8926 Audubon. Write L 78 Times Annex.

Brooklyn.

Nurse takes invalids and infirm in her detached cottage; countrylike; homelike. 857 78th St., Brooklyn.

Board Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

CATHOLIC GENTLEMAN desires quiet home with private family in Fordham, W 71 Times.

JEWISH FAMILY, consisting three adults, baby, 4 years old, desires two rooms, floor through, with private bath and board; state location and price. W 66 Times.

Gentleman and daughter desire two rooms, with board, with private family, below 96th; moderate price. Simon, 148 W. 92d St.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

11TH, 10 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Back parlor, suitable physician; other attractive rooms.

17TH, 180 EAST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms on bathroom floor; moderate.

23D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.) SUITE, two rooms and bath.

29TH, 118 EAST.—Small and large rooms; private family; all conveniences; telephone.

35TH ST., 20 EAST.—Desirable room, all conveniences; choice location; gentleman.

38TH ST., 10 EAST.—Small and large rooms, with baths; also suites.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Attractive accommodation for fastidious gentleman; room, with or without bath.

43D, 16 EAST.—Attractive accommodation for fastidious gentleman; room, with or without bath.

58TH ST., 506 EAST.—Nicely furnished room; private family, private house.

76TH, 37 EAST.—Attractive front room; every convenience; telephone; private house, near park.

GRAMERCY PARK, 43, (21st St.)—Single, en suite; private bath; breakfast served in room.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Attractive large, small rooms; private bath; board optional. Gramercy 1978.

LEXINGTON AV, 265, (near 36th.)—Attractive large front room; bath. Murray Hill 728.

MADISON AV., 529.—Beautifully furnished rooms with, without private baths; phone; electricity.

MADISON AV., 527.—Large and small rooms, adjoining bath; electricity; gentlemen; references.

West Side.

9TH, 17 WEST.—Private residence; charming suite for bachelors, hot water, electricity; references.

12TH, 34 WEST.—Single one, two, three room suites; private baths; telephone; references.

12TH, 145 WEST.—Light, attractive room; small private family; home privileges; reasonable.

12TH, 111 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; running water; private house; references.

13TH, 104, (West 6th Av.)—Exceptionally desirable rooms, adjoining bathrooms, for gentlemen.

16TH, 18 WEST.—Fine parlors, 2-3; telephone; private bath; other rooms.

32D ST. and Broadway.—Permanent rates; rooms, with and without private baths, 1 or 2 persons, $9 to $12 per week; single rooms, $7 per week; parlor bedroom and bath, 1 or 2 persons, $15 per week. Hotel New Strand.

53D, 62 WEST.—Large and small rooms; southern exposure; every convenience; references.

56TH ST., 49 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; business gentlemen; references.

57TH, 280 WEST. — Light, medium-sized rooms; modern conveniences; attractive location. Hammond.

57TH, 356 WEST.—Large, small rooms; running water; parlor, suitable doctor or studio.

57TH, 155 WEST.—Large and small furnished rooms; electric light, steam heat; gentlemen

'THIS IS GODOWSKY,' SAYS MAN ON PHONE

Message to Family of the Missing Pianist Asserts He Is at Work in Seclusion.

HE WILL NOT TELL WHERE

Says He Left Letter with His Plans, but It Can't Be Found—Daughter Thinks Voice Her Father's.

Within a few hours it may be known whether Leopold Godowsky, the Polish pianist, who has been missing since Wednesday, is safe in some retreat, working on a musical composition, or whether an attempt was made yesterday to perpetrate a hoax.

Shortly before 8 o'clock last evening the telephone bell rang in the home of Mme. Godowsky, at Avon, N. J. Miss Vanita Godowsky, the pianist's daughter, was startled when she lifted the receiver off the hook to hear a voice say:

"Hello; this is papa."

"What!" exclaimed the daughter, who afterward said the voice sounded like that of her father.

The voice repeated that it was "papa" calling. Half hysterical, Miss Godowsky dropped the receiver and ran through the hall, calling Emerson Whithorne, the executive editor of the Art Publishing Company of St. Louis, of which the pianist is the editor in chief. Mr. Whithorne went quickly to the telephone.

The voice, which Mr. Whithorne says was like that of the missing pianist, answered his excited inquiry:

"Yes, this is Godowsky," said the voice. "I have just seen the newspapers, and I have been much surprised. I cannot understand it at all, for I left a letter explaining why I had left, and that letter must have been found."

In reply to another question, the alleged Godowsky said he was safe, and he would return as soon as his work was completed. Mr. Whithorne asked where Godowsky could be found, but the man at the other end of the wire would not tell.

"I do not wish to be disturbed," he replied. "As soon as my work is finished I shall return, and not before."

There came a click as the receiver at the other end of the line was hung up. The whole conversation lasted less than two minutes, and Mr. Whithorne called up the Detective Bureau at Police Headquarters in New York City and asked that an immediate attempt be made to trace the place from which the alleged Godowsky called up the house at Avon. In the meantime the entire family, with the aid of friends, searched the Godowsky house for the letter it was alleged the musician wrote before he left home. It was not found.

"I am almost certain that it was my father who called us up," said Miss Godowsky. "The voice sounded exactly like his, and I would have accepted it without doubt only for the many reports concerning my father's whereabouts that have been in circulation. If it is a fraud it is cruel."

The rumor that Godowsky had been found was preceded many hours by a report that he was alive and that a press agent intended to take advantage of his disappearance. This took shape in the afternoon, when a statement was sent out that Herman Wasserman of West 119th Street had received word that the missing Godowsky was safe, and that he would return within a few days.

In this connection it was developed that Mr. Godowsky was expected to go into vaudeville on his return from his seclusion. The press agent of a vaudeville house came forward willingly with the information that his theatre would have Godowsky booked as an attraction within six weeks. He admitted, however, that the agreement with the composer was a verbal one.

Hocking Walking to Boston.

James H. Hocking, the veteran amateur pedestrian of this city, left Times Square yesterday on a walking trip to Boston, which he expects to complete by Friday. Word was received last evening that he had reached Bridgeport, Conn., after having walked fifty-seven miles in thirteen hours. He left New York at 4 A. M. and arrived in Bridgeport at 6 P. M. On the way to his first stopping point Hocking walked from Fordham Road to Boston Post Road, thence through New Rochelle, Stamford, and Norwalk. The veteran will leave at 6 o'clock this morning for Saybrook, Conn., and will continue on through Hartford, Springfield, and Worcester, Mass., to Boston.

IN NEW JERSEY.

BAYONNE.—C. M. Sheppard of Lynchburg, Va., has been appointed director of boys' work for the Y. M. C. A. in this city. He has started to collect $23,000 for the $80,000 building which is almost completed.

NEWARK.—At the State Federation of German Catholics in convention yesterday at St. Benedict Hall, John D. Brasser was re-elected President and Fred Berchtold of Egg Harbor City Vice President for the following year.

MORRISTOWN.—Mrs. Alice Jeroiman has been declared legally dead by the Morris County Orphans' Court and Jacob H. Tomer of Rutherford has been appointed administrator of her estate, which consists of $600. She has not been heard of for sixteen years.

ORANGE.—Under the orders of the union officials no straw hats were worn by the thousands of employes of the hat factories who paraded yesterday. One youth wearing a straw hat tried to get in line, but the hat was knocked off and kicked to pieces in a few seconds.

ALLAMUCHY.—John S. Whitesell of Panther Ledge Farm was thrown from his wagon yesterday when the horse bolted, but clung to the reins until he was picked up unconscious and taken home.

SEA GIRT.—Brigadier Gen. Bird V. Spencer, executive officer at the rifle range, announced yesterday that several crack shots are coming from Canada to shoot for the North American Trophy in the tournament on Thursday.

EGG HARBOR CITY.—Mrs. J. Meier, who owns a farm outside the city, was thrown from her wagon yesterday morning when her horse ran away. She had two fingers torn from her left hand, her leg was broken, and she suffered internal injuries.

THREE OVERCOME BY GAS.

Youth Falls Unconscious and Women Succumb in Rescuing Him.

Special to The New York Times.

SUMMIT, N. J., Sept. 6.—The blowing out of a pilot on a gas heater at the North Summit Neighborhood House this morning overcame three persons, who were rescued unconscious. They were Mrs. James S. Leslie, janitress of the place; her seventeen-year-old son, Gordon Leslie, and Miss Alice Cassidy, acting superintendent.

The boy was the first overcome. He was carrying chairs from the basement to the assembly room for an affair to be held today. On his third trip to the cellar he was overcome. His mother went down stairs and found him stretched out near the heater. While making an effort to lift him to his feet and carry him up stairs she, too, was overcome. The failure of mother and son to bring the chairs caused Miss Cassidy to go to the cellar, and she, too, was overcome. Miss Helen Cooley then went to find the three missing ones, and upon opening the cellar door saw their unconscious forms lying on the floor. She detected the odor of gas, left the doors open and ordered all windows thrown open. Dr. Bert A. Prager of Chatham was summoned and after working over the three finally revived them.

8-Hour Day Notice at Bayonne.

The Tide Water Oil Company posted a notice at its plant in Bayonne yesterday that beginning Sept. 20 the working day will be of eight and not ten hours. It is estimated that 400 more men will be needed by the Tide Water to continue operations at the present rate.

THIEVES ENDANGER LIVES.

Prisoners Accused of Stealing Lackawanna Signal Wire.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Sept. 6.—One man and two boys were arrested this afternoon for the theft of copper wire which, according to officials of the Lackawanna Railroad, endangered the lives of thousands of passengers on trains passing over the tracks of the line in this vicinity. The prisoners are charged with stealing about fifty pounds of copper wire from along the tracks, and the wire was part of the signal system which gives automatic notice to engineers when they reach a block in which there is another train.

According to Detectives Connell and Kinney, who made the arrests, the wire was cut from beside the tracks for a great distance. The discovery of the theft was made by a track walker, who noticed that the wire had been removed from between the joints of rails in several places, and then found that it was altogether missing along the tracks. Those arrested were William Brocco, 21 years old, who said he had no home, and who, the police say, served a term in a reformatory; Morris Crittel, 14 years old, of 41 Albion Avenue, and Victor Abetto, 13 years old, of 209 Martin Street, Paterson. Officials of the railroad are expected to appear against the boys tomorrow.

Church Ceiling Falls.

Sections of plaster ceilings and walls of the three-story frame Church of the Living God and the Rescue Home for Orphan Children, at 336 West Forty-first Street, fell shortly after daybreak yesterday, when the big brick chimney settled about six inches. Twenty-two men, women, and children were asleep in the building and were frightened, but all escaped injury. Inspectors of the Building Department examined, and reported that there was no danger.

ELTINGE "THE HOUSE OF HITS" WEST 42ND ST NEAR B'WAY EVES 8:20 MATINEE TO-MORROW WED (POPULAR) & SAT 2:20

"SEE MY LAWYER" belongs to the first rank of American farces it can safely be compared to "It Pays to Advertise" Globe

SEE MY LAWYER

A PERMANENT INJUNCTION AGAINST THE BLUES

ISSUED BY MAX MARCIN AND SERVED BY

T. ROY BARNES

THE CLEVEREST COMEDIAN ON THE STAGE

THE MUSICAL HIT OF THE SEASON!
"AN OPERETTA THAT ACKNOWLEDGES NO DEBT TO VAUDEVILLE OR 'THE MERRY WIDOW' WITH AN UNUSUAL LAST ACT."
—N. Y. TIMES

The Girl Who Smiles

Big Sister to "ADELE" By the Same Authors

WITH A NOTABLE CAST OF SINGERS, including:
NATALIE ALT, GEORGE BALDWIN, WILLIAM DANFORTH, ARTHUR DEAGON, LUCILE SAUNDERS, GRACE LEIGH.

Long Acre THEATRE, 48TH ST., JUST WEST OF B'WAY. Phone 23 Bryant. Eves. 8:30. MATS. TOMORROW & SATURDAY, 2.30. WED. MAT. (POPULAR), 50c, $1, $1.50. Now

TIME!
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN
MAY IRWIN
AND HER VIS-A-VIS ARE KNOCKING THE SPOTS OUT OF GLOOM IN THE FUNNIEST COMEDY THE STAGE HAS SEEN IN YEARS
"33 WASHINGTON SQUARE"
at the PARK THEATRE
59TH ST. COLUMBUS CIRCLE EVG. 8.30 MATS. WED. & SAT. 2.30

MATINEE TOMORROW. BEST SEATS $1.00.

McBRIDE'S
THEATRE TICKET OFFICES
WE ARE AGENTS FOR ALL THEATRES AND AMUSEMENTS.
WE ADHERE STRICTLY TO THE FIFTY CENT PREMIUM.
GET ACQUAINTED WITH OUR SERVICE.
SEATS NOW READY FOR McFarland-Gibbons Fight

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evening 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. MARIE TEMPEST in the Double Comedy Bill J. M. BARRIE'S ROSALIND and Robert Marshall's THE DUKE OF KILLICRANKIE

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d Street. Evenings 8:10. LAST 2 WEEKS. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:10. The Greatest Musical Show Ever Produced. ZIEGFELD FOLLIES After the Play Visit Danse de Follies, NEW ZIEGFELD FROLIC Also This MIDNIGHT Theatre

GAIETY Broadway & 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:15. MATINEE TOMORROW 2:15. RUTH CHATTERTON in DADDY LONG-LEGS

FULTON 46th St., nr. Broadway. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:20. SOME BABY! "A LAUGHING TRIUMPH." —N. Y. American.

HUDSON West 44th St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:15. "Plenty of stirring action."—Sun. UNDER FIRE with WILLIAM COURTENAY

HARRIS WEST 42D ST. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:15. "HAS THE SPIRIT OF THE U. S. A."—PRESS. Rolling Stones

GEO. M. COHAN'S Thea., B'y & 43 St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:20. JULIAN ELTINGE in "COUSIN LUCY," by CHARLES KLEIN.

BIRTH OF A NATION AT THE LIBERTY W. 42d St. 2:15 & 8:15. TWICE Daily, Incl. Sunday. Ev. & Sat. Mat. 25-50-75-$1-$2. Other Matinees, 25c, 50c & $1. D. W. GRIFFITH'S GIGANTIC SPECTACLE. Symphony Orchestra of 40.

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:20. COMMON CLAY with JOHN MASON and JANE COWL. SEATS SELLING 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings at 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:20. "THREE ACTS OF GOOD FUN."—N. Y. Sun. THE BOOMERANG

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:15. MONTGOMERY & STONE in CHIN CHIN

STRAND B'way & 47 St. Noon to 11:30. MARY PICKFORD, "Esmeralda." 10c to 50c. Nxt. Wk.—Blanche Sweet, "The Case of Becky" Strand Orch. & Soloists

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th Burlesque Matinee Today. DAVE MARION In an Entirely New Show.

DALY'S Burlesque Broadway and 30th St. Mat. Daily 10, 15, 25c. Nights, 25, 35, 50c. Sam Rice's NEW DAFFYDIL GIRLS TONIGHT, BOSTON BRAVES.

SEATS NOW ON SALE AT VITAGRAPH THEATRE, B'way, 44th St. FOR THE THRILLING PATRIOTIC PHOTO SPECTACLE. THE BATTLE CRY of PEACE By J. STUART BLACKTON. FIRST TIME—NEXT THURSDAY NIGHT, 8:30 and thereafter twice daily, including Sundays at 2:30 and 8:30. —PRICES:— Matinees (Except Sat.) $1.00-50-25c. Nights & Sat. Mat. $2, $1, 75-50-25c.

CANDLER W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15 Sharp. Mats. Tomorrow and Sat. 2:15. THE HOUSE OF GLASS By MAX MARCIN. "A WHIRL OF SUSPENSE AND THRILLS." —Evening Journal.

ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow and Sat. 2:20. YOUNG AMERICA By FRED BALLARD. "SO HUMAN, SO RICH IN HUMOR." —Telegram.

"MANDALAY" Carnival Nights Sept. 6 to 11, inclusive. REFINED AMUSEMENTS & DANCING. Sept. 6—Special Contests, Exhibition Dances. Sept. 7—Cake Walk Night, Grab Bag Contest. Sept. 8—Moving Picture Stars appear tonight. Sept. 9—Masque Costume Ball, Singers: Messrs. Flynn, Grant, Young, Miss Barry, "Little Cafe Co." Sept. 10—Dancing Contest, Championship of Hudson Sept. 11—Contests, Dancing Specialties. Big Night. LAST WEEK OF SEASON. Leaving Battery Pier 7:30, W. 131 St. 8:30 P. M.

LEXINGTON 51st & Lex. Av. Evs. 25c & $1. Matinee TODAY, 25c & 50c. Geo. M. Cohan's Mystery Farce, 7 KEYS TO BALDPATE

STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Matinee TODAY, 25c and 50c. A. H. Woods Presents THE YELLOW TICKET

YORK 116 St., nr. Lenox Av. Phone 1354 Morn. Ev. 25c to $1. Mat. TODAY, 25c & 50c. John Cort Presents THE NATURAL LAW

LUNA REMAINS OPEN UNTIL SUNDAY NIGHT, SEPT. 19.

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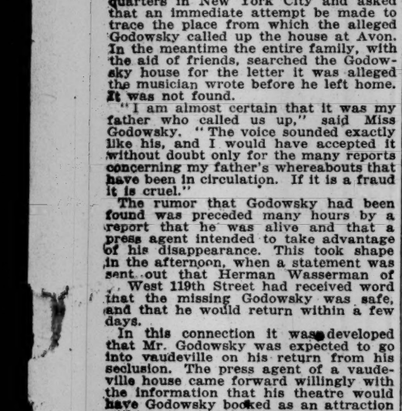
ALHAMBRA MAT. DAILY, 25c. 4 MORTONS, Taylor Granville & Co., Rubin & Tierney, The Le Groha, oths.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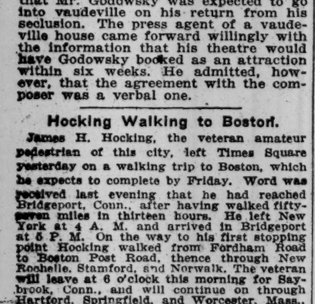

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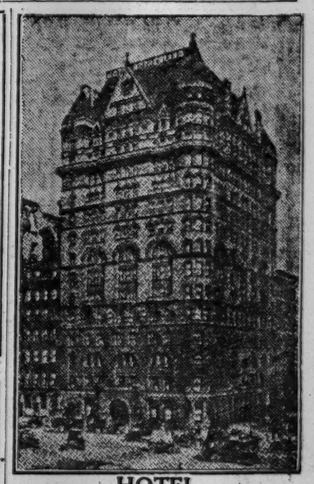

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